



SPONSOR: Sen. Brown & Sen. McBride & Sen. Townsend &  
Sen. Delcollo & Rep. Lynn & Rep. Longhurst &  
Rep. Dorsey Walker & Rep. Cooke  
Sens. Hansen, Lockman, Paradee, Poore, Sokola,  
Sturgeon, Walsh; Reprs. Baumbach, Bolden, Brady,  
Chukwuocha, Heffernan, Jaques, K. Johnson, Kowalko

DELAWARE STATE SENATE  
150th GENERAL ASSEMBLY

SENATE BILL NO. 37

AN ACT TO AMEND TITLE 4, TITLE 10, TITLE 11, AND TITLE 16 OF THE DELAWARE CODE RELATING  
EXPUNGEMENT OF RECORDS OF ADULT ARREST AND CONVICTION.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF DELAWARE:

1 Section 1. Amend § 4371, Title 11 of the Delaware Code by making deletions as shown by strike through and  
2 insertions as shown by underline as follows:

3 § 4371. Statement of policy.

4 The General Assembly finds that ~~arrest records~~ a criminal history can be ~~is~~ a hindrance to an ~~innocent citizen's~~ a  
5 person's present and future ability to obtain employment, obtain an education or to obtain housing, education, or credit.  
6 This subchapter is intended to protect ~~innocent~~ persons from unwarranted damage which may occur ~~as the result of arrest~~  
7 ~~and other criminal proceedings which are unfounded or unproven.~~ when the existence of a criminal history continues  
8 indefinitely.

9 Section 2. Amend § 4372, Title 11 of the Delaware Code by making deletions as shown by strike through and  
10 insertions as shown by underline as follows:

11 § 4372. ~~Termination of criminal action in favor of accused.~~ Applicability; definitions; effect of expungement.

12 (a) ~~If a person is charged with the commission of a crime or crimes and the case is terminated in favor of the~~  
13 ~~accused, the person may request the expungement of the police records and the court records relating to the case pursuant to~~  
14 ~~the provisions of this subchapter.~~ This subchapter applies to all criminal cases brought and convictions entered in a court in  
15 this State.

16 (b) For the purposes of this subchapter, a case ~~shall be deemed to be~~ is "terminated in favor of the accused" only  
17 ~~if~~ if one of the following occurs:

18 (1) The accused is acquitted of all charges related to the ~~ease;~~ case.

19 (2) A nolle prosequi is entered on all charges related to the ~~ease;~~ case.

20 (3) The accused is placed on probation before judgment, fulfills the terms and conditions of probation, and the  
21 court enters an order discharging the person from ~~probation~~; or probation.

22 (4) All charges related to the case are otherwise dismissed.

23 (5) The accused is acquitted of 1 or more charges related to the case, and the other charges are dismissed by  
24 the entry of a nolle prosequi or otherwise.

25 (6) The accused is arrested for the commission of 1 or more crimes and no charges related to the matter for  
26 which the person was arrested are filed in any court within 1 year of the arrest.

27 (c) For the purposes of this ~~subchapter~~, subchapter:

28 (1) "Case" "Case" means a charge or set of charges related to a complaint or incident that are or could be  
29 properly joined for prosecution.

30 (2) "Criminal justice agencies" means as defined in § 8502 of this title.

31 (3) "Expungement" means that all law-enforcement agency records and court records relating to a case in  
32 which an expungement is granted, including any electronic records, are destroyed, segregated, or placed in the custody  
33 of the State Bureau of Identification, and are not released in conjunction with any inquiry beyond those specifically  
34 authorized in this subchapter.

35 (d) Except as otherwise provided under § 4376(a) of this title, a person is not required to disclose, nor should the  
36 person be asked to disclose, to anyone for any purpose that the person was arrested for, charged with, or convicted of an  
37 offense for which records have been expunged under this subchapter or any other provision of this Code.

38 (e)(1) If a court issues an order expunging records, all the criminal records relating to a case specified in the order  
39 must, within 60 days of the order, be removed from the court's files and placed in the control of the Supervisor of the State  
40 Bureau of Identification or otherwise segregated and kept in a manner that ensures that they are not open to public  
41 inspection or disclosure. The court may retain a non-public record of expungement orders. The court shall send a copy its  
42 order of expungement to the Bureau, and shall consult with the Bureau to develop a standard form of order for  
43 expungements. Except as otherwise provided under § 4376 of this title, the Supervisor of the Bureau shall retain control  
44 over all expunged records and shall ensure that the records or information contained in the records are not released for any  
45 reason.

46 (2) If the State Bureau of Identification determines that expungement is mandated under this subchapter, or  
47 receives an expungement order from a court, it shall promptly notify all courts and law-enforcement agencies where  
48 records pertaining to the case are located or maintained, and any court where the case was terminated, disposed of, or  
49 concluded. A court or law-enforcement agency which receives a notice of expungement from the Bureau shall provide

50 the Bureau with written confirmation of the completion of the expungement. Where an expungement of a conviction is  
51 granted all arrest records associated with any charge in that case must also be expunged.

52 (3) If a court orders expungement, the State Bureau of Identification shall provide the court that entered the  
53 order with written confirmation of the execution of the order. The Bureau shall promptly notify the court if it is unable  
54 to comply with any order issued under this subchapter and state the reasons why it is unable to comply.

55 (4) In response to requests from non-law-enforcement officers for information or records on the person who  
56 received an expungement, all law-enforcement officers, law-enforcement agencies, and courts shall reply, with respect  
57 to the proceedings which are the subject of the order, that there is no record.

58 (f) Exclusions.

59 (1) A person is not eligible for an expungement while the person has pending criminal charges, except under  
60 paragraph (b)(6) of this section.

61 (2) Except as otherwise provided under § 4374(g) of this title, offenses in Title 21, or their equivalent, are not  
62 eligible for expungement under §§ 4373 or 4374 of this title.

63 (3) A conviction for unlawful sexual contact in the third degree may not be expunged under § 4373 or § 4374  
64 of this title.

65 (4) A person is not eligible for an expungement if that person was granted an expungement under this  
66 subchapter at any time in the 10 years immediately preceding application.

67 (5) A person is not eligible for expungement under this subchapter if that person is currently serving a term of  
68 incarceration, parole, or probation.

69 (g) A prior or subsequent conviction under § 904(e) or (f) of Title 4 (regarding underage possession or  
70 consumption of alcohol) or a conviction under § 4764(c) of Title 16 (regarding underage possession of personal use  
71 quantity of marijuana) does not operate as a bar to eligibility for discretionary or mandatory expungement under this  
72 subchapter.

73 (h) A prior or subsequent conviction of a Title 21 offense does not operate as a bar to eligibility for discretionary  
74 or mandatory expungement under this subchapter, unless it is a conviction under § 4177 or § 4177M of Title 21.

75 (i) Nothing in this subchapter is intended to operate to expand or limit the availability of expungement set forth in  
76 any other part of the Code.

77 (j) The grant of an expungement under this subchapter does not nullify any provision of an active protection from  
78 abuse order.

79           (k) To be eligible for an expungement under this subchapter, all fines, fees, and restitution associated with a  
80 conviction must be paid. However, if an outstanding fine or fee is not yet satisfied due to reasons other than willful  
81 noncompliance, but the person is otherwise eligible for an expungement, the court may grant the expungement and waive  
82 the fines or fees or convert outstanding financial obligations to a civil judgement.

83           Section 3. Amend § 4373, Title 11 of the Delaware Code by making deletions as shown by strike through and  
84 insertions as shown by underline as follows:

85           § 4373. Mandatory ~~expungement~~; expungement; application through SBI.

86           (a) ~~If a person is charged with the commission of a crime which is designated as a misdemeanor or violation in~~  
87 ~~Title 4, 7, 11, 16 or 23, or a county or municipal code, ordinance, or regulation which is the same as, or equivalent to, any~~  
88 ~~Title 4, 7, 11, 16 or 23 offense, excepting those crimes specifically exempted in subsection (c) of this section, and the case~~  
89 ~~is terminated in favor of the accused, and the person has not previously been convicted of another criminal offense, upon an~~  
90 ~~appropriate request to the State Bureau of Identification by such person the police records and court records, including any~~  
91 ~~electronic records, relating to the charge or charges shall be expunged if the person has not been convicted of any crime~~  
92 ~~since the date upon which the case was terminated in favor of the accused.~~ Eligibility. On an appropriate request to the State  
93 Bureau of Identification under this section, the Bureau shall expunge all charges relating to a case if one of the following  
94 applies:

95           (1) The person was arrested or charged with the commission of 1 or more crimes and the case is terminated in  
96 favor of the accused.

97           (2) The person was convicted of 1 or more violations relating to the same case, 3 years have passed since the  
98 date of conviction, and the person has no prior or subsequent convictions.

99           (3) The person was convicted of 1 or more misdemeanors, or a combination of 1 or more misdemeanors and 1  
100 or more violations, relating to the same case, 5 years have passed since the date of conviction, and the person has no  
101 prior or subsequent convictions.

102           (b) ~~If the State Bureau of Identification determines that expungement is mandated pursuant to the terms of this~~  
103 ~~section it shall promptly so notify the courts and police agencies where records pertaining to the case are located or~~  
104 ~~maintained, and any court where the case was terminated, disposed of or concluded. All records appropriately specified in~~  
105 ~~the expungement request shall, within 60 days of the determination that such request is mandated pursuant to the terms of~~  
106 ~~this section, be removed from the files, and placed in the control of the Supervisor of the State Bureau of Identification who~~  
107 ~~shall be designated to retain control over all expunged records, and who shall insure that the records or the information~~  
108 ~~contained therein is not released for any reason except as specified in this subchapter. A court and/or police agency which~~

109 receives a notice of expungement from the State Bureau Identification shall provide the Bureau with written confirmation  
110 of the completion of the expungement. In response to requests from nonlaw enforcement officers for information or records  
111 on the person who was arrested, the law enforcement officers and departments shall reply, with respect to the arrest and  
112 proceedings which are the subject of the order, that there is no record. Exclusions. In addition to the exclusions under §  
113 4372(f) of this title, the following misdemeanor convictions are not eligible for mandatory expungement under this section:

114 (1) “Misdemeanor crimes of domestic violence”, as defined in § 1448 of this title.

115 (2) Offenses where the victim is a child.

116 (3) Offenses where the victim is a “vulnerable adult”, as defined in § 1105 of this title.

117 (3) Any misdemeanor set forth in subparts A, B, C, or F of Subchapter VI of Chapter 5 of this title.

118 (c) ~~Mandatory expungement pursuant to this section shall not be applicable to the records of any case in which the~~  
119 ~~defendant was charged with 1 or more of the following crimes, or any county or municipal code, ordinance, or regulation~~  
120 ~~which is the same as, or equivalent to, any crime specified herein:~~

121 (1) ~~Any misdemeanor designated as a sex offense pursuant to § 761 of this title;~~

122 (2) ~~Any misdemeanor set forth in subpart A of subchapter II of Chapter 5 of this title;~~

123 (3) ~~Unlawful imprisonment pursuant to § 781 of this title;~~

124 (4) ~~Interference with custody pursuant to § 785 of this title;~~

125 (5) ~~Coercion pursuant to § 791 of this title;~~

126 (6) ~~Trespassing with intent to peer or peep, pursuant to § 820 of this title;~~

127 (7) ~~Endangering the welfare of a child, pursuant to § 1102 of this title;~~

128 (8) ~~Crime against a vulnerable adult, pursuant to § 1105 of this title;~~

129 (9) ~~Any misdemeanor set forth in subparts A, B, C or F of subchapter VI of Chapter 5 of this title;~~

130 (10) ~~Any misdemeanor or violation set forth in Chapter 85 of this title;~~

131 (11) ~~Patient abuse, pursuant to § 1136 of Title 16;~~

132 (12) ~~Operation of a vessel or boat while under the influence, pursuant to § 2302 of Title 23. If more than 1~~  
133 ~~case or arrest is eligible for expungement under this section, it may be combined into a single application for~~  
134 ~~expungement.~~

135 (d) ~~At the time the application requesting expungement is filed with the State Bureau of Identification the~~  
136 ~~applicant shall pay a reasonable fee to the State Bureau of Identification. The applicant shall attach a copy of that~~  
137 ~~applicant's criminal history as maintained by the State Bureau of Identification to any application requesting expungement~~  
138 ~~filed pursuant to this section. The State Bureau of Identification shall summarily reject any application for expungement~~

139 ~~that does not include the applicant's criminal history without further notice to the applicant. The State Bureau of~~  
140 Identification shall promulgate procedures and forms relating to the implementation of this section.

141 ~~(e) The State Bureau of Identification shall be authorized to promulgate reasonable regulations and a reasonable~~  
142 ~~fee schedule to accomplish the purposes of this section. [Repealed.]~~

143 ~~(f) An offense for which records have been expunged pursuant to this section shall not have to be disclosed by the~~  
144 ~~person as an arrest for any reason, except for disclosure to criminal justice agencies, as defined in § 8502(5) of this title, for~~  
145 ~~the purposes provided in § 4376(a) of this title. [Repealed.]~~

146 Section 4. Amend § 4374, Title 11 of the Delaware Code by making deletions as shown by strike through and  
147 insertions as shown by underline and redesignating as follows:

148 § 4374. Discretionary ~~expungement~~; expungement; application to court.

149 ~~(a) Notwithstanding any provision of § 4373 of this title to the contrary, if a person is charged with the~~  
150 ~~commission of a crime, or a violation of any county or municipal code, ordinance, or regulation, and the case is terminated~~  
151 ~~in favor of the accused, the person may file a petition in the Superior Court in the county where the case was terminated,~~  
152 ~~disposed of or concluded setting forth the relevant facts and requesting expungement of the police records and the court~~  
153 ~~records, or includes any electronic records, relating to the charge or charges. Discretionary expungement pursuant to this~~  
154 ~~section shall not be applicable to the records of any case that may be expunged pursuant to the provisions of § 4373 of this~~  
155 ~~title; provided, however, where a person was charged with a criminal offense where discretionary expungement pursuant to~~  
156 ~~this section applies, but also was charged, within the same case, with a criminal offense where mandatory expungement~~  
157 ~~pursuant to § 4373 of this title applies, such person must file a petition in Superior Court pursuant to this section. Eligibility.~~  
158 Upon petition to the appropriate court designated in subsection (c) of this section, an expungement may be granted if the  
159 applicant meets one of the following:

160 (1) Was convicted of 1 or more misdemeanors other than those listed in § 4373(b) of this title relating to the  
161 same case and at least 3 years have passed since the date of conviction or the date of release from incarceration,  
162 whichever is later, and the person has no prior or subsequent convictions.

163 (2) Was convicted of 1 or more misdemeanors listed in § 4373(b) of this title relating to the same case and at  
164 least 7 years have passed since the date of conviction or the date of release from incarceration, whichever is later, and  
165 the person has no prior or subsequent convictions.

166 (3) Subject to subsection (b) of this section, was convicted of a felony and at least 7 years have passed since  
167 the date of conviction or the date of release from incarceration, whichever is later, and the person has no prior or  
168 subsequent convictions.

169           (b) Exclusions. In addition to the exclusions under § 4372(f) of this title, a person is not eligible for discretionary  
170 expungement under this section if the person was convicted of any of the following crimes:

171           (1) A Title 11 felony listed in § 4201(c) of this title.

172           (2) Section 1136 of Title 16.

173           (3) Section 3913 of Title 31.

174           (4) A “felony conviction involving physical or sexual assault crimes” as defined in § 309 of Title 31  
175 (regarding the Beau Biden Child Protection Act).

176           (c) Venue. If all of the charges and convictions sought to be expunged were disposed of in Family Court, a petition  
177 under this section must be filed in the Family Court for the county where the most recent case was terminated. If any of the  
178 charges or convictions were not disposed of in Family Court, a petition under this section must be filed in the Superior  
179 Court for the county where the most recent case was terminated.

180           (d) Jurisdiction and authority. Where an expungement petition properly before the Family or Superior Court is  
181 granted, the expungement order applies to any record, including arrest records, relating to any charge in that case held by  
182 any court or law-enforcement agency in this State.

183           ~~(b)~~ (e) After the petition requesting expungement is filed with the Superior Court or Family Court, the petitioner  
184 shall cause a copy of the petition to be served upon the Attorney General, who may file an objection or answer to the  
185 petition within 30 days after it is served on the Attorney General. The petitioner shall attach a copy of that petitioner's  
186 criminal history as maintained by the State Bureau of Identification to any petition requesting expungement filed pursuant  
187 to under this section. The Court shall summarily reject any petition for expungement that does not include the petitioner's  
188 criminal history.

189           ~~(e)~~ (f) Unless the Court believes a hearing is necessary, petitions shall be disposed of without a hearing. If  
190 the Court finds that the continued existence and possible dissemination of information relating to the arrest of the petitioner  
191 causes, or may cause, circumstances which constitute a manifest injustice to the petitioner, it shall enter an order requiring  
192 the expungement of the police law-enforcement and court records relating to the charge or case. Otherwise, it shall deny  
193 the petition. The burden shall be is on the petitioner to allege specific facts in support of that petitioner's allegation of  
194 manifest injustice, and the burden shall be is on the petitioner to prove such manifest injustice by a preponderance of the  
195 evidence. The fact that the petitioner has previously been convicted of a criminal offense, other than that referred to in the  
196 petition, shall be considered by the Court as prima facie evidence that the continued existence and possible dissemination of  
197 information relating to the arrest in question does not constitute a manifest injustice to the petitioner. A petition filed by the

198 Attorney General or the Attorney General's designee ~~pursuant to~~ under subsection ~~(e)~~ (h) of this section ~~shall~~ must be  
199 granted by the Court.

200 ~~(d)~~ (g) The State ~~shall be~~ is made party defendant to the proceeding. Any party aggrieved by the decision of the  
201 Court may appeal, as provided by law in civil cases.

202 ~~(e)~~ (h) Notwithstanding any provision of this subchapter or any other statute or rule to the contrary, the Attorney  
203 General or the Attorney General's designee responsible for prosecuting a criminal action may petition the Court to expunge  
204 the instant arrest record of a defendant if at the time of a state motion to dismiss or entry a nolle prosequi in the case, the  
205 prosecutor has determined that the continued existence and possible dissemination of information relating to the arrest of  
206 the defendant for the matter dismissed or for which a nolle prosequi was entered may cause circumstances which constitute  
207 a manifest injustice to the defendant.

208 ~~(f)~~ If an order expunging the records is granted by the Court, all the criminal records specified in the order shall,  
209 within 60 days of the order, be removed from the files, and placed in the control of the Supervisor of the State Bureau of  
210 Identification who shall be designated to retain control over all expunged records, and who shall insure that the records or  
211 the information contained therein is not released for any reason except as specified in this subchapter. A court and/or police  
212 agency which receives a notice of expungement from the State Bureau Identification shall provide the Bureau with written  
213 confirmation of the completion of the expungement. The State Bureau of Identification shall provide the Court which  
214 entered the order with written confirmation of the execution of the order. In response to requests from nonlaw enforcement  
215 officers for information or records on the person who was arrested, the law enforcement officers and departments shall  
216 reply, with respect to the arrest and proceedings which are the subject of the order, that there is no record. No order  
217 requiring an expungement of any record shall be entered or enforced if such order is contrary to the provisions of this  
218 subchapter. The State Bureau of Identification shall promptly notify the Court if it is unable to comply with any order  
219 issued pursuant to this subchapter.

220 ~~(g)(1)~~ (i)(1) Notwithstanding any provision of this subchapter or any other ~~statute or rule~~ law to the contrary, the  
221 ~~police law enforcement agency~~ records and the court records relating to any charge set forth in Title 21, or in any county or  
222 municipal code, ordinance, or regulation which is the same as, or equivalent to, any Title 21 offense, ~~shall~~ may not be  
223 expunged ~~pursuant to~~ under this subchapter unless the charge ~~or charges~~ is one of those specifically enumerated in  
224 paragraph ~~(g)(2)~~ (i)(2) of this section.

225 (2) Discretionary expungement ~~pursuant to~~ under this section ~~shall be~~ is applicable when otherwise  
226 appropriate for the following Title 21 offenses, or any county or municipal code, ordinance, or regulation which is the  
227 same as, or equivalent to, any of the following Title 21 ~~offense specified herein:~~ offenses:



- 228 a. Driving after judgment prohibited, ~~pursuant to~~ under § 2810 of Title 21; Title 21.
- 229 b. Reckless driving, ~~pursuant to~~ under § 4175 of Title 21; Title 21.
- 230 c. Operation of a motor vehicle causing death, ~~pursuant to~~ under § 4176A of Title 21; Title 21.
- 231 d. ~~Driving under the influence, pursuant to § 4177 of Title 21; or [Repealed.]~~
- 232 e. ~~Operating a commercial vehicle with a prohibited blood alcohol concentration or while impaired by~~
- 233 ~~drugs, pursuant to § 4177M of Title 21. [Repealed.]~~

234 (h) (j) The Superior Court and Family Court shall establish a reasonable fee schedule for the filing of a petition of

235 expungement ~~pursuant to~~ under this section.

236 (i) ~~An offense for which records have been expunged pursuant to this section shall not have to be disclosed by the~~

237 ~~person as an arrest for any reason, except for disclosure to criminal justice agencies, as defined in § 8502(5) of this title, for~~

238 ~~the purposes provided in § 4376(a) of this title.~~

239 Section 5. Amend § 4375, Title 11 of the Delaware Code by making deletions as shown by strike through and

240 insertions as shown by underline as follows:

241 § 4375. Discretionary expungement following a pardon.

242 (a) Notwithstanding any provision of this subchapter or any other law to the contrary, a person who was convicted

243 ~~of a misdemeanor or violation excepting those crimes specifically exempted in subsection (b) of this section~~ crime who is

244 thereafter unconditionally pardoned by the Governor may request a discretionary expungement ~~pursuant to the procedures~~

245 ~~set forth in~~ under § 4374 of this title. ~~The burden shall be on the petitioner to allege specific facts in support of that~~

246 ~~petitioner's allegation of manifest injustice, and the burden shall be on the petitioner to prove such manifest injustice by a~~

247 ~~preponderance of the evidence. The fact that the petitioner was convicted of the criminal offense that is the subject of that~~

248 ~~petitioner's expungement application shall be considered by the Court as prima facie evidence that the continued existence~~

249 ~~and possible dissemination of information relating to the arrest in question does not constitute a manifest injustice to the~~

250 ~~petitioner.~~

251 (b) ~~Discretionary expungement following a pardon pursuant to this section shall not be applicable to the records of~~

252 ~~any case in which the defendant was charged with 1 or more of the following crimes, or any county or municipal code,~~

253 ~~ordinance, or regulation which is the same as, or equivalent to, any crime specified herein:~~

- 254 (1) ~~Any misdemeanor or violation involving embezzlement of public money, bribery or perjury;~~
- 255 (2) ~~Any misdemeanor designated as a sex offense pursuant to § 761 of this title;~~
- 256 (3) ~~Any misdemeanor set forth in subparts A, B, C or F of subchapter VI of Chapter 5 of this title;~~
- 257 (4) ~~Unlawful imprisonment pursuant to § 781 of this title;~~

258 (5) ~~Interference with custody pursuant to § 785 of this title; or~~

259 (6) ~~Coercion pursuant to § 791 of this title. [Repealed.]~~

260 Section 6. Amend § 4376, Title 11 of the Delaware Code by making deletions as shown by strike through and  
261 insertions as shown by underline as follows:

262 § 4376. Disclosure of expunged records.

263 (a) Except for disclosure to law-enforcement officers acting in the lawful performance of their duties in  
264 investigating criminal activity or for the purpose of an employment application as an employee of a law-enforcement  
265 agency, it ~~shall be~~ is unlawful for any person having or acquiring access to an expunged court or ~~police~~ law-enforcement  
266 agency record to open or review it or to disclose to another person any information from it without an order from the court  
267 which ordered the record expunged. In addition to such other lawful purposes as may be prescribed by ~~statute~~ law or  
268 otherwise, criminal justice agencies shall have access to records of expunged probations before judgment and past  
269 participation in the First Offenders Controlled Substance Diversion Program or a court-supervised drug diversion program  
270 for the purpose of determining whether a person is eligible for a probation before judgment, ~~as set forth in~~ under § 4218 of  
271 ~~this title, or for~~ title; participation in the First Offenders Controlled Substance Diversion Program, ~~as set forth in~~ under §  
272 4767 of ~~Title 16 or for~~ Title 16; or participation in a court-supervised drug diversion program.

273 (b) Where disclosure to law-enforcement officers in the lawful performance of their duties in investigating  
274 criminal activity is permitted by subsection (a) of this section, such disclosure ~~shall apply~~ applies for the purpose of  
275 investigating particular criminal activity in which the person, whose records have been expunged, is considered a suspect  
276 and the crime being investigated is a felony or pursuant to an investigation of an employment application as an employee of  
277 a law-enforcement agency.

278 (c) Nothing contained in this subchapter ~~shall require~~ requires the destruction of photographs or fingerprints taken  
279 in connection with any felony arrest and which are utilized solely by law-enforcement officers in the lawful performance of  
280 their duties in investigating criminal activity.

281 (d) Nothing ~~herein shall require~~ contained in this subchapter requires the destruction of court records or records of  
282 the Department of Justice. However, all such records, including docket books, relating to a charge which has been the  
283 subject of a destruction order ~~shall~~ must be so handled to ensure that they are not open to public inspection or disclosure.

284 (e) An offense for which records have been expunged ~~pursuant to~~ under this subchapter ~~shall~~ does not have to be  
285 disclosed by the person as an arrest for any reason.

286 (f) Any person who violates subsection (a) of this section ~~shall be~~ is guilty of a class B misdemeanor, and ~~shall~~  
287 must be punished accordingly.

288 (g) The State Bureau of Identification shall make available to criminal justice agencies such electronic records as  
289 will enable criminal justice agencies to determine whether a person who seeks to participate in the First Offenders  
290 Controlled Substance Diversion ~~Program or to Program~~, obtain a probation before judgment ~~disposition or to disposition~~,  
291 or participate in a court-supervised drug diversion program has done so before and had the record expunged.

292 Section 7. Amend § 4377, Title 11 of the Delaware Code by making deletions as shown by strike through and  
293 insertions as shown by underline as follows:

294 § 4377. Notification to federal government.

295 Upon the granting by the court for an order for the expungement of records in accordance with this subchapter, a  
296 copy of such order ~~shall~~ must be forwarded to the federal Department of Justice.

297 Section 8. Amend § 787, Title 11 of the Delaware Code by making deletions as shown by strike through and  
298 insertions as shown by underline as follows:

299 (j) *Application for pardon and petition to expunge; motion to vacate conviction and expunge record.* —

300 (3) Notwithstanding any provision of Chapter 43 of this title or any other law to the contrary, any person  
301 filing a motion under paragraph (j)(2) of this section in Superior Court or Family Court may also seek in that motion  
302 expungement of the criminal record related to such conviction. If the court grants the motion to vacate the conviction  
303 under paragraph (j)(2) of this section and the movant also requested expungement, the court's order shall require  
304 expungement of the police and court records relating to the charge and conviction. Such order shall contain a statement  
305 that the expungement is ordered pursuant to this paragraph and, notwithstanding any limitations to the contrary, that  
306 the provisions of §§ ~~4374(f)~~, 4372(e), 4376 and 4377 of this title apply to such order.

307 (4) Notwithstanding any provision of Chapter 43 of this title or any other law to the contrary, any person filing  
308 in Court of Common Pleas a motion under paragraph (j)(2) of this section may, upon the Court of Common Pleas' entry  
309 of an order granting the motion to vacate, file a petition in the Superior Court seeking expungement of the criminal  
310 record related to such conviction and attaching to the petition a certified copy of the Court of Common Pleas' order  
311 granting the motion to vacate. Upon finding that the Court of Common Pleas entered an order under paragraph (j)(2) of  
312 this section, the Superior Court shall enter an order requiring expungement of the police and court records relating to  
313 the charge and conviction. Such order shall contain a statement that the expungement is ordered pursuant to this  
314 paragraph and, notwithstanding any limitations to the contrary, that the provisions of §§ ~~4374(f)~~, 4372(e), 4376 and  
315 4377 of this title apply to such order.

316 Section 9. Amend § 1025, Title 10 of the Delaware Code by making deletions as shown by strike through and  
317 insertions as shown by underline as follows:

318 § 1025. Expungement of adult police and court records.

319 (a) ~~If an adult person is charged with the commission of a crime or crimes and the case is terminated in favor of~~  
320 ~~the accused, the person may request the expungement of the police records and the court records relating to the case~~  
321 ~~pursuant to the provisions of this subchapter.~~

322 (b) ~~For the purposes of this section, a case shall be deemed to be "terminated in favor of the accused" only if:~~

323 (1) ~~The accused is acquitted of all charges related to the case;~~

324 (2) ~~A nolle prosequi is entered on all charges related to the case;~~

325 (3) ~~The accused is placed on probation before judgment, fulfills the terms and conditions of probation, and the~~  
326 ~~court enters an order discharging the person from probation; or~~

327 (4) ~~All charges related to the case are otherwise dismissed.~~

328 (c) ~~For the purposes of this section "case" means a charge or set of charges related to a complaint or incident that~~  
329 ~~are or could be properly joined for prosecution.~~

330 (d) ~~If an adult is charged with the commission of a crime which is designated as a misdemeanor or violation in~~  
331 ~~Title 4, 7, 11, 16, or 23, excepting those crimes specifically exempted in paragraph (d)(2) of this section, and the case is~~  
332 ~~terminated in favor of the accused, and the person has not previously been convicted of another criminal offense, upon an~~  
333 ~~appropriate request to the State Bureau of Identification by such person the police records and court records, including any~~  
334 ~~electronic records, relating to the charge or charges shall be expunged if the person has not been convicted of any crime~~  
335 ~~since the date upon which the case was terminated in favor of the accused.~~

336 (1) ~~If the State Bureau of Identification determines that expungement is mandated pursuant to the terms of this~~  
337 ~~paragraph, it shall promptly so notify the courts and police agencies where records pertaining to the case are located or~~  
338 ~~maintained, and any court where the case was terminated, disposed of or concluded. All records appropriately specified~~  
339 ~~in the expungement request shall, within 60 days of the determination that such request is mandated pursuant to the~~  
340 ~~terms of this section, be removed from the files, and placed in the control of the Supervisor of the State Bureau of~~  
341 ~~Identification who shall be designated to retain control over all expunged records, and who shall ensure that the records~~  
342 ~~or the information contained therein is not released for any reason except as specified in this subchapter. Criminal~~  
343 ~~justice agencies as defined in § 8502(5) of Title 11 shall, however, have access to records of expunged probations~~  
344 ~~before judgment for the specific purpose of determining whether a person is eligible for a probation before judgment,~~  
345 ~~as set forth in § 4218 of Title 11. A court or a police agency which receives a notice of expungement from the State~~  
346 ~~Bureau of Identification shall provide the Bureau with written confirmation of the completion of the expungement. In~~  
347 ~~response to requests from nonlaw enforcement officers for information or records on the person who was arrested, the~~

348 law-enforcement officers and departments shall reply, with respect to the arrest and proceedings which are the subject  
349 of the order, that there is no record.

350 (2) ~~Mandatory expungement pursuant to this subsection shall not be applicable to the records of any case in  
351 which the defendant was charged with one or more of the following crimes:~~

- 352 a. ~~Any misdemeanor designated as a sex offense pursuant to § 761 of Title 11;~~
- 353 b. ~~Any misdemeanor set forth in subpart A of subchapter II of Chapter 5 of Title 11;~~
- 354 c. ~~Unlawful imprisonment pursuant to § 781 of Title 11;~~
- 355 d. ~~Interference with custody pursuant to § 785 of Title 11;~~
- 356 e. ~~Coercion pursuant to § 791 of Title 11;~~
- 357 f. ~~Trespassing with intent to peer or peep, pursuant to § 820 of Title 11;~~
- 358 g. ~~Endangering the welfare of a child, pursuant to § 1102 of Title 11;~~
- 359 h. ~~Crime against a vulnerable adult, pursuant to § 1105 of Title 11;~~
- 360 i. ~~Any misdemeanor set forth in subparts A, B, C or F of subchapter VI of Chapter 5 of Title 11;~~
- 361 j. ~~Any misdemeanor or violation set forth in Chapter 85 of Title 11;~~
- 362 k. ~~Patient abuse, pursuant to § 1136 of Title 16;~~
- 363 l. ~~Operation of a vessel or boat while under the influence, pursuant to § 2302 of Title 23.~~

364 (3) ~~At the time the application requesting expungement is filed with the State Bureau of Identification, the  
365 applicant shall pay a reasonable fee to the State Bureau of Identification. The applicant shall attach a copy of that  
366 applicant's criminal history as maintained by the State Bureau of Identification to any application requesting  
367 expungement filed pursuant to this section. The State Bureau of Identification shall summarily reject any application  
368 for expungement that does not include the applicant's criminal history without further notice to the applicant.~~

369 (4) ~~The State Bureau of Identification shall be authorized to promulgate reasonable regulations and a  
370 reasonable fee schedule to accomplish the purposes of this subsection.~~

371 (e) ~~Notwithstanding any provision of subsection (d) of this section to the contrary, if a person is charged with the  
372 commission of a crime and the case is terminated in favor of the accused, the person may file a petition in the Family Court  
373 in the county where the case was terminated, disposed of or concluded setting forth the relevant facts and requesting  
374 expungement of the police records and the court records relating to the charge or charges. Discretionary expungement  
375 pursuant to this section shall not be applicable to the records of any case that may be expunged pursuant to the provisions of  
376 subsection (d) of this section, provided, however, that where a person was charged with a criminal offense where  
377 discretionary expungement pursuant to this subsection applies, but also was charged, within the same case, with a criminal~~

378 offense where mandatory expungement pursuant to this section applies, such person must file a petition in the Family Court  
379 pursuant to this section.

380 (1) After the petition requesting expungement is filed with the Family Court, the petitioner shall cause a copy  
381 of the petition to be served upon the Attorney General, who may file an objection or answer to the petition within 30  
382 days after it is served on the Attorney General. The petitioner shall attach a copy of that petitioner's criminal history as  
383 maintained by the State Bureau of Identification to any petition requesting expungement filed pursuant to this section.  
384 The Court shall summarily reject any petition for expungement that does not include the petitioner's criminal history.

385 (2) Unless the Court believes a hearing is necessary, petitions shall be disposed of without a hearing. If the  
386 Court finds that the continued existence and possible dissemination of information relating the arrest of the petitioner  
387 causes, or may cause, circumstances which constitute a manifest injustice to the petitioner, it shall enter an order  
388 requiring the expungement of the police and court records relating to the charge or case. Otherwise, it shall deny the  
389 petition. The burden shall be on the petitioner to allege specific facts in support of that petitioner's allegation of  
390 manifest injustice, and the burden shall be on the petitioner to prove such manifest injustice by a preponderance of the  
391 evidence. The fact that the petitioner has previously been convicted of a criminal offense, other than that referred to in  
392 the petition, shall be considered by the Court as prima facie evidence that the continued existence and possible  
393 dissemination of information relating to the arrest in question does not constitute a manifest injustice to the petitioner.  
394 A petition filed by the Attorney General or the Attorney General's designee pursuant to paragraph (e)(4) of this section  
395 shall be granted by the Court.

396 (3) The State shall be made party defendant to the proceeding. Any party aggrieved by the decision of the  
397 Court may appeal, as provided by law in civil cases.

398 (4) Notwithstanding any provision of this section or any other statute or rule to the contrary, the Attorney  
399 General or designee responsible for prosecuting a criminal action may petition the Court to expunge the instant arrest  
400 record of a defendant if at the time of a state motion to dismiss or entry of nolle prosequi in the case, the prosecutor has  
401 determined that the continued existence and possible dissemination of information relating to the arrest of the  
402 defendant for the matter dismissed or for which a nolle prosequi was entered may cause circumstances which constitute  
403 a manifest injustice to the defendant.

404 (5) If an order expunging the records is granted by the Court, all the records specified in the order shall, within  
405 60 days of the order, be removed from the files, and placed in the control of the Supervisor of the State Bureau of  
406 Identification who shall be designated to retain control over all expunged records, and who shall ensure that the records  
407 or the information contained therein is not released for any reason except as specified in this subchapter. A police

408 agency which receives a notice of expungement from the State Bureau of Identification shall provide the Bureau with  
409 written confirmation of the completion of the expungement. The State Bureau of Identification shall provide the Court  
410 which entered the order with written confirmation of the execution of the order. In response to requests from nonlaw-  
411 enforcement officers for information or records on the person who was arrested, the law enforcement officers and  
412 departments shall reply, with respect to the arrest and proceedings which are the subject of the order, that there is no  
413 record. No order requiring an expungement of any record shall be entered or enforced if such order is contrary to the  
414 provisions of this subchapter. The State Bureau of Identification shall promptly notify the Court if it is unable to  
415 comply with any order issued pursuant to this subchapter.

416 (6) Notwithstanding any provision of this section or any other statute or rule to the contrary, the police records  
417 and the court records relating to any charge set forth in Title 21 of shall not be expunged pursuant to this section unless  
418 the charge or charges is 1 of these specifically enumerated offenses:

- 419 a. Driving after judgment prohibited, pursuant to § 2810 of Title 21;
- 420 b. Reckless driving, pursuant to § 4175 of Title 21;
- 421 c. Operation of a motor vehicle causing death, pursuant to § 4176A of Title 21;
- 422 d. Driving under the influence, pursuant to § 4177 of Title 21;
- 423 e. Operating a commercial vehicle with a prohibited blood alcohol concentration or while impaired by  
424 drugs, pursuant to § 4177M of Title 21.

425 (7) The Family Court shall establish a reasonable fee schedule for the filing of a petition of expungement  
426 pursuant to this section.

427 (f) Notwithstanding any provision of this subchapter or any other law to the contrary, a person who was convicted  
428 of a misdemeanor or violation excepting those crimes specifically exempted in subsection (g) of this section who is  
429 thereafter unconditionally pardoned by the Governor may request a discretionary expungement pursuant to the procedures  
430 set forth in subsection (e) of this section. The burden shall be on the petitioner to allege specific facts in support of the  
431 petitioner's allegation of manifest injustice, and the burden shall be on the petitioner to prove such manifest injustice by a  
432 preponderance of the evidence. The fact that the petitioner was convicted of the criminal offense that is the subject of the  
433 petitioner's expungement application shall be considered by the Court as prima facie evidence that the continued existence  
434 and possible dissemination of information relating to the arrest in question does not constitute a manifest injustice to the  
435 petitioner.

436 (g) Discretionary expungement following a pardon pursuant to this section shall not be applicable to the records of  
437 any case in which the defendant was charged with 1 or more of the following crimes:

- 438 (1) Any misdemeanor designated as a sex offense pursuant to § 761 of Title 11;  
439 (2) Unlawful imprisonment pursuant to § 781 of Title 11;  
440 (3) Interference with custody pursuant to § 785 of Title 11; or  
441 (4) Coercion pursuant to § 791 of Title 11.

442 If a person is charged with or convicted of a crime in Family Court, expungement may be sought under Subchapter  
443 VII of Chapter 43 of Title 11.

444 Section 10. Amend § 904, Title 4 of the Delaware Code by making deletions as shown by strike through and  
445 insertions as shown by underline as follows:

446 § 904. Offenses concerning certain persons.

447 (o) Any person who was convicted of a first offense under subsections (e) and (f) of this section or the same  
448 offense under any county or municipal code, ordinance, or regulation and who was under the age of 21 at the time of the  
449 offense may, upon reaching the age of 21, apply for an expungement of the record of the conviction and any indicia of  
450 arrest to the court in which the person was convicted. For violations of subsection (e) or (f) of this section, an order granting  
451 such expungement shall issue upon proof that the person has reached the age of 21, unless the person has failed to comply  
452 with the sentencing order or the person has another charge under this section, or under the same offense under any county  
453 or municipal code, ordinance, or regulation, which remains outstanding. Upon issuance of the order of expungement, the  
454 records of the conviction and any indicia of arrest shall be dealt with in accordance with the procedures specified in §§  
455 ~~4373(e), 4374 and 4375~~ Subchapter VII of Chapter 43 of Title 11. Nothing in this section ~~shall prohibit~~ prohibits the Family  
456 Court from expunging a record of conviction as otherwise provided by law. The application for or granting of a pardon  
457 ~~pursuant to under~~ §§ 4361 through ~~4363~~ 4364 of Title 11 ~~shall~~ does not prohibit an expungement under this section. All  
458 sentencing orders for violations of this section by persons under the age of 21 at the time of the offense shall state that the  
459 record of the conviction may be expunged upon reaching the age of 21 and thereafter. The civil filing fee shall apply to  
460 applications for expungement plus a \$100 fee payable to the State Bureau of Identification for administrative costs.

461 Section 11. Amend § 4764, Title 16 of the Delaware Code by making deletions as shown by strike through and  
462 insertions as shown by underline as follows:

463 § 4764. Possession of marijuana; class B misdemeanor, unclassified misdemeanor, or civil violation [For  
464 application of this section, see 80 Del. Laws, c. 38, § 6]

465 (i) Any person who was convicted of a single criminal offense under subsection (c) of this section and who was  
466 under the age of 21 at the time of the offense may, upon reaching the age of 21, apply for an expungement of the record of  
467 the conviction and any indicia of arrest to the court in which the person was convicted. For violations of subsection (c) of



468 this section, an order granting such expungement shall issue upon proof that the person has reached the age of 21, unless  
469 the person has failed to comply with the sentencing order or the person has another charge under this section which remains  
470 outstanding. Upon issuance of the order of expungement, the records of the conviction and any indicia of arrest shall be  
471 dealt with in accordance with the procedures specified in §§ ~~4373(e), 4374 and 4375~~ Subchapter VII of Chapter 43 of Title  
472 11. Nothing in this section ~~shall prohibit the Family Court~~ prohibits a court from expunging a record of conviction as  
473 otherwise provided by law. The application for or granting of a pardon ~~pursuant to under~~ §§ 4361 through ~~4363~~ 4364 of  
474 Title 11 ~~shall~~ does not prohibit an expungement under this section. All sentencing orders for violations of this section by  
475 persons under the age of 21 at the time of the offense ~~shall~~ must state that the record of the conviction may be expunged  
476 upon reaching the age of 21 and thereafter. The civil filing fee ~~shall apply~~ applies to applications for expungement plus a  
477 \$100 fee payable to the State Bureau of Identification for administrative costs.

478 Section 12. This Act takes effect 180 days after its enactment into law.

479 Section 13. This Act is to be known as the Adult Expungement Reform Act.

#### SYNOPSIS

In our modern society, a criminal record can limit a person's opportunities and the quality of life they can achieve for themselves and their families for years, and even decades, after that person has completed the terms of the criminal sentence imposed. Even the existence of an arrest record with no conviction can limit job opportunities, housing, access to higher education, credit, and access to jobs that require professional licensing.

The General Assembly has expanded the availability of expungement for juvenile adjudications of delinquency quite dramatically in recent years, in recognition that people can and do change and move beyond mistakes of their past. The intent of this Act is to extend that same recognition to some categories of adult records of arrest and conviction.

At present, Delaware allows adults to petition to have a record expunged in only 2 circumstances: (1) for an arrest that did not lead to conviction and (2) after a pardon is granted – but for certain misdemeanor offenses only.

Under this Act, a person may have a record expunged through a petition to the State Bureau of Identification (SBI) for (1) charges resolved in favor of the petitioner; (2) a record that includes violations only after the passage of 3 years; and (3) after 5 years for some misdemeanors. Excluded from this SBI-only expungement process are convictions for any misdemeanor crimes of domestic violence, misdemeanor crimes where the victim is a child or a vulnerable adult, and unlawful sexual contact in the third degree. Allowing expungements for arrests without convictions and minor, isolated convictions through an application to the SBI will ease the burden on the courts and the Board of Pardons.

This Act also provides that the court may grant a petition for expungement upon a showing of “manifest injustice” in the following situations: (1) 3 years have passed since the date of a single misdemeanor conviction; (2) a person has a single conviction in a felony case, and 7 years have passed from the date of conviction or release from incarceration, whichever is later; (3) 7 years have passed since conviction or release from incarceration on misdemeanor domestic violence or misdemeanor conviction with child or vulnerable adult victim. A felony conviction for any of the following crimes is not eligible for expungement through this court process: Title 11 violent felonies; 16 Del C. § 1136; 31 Del C § 3913; any “felony conviction involving physical or sexual assault crimes” as defined in the Beau Biden Child Protection Act. A conviction for unlawful sexual contact third degree may not be expunged through the court-only process. The Department of Justice will have an opportunity to state its position on the expungement petition to the court, and is empowered to seek input from any victim in the case.

In all cases, the applicant for expungement must have no prior or subsequent convictions (other than traffic offenses, and underage alcohol or marijuana possession) in order to be eligible. Any person who applies for relief under this section, must essentially be a first offender in order to be eligible. A person is not allowed to apply for expungement under this process if an expungement has been granted within the last 10 years. Fines, fees, and restitution must be paid before an expungement may be granted; however, courts are empowered to waive outstanding fines or convert them to a civil judgement if they are unpaid for reasons other than willful noncompliance.

Most Title 21 (traffic offenses), including DUI, are ineligible for expungement under this Act. However, traffic offenses (other than DUIs) will also not operate as a bar to the expungement of other charges.

The Act also removes all limitations on the availability of court-ordered expungement after a pardon.

The Act strikes provisions in Title 10 relating to expungement of adult records in Family Court and consolidates them with the Title 11 expungement provisions. Conforming changes are made to cross-references in Title 4 and 16. Implementation of the Act is delayed for 180 days to allow State agencies to prepare necessary procedures and forms.

Finally, this Act is to be known as the Adult Expungement Reform Act.

Author: Senator Brown