

SPONSOR: Rep. Smyk & Sen. Bonini Reps. Collins, D. Short, Yearick; Sens. Lawson, Pettyjohn, Wilson

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES 151st GENERAL ASSEMBLY

HOUSE BILL NO. 139

AN ACT TO AMEND TITLE 11 OF THE DELAWARE CODE RELATING TO RELEASE OF PERSONS ACCUSED OF CRIMES.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF DELAWARE:

1	Section 1. Amend § 2101, Title 11 of the Delaware Code by making deletions as shown by strike through and
2	insertions as shown by underline as follows:
3	§ 2101. Purposes of this chapter.
4	It is the purpose of this chapter to reform the system governing the release of defendants pending a final
5	determination of guilt of such persons. The of bail in the various courts of this State are empowered and encouraged to
6	make individualized decisions about terms and conditions of pretrial release. Each court shall utilize a system of pretrial
7	release imposing reasonable nonmonetary conditions of release when those conditions adequately provide and to empower
8	and equip the courts to utilize a system of personal recognizance or an unsecured personal appearance bond to be used
9	wherever feasible consistent with a reasonable assurance of the appearance of the defendant at court proceedings, the
10	protection of the community, victims, witnesses and any other person, and to maintain the integrity of the judicial
11	process. and the safety of the community in connection with the release of persons accused of crime pending a final
12	determination of the court as to the guilt of such persons.
13	Section 2. Amend § 2102, Title 11 of the Delaware Code by making deletions as shown by strike through and
14	insertions as shown by underline as follows:
15	§ 2102. Definitions.
16	For purposes of this chapter the following definitions shall apply: chapter:
17	(1) "Attorney General" includes any Deputy Attorney General or any other prosecutor of the State, county or
18	municipality.
19	(2) "Bail" means the pretrial release of a defendant from custody upon the terms and conditions specified by
20	an order of the court with jurisdiction. Bail may be any of the following:
21	a. A conditions of release bond.
22	b. A conditions of release bond not guaranteed by financial terms.

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23	e. A conditions of release bond guaranteed by financial terms.
24	d. A conditions of release bond guaranteed by financial terms secured by cash only.
25	(3) (2) "Bailable offense" is any means an offense not punishable by death.
26	(4) (3) "Capital crime" means any crime for which the punishment shall be death.
27	(4) "Cash personal appearance bond" means a bond of the defendant promising appearance in court, secured
28	by cash only.
29	(5) "Conditions of release bond" means a commitment by the defendant promising appearance in court and
30	compliance with all conditions ordered by the court and mandated by statute.
31	(6) "Conditions of release bond guaranteed by financial terms" means a commitment by the defendant
32	promising appearance in court and compliance with all conditions ordered by the court and mandated by statute
33	guaranteed by a surety, property, cash or other assets.
34	(7) "Conditions of release bond guaranteed by financial terms secured by eash" means a commitment by the
35	defendant promising appearance in court and compliance with all conditions ordered by the court and mandated by
36	statute guaranteed by cash only.
37	(8) "Conditions of release bond not guaranteed by financial terms" means a commitment by the defendant
38	promising appearance in court and compliance with all conditions ordered by the court and mandated by statute
39	whereupon failure to appear or comply with conditions, the defendant may be liable for the amount of the bond, but the
40	bond is not guaranteed by any surety or specific pledge of property or other assets.
41	(9) (5) "Court" means Superior Court, Court of Common Pleas, Family Court, and Justice of the Peace Court.
42	(10) (6) "Crime" means any offense which is punishable by a fine or imprisonment.
43	(11) "Pretrial success" means a defendant's compliance with orders to appear in court as directed and no
44	commit any new criminal offense between the initial arrest and adjudication of the pending criminal charges.
45	(7) "Personal recognizance" means the written recognizance of the defendant that the defendant will obey the
46	further direction of the court.
47	(12) (8) "Record finding" is means a memorandum, notation, opinion, order or other writing in the file of the
48	case of the accused reflecting the decision made by the court.
49	(9) "Secured personal appearance bond" means a bond of the defendant promising appearance in court
50	guaranteed by a surety property cash or other assets

51	(10) "Unsecured personal appearance bond" means an undertaking by the defendant promising appearance in
52	court where, upon failure to appear, the defendant will be liable for the amount of the bond, but the bond is not
53	guaranteed by any surety or specific pledge of property or other assets.
54	(13) (11) "Violent felonies" or "violent felony" shall consist of means all felonies designated as violent
55	felonies in § 4201(c) of this title.
56	Section 3. Amend § 2104, Title 11 of the Delaware Code by making deletions as shown by strike through and
57	insertions as shown by underline as follows:
58	§ 2104. Release on bail or recognizance of defendants charged with any other crime.
59	(a) Any person who is arrested and charged with any crime other than a capital crime shall be released upon
60	execution of on 1 of the following:
61	(1) A conditions of release bond. The defendant's own recognizance.
62	(2) A conditions of release bond not guaranteed by financial terms The execution of an unsecured personal
63	appearance bond in an amount specified by the court.
64	(3) A conditions of release bond guaranteed by financial terms, the amount of The execution of a secured
65	personal appearance bond, the bond and the nature of the surety to be determined by the court.
66	(4) A conditions of release bond guaranteed by financial terms secured by cash only, The execution of a cash
67	personal appearance bond, the amount of the bond to be determined by the court.
68	(b) The court shall impose the following conditions of release for any defendant released on bail: bail or
69	recognizance:
70	(1) Require the defendant to return to the court at any time upon notice and submit to the orders and processes
71	of the court.
72	(2) Prohibit the defendant from committing any criminal offense.
73	(c) The court may also impose 1 or more of the conditions of release set forth in under § 2108 of this title when
74	such conditions are necessary to provide a reasonable assurance of the appearance of the defendant at court proceedings, the
75	protection of the community, victims, witnesses, or any other person, and to maintain the integrity of the judicial
76	process. title.
77	(d) The court shall memorialize pretrial release decisions by written order specifying conditions of release and
78	informing the defendant of the possible consequences for violating the conditions of release.
79	(e)(1) (d)(1) The determination of whether the defendant shall is to be released under paragraph (a)(1), (a)(2),

(a)(3), or (a)(4) of this section and the conditions (other than the mandatory conditions in paragraph subsection (b) of

this section above) section) of the release shall be is in the discretion of the court subject to this chapter. When making a release determination, or imposing conditions set forth in under § 2108 of this title, the court shall use an empirically developed risk assessment instrument, if available, designed to improve pretrial release decisions by assessing defendant's likelihood of pretrial success. In circumstances involving suspected domestic or intimate partner violence, the judicial officer shall also consider the results, if available, of an instrument designed to assess the likelihood or predicted severity of future violence against the alleged victim. Any such risk assessment tools are not binding on the court. They are factors to be considered in the totality of the circumstances in determining the conditions of release imposed upon the defendant. The judicial officer may consider any other facts and circumstances regarding a defendant's likelihood of pretrial success and the protection of the victim, witnesses, and any other person. employ an objective risk assessment instrument to gauge the defendant's risk of flight and re-arrest, and the safety of the victim and the community. The risk assessment instrument must be responsive to the needs of victims of domestic violence and sexual assault.

- (2) The Statistical Analysis Center shall provide the court with a report of rates of re-arrest and failure to appear as required by defendants released by the court. <u>Use of the objective risk assessment instrument shall</u> commence by December 31, 2013.
- (e) If the defendant has furnished surety, the court shall, at that time, review conditions and may impose any conditions under § 2108 of this title before the defendant is released, including specific consideration for the safety of the victim and the community.
- (f)(1) Any defendant released from custody pursuant to under this chapter who later: does one of the following must immediately be remanded to the custody of the Department of Correction and be incarcerated in lieu of bail until the sentence for that felony is imposed:
 - (1) <u>a.</u> Tenders to the Superior Court a plea of guilty or nolo contendere to any felony for which a mandatory, minimum, minimum <u>mandatory</u> or mandatory minimum period of incarceration is <u>required</u>; <u>or required</u>.
 - (2) <u>b.</u> Is convicted upon a verdict of guilty of any felony for which a mandatory, minimum, minimum mandatory mandatory, or mandatory minimum period of incarceration is required, shall immediately be remanded to the custody of the Department of Correction, and shall be incarcerated until the sentence for that felony is imposed. required.
 - (2) The provisions of this subsection shall This subsection does not apply to pleas or convictions for any felony set forth in under Title 21.

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110	Section 4. Amend § 2105, Title 11 of the Delaware Code by making deletions as shown by strike through and
111	insertions as shown by underline as follows:
112	§ 2105. Release pursuant to a conditions of release bond or conditions of release bond not guaranteed by financial
113	terms. on personal recognizance or on unsecured personal appearance bond.
114	(a) The court shall release a defendant accused of a bailable crime on a conditions of release bond or a conditions
115	of release bond not guaranteed by financial terms the defendant's own recognizance or upon the execution of an unsecured
116	personal appearance bond of the defendant in an amount to be determined by the court when the court is satisfied from all
117	the circumstances and the criteria set forth in under subsection (b) of this section that it is reasonably likely that the
118	defendant will appear as required before or after conviction of the crime charged and that there is no substantial risk to the
119	safety of the community in permitting such unsecured release.
120	(b) In determining whether the defendant is likely to appear as required and that there will be no substantial risk to
121	the safety of the community the court shall, on the basis of available information, take into consideration the nature and
122	circumstances of the crime charged, whether a firearm was used or possessed, the possibility of statutory mandatory
123	imprisonment, whether the crime was committed against a victim with intent to hinder prosecution, the family ties of the
124	defendant, the defendant's employment, financial resources, character and mental condition, the length of residence in the
125	community, record of convictions, habitual offender eligibility, custody status at time of offense, history of amenability to
126	lesser sanctions, history of breach of release, record of appearances at court proceedings or of flight to
127	avoid prosecution prosecution, or failure to appear at court proceedings.
128	(c) If the court has determined that the defendant shall may not be released in accordance with this section, it shall
129	make a record finding of the reason or reasons for such action and shall permit the release of the defendant upon the
130	furnishing of surety satisfactory to the court in an amount to be determined by the court.
131	Section 5. Amend § 2107, Title 11 of the Delaware Code by making deletions as shown by strike through and
132	insertions as shown by underline as follows:
133	§ 2107. Determining the amount of bail.
134	(a) In determining the amount of bail to be required to be posted as surety under § 2105 of this title or to be
135	required for a conditions of release bond not guaranteed by financial terms, an unsecured personal appearance bond of the

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defendant, the court shall may not require oppressive bail but shall require such bail as reasonably will assure the

reappearance of the defendant, compliance with the conditions set forth in the bond, and the safety of the community. In

fixing the amount, the court shall also take into consideration the criteria set forth in under § 2105(b) of this title.

139	(b) In any event, if If a defendant is charged with an offense punishable by fine only, the amount of the
140	bail shall may not exceed double the amount of the maximum fine for each charge. When a defendant has been convicted of
141	an offense and only a fine has been imposed as the sentence of the court, the amount of bail shall may not exceed double
142	the amount of the fine.
143	(c) Notwithstanding any provision of this title to the contrary, for a defendant charged with committing a violent
144	felony involving a firearm or with committing a violent felony while on probation or pretrial release, the presumption is
145	that a conditions of release bond guaranteed by financial terms secured by cash only cash personal appearance bond will be
146	set.
147	Section 6. Amend § 2108, Title 11 of the Delaware Code by making deletions as shown by strike through and
148	insertions as shown by underline as follows:
149	§ 2108. Conditions for release.
150	(a) In addition to the mandatory conditions set forth in <u>under</u> § 2104(b) of this title, in connection with any form of
151	bail for a either a secured release or an unsecured release of any defendant the court may also impose 1 or more of the
152	following conditions:
153	(1) Place the defendant in the custody of a designated person or organization agreeing to supervise
154	the defendant; defendant.
155	(2) Place the defendant under the supervision of a presentence or probation officer; officer.
156	(3) Place restrictions on the travel, associations, activities, consumption of alcoholic beverages, drugs or
157	barbiturates, or place of abode of the defendant during the period of release; release.
158	(4) Require the defendant to have no contact or restricted contact with the victim, the victim's family, victim's
159	residence, place of employment, school or location of offense; offense.
160	(5) Require periodic reports from the defendant to an appropriate agent or officer of the court including the
161	attorney for the defendant; defendant.
162	(6) Require psychiatric or medical treatment of the defendant; defendant.
163	(7) Require the defendant to provide suitable support for the defendant's family under supervision of an officer
164	of the court or the Family Court, with the consent of the Family Court; Court.
165	(8) Require a defendant who has been convicted to duly prosecute any post-conviction remedies or appeals;
166	and if the case is affirmed or reversed and remanded, such defendant shall forthwith surrender to the Court; Court.
167	(9) Impose any other condition deemed reasonably necessary to assure appearance as required and to carry out

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the purpose of this chapter.

169	(b) In connection with any form of bail for a defendant either a secured release or an unsecured release of any
170	defendant charged with any crime involving child sexual abuse or exploitation, the court shall also impose a condition that
171	the defendant have no contact with children, except upon good cause shown, and as otherwise provided by the court, and
172	that such condition remain in full force and effect until a nolle prosequi is filed, the case is dismissed dismissed, or an
173	adjudication of not guilty is returned, whichever shall first occur, occurs first, or if the defendant is adjudicated guilty by
174	way of a plea of guilty or a conviction by court or jury, at the time of sentencing, unless further made a condition of
175	probation by the sentencing judge.
176	(c) In connection with any form of bail for a defendant either a secured release or unsecured release of any
177	defendant charged with a violation of § 4177 of Title 21 which is alleged to be that is punishable as a felony pursuant to
178	that section, felony, the court shall impose a condition that the defendant not drive a vehicle, as defined by that section, §
179	4177 of Title 21, until a nolle prosequi is filed, the case is dismissed dismissed, or an adjudication of not guilty is returned,
180	whichever shall first occur, occurs first, or if the defendant is adjudicated guilty by way of plea of guilty or a conviction by
181	court or jury, at the time of sentencing, unless further made a condition of probation by the sentencing judge.
182	Section 7. Amend § 2109, Title 11 of the Delaware Code by making deletions as shown by strike through and
183	insertions as shown by underline as follows:
184	§ 2109. Failure to provide a conditions of release bond, whether guaranteed by financial terms or
185	not, recognizance, bond, or consent to conditions; contact with victim or victim's family.
186	(a) If the defendant does not provide the form of conditions of release bond required by the court, personal
187	recognizance or secured or unsecured bond, or if the defendant does not agree to meet the conditions for release, the
188	defendant shall <u>must</u> be held in the custody of the Department of Correction until the defendant cures such failure or until
189	the court otherwise orders.
190	(b) If the defendant is committed in lieu of bail, the court may require such defendant, while in custody, to have no

with that bail, each such failure or breach shall be is a separate crime, and upon conviction thereof shall must be punished as follows:

(c) If the defendant is committed in lieu of bail, and knowingly breaches any conditions imposed in connection

(1) If the defendant was held in connection with 1 or more charges of a felony prior to before trial, or while

awaiting sentence or pending appeal or certiorari after conviction of 1 or more felonies or misdemeanors, the defendant shall be is guilty of a felony and must be punished by imprisonment not to exceed 5 years, or a fine of \$5,000, or both;

198 <u>both.</u>

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contact with the victim or the victim's family.

(2) If the defendant was held in connection with 1 or more charges of misdemeanor prior to before trial, the defendant shall must be fined not more than \$500, or imprisoned not more than 1 year, or both.

Section 8. Amend § 2110, Title 11 of the Delaware Code by making deletions as shown by strike through and insertions as shown by underline as follows:

- § 2110. Modification of bail, security or eonditions of release and sanctions for violation. conditions.
- (a) Unless reviewed earlier, a court with jurisdiction over the defendant shall review conditions of pretrial release for a defendant who remains detained after 72 hours from the defendant's initial presentment as a result of the inability to meet conditions of pretrial release. This review shall occur within 10 days from the date of detention. Each court shall establish its procedure for timely review. A defendant or the Attorney General may apply to the court for any modification of any determination by the court as to the decision of the type of release, the amount and nature of the bond or surety, or the conditions of release. An application under this subsection must be made at the time, on the conditions, and in the manner provided by the Rules of the Superior Court.
- (b) A defendant, regardless of custody status, or the Attorney General, the Attorney General's designee, a third-party private or commercial surety, the Department of Correction, or any person or nongovernmental organization to whom a defendant has been released for supervision may apply to the court for modification of any condition of pretrial release. The courts shall establish rules governing the procedure for motions to modify conditions of pretrial release. Motions to modify conditions of pretrial release shall be filed in and decided by the court that has jurisdiction over the defendant at the time the motion is made. The defendant, the Attorney General, or the Attorney General's designee may make an oral application at any proceeding at which the parties are both present. Once a movant's application is ruled upon, the movant may initiate subsequent review of conditions of pretrial release only upon a material change in circumstance.
- (c) Following a hearing alleging pretrial noncompliance and upon a finding that the defendant violated 1 or more material conditions of pretrial release, the court with jurisdiction over the defendant, may continue the current conditions, remove or impose different or additional conditions upon the defendant's release, or revoke the defendant's bail and reset pretrial conditions of release, including any financial conditions. Upon a finding that defendant violated a condition of appearance in court, any amount of surety posted to meet financial term of release may be forfeited.
- (d) The court may impose different or additional conditions of pretrial release or may remove conditions of pretrial release only when the facts of the individual case or the defendant's circumstances demonstrate that modification of conditions is necessary to reasonably ensure the defendant's appearance at court proceedings, to protect the community, victims, witnesses, or any other person, and to maintain the integrity of the judicial process.

228	(e) Upon disposition of the request to modify conditions of pretrial release, the court shall set forth on the record
229	the reasons for amendment of or continuation of the conditions imposed.
230	(f)(b) If the court modifies conditions of release, any bail amount the court shall review conditions and may
231	impose any conditions as are set forth in under § 2108 of this title, when such conditions are necessary to provide a
232	reasonable assurance of the appearance of the defendant at court proceedings, the protection of the community, victims, or
233	any other person, and to maintain the integrity of the judicial process. The court shall review the modified conditions with
234	the defendant. including specific considerations for the safety of the victim and the community.
235	Section 9. Amend § 2111, Title 11 of the Delaware Code by making deletions as shown by strike through and
236	insertions as shown by underline as follows:
237	§ 2111. Procedure for pretrial release taking bail or implementing this chapter.
238	Except as provided herein, in this chapter, the procedure for pretrial release taking bail or implementing this
239	chapter shall be is as provided by the Rules of the Superior Court.
240	Section 10. Amend § 2112, Title 11 of the Delaware Code by making deletions as shown by strike through and
241	insertions as shown by underline as follows:
242	§ 2112. Bail after transfer to another court or after conviction.
243	Once bail has been given and a charge is pending or is thereafter filed in or transferred to a court of competent
244	jurisdiction, the latter court may continue the original bail in that court. After conviction, the court may order that the
245	original bail stand as bail pending appeal or deny, increase or reduce bail, or modify the conditions of release. increase, or
246	reduce bail.
247	Section 11. Amend § 2113, Title 11 of the Delaware Code by making deletions as shown by strike through and
248	insertions as shown by underline as follows:
249	§ 2113. Penalties for noncompliance with conditions of release bond. recognizance; bond or conditions.
250	(a) If the defendant shall fail fails to appear as required by the defendant's bail recognizance or bond or shall
251	commits any material breach of the conditions set forth in under § 2104(b) or § 2108 of this title, the court shall
252	issue a warrant and cause the arrest of such the defendant and the cancellation of any bail recognizance and the return to the
253	court for a redetermination of the disposition of the defendant.
254	(b) Upon the return of the defendant before the court pursuant to under subsection (a) of this section or if the
255	defendant shall not be is not found, the court shall act with respect to the forfeiture of any form of guaranteed or not
256	guaranteed conditions of release secured or unsecured bond pursuant to under the Rules of the Superior Court and shall

redetermine the type of release, and amount of bail, if any, and conditions of the further release of the defendant.

258	Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, no property, cash, surety surety, or other assets shall may not be forfeited except
259	upon failure of the accused to appear as required by any court.
260	(c) If the defendant knowingly fails to appear as required or knowingly breaches any condition of release, each
261	such failure or breach $\underline{\text{shall be }}\underline{\text{is}}$ a separate crime, and upon conviction thereof $\underline{\text{shall }}\underline{\text{must}}$ be punished as follows:
262	(1) If the defendant was released in connection with 1 or more charges of a felony prior to before trial, or
263	while awaiting sentence or pending appeal or certiorari after conviction of 1 or more felonies or misdemeanors, the
264	defendant shall be is guilty of a felony and must be punished by imprisonment not to exceed 5 years, or a fine of
265	\$5,000, or both; both.
266	(2) If the defendant was released in connection with 1 or more charges of misdemeanor prior to before trial,
267	the defendant shall <u>must</u> be fined not more than \$500, or imprisoned not more than 1 year, or both.
268	(d) The Justice of the Peace Court shall have has jurisdiction over violations of this section if punishable as
269	misdemeanors and if the jurisdiction over the underlying offense remains with the Justice of the Peace Court.
270	(e) Any defendant released pursuant to under this chapter shall notify the court, before which the case is pending,
271	of any changes of address or residence within 5 days of such change. Failure to make such notification will result in
272	constructive receipt of any subpoena issued to the defendant by or on behalf of the court to the last address or residence
273	given to the court by that defendant.
274	(f) Nothing in this chapter shall interfere with or prevent interferes with or prevents the exercise by any court of its
275	power to punish for contempt.
276	Section 12. Amend § 2114, Title 11 of the Delaware Code by making deletions as shown by strike through and
277	insertions as shown by underline as follows:
278	§ 2114. Administration of this chapter.
279	(a) The Department of Correction shall administer the provisions of this chapter that are not exclusively within the
280	jurisdiction of the judiciary. the province of the judges of the respective courts of this State.
281	(b) The Commissioner of the Department of Correction may employ such staff as may be necessary to implement
282	this chapter.
283	(e)(b) The Department of Correction may investigate the release of persons charged with criminal offenses and
284	otherwise advise and assist the courts in carrying out the purposes of this chapter. The Department of Correction shall
285	provide pretrial supervision to released defendants when ordered by the court and shall report such defendants' compliance
286	or noncompliance with conditions of pretrial release when necessary to carry out the purposes of this chapter. The

Department of Correction may request modification of conditions of pretrial release. Each court shall establish rules and

288	procedures for timely disposition of reports of noncompliance with conditions of pretrial release and requests for
289	modification of conditions of pretrial release.
290	(d)(c) The Department of Correction shall have the power necessary to carry out the purposes of this chapter,
291	including the following: including subpoena power, and as is provided by the Rules of the Superior Court.
292	(1) The Department of Correction may adopt standard conditions for the supervision of defendants ordered to
293	pretrial supervision and may modify conditions of supervision as necessary to address technical or minor violations of
294	conditions of pretrial release. The imposition of standard or modified conditions shall be limited to those conditions
295	necessary to provide a reasonable assurance of the appearance of the defendant at court proceedings, the protection of
296	the community, victims, witnesses or any other person, and to maintain the integrity of the judicial process. These
297	conditions shall apply when not contrary to any other specific conditions imposed by the court.
298	(2) The Department of Correction may adopt standards concerning pretrial supervision through home
299	confinement. The Department of Correction is authorized to supervise defendants released pretrial on home
300	confinement without the use of any specific electronic equipment, so long as sufficient and reasonable methods for
301	ensuring compliance with the terms of house arrest are employed.
302	(3) The Department of Correction is authorized to use electronic monitoring systems and any new or emerging
303	monitoring technology that will assist in the supervision of defendants released pretrial.
304	(d) The Commissioner of the Department of Correction may employ 1 supervisor, and such assisting and clerical
305	staff as may be necessary to carry out this chapter.
306	(e) The court, when notified by the Department of Correction of a violation of pretrial release, may issue a
307	summons or a warrant for the arrest of a defendant for violating any condition of pretrial release.
308	(f) The Commissioner of the Department of Correction or any probation officer, acting in performance of his or
309	her duties, under exigent circumstances may arrest a supervised defendant without a warrant when in the judgment of the
310	Commissioner or probation officer the supervised defendant has violated any material condition of pretrial release. The
311	Commissioner or probation officer may deputize any other officer with power of arrest to do so by giving that officer a
312	written statement setting forth in what manner the supervised defendant has in the judgment of the Commissioner or the
313	probation officer violated a material condition of pretrial release. When an arrest is made by a probation officer or the
314	Commissioner, the officer shall present to the detaining authority a written statement of the circumstances of violation.
315	(g) Upon arrest and detention, the Commissioner or probation officer shall notify the court of jurisdiction forthwith
316	and shall submit to the court a written report showing in what manner the defendant has violated the conditions of pretrial

release.

318	(h) When the Commissioner or probation officer alleges noncompliance with material conditions of pretria
319	release, pursuant to subsection (f) of this section, a probation officer shall take the defendant directly before the court of
320	jurisdiction if that court is in session or take the defendant before a magistrate. The hearing may be summary in nature.
321	(i) The Criminal Justice Council shall submit a report to the General Assembly on an annual basis, beginning
322	January 30, 2019, regarding the modernization of the pretrial system, including a report of data related to pretrial success
323	rates.
324	Section 13. Amend § 2115, Title 11 of the Delaware Code by making deletions as shown by strike through and
325	insertions as shown by underline as follows:
326	§ 2115. Forfeiture and default of bail bonds.
327	(a) If the defendant shall fail fails to appear as required or be found in breach of a material condition of release
328	imposed by any court, except the House Sergeant of the Wilmington City Police, while under a bond, and the cour
329	pursuant to under this chapter or court rule finds the defendant in default and forfeits the bond, the proceeds shall must be
330	forwarded to the State Treasurer and deposited in the General Fund.
331	(b) All funds held by the State in any depository derived from forfeiture or default of bonds from any court, excep
332	the House Sergeant of the Wilmington City Police, shall must immediately be forwarded to the State Treasurer and
333	deposited in the General Fund.
334	(c) The proceeds of any bond forfeited for the defendant's failure to appear in any child support proceeding shall
335	<u>must</u> be paid over to the payee of the child support order and applied to the child support account.
336	Section 14. Amend § 2116, Title 11 of the Delaware Code by making deletions as shown by strike through and
337	insertions as shown by underline as follows:
338	§ 2116. Revocation of bail upon subsequent arrest.
339	(a) For the purposes of this section:
340	(1) "Original offense" means any violent felony which is alleged to have been committed by a defendant who
341	is thereafter released from custody upon execution of any form of conditions of release bond. on that defendant's own
342	recognizance or on the execution of a secured or unsecured personal appearance bond or a cash personal appearance
343	bond.
344	(2) "Subsequent offense" means any violent felony or any similar offense set forth under the laws of another
345	state, the United States or any territory of the United States which is alleged to have been committed by a defendant

during the period of that defendant's secured or unsecured release in connection with an original offense.

- (b) In connection with any form of bail for a defendant either a secured release or unsecured release of any defendant charged with any violent felony, if after release the defendant is charged by arrest, warrant, indictment indictment, or information with the commission of a subsequent offense, that defendant shall must be brought before the Superior Court. If after a hearing, the Superior Court finds proof positive or presumption great that the defendant has committed a subsequent offense during such period of release, notwithstanding any provision of this chapter or any statute or court rule to the contrary, the Court shall revoke the bail to which the defendant was admitted in connection with the original offense.
- (c) Notwithstanding any provision of this chapter or any other statute or court rule to the contrary, whenever the defendant is charged with a subsequent offense, any form of bail recognizance or bond relating to the original offense shall must be temporarily revoked by any court, including the Justice of the Peace Court, Court of Common Pleas, or Superior Court, before whom the defendant is then appearing, and the defendant shall must be held in lieu of bail for the original offense until such time as the Superior Court holds a hearing to determine whether there is proof positive or presumption great that the defendant committed a subsequent offense during the period of release.
- (d) Notwithstanding any provision of this chapter or any statute or court rule to the contrary, any defendant whose bail is revoked by the Superior Court pursuant to under this section shall must be subject to bail on the original offense in an amount at least twice the amount of bail originally set. If the bail on the original offense was not already secured by cash, the amount of bail may be posted only in the form of a conditions of release bond guaranteed by financial terms secured by cash only, cash personal appearance bond.

SYNOPSIS

In 2018, the General Assembly enacted House Bill No. 204 of the 149th General Assembly, Chapter 200, Volume 81 of the Laws of Delaware, ("HB 204"), with "the goal of modernizing the pretrial process, reducing reliance on monetary conditions, improving the efficiency and outcomes for the criminal justice system, and ensuring the safety of the community." HB 204 has resulted in the release of violent offenders into our communities, leading to more Delawareans being victimized. Therefore, this Act repeals HB 204, replacing HB 204's provisions with the law in effect before the enactment of HB 204 and bringing back greater safety for law abiding Delawareans and accountability for defendants.

This Act also makes technical corrections to conform existing law, and previous law being returned to the Delaware Code, to the standards of the Delaware Legislative Drafting Manual.

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