



SPONSOR: Sen. Sturgeon & Sen. S. McBride & Rep. K. Williams &
Rep. Dorsey Walker
Sens. Bonini, Ennis, Lockman, Pettyjohn, Pinkney,
Sokola, Townsend, Walsh; Reps. Baumbach, Brady,
S. Moore, Morrison

DELAWARE STATE SENATE
151st GENERAL ASSEMBLY

SENATE BILL NO. 133

AN ACT TO AMEND TITLE 14 OF THE DELAWARE CODE RELATING TO REQUIREMENTS FOR EDUCATOR PREPARATION PROGRAMS.

1 WHEREAS, a strong literacy foundation is crucial for Delaware's children to succeed in school and in life; and

2 WHEREAS, research shows that students who are experiencing reading failure face social and emotional
3 challenges, in addition to academic challenges, and are diagnosed with anxiety, depression, and other social, emotional, and
4 mental health conditions at a rate that is 2 to 5 times greater than their peers; and

5 WHEREAS, research shows that the rapid growth of the brain and its response to instruction make the time from
6 birth to age 8 a critical period for literacy development; and

7 WHEREAS, the Annie E. Casey Foundation's KIDS COUNT Special Report, "Early Warning! Why Reading by
8 the End of Third Grade Matters" references Yale University research which demonstrates that 3 out of 4 students who do
9 not read well in third grade remain poor readers in high school; and

10 WHEREAS, research shows that while students thrive when given a strong reading foundation in early childhood,
11 children who do not achieve sound reading skills at an early age fall behind their peers and the gap between good readers
12 and those who struggle with reading continues to widen over time; and

13 WHEREAS, proficient 3rd grade readers were nearly 5 times more likely to graduate from high school than their
14 peers with below-basic-reading skills and low reading skills are a stronger predictor that a student will not receive a
15 diploma than spending at least 1 year in poverty; and

16 WHEREAS, a new Gallup study on behalf of the Barbara Bush Foundation for Family Literacy found that low
17 levels of adult literacy could be costing the U.S. as much \$2.2 trillion a year and that if literacy skills increase by 1% the
18 economy could see a \$240 billion boost; and

19 WHEREAS, America's literacy crisis has been considered one of the great solvable problems of our time; and

20 WHEREAS, the 2019 Delaware Literacy Plan reported reading proficiency rates in Delaware have remained
21 relatively flat since 2015 and some subgroups of students, including children from low-income families and those with
22 disabilities, have experienced a decline in reading proficiency; and

23 WHEREAS, the 2019 National Assessment of Educational Progress, known as the Nation’s Report Card, reported
24 that in Delaware, 84% of black students are not proficient in reading by 4th grade, 78% of Hispanic students are not
25 proficient in reading by 4th grade, and 83% of students who are eligible for free or reduced lunch are not proficient in
26 reading by 4th grade, and

27 WHEREAS, advances in understanding how children learn to read has produced a body of research by linguists,
28 psychologists, and cognitive scientists known as the “science of reading” which reflects a conclusion that effective
29 beginning reading instruction has 6 essential components of reading literacy: phonemic awareness, phonics, reading
30 fluency, vocabulary, text comprehension, and oral language; and

31 WHEREAS, the American Federation of Teachers reports that it is possible to teach most students how to read if
32 instructions starts early and follows the significant body of research showing which practices are most effective and that
33 classroom teaching itself, when it includes a range of research-based components and practices, can prevent and mitigate
34 reading difficulty; and

35 WHEREAS, existing teacher preparation programs do not necessarily encompass the “science of reading” which
36 has caused a gap between what has been discovered about how children learn to read and how teachers are prepared to
37 teach reading; and

38 WHEREAS, in order to advance Delaware students’ acquisition of reading literacy, which begins the lifelong
39 intellectual process of gaining meaning by print, teacher preparation programs designed for prospective elementary school
40 teachers, reading specialists, and special education teachers should lay the foundation for teachers to be able to effectively
41 instruct students in the 6 essential components of literacy, as well as listening comprehension, learning content through
42 reading, and scaffolding language through increased rigor.

43 NOW, THEREFORE:

44 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF DELAWARE:

45 Section 1. Amend § 1280, Title 14 of the Delaware Code by making deletions as shown by strike through and
46 insertions as shown by underline as follows:

47 § 1280. Educator preparation program approval.

48 (c) Each educator preparation program approved by the Department shall incorporate all of the following:

49 (1) A clinical residency component, supervised by high quality educators, as defined by the Department. The
50 clinical residency shall consist of at least 10 weeks of full-time student teaching. Clinical experiences shall also be
51 interwoven throughout and aligned with program curriculum.

52 (2) Instruction for prospective elementary school teachers on ~~research-based strategies for childhood literacy~~
53 ~~and age-appropriate mathematics content;~~ content.

54 (3) Instruction for prospective elementary school teachers, early childhood teachers, special education
55 teachers, and reading specialists must include a multi-componential instructional focus on all of following components
56 of evidence-based reading instruction:

57 a. Language acquisition.

58 b. Literacy development.

59 c. Phonological processing.

60 d. Phonics and word recognition development.

61 e. Spelling.

62 f. Fluency and automaticity development.

63 g. Vocabulary development.

64 h. Text comprehension development.

65 i. Assessment administration and interpretation.

66 j. Letter formation.

67 k. Orthographic processing.

68 l. Morphological awareness.

69 m. Structure of language.

70 n. Language-based learning disabilities.

71 o. Written expression.

72 p. Interventions for struggling readers.

73 (4) Ongoing evaluation of students, consisting of no less than an annual evaluation, aligned to the statewide
74 educator evaluation system, as set forth in § 1270 of this title.

75 (f)(1) The Department shall promulgate rules and regulations governing educator preparation programs ~~pursuant to~~
76 under this subchapter in collaboration with Delaware educators.

77 (2) The Department regulations must require a minimum number of hours of training or professional
78 development that instructors in an educator preparation program must complete in evidence-based reading instruction
79 under paragraph (c)(3) of this section, if providing literacy instruction for any of the following concentration or
80 certification areas:

81 a. Early childhood.

- 82 b. Elementary.
- 83 c. Special education.
- 84 d. Reading specialists.
- 85 (g) An educator preparation program must maintain compliance with paragraphs (c)(3) and (f)(2) of this section
- 86 beginning the first time the program is accredited after June 30, 2023.

SYNOPSIS

The 2019 Delaware Literacy Plan (“Literacy Plan”) established a framework to address Delaware’s literacy challenges. The Literacy Plan concluded that a strong teacher preparation program should lay the foundation for teachers to be able to engage students in the essential components of evidenced-based reading instruction, known as the "science of reading."

This Act incorporates the science of reading into Delaware’s public and charter schools by requiring, beginning July 1, 2023, that teacher preparation programs which prepare elementary school, early childhood education, or special education teachers or reading specialists must provide instruction in evidence-based reading instruction. It requires the Department of Education to establish a minimum number of hours of training that instructors in educator preparation programs must complete in evidence-based reading instruction.

This Act also makes technical corrections to conform existing law to the standards of the Delaware Legislative Drafting Manual.

Author: Senator Sturgeon