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HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES  
151st GENERAL ASSEMBLY

HOUSE BILL NO. 372

AN ACT TO AMEND TITLES 4, 11, 16, AND 30 OF THE DELAWARE CODE RELATING TO CREATION OF THE DELAWARE MARIJUANA CONTROL ACT.

1 WHEREAS, current federal and state policies prohibiting the use of marijuana inadequately control the use of the  
2 substance and instead, contribute to the development of a robust illegal market; and

3 WHEREAS, the regulation of a legal marijuana industry would curtail the illegal market for marijuana in  
4 Delaware by diverting demand away from illegal cartels and enterprises; and

5 WHEREAS, it is the responsibility of the General Assembly to ensure that Delawareans most impacted by  
6 prohibition are guaranteed access to the legal marijuana market; and

7 WHEREAS, the creation of a legal framework to regulate the production and sale of marijuana in the State of  
8 Colorado and the State of Washington has generated a \$1 billion industry and yielded more than 18,000 well-paying jobs in  
9 each state; and

10 WHEREAS, Delaware recognizes the economic benefits of a legal marijuana market as well as the importance of  
11 regulating the substance in a manner similar to alcohol and restricting its use to persons over 21 years old.

12 NOW, THEREFORE:

13 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF DELAWARE (Three-fifths of all  
14 members elected to each house thereof concurring therein):

15 Section 1. Amend Subchapter IV, Chapter 47, Title 16 of the Delaware Code by making deletions as shown by  
16 strikethrough and insertions as shown by underline as follows:

17 § 4750. State-legal marijuana activities.

18 The offenses and penalties provided for in this chapter do not apply to marijuana-related conduct allowed under  
19 the Delaware Medical Marijuana Act, Chapter 49A of this title or the Delaware Marijuana Control Act, Chapter 13 of Title  
20 4.

21 Section 2. Amend Chapter 47, Title 16 of the Delaware Code by making deletions as shown by strike through and  
22 insertions as shown by underline as follows:

23 § 4701. Definitions.

24 As used in this chapter:

25 (28) a. "Marijuana" means all parts of the plant Cannabis sativa L., whether growing or not, the seeds thereof,  
26 the resin extracted from any part of the plant, and every compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture or  
27 preparation of the plant, its seeds or resin.

28 ~~b.~~ "Marijuana" does not include any of the following:

29 1. ~~the~~ The mature stalks of the plant, fiber produced from the stalks, oil or cake made from the  
30 seeds of the plant, or any other compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture or preparation of the  
31 mature stalks (except the resin extracted therefrom), fiber, oil or cake, or the sterilized seed of the plant  
32 which is incapable of germination.

33 ~~2.~~ Marijuana does not include products Products approved by the US Food and Drug  
34 Administration.

35 3. Industrial hemp as defined in § 2801 of Title 3.

36 Section 3. Amend § 4902A, Title 16 of the Delaware Code by making deletions as shown by strike through and  
37 insertions as shown by underline as follows:

38 § 4902A. Definitions.

39 (17) "Registered safety compliance facility" means a nonprofit entity registered under § 4915A of this title by  
40 the Department to provide 1 or more of the following services: testing marijuana produced for medical use or under  
41 Chapter 13 of Title 4 for potency and contaminants; and training ~~cardholders and prospective compassion center~~  
42 ~~agents.~~ cardholders, compassion center agents, and owners and employees of entities operating under Chapter 13 of  
43 Title 4. The training may include, but need not be limited to, information related to 1 or more of the following:

- 44 a. The safe and efficient cultivation, harvesting, packaging, labeling, and distribution of marijuana;
- 45 b. Security and inventory accountability procedures; and
- 46 c. Up-to-date scientific and medical research findings related to medical marijuana.

47 Section 4. Amend Chapter 4, Title 4 of the Delaware Code by making deletions as shown by strike through and  
48 insertions as shown by underline as follows:

49 § 401. Division of Alcohol and Tobacco Enforcement.

50 The Division of Alcohol and Tobacco Enforcement of the Department of Safety and Homeland Security is  
51 established as follows for the administrative, ministerial, budgetary and clerical functions for the enforcement of the alcohol  
52 laws of this ~~Code and Code~~, youth access to tobacco laws in §§ 1115 through 1127 of Title 11, and the marijuana laws of  
53 this title.

54 § 403. Duties and powers of the Division.

55 The Division shall:

56 (1) Investigate, prevent, and arrest for violations of this title, make seizure of alcoholic liquor, manufactured,  
57 sold, kept, or transported in contravention thereof, and confiscate such alcoholic liquor whenever required by any  
58 provision of this title;

59 (2) Arrange for the proper sampling, testing and analyzing of alcoholic liquor offered for sale in this State  
60 upon receipt of a complaint regarding health by entering into an agreement with the ~~Director of Forensic Science~~  
61 ~~Laboratories of the Department of Health and Social Services~~ Department of Safety and Homeland Security Division  
62 of Forensic Science to test alcoholic liquor product when requested by the Division. This subsection does not apply to  
63 home breweries.

64 (3) Only require an inventory by a package store licensee if it has evidence to support a finding that such  
65 licensee has violated this title.

66 (4) Investigate, prevent, and arrest for violations of this title; seize marijuana, including marijuana products  
67 and accessories that are manufactured, sold, kept, or transported in contravention thereof; and confiscate such  
68 marijuana, including marijuana products and accessories, whenever required by any provision of this title;

69 Section 5. Amend Title 4 of the Delaware Code by making deletions as shown by strike through and insertions as  
70 shown by underline as follows:

71 Title 4

72 Alcoholic Liquors and Marijuana

73 Chapter 13. The Delaware Marijuana Control Act.

74 Subchapter I. General Provisions.

75 § 1301. Purpose and findings.

76 (a) In the interest of creating jobs with community benefits, eliminating the cannabis illegal market to allow law  
77 enforcement to focus on violent crime and property crimes, and promoting individual freedom, the General Assembly finds  
78 and declares that the personal use of marijuana should be legal for persons 21 years of age or older and taxed in a manner  
79 similar to alcohol.

80 (b) In the interest of the health and public safety of our citizenry, the General Assembly further finds and declares  
81 that marijuana must be regulated in a manner similar to alcohol to ensure all of the following:

82 (1) Individuals will have to show proof of age before purchasing marijuana.

83 (2) Selling, distributing, or transferring marijuana individuals under the age of 21 remains illegal.

84 (3) Driving under the influence of marijuana remains illegal.

85 (4) Legitimate, taxpaying businesspeople, not criminal actors, conduct sales of marijuana.

86 (5) Marijuana sold in this State will be tested, labeled, and subject to additional regulations to ensure that  
87 consumers are informed and protected.

88 (c) The General Assembly further finds and declares that it is necessary to ensure consistency and fairness  
89 throughout this State, and therefore, that the matters addressed by this chapter are of statewide concern, except as specified  
90 in this chapter.

91 § 1302. Definitions.

92 As used in this chapter:

93 (1) “Appeals Commission” means 3 persons, 1 from each County, appointed by the Governor with the advice  
94 and consent of the majority of the Senate.

95 (2) “Commissioner” means the person appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Senate who serves as  
96 the Marijuana Commissioner for the State.

97 (3) “Compassion center” means an entity registered as a compassion center under § 4914A of Title 16.

98 (4) “Consumer” means an individual 21 years of age or older who purchases marijuana, marijuana products,  
99 or marijuana accessories for personal use by the individual or other individuals 21 years of age or older, but not for  
100 resale to others.

101 (5) “Department” means the Department of Safety and Homeland Security.

102 (6) “Disproportionately impacted area” means census tracts identified by the Commissioner in collaboration  
103 with state and local agencies that have high rates of arrest, conviction, and incarceration relating to the sale, possession,  
104 use, cultivation, manufacture, or transport of marijuana.

105 (7) “Division” means the Division of Alcohol and Tobacco Enforcement.

106 (8) “Immature plant” means a nonflowering marijuana plant, no taller than 8 inches and no wider than 8  
107 inches; that is produced from a cutting, clipping, or seedling; is in a cultivating container; and which does not have  
108 buds that may be observed by visual examination.

109           (9) “Labor peace agreement” means an agreement between a licensee and any bona fide labor organization  
110 that prohibits labor organizations and members from engaging in picketing, work stoppages, boycotts, and any other  
111 economic interference with the licensee’s business. This agreement means that the licensee has agreed not to disrupt  
112 efforts by the bona fide labor organization to communicate with, and attempt to organize and represent, the licensee’s  
113 employees. The agreement shall provide a bona fide labor organization access at reasonable times to areas in which the  
114 licensee’s employees work, for the purpose of meeting with employees to discuss the employees’ right to  
115 representation, employment rights under state law, and terms and conditions of employment. This type of agreement  
116 shall not mandate a particular method of election or certification of the bona fide labor organization.

117           (10) “License” means any license or permit to cultivate, possess, manufacture, sell, transport, or test marijuana  
118 or marijuana products and accessories authorized or issued by the Commissioner under this chapter.

119           (11) “Marijuana” means as defined in § 4701 of Title 16.

120           (12) “Marijuana accessories” means any equipment, products, or materials of any kind which are used,  
121 intended for use, or designed for use in planting, propagating, cultivating, growing, harvesting, composting,  
122 manufacturing, compounding, converting, producing, processing, preparing, testing, analyzing, packaging,  
123 repackaging, storing, vaporizing, or containing marijuana; or for ingesting, inhaling, or otherwise introducing  
124 marijuana into the human body.

125           (13) “Marijuana cultivation facility” or “cultivation facility” means an entity licensed to cultivate, prepare,  
126 and package marijuana and sell marijuana to retail marijuana stores, to marijuana product manufacturing facilities, and  
127 to other marijuana cultivation facilities, but not to consumers. A marijuana cultivation facility may not produce  
128 marijuana concentrates, tinctures, extracts, or other marijuana products.

129           (14) “Marijuana establishment” means an entity licensed as a marijuana cultivation facility, a marijuana  
130 testing facility, a marijuana product manufacturing facility, or a retail marijuana store.

131           (15) “Marijuana product manufacturing facility” means an entity licensed to purchase marijuana;  
132 manufacture, prepare, and package marijuana products; and sell marijuana and marijuana products to other marijuana  
133 product manufacturing facilities and retail marijuana stores, but not to consumers.

134           (16) “Marijuana products” means products that are comprised of marijuana, including concentrated marijuana,  
135 and other ingredients and are intended for use or consumption, such as edible products, ointments, and tinctures.

136           (17) “Marijuana testing facility” means an entity licensed to test marijuana for potency and contaminants.

137           (18) “Microbusiness license” means a license issued pursuant to Part B of Subchapter III of this title which  
138 includes any of the following:

139                   a. Marijuana cultivation facility license.

140                   b. Marijuana product manufacturing license.

141                   (19) “Open license” means a license issued pursuant to Part A of Subchapter III of this title that is not a social

142 equity license or microbusiness license which includes all of the following:

143                   a. Retail marijuana store license

144                   b. Marijuana testing facility license.

145                   c. Marijuana cultivation facility license.

146                   d. Marijuana product manufacturing license.

147                   (20) “Person” means as defined in § 302 of Title 1.

148                   (21) “Possession limit” means the amount of marijuana that may be possessed at any one time by an

149 individual 21 years of age or older who is not a registered qualifying patient or a registered designated caregiver under

150 Chapter 49A of Title 16.

151                   (22) “Public place” means any indoor or outdoor area or portion thereof generally accessible to the public.

152                   (23) “Retail marijuana” means “marijuana”, as defined in § 4701 of Title 16, that is cultivated, manufactured,

153 distributed, or sold by a licensed retail marijuana establishment.

154                   (24) “Retail marijuana store” means an entity licensed to purchase marijuana from marijuana cultivation

155 facilities; to purchase marijuana and marijuana products from marijuana product manufacturing facilities; and to sell

156 marijuana and marijuana products to consumers.

157                   (25) “Social equity license” means a license issued pursuant to Part B of Subchapter III of this title for any of

158 the following:

159                   a. Retail marijuana store license.

160                   b. Marijuana testing facility license.

161                   c. Marijuana cultivation facility license.

162                   d. Marijuana product manufacturing license.

163                   (26) “Smoking” means both of the following:

164                   a. The burning of a lighted cigarette, cigar, pipe, or any other matter or substance that contains marijuana.

165                   b. The use of an electronic smoking device which creates an aerosol or vapor, in any manner or in any

166 form.

167           (27) “Unreasonably impracticable” means that the measures necessary to comply with the regulations require  
168 such a high investment of risk, money, time, or any other resource or asset that the operation of a marijuana  
169 establishment is not worthy of being carried out in practice by a reasonably prudent businessperson.

170           (28) “Work” means as defined in § 3302 of Title 19.

171           § 1303. Personal use of marijuana.

172           (a) All of the following acts are lawful and are not an offense under the law of this State or the law of any  
173 municipality or county within this State and are not the basis for seizure or forfeiture of assets under the law of this State  
174 for an individual 21 years of age or older:

175           (1) Possessing, using, displaying, purchasing, or transporting marijuana accessories or 1 ounce or less of  
176 marijuana, of which no more than 5 grams may be concentrated marijuana, outside of a motor vehicle.

177           (2) Possessing and transporting marijuana accessories or 1 ounce or less of marijuana, of which no more than  
178 5 grams may be concentrated marijuana, inside of a motor vehicle as long as the marijuana accessories or marijuana is  
179 in a closed container or is not readily accessible to anyone inside the motor vehicle.

180           (3) Transferring 1 ounce or less of marijuana without remuneration to an individual who is 21 years of age or  
181 older so long as the transferor reasonably believes the transfer will not cause the other person to possess more than 1  
182 ounce of marijuana.

183           (4) Assisting another individual who is 21 years of age or older in any of the acts described in paragraphs (1),  
184 (2), and (3) of this subsection.

185           (b) The following acts remain unlawful and an offense under the law of this State:

186           (1) Consuming marijuana in an area accessible to the public or in a moving vehicle, as defined and punished  
187 under § 4764(d) of Title 16.

188           (2) Growing, manufacturing, selling, or cultivating marijuana without a license granted under this chapter or  
189 Chapter 49A of Title 16, as defined and punished under Chapter 47 of Title 16.

190           (3) Unlawfully using a license or identification card as defined and punished under § 2751 of Title 21.

191           § 1304. Marijuana accessories authorized.

192           An individual who is 21 years of age or older is authorized to manufacture, possess, and purchase marijuana  
193 accessories, and to distribute or sell marijuana accessories, to an individual who is 21 years of age or older.

194           § 1305. Places of employment.

195           (a) Nothing in this chapter is intended to require an employer to permit or accommodate any of the following  
196 while the employee is at work: the use, consumption, possession, transfer, display, transportation, sale, or growing of  
197 marijuana.

198           (b) Nothing in this chapter is intended to affect the ability of employers to do any of the following:

199                 (1) Have policies restricting the use of marijuana by employees at work.

200                 (2) Have policies necessary to prevent the loss of a monetary or licensing-related benefit under federal law or  
201 regulations.

202                 (3) Discipline employees under policies necessary to prevent the loss of a monetary or licensing-related  
203 benefit under federal law or regulations.

204                 (4) Discipline employees who are under the influence of marijuana at work. For purposes of this section,  
205 “under the influence” means that because of marijuana use, the individual is less able than the individual would  
206 ordinarily have been, either mentally or physically, to exercise clear judgment, sufficient physical control, or due care  
207 in exercising the responsibilities of their job.

208           § 1306. Driving under the influence prohibited.

209           Nothing in this chapter is intended to allow driving under the influence of marijuana or driving while impaired by  
210 marijuana or to supersede laws related to driving under the influence of marijuana or driving while impaired by marijuana.  
211 This chapter is not intended to prevent the State from enacting and imposing penalties for driving under the influence of or  
212 while impaired by marijuana.

213           § 1307. Individuals under age 21; prohibitions.

214           (a) Nothing in this chapter is intended to permit the transfer of marijuana, with or without remuneration, to an  
215 individual under the age of 21 or to allow an individual under the age of 21 to purchase, possess, use, transport, or consume  
216 marijuana.

217           (b) It is unlawful for an individual under the age of 21 years to knowingly enter or remain in an establishment  
218 licensed under this chapter. A violation of this subsection is a civil offense punishable by a civil penalty of \$50.

219           § 1308. Private property rights.

220           Nothing in this chapter prohibits a person, employer, school, hospital, detention facility, corporation, or any other  
221 entity who occupies, owns, or controls a property from prohibiting or otherwise regulating the possession, consumption,  
222 use, display, transfer, distribution, sale, transportation, or growing of marijuana on or in that property, except that in the  
223 case of the rental of a residential dwelling, a landlord may only prohibit the possession of marijuana or the consumption of  
224 marijuana by non-smoked means if one or more of the following applies:



225 (1) The building is the primary residence of the landlord, no more than 3 rooms in the building are rented to  
226 tenants, and no more than 3 tenants occupy such building.

227 (2) Residence is merely incidental to detention or to the provision of medical, geriatric, educational,  
228 counseling, religious, or similar services, including prisons, student housing provided by a college or school, long term  
229 care facilities, and hospitals.

230 (3) Failing to prohibit marijuana possession or consumption would violate federal law or regulations or cause  
231 the landlord to lose a monetary or licensing-related benefit under federal law or regulations.

232 § 1309. Unlawful marijuana extraction, penalties.

233 (a) It is unlawful for a person, other than a marijuana product manufacturer complying with this chapter and  
234 department regulations, to extract compounds from marijuana using solvents other than water, glycerin, propylene glycol,  
235 vegetable oil, or food grade ethanol (ethyl alcohol).

236 (b) It is unlawful for a person to extract compounds from marijuana using ethanol in the presence or vicinity of  
237 open flame.

238 (c) Violation of this section is a class G felony punishable by up to 3 years' incarceration and a fine of up to  
239 \$5,000.

240 § 1310. Lawful operation of marijuana-related establishments.

241 (a) It is lawful and may not be an offense under the law of this State, or be the basis for seizure or forfeiture of  
242 assets under the law of this State, for an individual 21 years of age or older to do any of the following:

243 (1) Manufacture, possess, or purchase marijuana accessories or sell marijuana accessories to an individual  
244 who is 21 years of age or older in a manner set forth in this chapter.

245 (2) Possess, display, or transport marijuana or marijuana products; purchase marijuana from a marijuana  
246 cultivation facility; purchase marijuana or marijuana products from a marijuana product manufacturing facility; or sell  
247 marijuana or marijuana products to consumers if the person conducting the activities described in this paragraph (a)(2)  
248 of this section holds a valid license to operate a retail marijuana store or is acting in the person's capacity as an owner,  
249 employee, or agent of a licensed retail marijuana store.

250 (3) Cultivate, harvest, process, package, transport, display, or possess marijuana; deliver or transfer marijuana  
251 to a marijuana testing facility; sell marijuana to a marijuana cultivation facility, a marijuana product manufacturing  
252 facility, or a retail marijuana store; or purchase marijuana from a marijuana cultivation facility if the person conducting  
253 the activities described in this paragraph (a)(3) of this section holds a valid license to operate a marijuana cultivation  
254 facility or is acting in the person's capacity as an owner, employee, or agent of a licensed marijuana cultivation facility.

255           (4) Package, process, transport, manufacture, display, or possess marijuana or marijuana products; deliver or  
256 transfer marijuana or marijuana products to a marijuana testing facility; sell marijuana or marijuana products to a retail  
257 marijuana store or a marijuana product manufacturing facility; purchase marijuana from a marijuana cultivation  
258 facility; or purchase marijuana or marijuana products from a marijuana product manufacturing facility if the person  
259 conducting the activities described in this paragraph (a)(4) of this section holds a valid license to operate a marijuana  
260 product manufacturing facility or is acting in the person's capacity as an owner, employee, or agent of a licensed  
261 marijuana product manufacturing facility.

262           (5) Possess, cultivate, process, repackage, store, transport, display, transfer, or deliver marijuana or marijuana  
263 products if the person holds a valid license to operate a marijuana testing facility or is acting in the person's capacity as  
264 an owner, employee, or agent of a licensed marijuana testing facility.

265           (6) Lease or otherwise allow the use of property owned, occupied, or controlled by any person, for any of the  
266 activities conducted lawfully under this chapter.

267           (b)(1) An entity licensed under this chapter may not sell or deliver marijuana or marijuana products on  
268 Thanksgiving, Easter, or Christmas or at hours other than those prescribed by the rules or regulations of the Commissioner.

269           (2) A holder of license for a retail marijuana store may not sell or deliver marijuana or marijuana products on  
270 Thanksgiving, Easter, or Christmas or between the hours of 1:00 a.m. and 9:00 a.m. on Mondays through Saturdays,  
271 and on Sundays before noon or after 8:00 p.m. Any municipality with a population of 50,000 or more may limit sales  
272 under this subsection within the boundaries of the municipality to a maximum of 4 hours on Sundays as established by  
273 ordinance of the municipality. The closing hours for days of the week other than Sunday may be made earlier in any  
274 municipality having a population of 50,000 or more persons, by ordinance of the municipality; provided however, that  
275 such ordinance be consistent with the State and federal constitutions and must treat all businesses fairly. During the  
276 months of October through December, a holder of a license for a retail marijuana store may have sales take place  
277 beginning at 8:00 a.m. on Fridays through Saturdays and 10:00 a.m. on Sundays.

278           (3) Any holder of a license for a retail marijuana store who wishes to sell marijuana or marijuana products on  
279 Sundays must pay a biennial license fee of \$500.00 for the issuance of a special license to sell marijuana and marijuana  
280 products on Sundays, which is in addition to any other license fees which may be required of the holder.

281           (c) Marijuana and marijuana products may not be sold in an establishment licensed to sell alcoholic liquors under  
282 this title.

283           § 1311. Enforcement.

284           Inspections and enforcement activities are to be conducted under Subchapter VI of Chapter 47 of Title 16.

285           § 1312. Contracts enforceable.

286           Contracts related to the operation of a marijuana establishment licensed under this chapter are enforceable. A  
287 contract entered into by a licensed marijuana establishment or its employees or agents as permitted under a valid license, or  
288 by those who allow property to be used by a licensed marijuana establishment, its employees, or its agents as permitted  
289 under a valid license, is not unenforceable on the basis that cultivating, obtaining, manufacturing, distributing, dispensing,  
290 transporting, selling, possessing, or using marijuana is prohibited by federal law.

291           § 1313. Verifying the age of marijuana consumers.

292           (a) Whoever sells any marijuana to a person who has not reached the age of 21 years, or sells to any person of  
293 more than such age any marijuana knowing that such marijuana is bought for a person who is less than 21 years of age shall  
294 be subject to a civil penalty not less than \$250 nor more than \$500.

295           (b) In any enforcement action under this section, it is an affirmative defense that the individual who is under 21  
296 years old presented identification, with a photograph of such individual affixed thereon, to the accused and the  
297 identification set forth information which would lead a reasonable person to believe such individual was 21 years old or  
298 older.

299           § 1314. Medical marijuana provision not affected.

300           Nothing in this chapter may be construed to limit any privileges or rights of a medical marijuana patient, primary  
301 caregiver, or medical marijuana compassion center under the Delaware Medical Marijuana Act, Chapter 49A of Title 16.

302           § 1315. Oversight Committee; annual report by the Commissioner.

303           (a) The Delaware Marijuana Control Act Oversight Committee is established to evaluate and make  
304 recommendations regarding the implementation of this chapter.

305           (1) The Oversight Committee shall consist of 15 members who possess the qualifications and are appointed as  
306 follows:

307                   a. The Secretary of the Department, or designee appointed by the Secretary.

308                   b. The Director of the Division of Revenue, or designee appointed by the Director of the Division of  
309 Revenue.

310                   c. The Director of the Division of Public Health, or designee appointed by the Director of the Division of  
311 Public Health.

312                   d. The Director of the Division of Substance Abuse and Mental Health, or designee appointed by the  
313 Director of the Division of Substance Abuse and Mental Health.

314                   e. The Director of the Delaware Medical Marijuana Program.

315 f. The Chief Officer of the Division of Diversity and Inclusion.

316 g. The Director of the Small Business Division.

317 h. 1 member, appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives.

318 i. 1 member, appointed by the President Pro Tempore of the Senate.

319 j. 1 marijuana advocate from each county appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives.

320 k. 1 marijuana advocate from each county appointed by the President Pro Tempore of the Senate.

321 (2) The members of the Oversight Committee shall serve at the pleasure of the appointing authority.

322 (3) A quorum shall consist of a majority of the membership of the Oversight Committee.

323 (4) The Oversight Committee shall select a chair and vice chair from among its members.

324 (5) Staff support for the Oversight Committee shall be provided by the Division.

325 (6) The Oversight Committee shall meet at least 2 times per year for the purpose of evaluating and making

326 recommendations to the Governor, the General Assembly, and the Department regarding the following:

327 a. The ability of consumers in all areas of the State to obtain legal marijuana.

328 b. The sufficiency of the regulatory and security safeguards under this chapter and adopted by the

329 Commissioner to ensure that access to and use of marijuana cultivated is provided only to individuals age 21 or

330 over.

331 c. Any recommended additions or revisions to the Commissioner's regulations or this chapter, including

332 relating to security, safe handling, labeling, and nomenclature.

333 d. Any research studies regarding health effects of using marijuana.

334 e. The impact of the Delaware Marijuana Control Act on decreasing the illegal sales and production of

335 marijuana.

336 f. The impact of the Delaware Marijuana Control Act on other aspects of public safety, including the

337 incidence of people driving under the influence, using marijuana in places or in a manner prohibited by this

338 chapter, and the use of prescription opioids and illegal opioids.

339 g. Any research and recommendations to implement current best practices for the development of a

340 diverse workforce among marijuana establishments, including diversity among employees, licensees, and owners

341 of marijuana establishments.

342 (b) The Commissioner shall submit to the Governor and members of the General Assembly an annual report

343 setting forth all matters of interest and all statistics concerning marijuana regulation and control in the State, including the

344 following:

345           (1) The number of licenses of each kind issued within the State and the number cancelled during the year.

346           (2) The amount of marijuana and marijuana products sold within the State.

347           (3) Statistics regarding diversity among marijuana establishments, including diversity of employees, licensees,

348 and owners of marijuana establishments.

349           (4) Outcomes and effectiveness of the issuance of social equity licenses which shall include all of the

350 following:

351           a. The number of and types of social equity licenses issued.

352           b. The number of persons or entities receiving financial assistance, and from what source.

353           c. The location of the social equity licenses.

354           d. If applicable, the number of new jobs or other forms of economic output created as a result of the

355 social equity licenses.

356           (5) Other data as may make a complete report to the people of this State.

357           (c) If marijuana is decriminalized under federal law, the Commissioner shall submit a report to the Governor and

358 the General Assembly evaluating the state's compliance with federal law and make recommendations as to any changes

359 needed in this State's marijuana law to be compliant with federal law.

360           § 1316. Protections for conduct authorized by this chapter.

361           (a) A public officer or employee of the State, including the members of any board, commission, conservation

362 district or agency of the State, whether elected or appointed, and whether now or previously serving as such, and any

363 contractor or volunteer performing work for the State, whose job functions include, assist, support, regulate, approve, or

364 authorize any of the conduct authorized by this chapter are not subject to arrest, prosecution, or the denial of any right or

365 privilege, including any criminal or civil penalty or disciplinary action by a court or occupational or professional licensing

366 board or bureau where the conduct of the public officer or employee, contractor, or volunteer meets all of the following:

367           (1) The conduct arises out of or relates to activities required or authorized by this chapter.

368           (2) The conduct was carried out as authorized by this chapter or regulations authorized by this chapter.

369           (3) The conduct was carried out in good faith.

370           (b) A public officer or employee of the State, including the members of any board, commission, conservation

371 district or agency of the State, whether elected or appointed, and whether now or previously serving as such, and any

372 contractor or volunteer performing work for the State, whose job functions include, assist, support, regulate, approve, or

373 authorize any of the conduct authorized by this chapter is entitled to the same rights and privileges set forth in § 3925 and §

374 4002 of Title 10.

375           §§ 1317-1320. Reserved.

376           Subchapter II. Marijuana Commissioner and Appeals Commission.

377           § 1321. Marijuana Commissioner; Appeals Commission; qualifications; appointment; term; compensation.

378           (a) The Commissioner must be a resident of this State and suitably educated and experienced to carry out the  
379 duties and responsibilities set forth in this chapter.

380           (b) The Commissioner and the 3 members of the Appeals Commission, consisting of 1 member from each County,  
381 shall be appointed by the Governor and confirmed by a majority of the members elected to the Senate and shall serve at the  
382 pleasure of the Governor.

383           (c) The Commissioner may name a Deputy Commissioner. The Commissioner may, during an absence from the  
384 State, appoint the Deputy Commissioner to serve as Acting Commissioner during such absence. In the event of death,  
385 resignation, temporary incapacity, or removal of the Commissioner, and prior to the appointment of a successor, the  
386 Governor may appoint the Deputy Commissioner, or such other person as deemed qualified by the Governor, to serve as  
387 Acting Commissioner. The Acting Commissioner has all the powers and shall perform all the duties and functions of the  
388 Commissioner during the Commissioner's absence or incapacity or until a successor is qualified and appointed.

389           (d) The Commissioner is to be compensated as provided for in the Annual Budget Act.

390           (e) The members of the Appeals Commission are to be compensated at the rate of \$150 per meeting together with  
391 the reasonable expenses for no more than 12 meetings per year.

392           (f) The Appeals Commission shall meet and elect a chair who shall convene meetings of the Commission as  
393 frequently as needed to consider appeals of the Commissioner's decision.

394           § 1322. Duties and powers of the Commissioner.

395           (a) The Commissioner, in accordance with the Administrative Procedures Act, Chapter 101 of Title 29, shall do all  
396 of the following:

397           (1) Adopt rules and regulations consistent with § 1331 of this title and other provisions of this chapter or of  
398 any other law of this State, and all such rules and regulations have the force and effect of law. A rule or regulation may  
399 not extend, modify, or conflict with any law of this State or the reasonable implications thereof. A rule or regulation  
400 adopted under this paragraph (a)(1) of this section must focus primarily on public safety and the best interests of the  
401 consumer and may not unduly restrict competition within the marijuana industry.

402           (2) Maintain ongoing communication with the Department of Agriculture regarding the physical address  
403 where marijuana is cultivated. Prior to issuing any license for cultivation of marijuana, the Commissioner shall notify  
404 the Department of Agriculture of a proposed location of any marijuana cultivation establishment, and take into

405 consideration any concerns by the Department of Agriculture as it relates to the indoor and outdoor cultivation of  
406 marijuana.

407 (3) Establish rules and regulations for the effective control of the business of cultivation, manufacture, and  
408 sale of marijuana and marijuana products within the State, including the time, place, and manner in which marijuana  
409 and marijuana products may be sold and dispensed, not inconsistent with § 1331 of this title and other provisions of  
410 this chapter or with any other law of this State.

411 (4) Establish health and safety regulations for the indoor and outdoor cultivation of marijuana by marijuana  
412 establishments under this chapter. Such rules and regulations under this section must be consistent with applicable  
413 rules and regulations established under the regulatory authority of the Department of Agriculture and the Department  
414 of Natural Resources and Environmental Control and may include all of the following:

415 a. Prohibition of the use of pesticides that are neither organic nor federally approved for marijuana.

416 b. Standards for the use of carbon dioxide.

417 c. Standards for water use.

418 d. Standards for disposal of waste.

419 e. Standards for indoor and outdoor air quality.

420 (5) Grant, refuse, or cancel licenses required by this chapter for the cultivation, manufacture, or sale of  
421 marijuana and marijuana products, or other licenses required by this chapter in regard thereto and to transfer any  
422 license granted. The Commissioner must provide the applicant or licensee with written communication regarding any  
423 decision to grant, refuse, or cancel licenses required by this chapter for the cultivation, manufacture, or sale of  
424 marijuana and marijuana products, or other licenses required by this chapter in regard thereto, and when transferring  
425 any license granted.

426 (6) Hear complaints in regard to the appointments of, or the conduct of business in, any establishment where  
427 marijuana or marijuana products are licensed to be sold upon receipt of a petition signed by at least 10 individuals who  
428 are residents of the same neighborhood. Ten days' notice of such hearings, together with a recital of the complaint,  
429 must be sent by the Commissioner's office by registered mail to the address of the holder of the license for the  
430 establishment. Like notice must be delivered at the establishment by affixing the notice addressed to the holder of the  
431 license to the outside of an entrance door to the establishment. The hearings must be public and conducted by the  
432 Commissioner. The Commissioner, for the purpose of such hearings, has the power to issue subpoenas, compel the  
433 attendance of witnesses, administer oaths, take testimony, and compel the production of pertinent books, payrolls,  
434 accounts, papers, records, and documents. In case any person summoned to testify or to produce any such written or

435 printed evidence refuses, without reasonable cause, to be examined, to answer a legal and pertinent question, or to  
436 produce any such written or printed evidence, the Commissioner conducting the hearing may certify the fact of any  
437 such refusal to the Superior Court of the county in which such hearing is held and the court may proceed against the  
438 person so refusing as for a contempt and punish such person in the same manner as persons are punished for contempt  
439 of court.

440 (7) Compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of contracts, papers, books, accounts, and other  
441 documents. Subpoenas issued must be signed by the Commissioner and may be served by any sheriff, deputy sheriff,  
442 constable, or any agent of the Division and return thereof made to the Commissioner. The Commissioner may enforce  
443 compliance with a subpoena issued under this subsection by filing a motion to compel in the Superior Court, which  
444 shall have jurisdiction over the matter. The court may award costs and attorney fees if it determines that  
445 noncompliance with a Commissioner subpoena was unjustified, intentional, or in bad faith.

446 (8) Act, for purposes of this chapter, as the competent authority in connection with other matters pertinent  
447 thereto.

448 (9) Provide such special seals, labels, and wrappers as deemed necessary for protection of the public against  
449 imitations, adulterations, and frauds, and prescribe the proper use of the seals, labels, and wrappers.

450 (10) Provide such warning signs as may be required by this chapter and distribute such signs to license holders  
451 and promulgate regulations with respect to the posting of said signs. The Commissioner may charge a nominal fee to  
452 cover printing, handling, and distribution costs.

453 (11) Coordinate with the Division of Small Business, Development and Tourism to connect potential  
454 marijuana establishments licensed under this chapter with programs that support business development, including  
455 farms and programs that support small businesses owned by minorities, women, and veterans.

456 (12) Establish rules and regulations for the effective collection of data regarding retail sales of marijuana and  
457 marijuana products by consumers to track compliance of possession limits.

458 (13) Consult with the Division of Alcohol and Tobacco Enforcement before adopting or establishing any rules  
459 or regulations that concern enforcement.

460 (b) The Commissioner's decision on any appeal or hearing under this chapter must be in writing and is final and  
461 conclusive unless a party to such hearing files an appeal within 30 days from the date of the postmark on the  
462 Commissioner's decision by mailing notice of the appeal to the Commissioner's office. Upon receipt of the appeal, the  
463 Commissioner shall notify the chair of the Appeals Commission of the pending appeal and the chair shall convene the  
464 Appeals Commission with at least 20 days' notice to all parties. The Appeals Commission shall hear the appeal and shall



465 review the matter on the record; act in accordance with the Administrative Procedures Act, Chapter 101 of Title 29; and  
466 affirm, reverse, or modify the decision of the Commissioner. A decision of the Commissioner may only be reversed upon a  
467 finding of abuse of discretion.

468 (c) The Commissioner may appear before the Appeals Commission for any appeal of a Commissioner's decision  
469 and may appeal any decision of the Appeals Commission or any decision of the Superior Court on appeal from the Appeals  
470 Commission.

471 § 1323. Oath of Office of Commissioner and employees.

472 The Commissioner, members of the Appeals Commission, and any hearing officer shall, on entering office, take  
473 the oath or affirmation set forth in Article XIV of the Constitution of this State. Any other employee may be required to  
474 take the oath or affirmation set forth in Article XIV of the Constitution of this State at the discretion of the Secretary of the  
475 Department of Safety and Homeland Security.

476 § 1324. Conflict of interest.

477 (a) The Commissioner, members of the Appeals Commission, and any hearing officer or such person's spouse, or  
478 such person's parent, son, or daughter residing at such person's residence, may not have a financial interest in any entity  
479 that sells, manufactures, cultivates, or uses marijuana; provided, however, such persons may invest in mutual funds or  
480 similar financial instruments that hold no more than a 10% interest in any such entity.

481 (b) Neither the Commissioner nor any person employed in the office of the Commissioner shall receive any  
482 commission or profit whatsoever from, or have any interest whatsoever in a business licensed under this chapter to  
483 cultivate, manufacture, purchase, or sell marijuana or marijuana products; provided, however, that nothing in this section  
484 shall prevent the Commissioner, a member of the Appeals Commission, a hearing officer, or an employee from purchasing  
485 and keeping marijuana or marijuana products for the personal use of him or herself, or members of his or her family or his  
486 or her guests if such purchase is otherwise permitted by this chapter.

487 (c) The Commissioner and the members of the Appeals Commission shall annually file the Financial Report  
488 required under § 5813 of Title 29 with the Public Integrity Commission.

489 § 1325. Commissioner's statement of interest in marijuana business.

490 When notified of appointment as Commissioner or to the Appeals Commission, the individual so notified shall  
491 furnish in duplicate and in writing to the Governor and to the President Pro Tempore of the Senate a statement of every  
492 interest, direct or indirect, and however small, held or owned by the individual as a member or as a stockholder in any  
493 partnership, corporation, or other association engaged in the sale or in the cultivation or manufacture of marijuana or  
494 marijuana products or in any undertaking, industry, or business in which marijuana or marijuana products are used or

495 required. Prior to taking the oath of office, the Commissioner and members of the Appeals Commission must wholly and  
496 fully dispose of all interests, except those permitted by § 1324 of this title. One copy of the statement must be inserted in  
497 the permanent records of the office of the Commissioner open to public inspection.

498 § 1326. Employees of the Division; Commissioner.

499 The Department of Safety and Homeland Security shall appoint, employ, or dismiss every officer or employee, not  
500 appointed by the Governor, necessary for carrying out the work of the Division, Appeals Commission, and Commissioner;  
501 establish salaries, subject to the annual appropriation in the Budget Act; and assign official titles and duties. The  
502 Department may engage the services of experts and persons engaged in the practice of a relevant profession. At the  
503 discretion of the Secretary of the Department of Safety and Homeland Security, officers and employees of the Division  
504 shall have the police powers of constables and other police officers of the State, counties, and other subdivisions of the  
505 State; shall be conservators of the peace throughout the State; shall be eligible for certification by the Council on Police  
506 Training; and may suppress all acts of violence and enforce the provisions of this chapter.

507 § 1327. Property and profits of the office of the Commissioner.

508 All property owned by the office of the Commissioner and all associated profits are the property of the State.

509 §§ 1328-1330. Reserved.

510 Subchapter III. Regulation and Licensure.

511 § 1331. Regulations.

512 (a) The Commissioner shall adopt regulations necessary for implementation of this chapter. The regulations may  
513 not prohibit the operation of marijuana establishments, either expressly or through regulations that make their operation  
514 unreasonably impracticable. Regulations and fees for marijuana cultivation facilities may be varied based on the size of the  
515 facility to ensure that the operation of smaller facilities is not made unreasonably impracticable. The Commissioner shall  
516 include all of the following in the regulations:

517 (1) Procedures for the issuance, renewal, suspension, transfer, and revocation of a license to operate a  
518 marijuana establishment with all procedures subject to the Administrative Procedures Act, Chapter 101 of Title 29.

519 (2) A competitive scoring process to determine which applicants may obtain licenses to operate each type of  
520 marijuana establishment if more qualified applicants apply than the Commissioner may license under this subchapter  
521 and that ensures applicants will follow best practices for community engagement, consumer protection, food safety,  
522 worker safety, family support jobs, diversity, public safety, and environmental stewardship. The competitive scoring  
523 process for retail marijuana stores must be varied to account for geographic distribution or population density, or both.

524 (3) The criteria for the competitive scoring process for all license types must include the following:

- 525                   a. The applicants comprehensive business plan, including an annual budget and pro forma financial  
526 statements.
- 527                   b. The experience, training, and expertise of the applicant and managing officers.
- 528                   c. The applicant’s plans for safety, security, and the prevention of diversion.
- 529                   d. The applicant’s plans for operations, training, and staffing, including all of the following:
- 530                         1. A social responsibility plan outlining diversity goals, including plans to recruit and hire people of  
531 color, women, and veterans and to support their ownership and promotion within the organization, as well as  
532 the percent of employees it plans to hire from within the respective city or region of the State.
- 533                         2. A plan to provide a safe, healthy, and economically beneficial working environment with fair  
534 scheduling practices, family-supporting wages, and benefits for its employees.
- 535                         3. Any criminal, civil, or regulatory history encountered by other entities the applicant and managing  
536 officers have previously controlled or managed.
- 537                         4. The suitability of the proposed location for the facilities.
- 538                         5. Any other criteria deemed appropriate by the Commissioner.
- 539                   (4) The criteria for the competitive scoring process for open license types must include the following:
- 540                         a. The applicant’s submission of an attestation signed by a bona fide labor organization stating that the  
541 applicant has entered into a labor peace agreement with such bona fide labor organization.
- 542                         b. For applications for marijuana cultivation facility license and marijuana product manufacturing facility  
543 license only, an environment and sustainability plan, including efforts it will take to minimize the environmental  
544 impact, and resources needs of its facilities and other business operations, such as plans to minimize water usage,  
545 employing organic cultivation methods, and adoption of other sustainable business practices.
- 546                   (5) Except as provided in subpart B of this subchapter III of this chapter, a non-refundable \$5,000 application  
547 fee for all marijuana establishments that may be adjusted annually for inflation.
- 548                   (6) Qualifications for licensure that are directly and demonstrably related to the operation of a marijuana  
549 establishment.
- 550                   (7) Procedures for how establishments licensed under this chapter must track marijuana from seed to sale.
- 551                   (8) Security requirements for marijuana establishments, including lighting, physical security, video, and alarm  
552 requirements.
- 553                   (9) Requirements for the transportation and storage of marijuana and marijuana products by marijuana  
554 establishments.

555 (10) Employment and training requirements for licensees, employees, and agents of marijuana establishments,  
556 including the following:

557 a. That each marijuana establishment create an identification badge for each employee or agent.

558 b. That employees of retail marijuana store establishments be trained in recognizing valid identification  
559 cards.

560 (11) Requirements to prevent the sale or diversion of marijuana and marijuana products to individuals under  
561 the age of 21. To protect individual privacy, the Commissioner may not require a consumer to provide a retail  
562 marijuana store with personal information other than government-issued identification to determine the consumer's age  
563 and a retail marijuana store may not be required to acquire and record personal information about consumers.

564 (12) Standards for marijuana product manufacturers to use so that consumers can determine the amount of  
565 marijuana in each product and compare the amount of marijuana in different products based upon the standard  
566 measurements, including a definition of the amount of delta-9 tetrahydrocannabinol that constitutes a single serving in  
567 a marijuana product.

568 (13) Requirements for marijuana and marijuana products sold or distributed by marijuana establishments,  
569 including information for consumers and labeling requirements for marijuana products that include all of the following:

570 a. The length of time it typically takes for a product to take effect.

571 b. The amount of marijuana in the product using the standard established in this section, not to exceed 10  
572 mg per serving.

573 c. The serving size and the number of servings in each package, not to exceed 5 servings.

574 d. Ingredients and possible allergens.

575 e. A nutritional fact panel.

576 f. The requirement that information on the packaging may not mislead consumers.

577 g. The specific batch number of the product.

578 h. Educational information for consumers to educate consumers, including evidence-based information  
579 about how to interpret the information on the label, health effects, and potential interactions with prescription and  
580 nonprescription medications.

581 i. Opaque, resealable, and continually child-resistant packaging, which must be designed or constructed to  
582 be significantly difficult for children under 5 years of age to open and not difficult for normal adults to use  
583 properly as defined by 16 C.F.R. § 1700.20.

584 j. A standard symbol indicating edible marijuana products contain marijuana so that marijuana products  
585 are clearly identifiable.

586 k. A warning label that explains evidence-based harms from consuming marijuana, including the impact  
587 on developing brains, the impact on an individual's ability to operate machinery, the impact on pregnant and  
588 breastfeeding women, and any interference with prescription drugs.

589 l. A label that indicates the product is not for children.

590 m. All required information must be in typed, legible font that is easy to read, is unobstructed and  
591 conspicuous, and contrasts sufficiently with the background. The information must be in English, but may also  
592 include translations in additional languages.

593 (14) Health and safety regulations and standards for the manufacture of marijuana products by marijuana  
594 establishments consistent with other State requirements for food, including all of the following:

595 a. Prohibition of the manufacture of products that look like candy or cartoon characters.

596 b. Restrictions or prohibitions on additives to marijuana and marijuana-infused products, including  
597 additives that are toxic, designed to make the product more addictive, or designed to make the product more  
598 appealing to children, but not including common baking and cooking items.

599 c. Standards for the safe manufacture of marijuana extracts and concentrates.

600 d. Requirements for random sample testing, including the manner and frequency of testing, to ensure  
601 quality control, including by ensuring that marijuana and marijuana-infused products are accurately labeled for  
602 potency. The testing analysis must include testing for residual solvents, poisons, or toxins; harmful chemicals;  
603 dangerous molds or mildew; filth; harmful microbials such as E. Coli or salmonella; and pesticides.

604 (15) Restrictions on the advertising, marketing, and signage of marijuana and marijuana products, including a  
605 prohibition on mass-market campaigns that have a high likelihood of reaching minors.

606 (16) Restrictions on the display of marijuana and marijuana products, including requirements that marijuana  
607 and marijuana products may not be displayed in a manner that is visible to the general public from a public right-of-  
608 way.

609 (17) Requirements governing visits to cultivation facilities and product manufacturers, including the  
610 requirement that these marijuana establishment log visitors.

611 (18) Requirements that educational materials be disseminated to consumers who purchase marijuana-infused  
612 products.

613           (19) Standards for the operation of marijuana testing facilities, including requirements for equipment and  
614           qualifications for personnel, which shall be based upon international standard ISO/IEC 17025. Marijuana testing  
615           facilities shall achieve and maintain accreditation to ISO/IEC 17025 by an International Laboratory Accreditation  
616           Corporation (ILAC) recognized accreditation body. The marijuana testing facilities shall achieve and maintain  
617           accreditation within the first applicable licensing period.

618           (20) Civil penalties for the failure to comply with regulations made under this chapter.

619           (21) Procedures for receiving and processing consumer complaints about marijuana establishments.

620           Part A. Open Licenses.

621           § 1332. Retail marijuana store licenses.

622           (a) A retail marijuana store license may only be issued to a person selling retail marijuana or retail marijuana  
623           products under the terms and conditions of this chapter. A license issued under this section is valid for 2 years. Each  
624           application for a retail marijuana store license must contain all of the following:

625           (1) The application materials required by the Commissioner, including the location where the retail marijuana  
626           store will operate.

627           (2) The application fee in an amount determined by the Commissioner in accordance with § 1331(a)(5) of this  
628           title.

629           (3) Materials required by § 1331(a)(3) and (4) of this title.

630           (b) A retail marijuana store licensee shall pay the Commissioner \$10,000 biennially for the retail marijuana store  
631           license. A retail marijuana store licensee must renew the license biennially by paying the fee required by this subsection  
632           and by providing documentation of a labor peace agreement.

633           (c) A retail marijuana store may purchase retail marijuana from a licensed retail marijuana cultivation facility or  
634           may cultivate its own retail marijuana if it obtains a retail marijuana cultivation facility license under § 1334 of this title.

635           (d) A retail marijuana store shall track all of its retail marijuana and retail marijuana products from the point that  
636           they are transferred from a retail marijuana cultivation facility or retail marijuana products manufacturer to the point of sale.

637           (e)(1) A retail marijuana store licensee may also sell retail marijuana products that are prepackaged and labeled as  
638           required by this chapter.

639           (2) A retail marijuana store licensee may transact with a retail marijuana products manufacturing licensee for  
640           the purchase of retail marijuana products upon a retail marijuana products manufacturing licensee's licensed premises  
641           or a retail marijuana store's licensed premises.

642 (f)(1) A retail marijuana store may not sell more than 1 ounce of retail marijuana or its equivalent in retail  
643 marijuana products, including retail marijuana concentrate, except for nonedible, nonpsychoactive retail marijuana  
644 products, including ointments, lotions, balms, and other nontransdermal topical products, during a single transaction to an  
645 individual.

646 (2) Prior to initiating a sale to an individual, an employee of the retail marijuana store making the sale shall  
647 verify that the purchaser has a valid government-issued photo identification card showing that the individual is 21  
648 years of age or older. If an individual under 21 years of age presents a fraudulent proof of age, any action relying on  
649 the fraudulent proof of age is not grounds for the revocation or suspension of any license issued under this section.

650 a. If a retail marijuana store licensee or employee has reasonable cause to believe that an individual is  
651 under 21 years of age and is exhibiting fraudulent proof of age in an attempt to obtain any retail marijuana or  
652 marijuana product, the licensee or employee is authorized to confiscate such fraudulent proof of age, if possible,  
653 and shall, within 72 hours after the confiscation, remit it to a state or local law enforcement agency. The failure to  
654 confiscate such fraudulent proof of age or to remit to a state or local law enforcement agency within 72 hours after  
655 the confiscation does not constitute a criminal offense.

656 b. If a retail marijuana store licensee or employee believes that an individual is under 21 years of age and  
657 is exhibiting fraudulent proof of age in an attempt to obtain any retail marijuana or retail marijuana product, the  
658 licensee or employee, employee of the Division, or any law enforcement officer as defined in § 222 of Title 11,  
659 acting in good faith and upon reasonable grounds therefor, may detain and question such person in a reasonable  
660 manner for the purpose of ascertaining whether the person is guilty of any unlawful act regarding the purchase of  
661 retail marijuana. The questioning of an individual by an employee or a law enforcement officer does not render the  
662 licensee, the employee, or the law enforcement officer civilly or criminally liable for slander, false arrest, false  
663 imprisonment, malicious prosecution, or unlawful detention.

664 (h) A retail marijuana store must provide a sample of its products to a facility that has a marijuana testing facility  
665 license for testing and research purposes as required by regulations adopted under this chapter. A retail marijuana store  
666 shall maintain a record of what was provided to the testing facility, the identity of the testing facility, and the results of the  
667 testing.

668 (i) All retail marijuana and retail marijuana products sold at a licensed retail marijuana store must be packaged and  
669 labeled as required by this chapter.

670 (j) A retail marijuana store shall comply with all provisions of State and federal law in regard to individuals with  
671 disabilities.

672 (k)(1) A retail marijuana store may only sell retail marijuana; retail marijuana products; marijuana accessories;  
673 nonconsumable products such as apparel; and marijuana related products, such as childproof packaging containers. A retail  
674 marijuana store is prohibited from selling or giving away any consumable product, including cigarettes or alcohol, or any  
675 edible product that does not contain marijuana, including sodas, candies, or baked goods.

676 (2) A retail marijuana store may not sell any retail marijuana or retail marijuana products that contain nicotine  
677 or alcohol if the sale of the alcohol would require a license under this title.

678 (3) A retail marijuana store may not sell retail marijuana or retail marijuana products over the Internet or  
679 deliver retail marijuana or retail marijuana products to a person not physically present in the retail marijuana store's  
680 licensed premises.

681 (l) A display case containing marijuana concentrate must include the potency of the marijuana concentrate next to  
682 the name of the product using the standard established under this chapter.

683 (m) A properly registered compassion center under § 4914A of Title 16 who is issued a retail marijuana store  
684 license issued under this subsection is considered a business registration separate and distinct from the registration issued  
685 under § 4914A of Title 16.

686 § 1333. Marijuana testing facility licenses.

687 (a) A marijuana testing facility license may be issued to a person who performs testing and research on retail  
688 marijuana under the terms and conditions of this chapter. A license issued under this section is valid for 2 years. Each  
689 application for a marijuana testing facility license must contain all of the following:

690 (1) The application materials required by the Commissioner, including the location where the marijuana  
691 testing facility will operate.

692 (2) The application fee in an amount determined by the Commissioner in accordance with § 1331(a)(5) of this  
693 title.

694 (3) Materials required by § 1331(a)(3) and (4) of this title.

695 (b) A marijuana testing facility licensee shall pay the Commissioner \$10,000 biennially for the marijuana testing  
696 facility license. A marijuana testing facility licensee must renew the license biennially by paying the fee required by this  
697 subsection and by providing documentation of a labor peace agreement.

698 (c) The Commissioner shall promulgate rules related to acceptable testing and research practices, including testing,  
699 standards; quality control analysis; equipment certification and calibration; chemical identification; identifying other  
700 substances; and other measurers used in bona fide research methods.



701 (d) A person who has a financial interest in a marijuana testing facility license from the Commissioner for testing  
702 purposes may not have a financial interest in a registered compassion center, a marijuana cultivation facility, a marijuana  
703 products manufacturing facility, or a retail marijuana store. A person that has a financial interest in a registered compassion  
704 center, a marijuana cultivation facility, a marijuana products manufacturing facility, or a retail marijuana store may not  
705 have a financial interest in a facility that has a marijuana testing facility license or is a registered safety compliance facility.

706 § 1334. Marijuana cultivation facility licenses.

707 (a) A marijuana cultivation facility license may be issued only to a person who cultivates retail marijuana for sale  
708 and distribution to licensed retail marijuana stores, marijuana products manufacturing licensees, or other marijuana  
709 cultivation facilities under the terms and conditions of this chapter. A license issued under this section is valid for 2 years.  
710 Each application for a marijuana cultivation facility license must contain all of the following:

711 (1) The application materials required by the Commissioner, including the location where the marijuana  
712 cultivation facility will operate.

713 (2) The application fee in an amount determined by the Commissioner in accordance with § 1331(a)(5) of this  
714 title.

715 (3) Materials required by § 1331(a)(3) and (4) of this title.

716 (b)(1) A marijuana cultivation facility shall pay the Commissioner biennially for a marijuana cultivation facility  
717 license as set forth in this subsection (b). A marijuana cultivation facility licensee must renew the license biennially by  
718 paying the fee set forth in this subsection (b) and by providing documentation of a labor peace agreement.

719 (2) The license fee is based on the cannabis plant grow canopy area, which is calculated as follows:

720 a. Square footage of a cannabis plant grow canopy area is measured horizontally starting from the  
721 outermost point of the furthest plant in a cannabis plant grow canopy area and continuing around the outside of all  
722 plants located within the cannabis plant grow canopy area.

723 b. If a vertically tiered or shelving system is included in the cultivation area, the surface area of each tier  
724 or shelf must be included in calculating the cannabis plant grow canopy area. Vertical tiers or shelving systems  
725 may not exceed 24 feet in height.

726 c. A cannabis plant grow canopy area is the total square feet in which a cannabis cultivator plants and  
727 grows cannabis plants, and does not include areas exclusively used for harvesting, drying, curing, packaging,  
728 labeling, or storing cannabis.

729           (3) a. For an indoor facility with a cannabis plant grow canopy area equal to or between 2,501 and 7,500  
730 square feet or for an outdoor facility with a cannabis plant grow canopy area is equal to or between 1.1 and 2.5 acres,  
731 the fee is \$5,000.

732           b. For an indoor facility with a cannabis plant grow canopy area between 7,501 and 10,000 square feet or  
733 for an outdoor facility with a cannabis plant grow canopy area equal to or between 2.6 and 5 acres, the fee is  
734 \$7,500.

735           c. For an indoor facility with a cannabis plant grow canopy area equal to or greater than 10,001 square  
736 feet or for an outdoor facility with a cannabis plant grow canopy area equal to or greater than 5.1 acres, the fee is  
737 \$10,000.

738           (c) A marijuana cultivation facility shall track the marijuana it cultivates from seed or immature plant to sale  
739 pursuant to subsection (a) of this section.

740           (d) A marijuana cultivation facility must provide a sample of its products to a facility that has a marijuana testing  
741 facility license for testing and research purposes as required by regulations adopted under this chapter. A marijuana  
742 cultivation facility shall maintain a record of what was provided to the testing facility, the identity of the testing facility, and  
743 the testing results.

744           (e) Retail marijuana or retail marijuana products may not be consumed on the premises of a marijuana cultivation  
745 facility.

746           (f) No marijuana cultivation facility license may be issued for an indoor facility exceeding 12,500 square feet or  
747 for an outdoor facility exceeding 7.5 acres unless additional tiers are created by the Commissioner under § 1334(h) of this  
748 title.

749           (g) At the time of renewal under § 1334(b) of this title, a marijuana cultivation facility licensee may request a one  
750 tier increase in size each renewal period, as long as an updated safety, security and prevention of diversion plan is provided  
751 as required under § 1331(a)(3)c. of this title.

752           (h) The Commissioner may create additional tiers under § 1334(b)(1) of this title anytime 2 years after [the  
753 effective date of this Act] if demand requires additional tiers.

754           § 1335. Marijuana product manufacturing facility license.

755           (a) A marijuana product manufacturing facility license may be issued only to a person who manufactures and  
756 distributes marijuana products under the terms and conditions of this chapter. A license issued under this section is valid for  
757 2 years. Each application for a marijuana product manufacturing facility license must contain all of the following:

758           (1) The application materials required by the Commissioner, including the location where the marijuana  
759           product manufacturing facility will operate.

760           (2) The application fee in an amount determined by the Commissioner in accordance with § 1331(a)(5) of this  
761           title.

762           (3) Materials required by § 1331(a)(3) and (4) of this title.

763           (b) A marijuana product manufacturing facility licensee shall pay the Commissioner \$10,000 biennially for the  
764           marijuana product manufacturing facility license. A marijuana product manufacturing facility licensee must renew the  
765           license biennially by paying the fee required by this subsection and by providing documentation of a labor peace  
766           agreement.

767           (c) A marijuana product manufacturing facility shall track all of its marijuana products from the point the  
768           marijuana is received from the retail marijuana cultivation facility until the products are transferred to a retail marijuana  
769           store.

770           (d) A marijuana product manufacturing facility may not do any of the following:

771           (1) Add any marijuana to a food product where the manufacturer of the food product holds a trademark to the  
772           food product's name; except that a manufacturer may use a trademarked food product if the manufacturer uses the  
773           product as a component or as part of a recipe and where the marijuana product manufacturer does not state or advertise  
774           to the consumer that the final retail marijuana product contains a trademarked food product.

775           (2) Intentionally or knowingly label or package a retail marijuana product in a manner that would cause a  
776           reasonable consumer confusion as to whether the retail marijuana product was a trademarked food product.

777           (3) Label or package a product in a manner that violates any federal trademark law or regulation.

778           (e) Retail marijuana products shall be prepared in a marijuana product manufacturing facility that is used  
779           exclusively for the manufacture and preparation of retail marijuana or retail marijuana products and using equipment that is  
780           used exclusively for the manufacture and preparation of retail marijuana products.

781           (f) All licensed premises on which retail marijuana products are manufactured must meet the sanitary standards for  
782           retail marijuana product preparation promulgated under this chapter and as applicable under all of the following:

783           (1) Section 122(3)u of Title 16 and related regulations, the State of Delaware Food Code, § 4458 of Title 16 of  
784           the Delaware Administrative Code, and the Cottage Food Regulations, § 4458A of Title 16 of the Delaware  
785           Administrative Code.

786           (2) Chapter 35 of Title 16.

787           (3) Chapter 41 of Title 16.

788                   (4) Chapter 43 of Title 16.  
789                   (g) All retail marijuana products must be shelf-stable and not require refrigeration to prevent spoilage.  
790                   (h) A retail marijuana product must be sealed and conspicuously labeled in compliance with this article and any  
791 rules promulgated under this chapter.

792                   (1) A marijuana product manufacturing facility shall package and label each product manufactured as required  
793 by the rules established by the Commissioner, including the use of the standard symbol.

794                   (2) An edible retail marijuana product must list its ingredients and may list its compatibility with dietary  
795 practices.

796                   (3) The standard symbol requirements as established by the Commissioner do not apply to a multi-serving  
797 liquid retail marijuana product that is impracticable to mark if the product complies with all statutory and rule  
798 packaging requirements for multi-serving edibles and with all of the following enhanced requirements to reduce the  
799 risk of accidental ingestion:

800                   a. A multi-serving liquid is packaged in a structure that uses a single mechanism to achieve both child-  
801 resistance and accurate pouring measurement of each liquid serving in increments equal to or less than 10  
802 milligrams of active THC per serving, with no more than 500 milligrams of active THC total per package.

803                   b. The measurement component is within the child-resistant cap or closure of the bottle and is not a  
804 separate component.

805                   (i) Retail marijuana or retail marijuana products may not be consumed on the premises of a marijuana product  
806 manufacturing facility.

807                   (j) A marijuana product manufacturing facility must provide a sample of its products to a facility that has a  
808 marijuana testing facility license for testing and research purposes as required by regulations adopted under this chapter. A  
809 marijuana product manufacturing facility shall maintain a record of what was provided to the testing facility, the identity of  
810 the testing facility, and the results of the testing.

811                   Part B. Social Equity and Microbusiness Licenses.

812                   § 1336. Social equity applicant.

813                   A social equity applicant is a Delaware resident that meets one of the following criteria:

814                   (a) An applicant for any type of license with at least 51% ownership and control by 1 or more individuals who  
815 have resided for at least 5 of the preceding 10 years in a disproportionately impacted area.

816                   (b) An applicant for any type of license with at least 51% ownership and control by 1 or more individuals who  
817 meets one of the following criteria:

818 (1) Was convicted of or adjudicated delinquent for any marijuana-related offense except for delivery to a  
819 minor.

820 (2) Is married to or the child of a person who was convicted of or adjudicated delinquent for any marijuana-  
821 related offense.

822 § 1337. Social equity application and fees.

823 (a) A social equity license issued under Part B of this subchapter is valid for 2 years. Each application for a social  
824 equity license must contain all of the following:

825 (1) The application materials required by the Commissioner.

826 (2) The discounted application fee in the amount of \$1,000.

827 (3) Materials required by § 1331(a)(3) and (a)(4) of this title.

828 (b) A social equity licensee shall pay the Commissioner biennially for the social equity license at a discounted rate  
829 of 40% of the applicable open license. A social equity licensee must renew the license biennially by paying the fee required  
830 by this subsection, providing confirmation that all of the criteria in § 1336 of this title are satisfied, and by providing  
831 documentation of a labor peace agreement.

832 § 1338. Technical assistance.

833 The Commissioner shall develop a technical assistance program to aid social equity applicants in applying for a  
834 license and finding financial resources. The Commissioner may partner with the Division of Small Business to administer  
835 workshops to assist social equity applicants and licensees in applying for a license and operating a business.

836 § 1339. Financial assistance.

837 The Commissioner shall investigate opportunities for public and private sources of financial assistance that could  
838 support social equity applicants.

839 §1340 Microbusiness license.

840 A microbusiness applicant is an applicant for a marijuana cultivation facility license or a marijuana product  
841 manufacturing license who meets all the following criteria:

842 (1) 51% ownership and control by 1 or more individuals who have resided in Delaware for at least 5 of the  
843 preceding 10 years.

844 (2) Intends to employ no more than 10 employees.

845 (3) Will not operate a facility occupying more than 2500 square feet.

846 (4) Will not possess more than 1,000 marijuana plants each month.

847 § 1341. Microbusiness application and fees.

848 (a) A microbusiness license issued under Part B of this subchapter is valid for 2 years. Each application for a  
849 microbusiness license must contain all of the following:

850 (1) The application materials required by the Commissioner.

851 (2) The discounted application fee in the amount of \$3,000.

852 (3) Materials required § 1331(a)(3) and (a)(4) of this title.

853 (b) A microbusiness licensee shall pay the Commissioner biennially for the microbusiness license at a discounted  
854 rate of 40% of the applicable open license. A microbusiness licensee must renew the license biennially by paying the fee  
855 required by this subsection and by providing confirmation that all of the criteria in § 1340 of this title are satisfied.

856 § 1342. Conditional license.

857 The Commissioner may grant a social equity or microbusiness applicant a conditional license under this section.

858 Any applicant who receives a conditional license shall have 180 days from the date of the granting of the conditional  
859 license to identify a physical location for the location of the licensed premises. The proposed licensed premises must be  
860 approved by the Commissioner. If the applicant is unable to find a suitable physical address approved by the Commissioner  
861 within 180 days of issuance of the conditional license, the Commissioner may extend the period for finding a physical  
862 address for another 180 days if the conditional licensee demonstrates concrete attempts to secure a location and a hardship  
863 to securing the location. If the Commissioner denies the extension of the conditional license or the licensee is unable to find  
864 a physical address approved by the Commissioner within the additional 180 days, the Commissioner shall rescind the  
865 conditional license.

866 Part C. Issuance of All Licenses.

867 § 1343. Licensing Process.

868 (a) Beginning 13 months after [the effective date of this Act], the Commissioner shall begin accepting applications  
869 for all licenses, including open, social equity, and microbusiness licenses.

870 (b) Beginning 14 months after [the effective date of this Act], the Commissioner shall begin issuing licenses.

871 (c) Beginning 15 months after [the effective date of this Act], the Commissioner shall issue the following number  
872 of cultivation facility licenses provided a sufficient number of qualified applicants exist:

873 (1) Facility less than 2500 square feet:

874 a. 20 microbusiness licenses.

875 b. 10 social equity licenses.

876 (2) Facility more than 2500 square feet:

877 a. 20 open licenses.

878 b. 10 social equity licenses.

879 (d) Beginning 16 months after [the effective date of this Act], the Commissioner shall issue the following number  
880 of product manufacturing facility licenses:

881 (1) 10 open licenses.

882 (2) 10 social equity licenses.

883 (3) 10 microbusiness licenses.

884 (e) Beginning 19 months after [the effective date of this Act], the Commissioner shall issue the following number  
885 of licenses provided a sufficient number of qualified applicants exist:

886 (1) Retail store licenses:

887 a. 15 open licenses.

888 b. 15 social equity licenses.

889 (2) Testing facility licenses:

890 a. 3 open licenses.

891 b. 2 social equity licenses.

892 (f) Impossibility of performance because of opposition by counties or municipalities or lack of qualified  
893 applications is a defense to any lawsuit brought against the Commissioner to comply with the issuance of the required  
894 number of licenses.

895 (g) At any time 2 years after [the effective date of this Act], the Commissioner may accept applications for any  
896 type of license and issue licenses in excess of the numbers identified in this section for any of the following reasons:

897 (1) The Commissioner determines that additional stores or facilities are needed.

898 (2) The number of licenses for a particular type of license is less than the number permitted for that type of  
899 license in this section.

900 §§ 1344-1350. Reserved.

901 Subchapter IV. Determination of Applications.

902 § 1351. Local control.

903 (a) A municipality may prohibit the operation of marijuana cultivation facilities, marijuana product manufacturing  
904 facilities, marijuana testing facilities, or retail marijuana stores through the enactment of an ordinance or through an  
905 initiated or referred measure.

906 (b) A municipality or county may enact ordinances or regulations that are not in conflict with this chapter or in  
907 conflict with regulations enacted under this chapter, governing the time, place, manner, and number of marijuana

908 establishment operations. A municipality or county may establish civil penalties for violation of an ordinance or regulations  
909 governing the time, place, and manner that a marijuana establishment may operate in such municipality or county.

910 § 1352. Procedural requirements governing Commissioner's action; hearing; appeal.

911 (a) The Commissioner shall distribute and receive all of the applications for licensure under this chapter and shall  
912 refer an application to the Division for investigation. If it appears that any application should not be granted, the  
913 Commissioner shall so notify the applicant stating the reason for denial.

914 (b) Hearings on applications for licensure under this chapter.

915 (1) If 10 or more persons who reside or own property within 1 mile of the premises where the license is to  
916 operate or in any incorporated areas located within 1 mile of the premises where the license is to operate file a protest  
917 against the issuance of the license with the Commissioner within 30 days from the filing of the application, then a  
918 hearing must be held to consider the application and protest and, specifically, the concerns of the members of the  
919 community within which the license is to operate.

920 (2) The Commissioner may hold a hearing in the absence of a protest.

921 (3) The Commissioner shall cause notice of the time and location of the hearing to be published in 2  
922 consecutive issues of the same newspapers within which the applicant published notice of the applicant's application  
923 for the license.

924 (4) The Commissioner shall send notice of the time and location of the hearing to the applicant and to each of  
925 the persons who signed the protest and provided a legible name and address; provided, however, that it is sufficient for  
926 the Commissioner to send notice to a legal agent representing a person.

927 (5) The Commissioner shall conduct the hearing and shall make and keep a record of the hearing. The record  
928 must include the evidence, the Commissioner's findings of fact, the Commissioner's decision, and a brief statement of  
929 the reasons for the decision.

930 (6) The Commissioner shall issue a written decision after the hearing. The Commissioner's decision must  
931 show the manner in which the Commissioner construed the law and applied it to the facts, must recite any objections  
932 presented by the community, and must show how and the extent to which the Commissioner took community concerns  
933 into account and gave them due consideration when making the decision.

934 (c) The Commissioner's decision on an application must be in writing and is final and conclusive unless a party to  
935 such hearing files an appeal within 30 days from the date of the postmark on the Commissioner's decision by mailing notice  
936 of the appeal to the Commissioner's office. Upon receipt of the appeal, the Commissioner shall notify the chair of the  
937 Appeals Commission of the pending appeal and the chair shall convene the Appeals Commission with at least 20 days'



938 notice to all parties. The Appeals Commission shall hear the appeal and shall review the matter on the record; act in  
939 accordance with the Administrative Procedures Act, Chapter 101 of Title 29; and affirm, reverse, or modify the decision of  
940 the Commissioner. A decision of the Commissioner may only be reversed upon a finding of abuse of discretion.

941 (d) A party who is aggrieved by a final decision of the Appeals Commission may file a written appeal with the  
942 Superior Court within 30 days of the date that the Appeals Commission's decision was mailed. The Superior Court's review  
943 of an appeal shall be on the record and in accordance with the Administrative Procedures Act, subchapter V of Chapter 101  
944 of Title 29. The Superior Court's review shall take into account the experience and specialized competence of the  
945 Commissioner and the purpose under which the Commissioner acted. Further, the Superior Court's review, in the absence  
946 of fraud, shall be limited to whether the Commissioner's decision is supported by substantial evidence on the record and is  
947 free from legal error.

948 § 1353. Decision upon application for renewal of license; time of making.

949 On or before the first day of the month preceding the biennial expiration date of a license, the Commissioner shall  
950 render a decision upon every application properly and completely made to it on or before the first day of the third month  
951 preceding the biennial expiration date of a license.

952 § 1354. Grounds for refusal of license; transfer or extension of premises.

953 (a) The Commissioner may not grant a license under this chapter in any county or subdivision thereof, if granting a  
954 license is contrary to the law of any municipality or county adopted under § 1351 of this title.

955 (b) The Commissioner may refuse to license an applicant if the Commissioner has substantial evidence that would  
956 reasonably support a belief that any of the following apply:

957 (1) There are sufficient licensed premises in the municipality or county, or the granting of a license in the  
958 municipality or county stated in the application is not otherwise demanded by public interest or convenience.

959 (2) The applicant appears to be financially irresponsible.

960 (3) The applicant has made false statements to the Commissioner.

961 (4) The applicant, including any of the applicant's directors or officers, or any of the applicant's shareholders  
962 who hold more than 10% of the outstanding issued shares, has been convicted of an offense that may impact the  
963 qualifications, functions, or duties of the business or profession for which the application is made, except that if the  
964 Commissioner determines that the applicant is otherwise suitable to be issued a license, and granting the license would  
965 not compromise public safety, the Commissioner shall conduct a thorough review of the nature of the crime,  
966 conviction, circumstances, and evidence of rehabilitation of the applicant, and shall evaluate the suitability of the  
967 applicant to be issued a license based on the evidence found through the review. In determining which offenses may

968 impact the qualifications, functions, or duties of the business or profession for which the application is made, the  
969 Commissioner shall include the following:

970 a. A violent Title 11 or Title 31 felony conviction as defined in §4201(c) of Title 11 or its functional  
971 equivalent under the laws of the United States, any state or territory of the United States, or any other country.

972 b. Any Class A through C felony conviction as defined in Title 11 or its functional equivalent under the  
973 laws of the United States, any state or territory of the United States, or any other country.

974 c. Any felony conviction regarding an offense against public administration as defined in Subchapter VI,  
975 Chapter 5 of Title 11 or its functional equivalent under the laws of the United States, any state or territory of the  
976 United States, or any other country.

977 d. A felony conviction for hiring, employing, or using a minor in transporting, carrying, selling, giving  
978 away, preparing for sale, or peddling, any controlled substance to a minor; or selling, offering to sell, furnishing,  
979 offering to furnish, administering, or giving any controlled substance to a minor.

980 (5) A substantial objection to the granting of the license has been presented by the community within which  
981 the license is to operate, or that the granting of such license is otherwise not in the public interest. For the purposes of  
982 this subsection, the term "substantial objection" includes 1 or more of the following:

983 a. Any objection, or group of objections, presented to the Commissioner either individually or as a group,  
984 by persons who reside within 5 miles of where the licensee is to operate, sufficient to give the Commissioner  
985 reason to believe that a majority of the residents in that 5 mile radius within which the licensee is to operate  
986 oppose the issuance of the license.

987 b. Any objection, or group of objections, presented to the Commissioner either individually or as a group,  
988 the content of which gives the Commissioner reason to believe the quality of life of the community within which  
989 the licensee is to operate will be adversely affected by the granting of the license.

990 (c) A prior conviction, for possession of, possession for sale, sale, manufacture, transportation, or cultivation of a  
991 controlled substance may not be a ground for denial of a license.

992 (d) The Commissioner may refuse to grant a license to sell marijuana, marijuana products, or marijuana  
993 accessories to any new establishment to be located in the vicinity of a church, school, college or substance abuse treatment  
994 facility as defined under § 2203 of Title 16. The Commissioner may issue a license to any establishment located in the  
995 vicinity of a church, school, or college when such establishment has been located in a place prior to the time any church,  
996 school, or college may thereafter be located in the vicinity of such establishment.

997           (e) The Commissioner shall refuse to grant a license for the sale of marijuana, marijuana products, or marijuana  
998 accessories when there is an existing licensed establishment of the same type within 1200 feet by accessible public road or  
999 street in any incorporated city or town, or within 1 mile by accessible public road or street in any unincorporated or rural  
1000 area. If there is an existing licensed establishment less than 1 mile but more than nine tenths of 1 mile by accessible public  
1001 road or street in any unincorporated or rural area, the Commissioner may grant such license. This subsection does not apply  
1002 to any of the following:

1003           (1) Any existing license or to the sale, transfer of ownership, or renewal of an existing license.

1004           (2) Any licensee who desires to move the location of the licensee's license to a location within 500 feet  
1005 thereof by accessible public road or street or any licensee located in a shopping center or shopping mall who desires to  
1006 move the location of the licensee's license any distance within the same shopping center or shopping mall, whether  
1007 such center or mall consists of 1 or more than 1 separate buildings.

1008           (f) Any holder of an existing license who desires to move the location of the existing license due to the destruction  
1009 of the building, loss of lease, diversion of highway traffic pattern, or other reason beyond the control of the licensee, shall  
1010 have preference in the issuance of a new license provided that the application satisfies this section and all other  
1011 requirements under this chapter.

1012           (g) The Commissioner may not grant a new license of any type and may not grant an extension of premises of an  
1013 existing license of any type unless the application for said new license or for said extension is accompanied by a Certificate  
1014 of Compliance from the appropriate political subdivision showing all of the following:

1015           (1) That the premises where the license is to be used are properly zoned for the applicant's intended use.

1016           (2) That all necessary permits have been approved.

1017           (3) That the applicant has complied with all other applicable licensing requirements of the appropriate  
1018 political subdivision.

1019           (h) Subsection (g) of this section does not apply to any application for a temporary extension of premises as  
1020 authorized by Commissioner rule if such application has not been objected to by the appropriate political subdivision and  
1021 the political subdivision was provided with notice of the application by the applicant within 7 days of the date the  
1022 application is filed with the Commissioner.

1023           § 1355. Finality of Commissioner's decision refusing license.

1024           If an application is not timely protested, but the Commissioner determines that the application should nevertheless  
1025 be denied, the Commissioner shall render the decision promptly in writing. The Commissioner's decision shall be final and

1026 conclusive unless, within 30 days after notice thereof has been mailed by the Commissioner's office, the applicant files an  
1027 appeal in the office of the Commissioner. The appeal shall follow the procedure outlined in § 1362 of this title.

1028 § 1356. Improvements to premises.

1029 The Commissioner may not require an applicant to make improvements to the premises before the issuance of a  
1030 license; however, the Commissioner may issue a license to sell marijuana, marijuana products, or marijuana accessories  
1031 upon the condition that certain improvements shall be made to the premises.

1032 Subchapter V. Cancellation or Suspension of License.

1033 § 1361. Grounds for cancellation, suspension, or fines.

1034 (a) The Commissioner may cancel every license made use of on behalf of any person other than the one to whom  
1035 or on behalf of whom it has been issued.

1036 (b) If the Commissioner has reasonable grounds to believe that a licensee has committed any of the violations in  
1037 subsection (c) of this section, the Commissioner may do one or more of the following:

1038 (1) Suspend the licensee's license.

1039 (2) Cancel the licensee's license if the Commissioner determines the violations to be repeated and continuous,  
1040 or egregious.

1041 (3) Fine the licensee.

1042 (c) It is a violation for a licensee to do any of the following:

1043 (1) Violate any provision of this chapter or any regulation of the Commissioner or the Department of Health  
1044 and Social Services under this chapter.

1045 (2) Make any false representation or statement to the Commissioner in order to induce or prevent action by the  
1046 Commissioner.

1047 (3) Not maintain an acceptable bond, if a bond is required.

1048 (4) Maintain a noisy, lewd, disorderly, or unsanitary establishment or supply impure or otherwise deleterious  
1049 marijuana or marijuana products.

1050 (5) Habitually use dangerous or narcotic drugs, or is in the habitual use alcoholic beverages or marijuana  
1051 products to excess.

1052 (6) Sell marijuana or marijuana products to minors in contravention of § 1313 of this title.

1053 (7) Possess on the licensee's licensed premises or sell or offer for sale any marijuana or marijuana products not  
1054 purchased or sold in compliance with this chapter.

1055           (8) Use any seal, labels, or wrapper not purchased from or through the Commissioner which are deceptively  
1056 similar to those used by the Commissioner.

1057           (9) Be convicted of a felony or be convicted of violating any of the marijuana laws of this State, general or  
1058 local, including the provisions of this chapter.

1059           (10) Admit guilt or be adjudged guilty of violations of local, municipal, county, or State regulations,  
1060 ordinances, or codes related to the operation of a licensed premises.

1061           (11) Discipline, threaten, or otherwise penalize any person for refusing to violate or aiding the enforcement of  
1062 the provisions of this chapter or the rules of the Commissioner.

1063           (d) Notwithstanding subsection (b) of this section, the Commissioner may cancel or suspend a license if there is  
1064 any other reason which, in the opinion of the Commissioner, warrants cancelling or suspending the license.

1065           (e) The Commissioner may not cancel or suspend any license for the sale of marijuana products or impose any fine  
1066 for an alleged violation of § 1307 or § 1313 of this title where the licensee or its employee has made a reasonable effort to  
1067 determine the age of a purchaser of the marijuana products. For purposes of this subsection, a licensee or its employee is  
1068 deemed to have made a reasonable effort to determine the age of a purchaser if, prior to any sale of marijuana products, the  
1069 licensee or its employee requires the purchaser to display identification, with a photograph of the purchaser thereon affixed,  
1070 which sets forth information that would lead a reasonable person to believe the purchaser to be 21 years of age or older.

1071           (f) The Commissioner may also suspend a license for any of the grounds for refusal of a license under § 1354 of  
1072 this title.

1073           (g) The Commissioner may cancel any retail license if it has reasonable grounds to believe that the license was  
1074 granted in violation of this chapter, or any regulation enacted pursuant to § 1331 of this title.

1075           § 1362. Public hearing and right of appeal.

1076           (a) The Commissioner may not cancel or suspend a license, or fine a licensee, before both of the following occur:

1077           (1) The licensee has been given a public hearing by the Commissioner at which time the licensee is entitled to  
1078 legal representation and to present witnesses.

1079           (2) The ground for canceling or suspending a license is established by clear and convincing evidence.

1080           (b) The Commissioner shall keep a full and complete record of all proceedings incident to a hearing under  
1081 subsection (a) of this section. The Commissioner shall record all testimony at such hearing, but need not have it transcribed  
1082 unless an order of the Commissioner is appealed to the Superior Court under subsection (c) of this section.

1083           (c) An order of the Commissioner relative to suspension or cancellation of a license, or fining a licensee, becomes  
1084 final 10 days after the licensee receives notice thereof, unless, within 10 days of the date of the postmark on the  
1085 Commissioner's decision, a written appeal is filed in the Superior Court. No bond may be required for filing such appeal.

1086           (d) The appeal must state the grounds upon which a review is sought. After the appeal is filed, service shall be  
1087 made by the Sheriff upon the Commissioner. The Commissioner shall certify and file with the court all documents and  
1088 papers and a transcript of all testimony taken in the matter, together with the Commissioner's findings therein as soon as  
1089 practicable but in no event later than 20 calendar days from the date of service of the appeal. The Superior Court's review of  
1090 an appeal shall be on the record and the Superior Court shall take into account the experience and specialized competence  
1091 of the Commissioner and the purpose under which the Commissioner acted. Further, the Superior Court's review, in the  
1092 absence of fraud, shall be limited to whether the Commissioner's decision is supported by substantial evidence on the  
1093 record and is free from legal error.

1094           (e) An appeal without bond may be taken from the decision of the Superior Court to the Supreme Court in the  
1095 same manner as is provided in civil cases. Upon the final determination of judicial proceedings, the Commissioner shall  
1096 enter an order in accordance with such determination, or shall take such further or other action as the Court may order. A  
1097 petition for Supreme Court review shall act as a supersedeas.

1098           § 1363. Effect of cancellation or surrender of license; notice.

1099           (a) The cancellation or acceptance of a surrender of a license entails the loss of the privilege conferred by the  
1100 license and entails the acceptance of or the seizure by the Commissioner of any marijuana or marijuana products found in  
1101 the possession of the licensee, except those which occur solely by reason of the death of the licensee.

1102           (b) Notice of the order of the cancellation or acceptance of the surrender of a license may be served by an officer  
1103 designated by the Commissioner; by affixing a duplicate thereof to the outside of the entrance door of the licensed  
1104 premises; by leaving a duplicate with the holder of the license, or with any member of the family of the holder over the age  
1105 of 18 years at the residence of the holder; or otherwise as in the judgment of the Commissioner will give notice of such  
1106 cancellation or acceptance of the surrender. All cancellations or acceptances of surrender of a license take effect as soon as  
1107 the order is served.

1108           (c) The cancellation or acceptance of surrender of a license does not prevent the filing of any criminal proceedings  
1109 for any offense against the licensee while the license was in force. No conviction obtained for any offense prevents the  
1110 Commissioner from cancelling a license or from making at the same time a seizure of marijuana or marijuana products as  
1111 provided in this title.

1112           (d) The Commissioner shall adopt regulations for seizure of marijuana and marijuana products that preserves and  
1113 does not destroy the marijuana or marijuana products.

1114           § 1364. Payments to former licensee.

1115           The Commissioner shall, within 30 days of the date of the cancellation or acceptance of surrender of a license,  
1116 remit to the former licensee a part of the license fee which has been paid and pertains to the unexpired term of the license.  
1117 In addition, the Commissioner shall remit to the former licensee the amount originally received by the Commissioner from  
1118 the former licensee in payment for such marijuana or marijuana products accepted or seized as remains in packages sealed  
1119 by the Commissioner, after paying or deducting therefrom all costs and expenses incurred by the Commissioner by reason  
1120 of the acceptance or seizure of the marijuana or marijuana products of the former licensee. When other legally acquired  
1121 marijuana or marijuana products have been accepted or seized under this section, the value thereof as determined by the  
1122 Commissioner must be remitted by the Commissioner to the former licensee, after paying or deducting therefrom all costs  
1123 and expenses incurred by the Commissioner by reason of the acceptance or seizure of the marijuana or marijuana products  
1124 of the former licensee. No payment may be made for illegally acquired marijuana or marijuana products that have been  
1125 seized under this section.

1126           Subchapter VI. Transfer of License; Death of Licensee

1127           § 1366. Transfer of license.

1128           (a) The rights conferred by a license may be transferred by the Commissioner to any representative designated by  
1129 the person to whom or on behalf of whom the license was originally granted, if such representative is a person approved by  
1130 the Commissioner. In the case of death of a licensee, the Commissioner may transfer the license to a qualified person  
1131 recommended by the executor or administrator of the estate of the deceased licensee.

1132           (b) In instances where the Commissioner has approved the transfer of a license, all matters concerning marijuana  
1133 inventories must be handled directly between the transferor and the transferee and all payments must be made directly and  
1134 not through the Commissioner.

1135           (c) A social equity or microbusiness license may not be transferred to a person who would not meet the criteria for  
1136 the issuance of an original social equity or microbusiness license.

1137           § 1367. Death of licensee; payments to licensee's estate.

1138           If any licensee dies and no application is made for transfer of the license, or the Commissioner refuses to permit  
1139 the transfer of the license to another person, the Commissioner shall return to the legal representative of such deceased  
1140 licensee a share of the license fee received by the Department proportionate to the number of full calendar months of the  
1141 unexpired term. If the marijuana or marijuana products in possession of the licensee at the time of the licensee's death are

1142 delivered to the Commissioner and the Commissioner ascertains that such marijuana or marijuana products have been  
1143 received by the deceased licensee according to law, the Commissioner must pay to the legal representative the amount  
1144 originally received by the Commissioner for such marijuana or marijuana products less 10% thereof, or the appraised value  
1145 less 10% thereof.

1146 §§ 1368-1370. Reserved.

1147 Subchapter VII. Owner and Financial Interests of Licensee.

1148 § 1371. Commissioner approval.

1149 The commissioner may refuse approval of changes in the ownership, officers, or directors, financial interest, or  
1150 lease in connection with any license. No such change shall be implemented until reported to and approved by the  
1151 Commissioner.

1152 § 1372. Change in ownership.

1153 (a) In order to change ownership of a license of a licensee, all of the following must be filed with the  
1154 Commissioner on behalf of the new owner or owners:

1155 (1) An application.

1156 (2) A financial statement of the new owner or owners.

1157 (3) Personal financial statements of all individuals, partners, or stockholders holding at least 10 percent of the  
1158 corporate stock.

1159 (4) A copy of the agreement of the terms of the sale or other exchange of financial interest, including stock  
1160 distribution.

1161 (5) Copy of all documents explaining interest and profit/loss distribution.

1162 (6) Any application fee required by the Commissioner.

1163 (7) Any other documents requested by the Commissioner.

1164 (b) A change in ownership includes a change in the entire ownership, change in the partial ownership, or the sale  
1165 or exchange of shares of stock by stockholders.

1166 § 1373. Change in officers or directors.

1167 (a) Each person elected as an officer or director of a licensee shall notify the Commissioner within 7 days after the  
1168 election and provide all information requested by the Commissioner.

1169 (b) No new officer or director may act as an officer or director until approved by the Commissioner.

1170 § 1374. Changes in financial interest.

1171 No person may obtain a financial interest in a license or licensee without doing all of the following:



1172                   (1) Notification to the Commissioner.

1173                   (2) Providing all information and documents requested by the Commissioner.

1174                   § 1375. Fees.

1175                   If there is a change in ownership or financial interest more than 10%, a fee of \$5,000 or 15% of the value of the  
1176 transaction, whichever is higher, is required.

1177                   Subchapter VIII. Marijuana Regulation Fund; Taxes.

1178                   § 1381. Marijuana Regulation Fund; Justice Reinvestment Fund.

1179                   (a) The Marijuana Regulation Fund is established as a special fund of the State consisting of fees collected, civil  
1180 penalties imposed under this chapter, and a portion of taxes imposed under this subchapter. The Office of the State  
1181 Treasurer shall administer the Fund.

1182                   (b) The Justice Reinvestment Fund is established as a special fund of the State consisting of a portion of taxes  
1183 imposed under this subchapter as set forth in § 1387 of this subchapter.

1184                   § 1382. Levy and rate of marijuana tax; collection.

1185                   (a) A tax is imposed on the retail sale of marijuana products under this chapter in this State. This tax is not  
1186 imposed on the sale of medical marijuana products under Chapter 49A of Title 16.

1187                   (b) The tax imposed under this section is at the rate of 15% of the retail sales price of the marijuana product.

1188                   (c) If the tax imposed under this section does not equal an amount calculable to a whole cent, the tax shall be equal  
1189 to the next higher whole cent.

1190                   (d) Except as otherwise provided by the Commissioner, the amount of the tax shall be separately stated on an  
1191 invoice, receipt, or other similar document that the marijuana retailer provides to the consumer at the time the retail sale  
1192 occurs.

1193                   (e) A person may not knowingly sell, purchase, install, transfer, or possess electronic devices or software programs  
1194 for the purposes of either of the following:

1195                   (1) Hiding or removing records of retail sales of marijuana products.

1196                   (2) Falsifying records of retail sales of marijuana products.

1197                   (f) A marijuana retailer may not discount a marijuana item or offer a marijuana item for free if the retail sale of the  
1198 marijuana item is made in conjunction with the retail sale of any other item.

1199                   § 1383. Collection and administration of the marijuana tax; mandatory reports; preemption.

1200                   (a) The marijuana tax imposed on the consumer under § 1382 of this title shall be collected at the point of sale and  
1201 remitted by each retail marijuana store licensee that engages in the retail sale of marijuana products. The marijuana tax is

1202 considered a tax upon the retail marijuana store licensee that is required to collect the tax, and the retail marijuana store  
1203 licensee is considered a taxpayer.

1204 (b) A retail marijuana store licensee shall file a monthly report to the Commissioner, the Division of Revenue, and  
1205 the Division of Alcohol and Tobacco Enforcement.

1206 (c) A retail marijuana store licensee shall pay the marijuana tax to the Division of Revenue in the form and manner  
1207 prescribed by the Commissioner, but not later than with each monthly report.

1208 (d) Except to the extent inconsistent with specific provisions of this chapter, the provisions of Chapter 5 of Title 30  
1209 shall govern the assessment, collection, review, and appeal of deficiencies of tax imposed by this title, and any interest and  
1210 penalties thereon, and claims for refund of overpayment of taxes imposed by this chapter.

1211 (e) The fees, charges, and taxes imposed by the State under this chapter shall be in lieu of all county and municipal  
1212 license fees and taxes upon the business of selling, growing, and manufacturing marijuana as such. Provided however,  
1213 general occupational licenses fees and general taxes imposed uniformly on everyone within the class are not preempted.

1214 § 1384. Retention of records by retail marijuana store licensee; penalties.

1215 (a) Each retail marijuana store licensee shall maintain and keep, for a period of 3 years, such records of marijuana  
1216 products sold within this State by such retail marijuana store licensee, together with invoices, bills of lading, and other  
1217 pertinent records and papers as may be required by the Commissioner for the reasonable administration of this chapter.

1218 (b) A person who violates this section is subject to a civil penalty of up to \$1,000 and may be charged the costs of  
1219 an enforcement action.

1220 § 1385. Discontinuance, sale, or transfer of business by retail marijuana store licensee; penalties.

1221 (a) Whenever a person ceases to engage in business as retail marijuana store licensee within this State, all taxes,  
1222 penalties, and interest under this chapter not yet due and payable under the provisions of this chapter shall, notwithstanding  
1223 such provisions, become due and payable concurrently with the discontinuance, sale, or transfer, and the retail marijuana  
1224 store licensee shall concurrently with such discontinuance, sale, or transfer make a report and pay all such taxes, interest,  
1225 and penalties.

1226 (b) If a retail marijuana store license is transferred under § 1366 of this title, the purchaser or transferee shall be  
1227 liable to this State for the amount of all taxes, penalties, and interest under this chapter, accrued against any retail marijuana  
1228 store licensee selling or transferring a business, on the date of such sale or transfer, but only to the extent of the value of the  
1229 property and business thereby acquired from such distributor or retailer.

1230 (c) A person who violates this section is subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$50 nor more than \$500.

1231 § 1386. [Reserved]

1232           § 1387. Deposit of receipts.

1233           (a) All money received by the Division of Revenue under this chapter shall be allocated as follows:

1234               (1) All marijuana tax money and all money received through fees or other mechanisms must be deposited in  
1235 accordance with § 6103(a) of Title 29 and credited to the Marijuana Regulation Fund.

1236               (2) Each month, 7% of total marijuana tax money received from the preceding month shall be withdrawn from  
1237 the Marijuana Regulation Fund and credited to the Justice Reinvestment Fund.

1238           (b) The State Treasurer shall invest the Funds consistent with the investment policies established by the Cash  
1239 Management Policy Board. The State Treasurer shall credit interest to the Funds on a monthly basis consistent with the rate  
1240 established by the Cash Management Policy Board.

1241           § 1388. Appropriation of revenue.

1242           (a) The funds in the Marijuana Regulation Fund in each fiscal year must be appropriated by the General Assembly  
1243 as follows:

1244               (1) To the administrative costs and expenses of the Commissioner and the Division, including administrative  
1245 expenses, including payroll and other employment costs.

1246               (2) To the administrative costs and expenses of the Department of Justice incurred to administer the Justice  
1247 Reinvestment Fund.

1248               (3) After the payment under paragraphs (a)(1) and (2) of this section, and the transfer to the Justice  
1249 Reinvestment Fund set forth in § 1387(a)(2) of this title, any remainder shall be appropriated as determined by the  
1250 General Assembly.

1251           (b) The funds in the Justice Reinvestment Fund in each fiscal year shall be appropriated to the Department of  
1252 Justice to administer grants, contracts, services, or initiatives that focus on any of the following:

1253               (1) Restorative justice, jail diversion, workforce development, industry specific technical assistance or  
1254 mentoring services for economically disadvantaged persons in disproportionately impacted areas.

1255               (2) Addressing the underlying causes of crime, reducing drug-related arrests, and reducing the prison  
1256 population in this state.

1257               (3) Creating or developing technology to assist with the restoration of civil rights and expungement of  
1258 criminal records.

1259           Any remainder in the Fund at the end of a fiscal year is not subject to reversion.

1260           § 1389. Financial statements of the Commissioner.

1261 The Commissioner shall render an account to the State Treasurer, in the manner and at the time required by the  
1262 latter, of its receipts and disbursements, and of its assets and liabilities. The State Treasurer may not, however, require such  
1263 reports to be rendered more often than quarterly.

1264 § 1390. Annual audit.

1265 The State Auditor of Accounts shall annually examine and audit the operation of the Office of the Commissioner.

1266 Section 6. Amend § 1903, Title 30 of the Delaware Code by making deletions as shown by strike through and  
1267 insertions as shown by underline as follows:

1268 § 1903. Computation of taxable income.

1269 (a) The “entire net income” of a corporation for any income year means the amount of its federal taxable income  
1270 for such year as computed for purposes of the federal income tax increased by:

1271 (1) Any interest income (including discount) on obligations issued by states of the United States or political  
1272 subdivisions thereof other than this State and its subdivisions, and

1273 (2) The amount of any deduction allowed for purposes of the federal income tax pursuant to § 164 of the  
1274 Internal Revenue Code (26 U.S.C. § 164) for taxes paid on, or according to or measured by, in whole or in part, such  
1275 corporation’s net income or profits, to any state (including this State), territory, county or political subdivision thereof,  
1276 or any tax paid in lieu of such income tax, and its federal taxable income shall be further adjusted by eliminating:

1277 j. An amount equal to the ordinary and necessary business expenses paid or incurred for the taxable year  
1278 by a marijuana business operating pursuant to Chapter 13 of Title 4 or Chapter 49A of Title 16, which is  
1279 disallowed as a deduction for federal purposes pursuant to § 280E of the Internal Revenue Code.

1280 Section 7. Amend Subchapter II, Chapter 16, Title 30 of the Delaware Code by making deletions as shown by  
1281 strike through and insertions as shown by underline as follows:

1282 § 1625. Special rules for certain tax deductions for pass-through entities.

1283 (a) Definitions. As used in this section:

1284 (1) “Qualified business” means a pass-through entity operating a marijuana establishment pursuant to Chapter  
1285 13 of Title 4 or Chapter 49A of Title 16.

1286 (2) “Qualified expenses” mean the ordinary and necessary business expenses paid or incurred for the taxable  
1287 year in carrying on a qualified business, which are disallowed as a deduction for federal purposes pursuant to § 280E of  
1288 the Internal Revenue Code.

1289 (b) Deduction. A pass-through entity operating a qualified business may deduct its qualified expenses in  
1290 computing its total income.

1291 Section 8. Amend § 581, Title 30 of the Delaware Code by making deletions as shown by strike through and  
1292 insertions as shown by underline as follows:

1293 § 581. Inspection of returns by federal, state and local officials.

1294 (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section or § 368 of this title, the Director is specifically authorized  
1295 to enter into an agreement with the Department of Labor, the Office of the State Bank Commissioner, the Department of  
1296 Natural Resources and Environmental Control, the Division of Motor Vehicles, the Division of Alcohol and Tobacco  
1297 Enforcement, the Division of Medicaid and Medical Assistance, the Enhanced 911 Emergency Service Board, the  
1298 Marijuana Commissioner, or the Alcoholic Beverage Control Commissioner to provide for the inspection of any tax return  
1299 filed under this title (other than Chapters 30, 51, and 52) or under Title 4; provided, however, that such inspection shall be  
1300 pursuant to the Department of Labor's duties under Title 19, the Office of the State Bank Commissioner's duties under  
1301 Title 5, the Department of Natural Resources and Environmental Control's duties under Title 7, the Division of Motor  
1302 Vehicles' duties under Title 21, the Division of Alcohol and Tobacco Enforcement's duties under Titles 4 and 11, the  
1303 Division of Medicaid and Medical Assistance's duties under Title 16, the Enhanced 911 Emergency Service Board's duties  
1304 under Title 16, the Marijuana Commissioner's duties under Title 4, or the Alcoholic Beverage Control Commissioner's  
1305 duties under Title 4, and may be subject to such additional requirements as may be imposed by the Director.

1306 Section 9. Amend § 2901, Title 30 of the Delaware Code by making deletions as shown by strike through and  
1307 insertions as shown by underline as follows:

1308 § 2901. Definitions.

1309 As used in this chapter:

1310 (8) "Gross receipts":

1311 a. In the case of a retailer, "gross receipts" includes total consideration received for all goods sold or services  
1312 rendered within this State, but shall not include tobacco products taxes or motor fuel taxes paid or payable to the State  
1313 under Part IV of this ~~title~~ title, marijuana products taxes paid or payable to the State under Title 4, or gasoline and  
1314 special fuel taxes paid or payable to the federal government under Internal Revenue Code § 4041 [26 U.S.C. § 4041]  
1315 or § 4081 [26 U.S.C. § 4081]; or receipts derived from the sale of petroleum products provided such products were  
1316 sold to the retailer by a person who is licensed under this chapter and such sale is described in the definition of "gross  
1317 receipts" with regard to such person.

1318 Section 10. Amend § 1448, Title 11 of the Delaware Code by making deletions as shown by strike through and  
1319 insertions as shown by underline as follows:

1320 § 1448. Possession and purchase of deadly weapons by persons prohibited; penalties.

1321 (a) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the following persons are prohibited from purchasing, owning,  
1322 possessing, or controlling a deadly weapon or ammunition for a firearm within the State:

1323 (9) Any person, if the deadly weapon is a semi-automatic or automatic firearm, or a handgun, who, at the  
1324 same time, possesses a controlled substance in violation of § 4763, or § 4764 4763 of Title 16.

1325 Section 11. The regulations required by § 1331 of Title 4 must be finalized not later than 1 year after the effective  
1326 date of this Act.

1327 Section 12. If any provision of this Act or the application of this Act to any person or circumstance is held invalid,  
1328 the provisions of this Act are severable if the invalidity does not affect the other provisions of this Act that can be given  
1329 effect without the invalid provision or the application of this Act that can be given effect without the invalid application.

### SYNOPSIS

The Delaware Marijuana Control Act regulates and taxes marijuana in the same manner as alcohol.

Section 1: Amends Chapter 47 of Title 16 to provide that the offenses and penalties under Uniform Controlled Substances Act do not apply to marijuana-related conduct allowed under the Delaware Marijuana Control Act or the Delaware Medical Marijuana Act, Chapter 49A of Title 16.

Section 2: Makes technical corrections to Chapter 47 of Title 16 and excludes industrial hemp from the definition of marijuana.

Section 3: Amends § 4902A of Title 16 so that the definition of a registered safety compliance facility includes not just marijuana produced for medical use but also marijuana produced under the Delaware Marijuana Control Act.

Section 4: Amends Chapter 4 of Title 4 to expand the Division of Alcohol and Tobacco Enforcement's duties and powers to include enforcement of the Delaware Marijuana Control Act.

Section 5: This section creates the Delaware Marijuana Control Act. Subchapter I contains definitions and general provisions. This section of the Act permits individuals over age 21 to possess, use, purchase, or transport 1 ounce (28 grams) or less of marijuana, no more than 5 grams of which may be concentrated, by individuals 21 years of age or older if the individuals are in compliance with this chapter. It permits the operation of marijuana businesses if they operate under licenses granted under the Marijuana Control Act, but imposes the same limits on hours and holiday sales as apply to sales of alcohol. It prohibits the use of marijuana in public, by drivers or passengers in vehicles, and prohibits the smoking of marijuana anywhere that smoking tobacco or e-cigarettes is not permitted. Marijuana may not be sold in an establishment licensed to sell alcohol. It delineates the rights of property owners with respect to marijuana possession and consumption. There are penalties as with alcohol sales, for individuals under the age of 21 using false identification to purchase marijuana, and for businesses that fail to verify the age of marijuana consumers.

This Delaware Marijuana Control Act Oversight Committee is created. This Oversight Committee will coordinate the implementation of this Act with the Medical Marijuana Program, the Division of Public Health, the Division of Substance Abuse and Mental Health, and the public. The Oversight Committee will review the effectiveness of the Delaware Marijuana Control Act in regard to the safe operation of facilities licensed under this Act, the impact of this Act on public safety, and the impact of this Act on public health. The Commissioner must submit an annual report to the Governor and the members of the General Assembly setting forth all matters of interest and all statistics concerning marijuana regulation and control in the State including: the number of licenses of each variety issued with the State; including the name and address of each person licensed to cultivate, manufacture, or sell marijuana or marijuana products in the State; the amount of marijuana and marijuana products sold within the State; the number of licenses of each kind granted and the number cancelled during the year, and the outcomes and effective of the issuance of social equity licenses.

This subchapter includes a provision protecting public officers, employees, contractors or volunteers who are acting in accordance with the provisions of this Act as part of their duties and requiring the State indemnify them in any civil or criminal proceedings that may arise from carrying out duties imposed under this Act.

Subchapter II creates the position of Marijuana Commissioner and an Appeals Commission. The Commissioner has the power to establish health and safety regulations for marijuana cultivation that are consistent with applicable rules and regulations established by the Department of Natural Resources and Environmental Control and the Department of Agriculture. The Commissioner must consult with the Division of Alcohol and Tobacco Enforcement before adopting or establishing policies that concern enforcement. Finally, they must coordinate with the Division of Small Business, Development, and Tourism so that potential businesses licensed under this Act have access to programs, particularly those that support small businesses owned by minorities, women, and veterans.

Subchapter III sets up the regulations and licenses under the Delaware Marijuana Control Act. The Marijuana Commissioner has the authority to adopt regulations to implement this Act and includes specific requirements that marijuana establishments must meet to obtain licenses. Regulations must require that products containing marijuana use of a symbol and a standard measurement to be used on all marijuana products so they are easily identified as containing marijuana and consumers can identify the amount of marijuana in different products; be in opaque, child-resistant packaging; and contain a warning label explaining evidence-based harms from consuming marijuana, including the impact on developing brains. The regulations must also contain security requirements, testing requirements, advertising restrictions, and require that food products comply with State food safety laws.

There are separate licensing requirements for retail marijuana stores, marijuana testing facilities, marijuana cultivation facilities, and marijuana product manufacturing facilities. Licensing requirements also differ between open licenses, social equity licenses, and microbusiness licenses. There is a \$10,000 biennial fee for most open licenses, with reduced licensing fees for microbusinesses and social equity licenses. Cultivation licenses are determined square footage of the grow rates. As part of the competitive scoring process the Commissioner will use to determine which applicant may obtain licenses to operate each type of marijuana establishment, applicants for open licenses will submit a business plan, an environmental and sustainability plan, as well as attestations affirming that (1) the applicant has a project labor agreement with a bona fide labor organization, and (2) the applicant has or will utilize a project labor agreement.

Subchapter III establishes the criteria for social equity and microbusiness licenses, requires the Commissioner to develop a financial assistance and technical assistance programming to aid social equity applicants.

Subchapter VII provides the Commission the authority to refuse approval of changes in the ownership, officers, or directors, financial interest or lease in connection with any license. The subchapter also details the requirements when there is a change in ownership of a license or licensee, a change in officers and directors, and changes in the financial interest of a license or licensee.

Subchapter VIII creates the Marijuana Regulation Fund and the Justice Reinvestment Fund. The Regulation Fund will consist of fees collected, penalties imposed, and taxes collected under this Act. It creates the marijuana control enforcement tax on retail marijuana in the amount of 15%. 7% of the tax revenue collected will be allocated to the Justice Reinvestment Fund, under the management of the Department of Justice where it will be used for projects to improve quality of life for communities most impacted by the prohibition of marijuana and “war on drugs” era policies.

Sections 6 and 7: Create a State tax deduction for all ordinary and necessary expenses paid or incurred by a marijuana establishment to reflect the inability of a business licensed under this Act to deduct these expenses from federal taxes and thus state taxes. This creates a more level playing field with other businesses.

Section 8: Allows the Division of Revenue to share records with the Marijuana Commissioner for purposes of tax compliance.

Section 9: Exempts tax paid on marijuana products from the gross receipts tax.

Section 10: Removes possession of marijuana from the list of activities that prohibits a person from at the same time possessing a handgun.

Section 11: Requires regulations to be finalized within 12 months of the effective date of this Act.

Section 12: Makes the provisions of the bill severable.