

SPONSOR: Rep. Carson & Sen. Ennis & Sen. Lawson Reps. Bennett, Briggs King, Hudson, Miro, Mitchell, Paradee, D. Short, M. Smith, Spiegelman

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES 149th GENERAL ASSEMBLY

HOUSE BILL NO. 232

AN ACT TO AMEND TITLES 11 AND 29 OF THE DELAWARE CODE RELATING TO THE LICENSING OF INDIVIDUALS TO CARRY DEADLY WEAPONS CONCEALED.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF DELAWARE:

1	Section 1. Amend Part IV, Title 29 of the Delaware Code by making deletions as shown by strike through and
2	insertions as shown by underline as follows:
3	Chapter 31. Delaware Commission on Concealed Weapon Licensing
4	§3101. Short Title.
5	This chapter shall be known as the Delaware Commission on Concealed Weapon Licensing Act of 2017.
6	§ 3102. Purpose
7	The purpose of this chapter is to do all of the following:
8	(1) establish the Delaware Commission on Concealed Weapon Licensing.
9	(2) provide the mechanisms by which the licensing provisions contained in §1441 of Title 11 may be administered.
10	(3) provide for the licensing and regulation of the Personal Protection Firearms Instructors required for that
11	purpose.
12	§ 3103. Definitions
13	For the purposes of this chapter:
14	(1) "Commission" means the Delaware Commission on Concealed Weapon Licensing.
15	(2) "Executive Director" means the person appointed to serve as counsel for the Commission as more specifically
16	described in § 3106 of this chapter.
17	(3) "Personal Protection Firearm Instructor" or "Licensed Instructor" means an individual duly licensed by the
18	Commission to teach the course of instruction required for licensing under to § 1441 of Title 11.
19	(4) "Concealed carry license" means a license to carry a concealed deadly weapon under § 1441 of Title 11.
20	(5) "Applicant" means an individual who is applying or has applied for a license over which the Commission has
21	jurisdiction.

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22	(6) "Licensee" means any person licensed to carry a concealed deadly weapon under to §1441 of Title 11; or an
23	individual licensed by the Commission as a personal protection firearm instructor.
24	(7) "Instructor license" means a license issued by the Commission to an instructor to perform as a Personal
25	Protection Firearm Instructor.
26	§ 3104. Delaware Commission on Concealed Weapon Licensing; establishment, membership.
27	(a) The Delaware Commission on Concealed Weapon Licensing is hereby established to administer and
28	implement this chapter and to perform such other responsibilities as may be entrusted to it by law.
29	(b) The Commission shall consist of 5 members appointed as follows:
30	(1) A Chairperson appointed by the Governor.
31	(2) A representative appointed by the Pro Tempore of the Senate.
32	(3) A representative appointed by the Speaker of the House.
33	(4) A representative appointed by the House Minority Leader.
34	(5) A representative appointed by the Senate Minority Leader.
35	(6) Additionally, the Governor may, at his discretion, appoint up to two additional special members each to
36	serve at the pleasure of the Governor for three-year terms. These special members need not be licensed pursuant to
37	Section 1441 of this title.
38	(c) Members appointed under paragraphs (b) (1), (2), (3), (4) and (5) of this section must be licensed by the State
39	to carry concealed deadly weapons pursuant to § 1441 of Title 11 and must have held such a license in good standing for at
40	least 3 or more years prior to appointment.
41	(d) At least one member must have at least ten (10) years of experience as a Delaware law enforcement officer as
42	defined in § 222 of Title 11 of this Code.
43	(e) Not more than 3 members, if there are 5 appointees, and no more 4 members, if there are 7 appointees, may be
44	registered with the same political party. If there are 5 appointees, there must be at least 1 member who is a fulltime resident
45	of each of the three counties, and if there are 7 appointees at least 2 members must be fulltime residents of each of the three
46	counties.
47	(f) The appointing authority shall appoint a member of the Commission to serve a term of 3 years. The appointing
48	authority may not appoint a member of the Commission to serve more than 2 full 3 year terms consecutively.
49	(g) The appointing authority may suspend or remove a member of the Commission for misfeasance, nonfeasance,

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malfeasance, misconduct, incompetency or neglect of duty. A member who is subject to disciplinary hearing by the

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51	Commission for misfeasance, nonfeasance, malfeasance, misconduct, incompetency or neglect of duty is disqualified from
52	Commission business until the charge is adjudicated or the matter is otherwise concluded.
53	(h) A member who is absent without adequate reason for 3 consecutive meetings, or fails to attend at least half of
54	all regular business meetings during any calendar year, is guilty of neglect of duty and considered to have resigned from the
55	Commission.
56	(i) The Commission shall elect a Vice Chair from among its membership annually. A majority of the members
57	present constitute a quorum and, if a quorum is present, a vacancy on the Commission does not impair the right of the
58	remaining members to exercise all the powers of the Commission. Hearings and licensing actions may only be
59	accomplished by the affirmative action of a majority of the current members.
60	(j) Each member of the Commission shall be compensated at the rate of \$100 for each day, not to exceed \$1500
61	per year, devoted to the performance of official duties. Each member of the Commission shall be reimbursed for reasonable
62	and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of official duties.
63	(k) The principal office of the Commission shall be in Dover but it may meet and exercise its power at any other
64	place in the State.
65	§3105. Power and duties of the Commission.
66	The Commission has all of the following powers and duties:
67	(1) To order the issuance, denial, suspension or revocation of any license over which it has jurisdiction after
68	ensuring that the licensee has been provided full and adequate due process of law consistent with this chapter and § 1441 of
69	<u>Title 11.</u>
70	(2) To appoint an Executive Director that is a lawyer admitted to practice law in this State and who has held a
71	license under § 1441 of Title 11 for at least three (3) years prior to appointment.
72	(3) To refer to the Executive Director for investigation any allegations of misconduct, malfeasance or misfeasance
73	on the part of any licensee, including allegations that the licensee is no longer qualified or eligible to hold the applicable
74	license.
75	(4) To administer the licensing laws of the State for the licensing of individuals to carry concealed deadly weapons
76	and the licensing of individuals as personal protection firearms instructors.
77	(5) To prescribe forms for reports, statements, notices, and other documents required by law.
78	(6) To request appropriate state agencies to provide such professional assistance as it may require in the discharge
79	of its duties.
80	(7) To ensure and maintain the confidentiality of all licensee information as required by law.

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81	(8) To perform such other duties and responsibilities as may be assigned to it by law.
82	§ 3106. Powers and duties of the Executive Director; subordinate staff.
83	(a) The Executive Director, a merit system employee, and the Commissions' legal representative of the
84	Commission, who has all of the following powers and duties:
85	(1) To oversee, administer and supervise all aspects of the licensing regime contained in § 1441 of Title 11.
86	(2) To administer and supervise all aspects of the licensing of personal protection firearms instructors under
87	this chapter.
88	(3) To hire and supervise subordinate staff, with the advice and consent of the Commission and in compliance
89	with the standards and directions of the Commission and in conformity with State law.
90	(4) To review all applications for licenses and renewal of licenses for all licensees and to recommend to the
91	Commission whether an application should be approved or denied.
92	(5) To conduct or supervise such administrative investigations as may be required to determine the
93	qualifications of applicants for a license under § 1441 of Title 11 and this chapter.
94	(6) To provide legal counsel to the Commission concerning any matter arising in connection with the exercise
95	of its official powers and duties.
96	(7) To represent the Commission in any court proceeding arising from an administrative decision of the
97	Commission, including appeals to the Superior Court.
98	(8) To maintain permanent records of all matters falling within the jurisdiction of the Commission.
99	(9) To serve as the primary officer charged with ensuring the confidentiality of all licensee information.
100	(10) To perform any other tasks requested by the Commission concerning any matter arising in connection
101	with the exercise of its official powers and duties.
102	(b) The Executive Director shall be granted the power to take emergency action to temporarily suspend a
103	licensee's concealed carry license.
104	(c) A licensee whose license is temporarily suspended by the Executive Director under subsection (b) of this
105	section, may appeal to the Commission.
106	(d) Subordinate staff hired by the Executive Director under paragraph (a)(3) of this section are merit system
107	employees.
108	§ 3107. Licensing of personal protection firearm instructors
109	(a) An applicant desiring to serve as a personal protection firearms instructor for the purposes of presenting and
110	certifying the training regime required for an applicant under § 1441 of Title 11 must meet or exceed the minimum

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111	standards contained in this section and must obtain and maintain a license from the Commission. The Commission may no
112	recognize or give credit for any course of instruction provided to an applicant which was not presented and certified by a
113	Personal Protection Firearms Instructor duly licensed by the Commission.
114	(b) An applicant for an instructor license must submit an application on a form provided by the Commission, a
115	non-refundable fee of \$100, and documentary evidence showing all of the following:
116	(1) That the applicant is licensed by this State to carry a concealed deadly weapon under § 1441 of Title 11.
117	(2) That the applicant is certified by the Delaware Council on Police Training as a police firearms instructor
118	is certified as a National Rifle Association Personal Protection Outside the Home Instructor; or has successfully
119	completed a recognized course of instruction sponsored by a federal, state, county, or municipal law enforcement
120	agency, a college, a nationally recognized organization that customarily offers firearms training, or a firearms training
121	school with instructors certified by a nationally recognized organization that customarily offers firearms training.
122	(3) A copy of the intended course syllabus which meets the requirements contained in § 1441(a)(3) of Title
123	<u>11.</u>
124	(4) A copy of the applicant's Delaware business license or the business license of the entity for which the
125	instructor intends to teach. If the applicant is to be employed by another person, the applicant must also submit a letter
126	of recommendation from that person requesting that the applicant be licensed for that purpose.
127	(c) The Executive Director shall review all applications for an instructor license and shall make a recommendation
128	to the Commission. If the Commission determines that the applicant qualifies for licensing, the Commission shall issue said
129	license which expires one year from date of issue.
130	(d) If the Executive Director determines that an applicant does not qualify for an instructor license the Executive
131	Director must inform the Commission and the applicant in writing and include specific reasons for rejection. An applican
132	whose application is rejected may attempt to remedy the deficiencies cited by the Executive Director in the rejection letter
133	and resubmit the application for reconsideration. An applicant may appeal a final decision of the Executive Director to the
134	Commission, requesting an administrative hearing before the Commission. An applicant may appeal the final decision of
135	the Commission to the Superior Court.
136	(e) An instructor license is valid for a period of one 1 year from the date of issue and may be renewed on an annual
137	basis upon submission of a short-form renewal application and the payment of a fee of \$75.
138	(f) The Commission shall develop and implement both an initial instructor application form and a short-form
139	renewal application.

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140	(g) The Commission shall publish a complete list of all personal protection firearm instructors at least twice per
141	<u>year.</u>
142	(h)(1) An individual who is not properly licensed by the Commission as a personal protection firearm instructor
143	may not in exchange for compensation or for services falsely represent to an applicant or potential applicant that the
144	individual is licensed or that the individual is qualified to perform the duties and functions required to satisfy the training
145	requirements under § 1441 of Title 11 of this chapter.
146	(2) If after a hearing, the Commission determines that an individual has violated paragraph (g)(1) of this
147	section, the Commission may do one or more of the following:
148	a. Impose a civil penalty not to exceed \$1,000.
149	b. Suspend or revoke the individuals Delaware concealed carry license.
150	c. Prohibit the individual from being licensed as a personal protection firearm instructor under this
151	section.
152	§ 3108. Licensing to Carry Concealed Deadly Weapons
153	(a) The Commission and its staff shall administer and execute the concealed carry license regime contained in §
154	1441 of Title 11 in compliance with the provisions of that section and this chapter.
155	(b) The Executive Director shall conduct such inquiries and investigations as may be required by law to ensure
156	that all applicants for a concealed carry license and concealed carry licensees are fully qualified to be and remain licensed
157	under § 1441 of Title 11 and this chapter.
158	(c) Upon determining that an applicant is fully qualified for a concealed carry license, the Commission shall cause
159	a concealed carry license to be sent to the licensee by mail.
160	(d) Any applicant whose application is rejected may attempt to remedy the deficiency or deficiencies cited in the
161	rejection letter and resubmit the application for reconsideration. Any applicant who is dissatisfied with the final decision of
162	Commission may appeal that decision to the Superior Court.
163	(e) Upon receipt of facts and evidence indicating that a person is no longer eligible for licensing, the Executive
164	Director shall verify that the person is no longer eligible and initiate action to suspend, or revoke that person's license.
165	(f) The Commission may not discriminate against any qualified applicant or licensee on the basis of race, color,
166	religion, sex, gender, age, disability, gender orientation, sexual orientation, marital status or national origin.
167	§ 3109. Form of License

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168	The Commission shall arrange, either on its own or in cooperation with the Division of Motor Vehicles, for the
169	design, manufacture, and issuance of professional quality, secure identification card-style licenses similar to those issued to
170	Delaware drivers for both types of licensees, each of which must contain, at a minimum, the following:
171	(1) A color photograph of the licensee.
172	(2) The title of the license, either "Delaware License To Carry A Concealed Deadly Weapon" or "Delaware
173	Licensed Personal Protection Firearms Instructor".
174	(3) The name, address, date of birth, height, weight, eye color, hair color of the licensee.
175	(4) The dates of issue and expiration of the license.
176	(5) The Great Seal of the State of Delaware.
177	(6) Facsimile signature of the Chair of the Commission.
178	§ 3110. Administrative Hearings and Appeals
179	(a) The Commission shall conduct all hearings pertaining to licenses over which the Commission has jurisdiction
180	so as to afford full due process rights to the applicant or licensee and shall conduct such hearings in conformity with
181	Subchapter IV of Chapter 101 of this title. Appeals from a decision of the Commission to Superior Court are governed by §
182	10142 of this title.
183	(1) The Commission shall conduct all hearings under oath and on the record.
184	(2) The Commission may close a hearing to the public upon request of the licensee or applicant seeking relief.
185	§ 3111. Exemption from Freedom of Information
186	The Commission and its staff shall maintain the confidentiality of all information submitted by applicants,
187	references, background investigations, licensee information, and hearings. None of the Commission records or any
188	document maintained by the Commission is subject to the Freedom of Information Act (FOIA), Title 29, Chapter 100.
189	Section 2. Amend § 1441, Title 11 of the Delaware Code by making deletions as shown by strike through and
190	insertions as shown by underline as follows:
191	§ 1441. License to carry concealed deadly weapons
192	(a) A person An individual who is a citizen of the State of Delaware of full age and good moral citizenship
193	eharacter and who is not a person prohibited as described in § 1448 of this title desiring to be licensed to carry a concealed
194	deadly weapon for personal protection or the protection of the person's individual's family, business, or property may be
195	licensed to do so when the following conditions have been strictly complied with:
196	(1) The person individual shall make application therefor in writing and file the same with the Prothonotary of

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the proper county, at least 15 days before the then next term of the Superior Court Commission on Concealed Weapon

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Licensing, ("Commission"), established under Chapter 31 of Title 29 clearly stating that the person individual is of full age and that the person is desirous of being licensed to carry a concealed deadly weapon for personal protection or protection of the person's individual's family, business or both property, and also stating the person's individuals residence and occupation. The person individual shall submit together with such application all information necessary to conduct a criminal history background check. The Superior Court Commission may shall conduct a criminal history background check under pursuant to the procedures set forth in Chapter 85 of Title 11 for the purposes of licensing any person pursuant under to this section. The State Bureau of Identification shall conduct the criminal history check authorized by this section under § 8527 of this title, and the criminal history report must contain a report of the individual's entire federal criminal history record under the Federal Bureau of Investigation appropriation of Title II of Public Law 92-544 (28 U.S.C. § 534). The State Bureau of Identification shall be the intermediary for purposes of this section and the Commission shall be the screening point for the receipt of the federal criminal history records. The State Bureau of Identification must complete and transmit the criminal history check to the Commission within 30 days of receipt of the request from the Commission.

(2) The individual At the same time, the person shall file with the Prothonotary Commission a certificate of 5 respectable citizens of the county in which the individual applicant resides at the time of filing the application. The certificate must contain a statement by each citizen shall clearly state that the individual applicant is a person of full age, sobriety and good moral citizenship and character, that the individual applicant bears a good reputation for peace and good order in the community in which the individual applicant resides, and that the carrying of a concealed deadly weapon by the individual applicant is necessary for the protection of the individual applicant, the individual's family, business, or the applicant's property. both The certificate must shall be signed with the proper signatures and in the proper handwriting of each such respectable citizen under penalty of perjury.

(3) The individual Every such applicant shall file in the office of the Prothonotary of the proper county the application verified by oath or affirmation in writing taken before an officer authorized by the laws of this State to administer the same, and shall under such verification state that the applicant's certificate and recommendation were read to or by the signers thereof and that the signatures thereto are in the proper and genuine handwriting of each.

Before the Prior to the issuance of an initial license, the individual person shall also file with the Prothonotary Commission a notarized certificate signed by a person licensed by the Commission as a personal protection firearms instructor or authorized representative of a sponsoring agency, school, organization or institution certifying that the applicant: (i) has completed a firearms training course consisting of at least the below-described minimum elements and (ii)

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228	is sponsored by a federal, state, county or municipal law enforcement agency, a college, a nationally recognized
229	organization that customarily offers firearms training, or a firearms training school with instructors certified by a
230	nationally recognized organization that customarily offers firearms training. The firearms training shall include the
231	following minimum elements:
232	a. Instruction regarding knowledge and safe handling of firearms; firearms.
233	b. Instruction regarding safe storage of firearms and child safety; safety.
234	c. Instruction regarding knowledge and safe handlings of ammunition; ammunition.
235	d. Instruction regarding safe storage of ammunition and child safety; safety.
236	e. Instruction regarding safe firearms shooting fundamentals; fundamentals.
237	f. Live fire shooting exercises conducted on a range, including the expenditure of a minimum of $\frac{100}{150}$
238	rounds of ammunition; ammunition.
239	g. Identification of ways to develop and maintain firearm shooting skills; skills.
240	h. Instruction regarding federal and state laws pertaining to the lawful purchase, ownership,
241	transportation, use and possession of firearms; firearms.
242	i. Instruction regarding the laws of this State pertaining to the use of deadly force for self-defense; and
243	<u>self-defense</u> .
244	j. Instruction regarding techniques for avoiding a criminal attack and how to manage a violent
245	confrontation, including conflict resolution.
246	k. Instruction pertaining to safe and proper methods of carrying deadly weapons concealed.
247	(4) At the time the <u>initial</u> application is filed, the <u>individual</u> applicant shall pay a <u>non-refundable</u> fee of \$65
248	\$95 to the Prothonotary issuing the same Commission.
249	(5) The license issued upon initial application is shall be valid for 3 years from the date of issue. On or before
250	the date of expiration of such initial license, the licensee, without further application, may renew the same for the
251	further period of 5 years from date of issue upon payment to the Prothonotary Commission of a fee of \$65 \$75, and
252	upon filing with said Prothonotary the Commission an affidavit setting forth that the carrying of a concealed deadly
253	weapon by the licensee is necessary for personal protection or protection of the <u>licensees family</u> , <u>business or property</u> ,
254	persons property, family, business or both and that the licensee person possesses all the requirements for the issuance
255	of a license and may make like renewal every 5 years thereafter; provided, however, that the Superior Court

Commission upon good cause presented to it, may inquire into the renewal request and deny the same for good cause

shown. No requirements in addition to those specified in this paragraph may be imposed for the renewal of a license. \underline{A}

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copy of an application for renewal of a now-expired license filed in a timely manner with the Commission serves as a temporary extension of that license pending Commission action on that renewal application.

- (b) The Prothonotary of the county in which any applicant for a license files the same shall cause notice of every such application to be published once, at least 10 days before the next term of the Superior Court. The publication shall be made in a newspaper of general circulation published in the county. In making such publication it shall be sufficient for the Prothonotary to do the same as a list in alphabetical form stating therein simply the name and residence of each applicant respectively. The Commission shall administer and execute the provisions of this section and those contained in Chapter 31 of Title 29.
- (c) The Prothonotary of the county in which the application for license is made shall lay before the Superior Court, at its then next term, all applications for licenses, together with the certificate and recommendation accompanying the same, filed in the Prothonotary's office, on the first day of such application. Anyone who learns of a concealed carry licensee becoming a person prohibited as defined by § 1448 of Title 11, is authorized, but not required, to inform the Commission of that fact and provide to the Commission any and all facts and documents known to that person evidencing the licensee's change in status. Upon receipt of such information, the Commission shall take action to verify the information provided and to take the appropriate action against that license.
- (d) The Court may or may not, in its discretion, approve any application, and in order to satisfy the Judges thereof fully in regard to the propriety of approving the same, may receive remonstrances and hear evidence and arguments for and against the same, and establish general rules for that purpose. [Repealed.]
- (e) If any application is approved, as provided in this section, the Court shall endorse the word "approved" thereon and sign the same with the date of approval. If not approved, the Court shall endorse the words "not approved" and sign the same. The Prothonotary, immediately after any such application has been so approved, shall notify the applicant of such approval, and following receipt of the notarized certification of satisfactory completion of the firearms training course requirement as set forth in paragraph (a)(3) of this section above shall issue a proper license, signed as other state licenses are, to the applicant for the purposes provided in this section and for a term to expire on June 1 next succeeding the date of such approval. [Repealed.]
- (f) The Secretary of State shall prepare blank forms of license to carry out the purposes of this section, and shall issue the same as required to the several Prothonotaries of the counties in this State Commission. The Prothonotaries of all the counties Commission shall cause to be affixed affix to the license, before lamination, a photographic representation of the licensee. [Repealed.]

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287	(g) The provisions of this section do not apply to the carrying of the usual weapon by the police Currently
288	employed sworn law enforcement officers of and other peace officers, as defined by § 1901 of this title, are exempt from
289	the licensing requirements of this section and may lawfully carry deadly weapons concealed, both off-duty and on-duty, for
290	personal protection and for the execution of the officers law enforcement duties.
291	(h) Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary, an individual anyone retired as a police officer, as "police
292	officer" is defined by § 1911 of this title, who is retired after having served at least 20 years in any law-enforcement agency
293	within this State, or who is retired and remains currently eligible for a duty-connected disability pension, may be licensed to
294	carry a concealed deadly weapon for the protection of that retired police officer's personal protection, or protection of
295	family, business or property after that retired police officer's retirement, if the following conditions are strictly complied
296	with:
297	(1) If that retired police officer applies for the license within 90 180 days of the date of that retired police
298	officer's retirement, the retired police officer shall pay a fee of \$65 to the Commission Prothonotary in the county
299	where that retired police officer resides and present to the Prothonatary Commission both of the following;
300	a. A certification from the Attorney General's office, in a form prescribed by the Attorney General's
301	office Commission verifying that the retired officer is in good standing with the law-enforcement agency from
302	which the retired police officer is retired; and retired.
303	b. A letter from the chief of the retired officer's agency verifying that the retired officer is in good
304	standing with the law-enforcement agency from which the retired police officer is retired; or is retired.
305	(2) If that retired police officer applies for the license more than 90 180 days, but within 20 years, of the date
306	of that retired police officer's retirement, the retired police officer shall pay a fee of \$65 to the Commission
307	Prothonotary in the county where the retired police officer resides and present to the Prothonotary Commission
308	certification forms from the Attorney General's office, or in a form prescribed by the Attorney_General's office
309	Commission, that state all of the following:
310	a. The retired officer is in good standing with the law-enforcement agency from which that retired police
311	officer is retired; retired.
312	b. The retired officer's criminal record has been reviewed and that the retired police officer has not been
313	convicted of any crime greater than a violation since the date of the retired police officer's retirement; and

c. The retired officer has not been committed to a psychiatric facility since the date of the retired police

retirement.

officer's retirement.

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(i) Notwithstanding anything contained in this section to the contrary, an adult individual person—who, as a successful petitioner seeking relief under pursuant to Part D, subchapter III of Chapter 9 of Title 10, has caused a protection from abuse order containing a firearms prohibition authorized by § 1045(a)(8) of Title 10 or a firearms prohibition pursuant to § 1448(a)(6) of this title to be entered against a person for alleged acts of domestic violence as defined in § 1041 of Title 10, is—shall be—deemed to have shown the necessity for a license to carry a deadly weapon concealed for protection of themselves <u>under pursuant to</u> this section. In such cases, all other requirements of subsection (a) of this section must still be satisfied.

(j) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Code to the contrary, the State of Delaware shall give full faith and credit and shall otherwise honor and give full force and effect to all licenses or permits licenses/permits issued to the citizens of other states where those issuing states also give full faith and credit and otherwise honor the licenses issued by the State of Delaware under this section and where those licenses or permits are issued by authority under a law of another state that affords a reasonably similar degree of protection as is provided by licensure in this State as evidenced by a statutorily required training requirement. Citizens of this State may not rely upon or use another state's non-resident concealed carry license to carry a deadly weapon concealed within this State. For the purpose of this subsection "reasonably similar" does not preclude alternative or differing provisions nor a different source and process by which eligibility is determined. Notwithstanding the forgoing, if there is evidence of a pattern of issuing licenses/permits to convicted felons in another state, the Attorney General shall not include that state under the exception contained in this subsection even if the law of that state is determined to be "reasonably similar." The Attorney General shall communicate the provisions of this section to the Attorneys General of the several states and shall determine those states whose licensing/permit systems qualify for recognition under this section. The Attorney General Commission shall publish on January 15 of each year a list of all States which have qualified for reciprocity under this subsection. The Such list published by the Commission shall be is valid for 1 one year and any removal of a State from the list may shall not occur without 1 year's notice of such impending removal. The Such list published by the Commission must be shall be made readily available to all State and local law-enforcement agencies within the State as well as to all then-current holders of licenses issued by the State of Delaware under pursuant to this section.

(k) The Attorney General Commission may shall have the discretion to issue, on a limited basis, a temporary license to carry concealed a deadly weapon to any individual who is not a resident of this State and whom the Attorney General Commission determines has a short-term need to carry such a weapon within this State in conjunction with that individual's employment for the individual's personal protection of person or property. A Said temporary license issued under this Subsection shall automatically expires 30 days from the date of issuance and is not shall not be subject to

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347	renewal. A temporary license and must be carried at all times while within the State. However, Nothing contained in this
348	subsection prohibits herein shall prohibit the issuance of a second or subsequent temporary license. The Attorney General
349	Commission may shall have the authority to promulgate and enforce such regulations as may be necessary for the
350	administration of such temporary licenses under this subsection. An No individual may not be shall be issued more than 3
351	temporary licenses in the same calendar year. The fee for each temporary license is \$100 per issuance.
352	(l) All applications for a temporary license to carry a concealed deadly weapon made under pursuant to subsection
353	(k) of this section <u>must shall</u> be in writing and <u>must shall</u> bear a notice stating that false statements <u>in the application</u> therein
354	are punishable by law.
355	(m) Notwithstanding any other law or regulation to the contrary, any license issued under pursuant to this section
356	is shall be void, and is automatically repealed by operation of law, if the licensee is or becomes prohibited from owning
357	possessing possessing, or controlling a deadly weapon as specified in § 1448 of this title.
358	(n)(1) For purposes of this section contiguous states mean Pennsylvania, Maryland and New Jersey.
359	(2) An individual who is a resident of a contiguous state who is licensed to carry concealed deadly weapons in
360	the contiguous state and who regularly works or is employed within this State or who owns a vacation home in this
361	State may be licensed to carry a deadly weapon in this State.
362	(3) An individual desiring to be licensed under this subsection shall apply to the Commission and must mee
363	all of the requirements required of a Delaware resident applicant.
364	(4) An individual desiring to be licensed under this section shall also file with the Commission documentation
365	satisfactory to the Commission to prove that the individual qualifies under the provisions of this subsection for
366	licensing as a resident of a contiguous state.
367	(5) The initial application fee for a non-resident license under this subsection is \$150. The renewal for such
368	licenses is \$100.
369	Section 3. Effective Dates; Implementation; Transition
370	It is the intent of the General Assembly that the Commission be fully established, staffed, organized and functional
371	before assuming the responsibilities currently assigned to the Superior Court and the Office of the Attorney General and
372	prior to performing the functions contained in this Act. Therefore:
373	(a) Those portions of Section 1 of this Act pertaining to and required for the establishment, staffing, organization
374	and effective functioning of the Commission shall become effective 10 days after enactment.

(b) The balance and remainder of this Act shall become effective on the First Day of January immediately

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following enactment.

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- (c) Upon request of the Commission, the Prothonotaries of each of the three counties shall, within 90 days of said request, transfer custody of all files and records pertaining to Concealed Carry applicants and Licensees to the Commission, including all pending applications and shall otherwise fully cooperate and assist with the transition of duties and responsibilities from the Superior Court to the Commission.
- (d) Upon request of the Commission, the Attorney General shall, within 30 days of said request, transfer custody of all files and records pertaining to Concealed Carry applicants and Licensees to the Commission, including all pending applications. Additionally, upon request of the Commission, the Attorney General will likewise transfer custody of all files and records pertaining to all persons who have in the past or who are currently functioning as concealed carry instructors to the Commission, and shall otherwise fully cooperate and assist with the transition of duties and responsibilities from the Attorney General to the Commission.

SYNOPSIS

This Act is designed to centralize and modernize Delaware's system for licensing its citizens to carry concealed deadly weapons. The current statutory scheme dates as far back as the Code Revision of 1974 and was not designed to handle the volume of applicants and licensees that are being experienced today, a volume that has at times unfairly overwhelmed both the Courts and the Office of the Attorney General.

In 2016, alone, the Attorney General was required to conduct 8,522 background investigations, a volume level never envisioned by the General Assembly in 1974, and a volume which, over the years has placed increasingly unsustainable demands upon both the Superior Court and the Attorney General. As importantly, this ever-increasing volume of applicants and license renewals and the system's inability to respond in a timely manner has led to a volume of complaints from those who have been forced to wait up to eight months for their applications to be fully processed in the current system.

This Act is designed to relieve the current pressures on the Superior Court and the Office of the Attorney General by creating a small, centralized, and financially self-sustaining organization within state government designed specifically to administer the licensing of individuals to lawfully carry concealed deadly weapons; and, for the first time, to effectually license and regulate the instructors who provide the statutorily required training for such individuals.

Section 1 of the Act creates the Delaware Commission on Concealed Carry Licensing and provides for the professional staff and procedural mechanisms for licensing persons to carry concealed deadly weapons. The Commission is also charged with licensing and regulating the Personal Protection Firearms Instructors who provide the statutorily mandated training for concealed carry licensees. By creating an organization dedicated solely to these tasks, the Act is also (1) able to eliminate the current single date expiration system which is responsible for at least some of the current backlog, and allows for licenses to expire and renewals to be processed on a year-round basis; and (2) ensure that the required training is delivered according to statutory standards by instructors who have qualified to deliver that training.

Section 2 of the Act amends the concealed carry statute to transfer responsibility for concealed carry licensing from the Superior Court and the Attorney General to the Commission on Concealed Carry Licensing created in Section 1 of the Act. This section also attempts to enhance language in the existing statute.

This section also increases the application fees for concealed carry applicants from \$65 to \$95 for initial applications and \$75 for renewals. The section also establishes a fee of \$100 for each issuance of a temporary license. It also allows for the licensing of those residents of contiguous states who regularly work in Delaware and who are already licensed by their home state to be separately licensed in Delaware under the same strict criteria required of Delaware residents, establishing an initial application fee for such individuals of \$150 and a renewal fee of \$100.

Section 2 also addresses the issue of concealed carry reciprocity; clarifying the recognition process and ensuring Delaware residents may not circumvent Delaware's licensing process by utilizing non-resident licenses from other states with which Delaware has reciprocity.

Finally, Section 2 makes a clear statement that currently employed law enforcement officers are exempt from the licensing requirements that pertain to other citizens. Section 2 also extends the period of time retiring law enforcement officers have to avail themselves of the existing streamlined licensing regime available to such officers from 90 days to 180 days.

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Section 3 of the Act allows for the establishment of the Commission and a period of time for the Commission to be fully staffed and operational before transferring authority and responsibilities from the Courts and the Attorney General to the Commission.