

SPONSOR: Sen. Brown & Rep. Cooke Reps. Bolden, Brady

DELAWARE STATE SENATE 150th GENERAL ASSEMBLY

SENATE BILL NO. 131

AN ACT TO AMEND TITLE 21 OF THE DELAWARE CODE RELATING TO SIZE AND WEIGHT OF VEHICLES AND LOADS.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF DELAWARE:

1	Section 1. Amend Chapter 45, Title 21 of the Delaware Code by making deletions as shown by strike through and
2	insertions as shown by underline as follows:
3	§ 4513. Vehicle height monitoring system.
4	(a) Definitions. As used in this section:
5	(1) "County" means the 3 counties of this State: New Castle, Kent, and Sussex.
6	(2) "County law" means any legislative, administrative, or other law or policy implemented by the governing
7	body of a county.
8	(3) "Driver" does not include an employee of the owner of a motor vehicle.
9	(4) "Municipal law" means any legislative, administrative, or other law or policy implemented by a
10	municipality.
11	(5) "Municipality" includes all cities, towns, and villages created under any general or special law of this State
12	for general governmental purpose and which possesses legislative, administrative, or police powers for the general
13	exercise of municipal functions and carry on the functions through a set of elected and other officials.
14	(6) "Recorded image" means an image recorded by a vehicle height monitoring system and includes any of
15	the following:
16	a. A photograph.
17	b. A microphotograph.
18	c. A digital image.
19	d. A video.
20	e. Any other medium used to store images or sounds to be seen or heard later.
21	(6) As used in this section, "road" means an open way for motor vehicles, and includes all of the following:

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22	a. A Delaware byway, express highway, road, highway, or State highway, as those terms are defined
23	under § 101 of this title.
24	b. A road, street, highway, roadway, or any similar term, as defined under a county or municipal law.
25	(7) "Vehicle height monitoring system" means a device with 1 or more motor vehicle sensors that is capable
26	of producing a recorded image of a motor vehicle whose height exceeds a limit imposed under this title.
27	(b) Purpose. This section establishes the authority for the State or its counties or municipalities to use a vehicle
28	height monitoring system to assist in the enforcement of applicable State, county, and municipal law regarding motor
29	vehicle size, including under Chapter 45 of this title. This section does not establish a new violation.
30	(c) Applicability.
31	(1) This section does not apply to any of the following:
32	a. An emergency vehicle.
33	b. An authorized State vehicle or snow plow.
34	c. A school bus.
35	d. A vehicle for which an owner, an employee of an owner, or a driver provides proof that it is being used
36	to make a delivery.
37	e. A recreational vehicle.
38	(2) An employer, not the employer's employee, is liable under this section if a violation under this section
39	occurs while an employee is using, for the purposes of employment, a vehicle that the employer owns.
40	(d) Initial implementation; responsible authority. A vehicle height monitoring system may be installed or used to
41	record images of a motor vehicle traveling on a road in this State after the requirements of paragraph (d)(1) of this section
42	and, if applicable, paragraph (d)(3) of this section, have been met.
43	(1) Within a year of [the date of enactment of this Act], the Department of Transportation shall do both of the
44	<u>following:</u>
45	a. Identify roads in this State as potential candidates for the placement of vehicle height monitoring
46	systems.
47	b. Conduct an analysis to determine the appropriateness of each location.
48	(2) After the requirements of paragraph (d)(1) of this section have been met, the Secretary of the Department
49	of Safety and Homeland Security may approve and install a vehicle height monitoring system to be used on a road
50	maintained by the State.

51	(3) A county or municipality may install and use a vehicle height monitoring system on a road maintained by
52	the county or municipality after all of the following requirements have been met:
53	a. Paragraph (d)(1) of this section.
54	b. The county or municipality adopts an ordinance authorizing the use of a vehicle height monitoring
55	system at a location identified as a potential candidate under paragraph (d)(1) of this section.
56	c. The county or municipality publishes notice of each vehicle height monitoring system location in a
57	newspaper of general circulation in the area in which the vehicle height monitoring system will be installed or
58	used.
59	d. All signs stating restrictions on the presence of certain motor vehicles during certain times approaching
60	and within the segment of road on which the vehicle height monitoring system is located meet all of the following
61	<u>criteria:</u>
62	1. Are in accordance with the Delaware Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices.
63	2. Indicate that a vehicle height monitoring system is in use.
64	(e) Vendor selection. The Department of Safety and Homeland Security shall utilize a supporting vendor to
65	provide vehicle height monitoring systems for the State, counties, and municipalities. The system vendor must be selected
66	through an open competitive procurement process which allows for the government and taxpayer to benefit from improved
67	quality at lower pricing. To assure integrity and propriety, a person involved in the administration or enforcement of the
68	vehicle height monitoring system may not own any interest or equity in the vendor used.
69	(f) Vehicle height monitoring system requirements and maintenance; daily set-up log.
70	(1) A vehicle height monitoring system must adhere to the motor vehicle size limits imposed by State, county,
71	or municipal law.
72	(2) A daily log must be maintained for each vehicle height monitoring system installed and in use in this State.
73	The Secretary of the Department of Public Safety and Homeland Security shall designate a vehicle height monitoring
74	system technician to fulfill the requirements of paragraph (f)(3)a. for a vehicle height monitoring system installed on a
75	State-maintained road. A county or municipality that has adopted an ordinance to install a vehicle height monitoring
76	system shall designate a vehicle height monitoring system technician to fulfill the requirements of paragraph (f)(3)a.
77	for a vehicle height monitoring system installed on a road maintained by the county or municipality.
78	(3) A vehicle height monitoring system technician shall do all of the following:
79	a. Fill out and sign a daily set-up log for each vehicle height monitoring system to which the vehicle
80	height monitoring system technician is assigned. The log must do all of the following:

81	1. Include a statement that the technician successfully performed the manufacturer-specified self-test
82	of the vehicle height monitoring system before producing a recorded image.
83	2. Be kept on file.
84	3. Be admitted as evidence in any court proceeding for the violation that the recorded image
85	captured.
86	b. With the approval of a law-enforcement officer of the applicable jurisdiction, issue a violation notice
87	and send the notice to the registered owner of the motor vehicle.
88	(g) Violation criteria. For a violation to occur, a motor vehicle must exceed a size limitation under this chapter or
89	county or municipal law.
90	(h) Civil penalty. Unless a law-enforcement officer issued a citation to the owner or driver of the motor vehicle at
91	the time of the violation, the owner or driver is subject to a civil penalty if a vehicle height monitoring system captures the
92	owner's motor vehicle while violating State, county, or municipal law restricting the presence of certain vehicles at certain
93	times. A civil penalty under this subsection may not exceed any of the following:
94	(1) For a first violation by the owner, an employee of the owner, or the driver of the motor vehicle, a mailed
95	warning notice instead of a civil penalty. For purposes of this section, "first violation" means the owner, an employee
96	of the owner, or the driver of the motor vehicle has not previously violated a State, county, or municipal law restricting
97	the presence of certain motor vehicles at certain times within 24 months before the date of the violation.
98	(2) For a second violation by the owner, an employee of the owner, or the driver of the motor vehicle, \$250.
99	(3) For third or subsequent violation by the owner, an employee of the owner, or the driver of the motor
100	vehicle, \$500.
101	(i) Issuance of citation; contents; duty of recipient. The State, county, or municipality, whichever applies, shall,
102	within 30 days of the violation, mail a notice of violation to the owner of a motor vehicle that was captured on a vehicle
103	height monitoring system while violating a State, county, or municipal law restricting the presence of certain vehicles at
104	certain times. The notice of violation must include all of the following:
105	a. The name and address of the registered owner of the motor vehicle.
106	b. The registration number of the motor vehicle involved in the violation.
107	c. The violation charged.
108	d. The location at which the violation occurred.
109	e. The date and time of the violation.
110	f. A copy of the recorded image of the motor vehicle.

111	g. The amount of the civil penalty imposed and the date by which the civil penalty must be paid.
112	h. A signed statement by a law enforcement officer of the applicable jurisdiction that, based on inspection
113	of the recorded image, the motor vehicle was being operated in violation of a State, county, or municipal law
114	restricting the presence of certain vehicles at certain times.
115	i. A statement that the recorded image is evidence of the violation.
116	j. Information advising the owner of the manner, time, and place by which liability as alleged in the
117	notice may be contested.
118	k. Information warning the owner that failure to pay the civil penalty or contest liability in a timely
119	manner is an admission of liability and may result in a judgment being entered against the owner or the denial of
120	the registration or renewal of any of the owner's motor vehicles.
121	i. Notice that the owner's ability to rebut the presumption that the owner or an employee of the owner
122	was the operator of the motor vehicle at the time of the alleged violation and the means for rebutting the
123	presumption.
124	(j) Evidence; witnesses.
125	(1) A certificate alleging that a violation of a State, county, or municipal law restricting the presence of a
126	certain motor vehicle during a certain time occurred and that the requirements under subsections (d) and (f) of this
127	section have been met and affirmed by a duly authorized law-enforcement officer based on inspection of a recorded
128	image produced by a vehicle height monitoring system is both of the following:
129	a. Evidence of the facts contained in the certificate.
130	b. Admissible in a proceeding alleging a violation under this section without the presence or testimony of
131	the vehicle height monitoring system technician.
132	(2) A recorded image from a vehicle height monitoring system is evidence of a violation only if the image
133	shows all of the following:
134	a. The front or side of a motor vehicle.
135	b. At least 2 time-stamped recorded images of the motor vehicle that include the same stationary object
136	near the motor vehicle.
137	c. On at least 1 recorded image, a clear and legible identification of the entire registration plate number of
138	the motor vehicle.

139	(3) If an owner or driver who received a notice of violation under this section desires the vehicle height
140	monitoring system technician to be present and testify at trial, the owner or driver shall notify the court and the State,
141	county, or municipality, whichever issued the notice of violation, in writing no later than 20 days before trial.
142	(4) Adjudication of liability is based on a preponderance of the evidence.
143	(k) Defenses.
144	(1) The court may consider in defense of a violation either of the following:
145	a. Subject to paragraph (k)(2) of this section, that the motor vehicle or the registration plates of the motor
146	vehicle were stolen before the violation occurred and were not under the control or possession of the owner, an
147	employee of the owner, or the driver at the time of the violation.
148	b. Any other issue or evidence that the court deems pertinent.
149	(2) To demonstration a defense under paragraph (k)(1) of this section, the owner or driver must submit proof
150	that a police report regarding the stolen motor vehicle or registration plates was filed in a timely manner.
151	(1) Status of violation. A violation for which a civil penalty is imposed under this section is not a moving violation
152	for the purpose of assessing points under § 2208, Title 2 of the Delaware Administrative Code, and may not be any of the
153	following:
154	(1) Recorded on the driving record of the owner, an employee of the owner, or driver of the motor vehicle.
155	(2) Treated as a parking violation under State, county, or municipal law.
156	(3) Considered in the provision of motor vehicle insurance coverage.
157	(m) Adoption of procedures for issuance of citations. The Justice of the Peace Court, upon approval by the Chief
158	Justice, may develop court rules, administrative directives, or other forms of policies for handling violations under this
159	section.
160	(n) Administration and processing of citations.
161	(1) The State or a county or municipality, or a contractor designated by the State or a county or municipality,
162	shall administer and process civil citations issued under this section in coordination with the court.
163	(2) If a contractor operates a vehicle height monitoring system on behalf of the State or a county or
164	municipality, the contractor's fee may not be contingent on the number of citations issued or paid.
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SYNOPSIS

This Act authorizes the State and its counties and municipalities to install and use vehicle height monitoring systems ("vehicle height monitoring system") to assist in the enforcement of applicable State, county, or municipal law regarding motor vehicle size. This Act is patterned after Maryland's vehicle height monitoring system law, under which the City of Baltimore recently implemented an ordinance to use vehicle height monitoring system.

This Act does not create a new violation. It does establish the following:

- Requirements for the Department of Transportation ("DelDOT") to conduct the initial identification of potential locations for vehicle height monitoring system and analysis of the appropriateness of each location.
- Requirements for the Department of Safety and Homeland Security ("DSHS") to select a system vendor for use by the State, counties, and municipalities through an open competitive procurement process.
- Requirements for DSHS to approve and install vehicle height monitoring systems on State-maintained roads.
- Requirements for a county or municipality to approve and install vehicle height monitoring system on the roads maintained by the county or municipality. A county or municipality must adopt an ordinance before approving or installing a vehicle height monitoring system.
- Requirements and maintenance of vehicle height monitoring system, including the designation of a vehicle height monitoring system technician to maintain a daily set-up log for each vehicle height monitoring system in use. Daily set-up logs may be admitted as evidence in any court proceeding for a violation captured by a vehicle height monitoring system.
- That the owner of a motor vehicle captured by a vehicle height monitoring system is liable for the violation, unless the owner can demonstrate that someone else was in control or possession of the motor vehicle when the violation occurred.
- A civil penalty under this section is limited to \$250 for second violations, and \$500 for third and subsequent violations. A first violation is subject only to a warning notice, with no fine.
- Requirements for the information that must be included in a citation under this section and that a citation must be mailed within 30 days of the violation.
- What must be included in an image recorded by a vehicle height monitoring system to use the image as evidence.
- Limitations on the consequences of being liable under this section. A violation may not be used to assess points on the person's driver license, recorded on the person's driving record, treated as a parking violation, or considered in the provision of motor vehicle insurance coverage.
- The State or a county or municipality may designate a contractor to administer and process citations under this section, but a contractor's fee may not be contingent on the number of citations issued or paid.
- That this section does not apply to certain vehicles, such as emergency vehicles or school buses.

Under this Act, the owner of a motor vehicle is liable for a violation that occurs while the owner uses the vehicle or an employee of the owner uses the vehicle for the purposes of employment. If, however, a driver other than an employee of the owner violates this Act while using the owner's vehicle, a mechanism is in place to allow the owner to rebut the presumption that the owner was driving the vehicle at the time of the violation (see line 121).

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