

SPONSOR: Sen. Paradee & Rep. Bush

DELAWARE STATE SENATE 150th GENERAL ASSEMBLY

SENATE BILL NO. 132

AN ACT TO AMEND TITLE 18 OF THE DELAWARE CODE RELATING TO THE LIFE AND HEALTH INSURANCE GUARANTY ASSOCIATION ACT.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF DELAWARE:

1 Section 1. Amend § 4402, Title 18 of the Delaware Code by making deletions as shown by strike through and

2 insertions as shown by underline as follows:

3 § 4402. Purpose.

4 The purpose of this chapter is to protect, subject to certain limitations, the persons specified in § 4403(a) of this 5 title against failure in the performance of contractual obligations, under life and health insurance policies-life, health, and 6 annuity policies, plans, or contracts specified in § 4403(b) of this title, because of the impairment or insolvency of the 7 member insurer that issued the policies policies, plans, or contracts. To provide this protection, an association of member 8 insurers is created to pay benefits and to continue coverage as limited herein in this chapter, and members of the 9 Association are subject to assessment to provide funds to carry out the purpose of this chapter. 10 Section 2. Amend § 4403, Title 18 of the Delaware Code by making deletions as shown by strike through and insertions as shown by underline as follows: 11 § 4403. Coverage and limitations. 12 13 (a) This chapter shall provide coverage for the policies and contracts specified in subsection (b) of this section: 14 (1) To persons who, regardless of where they reside (except for nonresident certificate holders under group

policies or contracts), are the beneficiaries, <u>assignees_assignees_assignees_payees_payees, including health care providers</u> rendering services covered under health insurance policies or certificates, of the persons covered under paragraph

- 17 (a)(2) of this section;
- (2) To persons who are owners of or certificate holders or enrollees under such policies or contracts (other
 than unallocated annuity contracts, and structured settlement annuities) and in each case who:
- 20 a. Are residents; or
 - b. Are not residents, but only under all of the following conditions:
- 1. The <u>member</u> insurer which issued such policies or contracts is domiciled in this State;

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- 23 2. The states in which the persons reside have associations similar to the Association created by this
 24 chapter;
- 25 3. The persons are not eligible for coverage by an association in any other state due to the fact that 26 the insurer insurer, managed care organization, or health maintenance organization was not licensed in the 27 state at the time specified in the state's guaranty association law.
- 28 (5) This chapter shall not provide coverage to:
- a. A person who is a payee (or beneficiary) of a contract owner resident of this State if the payee (or
 beneficiary) is afforded any coverage by the association of another state; or
- b. A person covered under paragraph (a)(3) of this section if any coverage is provided by the association
 of another state to the person. person; or
- 33 <u>c. A person who acquires rights to receive payments through a structured settlement factoring transaction,</u>
 34 <u>as defined in 26 U.S.C. § 5891(c)(3)(A), regardless of whether the transaction occurred before or after 26 U.S.C. §</u>
 35 5891(c)(3)(A) became effective.
- 36 (6) This chapter is intended to provide coverage to a person who is a resident of this State and, in special 37 circumstances, to a nonresident. In order to avoid duplicate coverage, if a person who would otherwise receive 38 coverage under this chapter is provided coverage under the laws of any other state, the person shall not be provided 39 coverage under this chapter. In determining the application of the provisions of this paragraph in situations where a 40 person could be covered by the association of more than 1 state, whether as an owner, payee, <u>enrollee</u>, <u>beneficiary</u> 41 <u>beneficiary</u>, or assignee, this chapter shall be construed in conjunction with other state laws to result in coverage by 42 only one association.

(b)(1) This chapter shall provide coverage to the persons specified in subsection (a) of this section for policies or 43 44 contracts of direct, nongroup life, life insurance; health insurance, which for the purposes of this chapter includes managed 45 care organization and health maintenance organization subscriber contracts and certificates; or annuity policies or contracts 46 and supplemental contracts to any of these, annuities for certificates under direct group policies and contracts, and for 47 supplemental contracts to any of these, and for unallocated annuity contracts - contracts, in each case issued by member 48 insurers, insurers, except as limited by this chapter. Annuity contracts and certificates under group annuity contracts include 49 but are not limited to guaranteed investment contracts, deposit administration contracts, unallocated funding agreements, 50 structured settlement annuities, annuities issued to or in connection with government lotteries, and any immediate or 51 deferred annuity contracts.

52	(2) This Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (b)(3) of this section, this chapter shall not provide
53	coverage for the following:
54	a. Any portion of a policy or contract not guaranteed by the member insurer or under which the risk is
55	borne by the policy or contract owner;
56	d. Any portion of a policy or contract issued to a plan or program of an employer, association or other
57	person to provide life, health or annuity benefits to its employees, members or others to the extent that such plan or
58	program is self-funded or uninsured, including but not limited to benefits payable by an employer, association
59	association, or other person under any of the following:
60	1. A multiple employer welfare arrangement_arrangement, as defined in 29 U.S.C. § 1144; Section
61	3(40) of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (29 U.S.C. § 1002(40));
62	2. A minimum premium group insurance plan;
63	3. A stop-loss group insurance plan; or
64	4. An administrative services only contract;
65	j. An obligation that does not arise under the express written terms of the policy or contract issued by the
66	member insurer to the enrollee, certificate holder, contract owner owner, or policy owner, including without
67	limitation: including:
68	1. Claims based on marketing materials;
69	2. Claims based on side letters, riders or other documents that were issued by the member insurer
70	without meeting applicable policy or contract form filing or approval requirements;
71	3. Misrepresentations of or regarding policy or contract benefits;
72	4. Extracontractual claims; or
73	5. A claim for penalties or consequential or incidental damages; and
74	1. A portion of a policy or contract to the extent it provides for interest or other changes in value to be
75	determined by the use of an index or other external reference stated in the policy or contract but which have not
76	been credited to the policy or contract, or as to which the policy or contract owner's rights are subject to forfeiture,
77	as of the date the member insurer becomes an impaired or insolvent insurer under this chapter, whichever is
78	earlier. If a policy's or contract's interest or changes in value are credited less frequently than annually, then for
79	purposes of determining the values that have been credited and are not subject to forfeiture under this paragraph
80	(b)(2)a. (b)(2)l. of this section, the interest or change in value determined by using the procedures defined in the

81	policy or contract will be credited as if the contractual date of crediting interest or changing values was the date of
82	impairment or insolvency, whichever is earlier, and will not be subject to forfeiture.
83	m. Any employer owned life insurance policy, as defined in § 2704(e) of this title.
84	n. A policy or contract providing any hospital, medical, prescription drug-drug, or other health-care
85	benefits pursuant to under Part C or Part D of Subchapter XVIII, Chapter 7 of Title 42 of the U.S.C. (commonly
86	known as Medicare Part C and D) or Part C and D); Subchapter XIX, Chapter 7 of Title 42 of the U.S.C.
87	(commonly known as Medicaid); or any regulations issued pursuant thereto. under either of these provisions.
88	o. Structured settlement annuity benefits to which a payee or beneficiary has transferred the payee's or
89	beneficiary's rights in a structured settlement factoring transaction, as defined in 26 U.S.C. § 5891(c)(3)(A),
90	regardless of whether the transaction occurred before or after 26 U.S.C. § 5891(c)(3)(A) became effective.
91	(3) The exclusion from coverage under paragraph (2)c. of this section does not apply to any portion of a
92	policy or contract, including rider, that provides long-term care or any other health insurance benefits.
93	(c) The benefits that the Association may become obligated to cover shall in no event exceed the lesser of the
94	following:
95	(1) The contractual obligations for which the <u>member</u> insurer is liable or would have been liable if it were not
96	an impaired or insolvent insurer; or
97	(2)a. With respect to any one life, regardless of the number of policies or contracts:
98	1. \$300,000 in life insurance death benefits, but not more than \$100,000 in net cash surrender and net
99	cash withdrawal values for life insurance;
100	2. In-For health insurance benefits:
101	A. \$100,000 for coverages not defined as disability income insurance or insurance, health benefit
102	plans, or long-term care insurance basic hospital, medical and surgical insurance or major medical
103	insurance including any net cash surrender and net cash withdrawal values;
104	B. \$300,000 for disability income insurance and \$300,000 for long-term care insurance. For
105	purposes of this section, "disability income insurance" shall mean means the type of policy which pays a
106	monthly or weekly amount if an individual is disabled and cannot work. "Long-term care insurance" shall
107	have the meaning means as defined in § 7103(5) of this title.title;
108	C. \$500,000 for basic hospital, medical and surgical insurance or major medical insurance For
109	purposes of this section "basic hospital, medical and surgical insurance" shall mean a policy which pays a
110	certain portion of hospital room and board costs each day. This type of policy also pays for hospital

111services and supplies such as x-rays, lab tests, medicine and other items up to a stated amount. "Major112medical insurance" shall mean health insurance to finance the expense of major illness and injury113characterized by large benefits maximums. This type of insurance reimburses the major part of all114charges for hospital, doctor, private nurses, medical appliances, prescribed out-of-hospital treatment,115drugs and medicines above an initial deductible. The insured person as coinsurer pays the remainder; or116health benefit plans; or

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 3. \$250,000 in present value of annuity benefits including net cash surrender and net cash withdrawal

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 values.
- b. With respect to each individual participating in a governmental retirement benefit plan established
 under § 401, § 403(b) or § 457 of the U.S. Internal Revenue Code (26 U.S.C. § 401, § 403(b) or § 457) covered by
 an unallocated annuity contract, or the beneficiaries of each such individual if deceased, \$250,000 in the aggregate
 in present value annuity benefits, including net cash surrender and net cash withdrawal values;
- c. With respect to each payee of a structured settlement annuity (or beneficiary or beneficiaries of the
 payee, if deceased), \$250,000 in present value annuity benefits, in the aggregate, including net cash surrender and
 net cash withdrawal values, if any;
- 126 d. However, in no event shall the Association be obligated to cover more than (i) an aggregate of 127 \$300,000 in benefits with respect to any 1 life under paragraphs (c)(2)a., $\frac{(c)(2)b.}{(c)(2)b.}$, and (c)(2)c. of this 128 section except with respect to benefits for basic hospital, medical and surgical insurance and major medical 129 insurance health benefit plans under paragraph (c)(2)a.2. of this section, in which case the aggregate liability of 130 the Association shall not exceed \$500,000 with respect to any 1 individual; or (ii) with respect to 1 owner of 131 multiple nongroup policies of life insurance, whether the policy or contract owner is an individual, firm, 132 corporation corporation, or other person, and whether the persons insured are officers, managers, employees 133 employees, or other persons, more than \$1,000,000 in benefits, regardless of the number of policies and contracts 134 held by the owner;
- 135 f. The limitations set forth in this subsection are limitations on the benefits for which the Association is 136 obligated before taking into account either its subrogation and assignment rights or the extent to which those 137 benefits could be provided out of the assets of the impaired or insolvent insurer attributable to covered policies. 138 The costs of the Association's obligations under this chapter may be met by the use of assets attributable to 139 covered policies or reimbursed to the Association pursuant to its subrogation and assignment rights.

140 g. For purposes of this chapter, benefits provided by a long-term care rider to a life insurance policy or annuity contract are considered the same type of benefits as the base life insurance policy or annuity contract to 141 142 which it relates. 143 (d) In performing its obligations to provide coverage under § 4408 of this title, the Association shall not be 144 required to guarantee, assume, reinsure, reissue, or perform, or cause to be guaranteed, assumed, reinsured 145 reinsured, reissued, or performed, the contractual obligations of the insolvent or impaired insurer under a covered policy or 146 contract that do not materially affect the economic values or economic benefits of the covered policy or contract. 147 Section 3. Amend § 4405, Title 18 of the Delaware Code by making deletions as shown by strike through, 148 insertions as shown by underline and by redesignating accordingly: 149 § 4405. Definitions. As used in this chapter: 150 151 (8) "Covered contract" or "covered policy" means a policy or contract or portion of a policy or contract for 152 which coverage is provided under § 4403 of this title. 153 (9) "Extracontractual claims" shall include, for example, includes claims relating to bad faith in the payment 154 of claims, punitive or exemplary damages, or attorneys' fees and costs. 155 (10) "Health benefit plan" means any hospital or medical expense policy or certificate, managed care 156 organization or health maintenance organization subscriber contract, or any other similar health contract. "Health 157 benefit plan" does not include any of the following: a. Accident only insurance. 158 159 b. Credit insurance. 160 c. Dental insurance. 161 d. Vision only insurance. 162 e. Medicare Supplement insurance. 163 f. Benefits for long-term care, home health care, community-based care, or any combination thereof. 164 g. Disability income insurance. 165 h. Coverage for on-site medical clinics. 166 i. Specified disease, hospital confinement indemnity, or limited benefit health insurance if the types of 167 coverage do not provide coordination of benefits and are provided under separate policies or certificates. (12) (13) "Member insurer" means an insurer insurer, managed care organization, or health maintenance 168 169 organization licensed or that holds a certificate of authority to transact in this State any kind of insurance insurance,

- 170 <u>managed care organization, or health maintenance organization business</u> for which coverage is provided under § 4403
- 171 of this title, and includes an insurer insurer, managed care organization, or health maintenance organization whose
- 172 license or certificate of authority in this State may have been suspended, revoked, not renewed or voluntarily
- 173 withdrawn, but does not include:
- a. A hospital or medical service organization, whether profit or nonprofit;
- b.A health maintenance organization; [Repealed.]
- 176 c. A fraternal benefit society;
- 177 d. A mandatory state pooling plan;
- 178 e. A mutual assessment company or other person that operates on an assessment basis;
- 179 f. An insurance exchange;
- 180 g. An organization which has a certificate or license limited to the issuance of charitable gift annuities; or181 h. An entity similar to any of the above.
- 182 (14) (15) "Owner" of a policy or contract and "policyholder", "policy owner" owner", and "contract owner"
 183 mean the person who is identified as the legal owner under the terms of the policy or contract or who is otherwise
 184 vested with legal title to the policy or contract through a valid assignment completed in accordance with the terms of
 185 the policy or contract and properly recorded as the owner on the books of the member insurer. The terms owner,
 186 contract owner-owner, policyholder, and policy owner do not include persons with a mere beneficial interest in a policy
 187 or contract.
- (17) (18) "Premiums" means amounts or considerations (by whatever name called) received on covered
 policies or contracts less returned premiums, considerations and deposits and less dividends and experience credits.
 "Premiums" does not include amounts or considerations received for policies or contracts or for the portions of policies
 or contracts for which coverage is not provided under § 4403(b) of this title except that assessable premium shall not be
 reduced on account of § 4403(b)(2)c. of this title relating to interest limitations and § 4403(c)(2) of this title relating to
 limitations with respect to 1 individual, 1 participant_participant, and 1 policy or contract owner. "Premiums" shall
 does not include:
- 195a. Premiums in excess of \$1,000,000 on an unallocated annuity contract not issued under a governmental196retirement benefit plan (or its trustee) established under § 401, § 403(b) or § 457 of the United States Internal197Revenue Code [26 U.S.C. § 401, § 403(b) or § 457], or
- b. With respect to multiple nongroup policies of life insurance owned by 1 owner, whether the policy or
 <u>contract</u> owner is an individual, firm, <u>corporation corporation</u>, or other person, and whether the persons insured are

200 officers, managers, <u>employees_employees</u>, or other persons, premiums in excess of \$1,000,000 with respect to 201 these policies or contracts, regardless of the number of policies or contracts held by the owner.

202 (<u>18) (19)</u>a. "Principal place of business" of a plan sponsor or a person other than a natural person means the 203 single state in which the natural persons who establish policy for the direction, control and coordination of the 204 operations of the entity as a whole primarily exercise that function, determined by the Association in its reasonable 205 judgment by considering the following factors:

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1. The state in which the primary executive and administrative headquarters of the entity is located;

- 2. The state in which the principal office of the chief executive officer of the entity is located;
- 208 3. The state in which the board of directors (or similar governing person or persons) of the entity
 209 conducts the majority of its meetings;
- 4. The state in which the executive or management committee of the board of directors (or similar
 governing person or persons) of the entity conducts the majority of its meeting;
 - 5. The state from which the management of the overall operations of the entity is directed; and
- 6. In the case of a benefit plan sponsored by affiliated companies comprising a consolidated corporation, the state in which the holding company or controlling affiliate has its principal place of business as determined using the above factors.
- However, in the case of a plan sponsor, if more than 50 percent of the participants in the benefit plan are employed in a single state, that state shall be deemed to be the principal place of business of the plan sponsor.
- b. The principal place of business of a plan sponsor of a benefit plan described in paragraph (16)c. paragraph (17)c. of this section shall be deemed to be the principal place of business of the association, committee, joint board of trustees or other similar group of representatives of the parties who establish or maintain the benefit plan that, in lieu of a specific or clear designation of a principal place of business, shall be deemed to be the principal place of business of the employer or employee organization that has the largest investment in the benefit plan in question.
- (19) "Receivership court" means the court in the insolvent or impaired insurer's state having jurisdiction over
 the conservation, rehabilitation or liquidation of the member insurer.
- (20) "Resident" means a person to whom a contractual obligation is owed and who resides in this State on the date of entry of a court order that determines a member insurer to be an impaired insurer or a court order that determines a member insurer to be an insolvent insurer, whichever occurs first. insurer. A person may be a resident of only 1 state, which in the case of a person other than a natural person shall be its principal place of business. Citizens

- 230 of the United States that are either (i) residents of foreign countries, or (ii) residents of United States possessions,
- territories or protectorates that do not have an association similar to the Association created by this chapter shall bedeemed residents of the state of domicile of the member insurer that issued the policies or contracts.
- (22) "State" means a state, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, or a United States possession, territory or
 protectorate. "State," when capitalized, means the State of Delaware.

Section 4. Amend § 4406, Title 18 of the Delaware Code by making deletions as shown by strike through and
 insertions as shown by underline as follows:

\$ 4406. Delaware Life and Health Insurance Guaranty Association — Created; accounts; supervision.

(a) There is created a nonprofit legal entity to be known as the Delaware Life and Health Insurance Guaranty
Association. All member insurers shall be and remain members of the Association as a condition of their authority to
transact insurance insurance, managed care organization, or health maintenance organization business in this State. The
Association shall perform its functions under the plan of operation established and approved under § 4410 of this title, and
shall exercise its powers through a Board of Directors established under § 4407 of this title. For purposes of administration
and assessment, the Association shall maintain 2 accounts:

- 245 and assessment, the Association shall maintain 2 accounts
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(1) The life insurance and annuity account, which includes the following subaccounts:

245 a. Life insurance account;

246b. Annuity account, which shall include annuity contracts owned by a governmental retirement plan (or247its trustee) established under § 401, § 403(b) or § 457 of the United States Internal Revenue Code [26 U.S.C. §

- 248 401, § 403(b) or § 457], but shall otherwise exclude unallocated annuities; and
- 249c. Unallocated annuity account, which shall exclude contracts owned by a governmental retirement250benefit plan (or its trustee) established under § 401, § 403(b) or § 457 of the United States Internal Revenue Code
- 251 [26 U.S.C. § 401, § 403(b) or § 457].
- 252 (2) The health insurance-account.
- 253 (b) The Association shall come under the immediate supervision of the Commissioner and shall be subject to the
- applicable provisions of the insurance laws of this State.
- 255 Section 5. Amend § 4408, Title 18 of the Delaware Code by making deletions as shown by strike through and
- 256 insertions as shown by underline as follows:
- 257 § 4408. Powers and duties of the Association.

258 (a) If a member insurer is an impaired insurer, the Association may, in its discretion, and subject to any conditions 259 imposed by the Association that do not impair the contractual obligations of the impaired insurer and that are approved by 260 the Commissioner: 261 (1) Guarantee, assume assume, reissue, or reinsure, or cause to be guaranteed, assumed, reissued, or reinsured, 262 any or all of the policies or contracts of the impaired insurer; or 263 (2) Provide such moneys, pledges, loans, notes, guarantees or other means as are proper to effectuate 264 paragraph (a)(1) of this section and assure payment of the contractual obligations of the impaired insurer pending 265 action under paragraph (a)(1) of this section. 266 (b) If a member insurer is an insolvent insurer, the Association shall, in its discretion, either: 267 (1)a.1. Guaranty, assume Guarantee, assume, reissue, or reinsure, or cause to be guaranteed, assumed 268 assumed, reissued, or reinsured, the policies or contracts of the insolvent insurer; or 269 2. Assure payment of the contractual obligations of the insolvent insurer; and 270 b. Provide moneys, pledges, loans, notes, guarantees or other means reasonably necessary to discharge 271 the Association's duties; or 272 (2) Provide benefits and coverages in accordance with the following provisions: 273 a. With respect to life and health insurance policies and annuities, policies and contracts, assure payment 274 of benefits for premiums identical to the premiums and benefits (except for terms of conversation and 275 renewability) that would have been payable under the policies or contracts of the insolvent insurer, for claims 276 incurred: 277 1. With respect to group policies and contracts, not later than the earlier of the next renewal date 278 under those policies or contracts or 45 days, but in no event less than 30 days, after the date on which the 279 Association becomes obligated with respect to the policies and contracts; 280 2. With respect to nongroup policies, contracts and annuities, not later than the earlier of the next 281 renewal date (if any) under the policies or contracts or 1 year, but in no event less than 30 days from the date 282 on which the Association becomes obligated with respect to the policies or contracts; b. Make diligent efforts to provide all known insureds insureds, enrollees, or annuitants (for nongroup 283 284 policies and contracts), or group policy or contract owners with respect to group policies and contracts, 30 days' 285 notice of the termination (pursuant to termination, under paragraph (b)(2)a. of this section) section, of the benefits 286 provided;

287 c. With respect to nongroup life and health insurance policies and annuities policies and contracts covered 288 by the Association, make available to each known insured insured, enrollee, or annuitant, or owner if other than 289 the insured or annuitant, and with respect to an individual formerly insured an insured, enrollee, or formerly an 290 annuitant under a group policy or contract who is not eligible for replacement group coverage, make available 291 substitute coverage on an individual basis in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (b)(2)d, of this section, if 292 the insureds insureds, enrollees, or annuitants had a right under law or the terminated policy policy, contract, or 293 annuity to convert coverage to individual coverage or to continue an individual policy policy, contract, or annuity 294 in force until a specified age or for a specified time during which the insurer insurer, managed care organization, 295 or health maintenance organization had no right unilaterally to make changes in any provision of the policy, 296 contract, or annuity or had a right only to make changes in premium by class;

(3)a. In providing the substitute coverage required under paragraph (b)(2)c. of this section, the Association
 may offer either to reissue the terminated coverage or to issue an alternative policy. policy or contract at actuarially
 justified rates.

- b. Alternative or reissued policies or contracts shall be offered without requiring evidence of insurability,
 and shall not provide for any waiting period or exclusion that would not have applied under the terminated policy.
 policy or contract.
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c. The Association may reinsure any alternative or reissued policy. policy or contract.

304 (4)a. Alternative policies <u>or contracts</u> adopted by the Association shall be subject to the approval of the
 305 domiciliary insurance commissioner and the receivership court. <u>Commissioner</u>. The Association may adopt alternative
 306 policies <u>or contracts</u> of various types for future issuance without regard to any particular impairment or insolvency.

307b. Alternative policies or contracts shall contain at least the minimum statutory provisions required in this308State and provide benefits that shall not be unreasonable in relation to the premium charged. The Association shall309set the premium in accordance with a table of rates that it shall adopt. The premium shall reflect the amount of310insurance to be provided and the age and class of risk of each insured, but shall not reflect any changes in the311health of the insured after the original policy or contract was last underwritten.

c. Any alternative policy <u>or contract</u> issued by the Association shall provide coverage of a type similar to
 that of the policy <u>or contract</u> issued by the impaired or insolvent insurer, as determined by the Association.

(5) If the Association elects to reissue terminated coverage at a premium rate different from that charged
 under the terminated policy, policy or contract, the premium shall be <u>actuarially justified and set</u> by the Association in

316 accordance with the amount of insurance or coverage provided and the age and class of risk, subject to prior approval

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of the domiciliary insurance commissioner and the receivership court. Commissioner.

318 (6) The Association's obligations with respect to coverage under any policy or contract of the impaired or 319 insolvent insurer or under any reissued or alternative policy or contract shall cease on the date the coverage or policy 320 coverage, policy, or contract is replaced by another similar policy or contract by the policy or contract owner, the 321 insured insured, the enrollee, or the Association.

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(7) When proceeding under paragraph (b)(2) of this section with respect to a policy or contract carrying 323 guaranteed minimum interest rates, the Association shall assure the payment or crediting of a rate of interest consistent 324 with \S 4403(b)(2)c. of this title.

325 (c) Nonpayment of premiums within 31 days after the date required under the terms of any guaranteed, assumed, 326 alternative alternative, or reissued policy or contract or substitute coverage shall terminate the Association's obligations 327 under the policy policy, contract, or coverage under this chapter with respect to the policy policy, contract, or coverage, 328 except with respect to any claims incurred or any net cash surrender value which may be due in accordance with under this 329 chapter.

330 (g) A deposit in this State held pursuant to law or required by the Commissioner for the benefit of creditors, 331 including policy or contract owners, not turned over to the domiciliary liquidator upon the entry of a final order of 332 liquidation or order approving a rehabilitation plan of an a member insurer domiciled in this State or in a reciprocal state, 333 shall be promptly paid to the Association. The Association shall be entitled to retain a portion of any amount so paid to it 334 equal to the percentage determined by dividing the aggregate amount of policy or contract owners claims related to that 335 insolvency for which the Association has provided statutory benefits by the aggregate amount of all policy or contract 336 owners' claims in this State related to that insolvency and shall remit to the domiciliary receiver the amount so paid to the 337 Association less the amount retained pursuant to this subsection. Any amount so paid to the Association and retained by it 338 shall be treated as a distribution of estate assets pursuant to under § 5911 of this title or similar provision of the state of 339 domicile of the impaired or insolvent insurer.

340 (j) The Association shall have standing to appear or intervene before a court or agency in this State with 341 jurisdiction over an impaired or insolvent insurer concerning which the Association is or may become obligated under this 342 chapter or with jurisdiction over any person or property against which the Association may have rights through subrogation 343 or otherwise. Standing shall extend to all matters germane to the powers and duties of the Association, including, but not 344 limited to, including proposals for reinsuring, modifying reissuing, modifying, or guaranteeing the policies or contracts of 345 the impaired or insolvent insurer and the determination of the policies or contracts and contractual obligations. The

Association shall also have the right to appear or intervene before a court or agency in another state with jurisdiction over an impaired or insolvent insurer for which the Association is or may become obligated or with jurisdiction over any person or property against whom the Association may have rights through subrogation or otherwise.

(k)(1) A person receiving benefits under this chapter shall be deemed to have assigned the rights under, and any causes of action against any person for losses arising under, resulting from or otherwise relating to, the covered policy or contract to the Association to the extent of the benefits received because of this chapter, whether the benefits are payments of or on account of contractual obligations, continuation of <u>coverage coverage</u>, or provision of substitute or alternative policies, <u>contracts</u>, <u>or</u> coverages. The Association may require an assignment to it of such rights and cause of action by any enrollee, payee, policy or contract owner, beneficiary, <u>insured insured</u>, or annuitant as a condition precedent to the receipt of any right or benefits conferred by this chapter upon the person.

356 (2) The subrogation rights of the Association under this subsection shall have the same priority against the assets of the impaired or insolvent insurer as that possessed by the person entitled to receive benefits under this chapter. 357 358 (3) In addition to paragraphs (k)(1) and (2) of this section, the Association shall have all common-law rights 359 of subrogation and any other equitable or legal remedy that would have been available to the impaired or insolvent 360 insurer or owner, beneficiary beneficiary, enrollee, or payee of a policy or contract with respect to the policy or 361 contracts (including without limitation, contracts, including in the case of a structured settlement annuity, any rights of 362 the owner, beneficiary or payee of the annuity, to the extent of benefits received pursuant under this chapter, against a 363 person originally or by succession responsible for the losses arising from the personal injury relating to the annuity or 364 payment therefor, excepting any such person responsible solely by reason of serving as an assignee in respect of a 365 qualified assignment under Internal Revenue Code § 130 [26 U.S.C. § 130]). § 130].

(4) If the preceding provisions paragraphs (k)(1) through (k)(3) of this subsection are invalid or ineffective
 with respect to any person or claim for any reason, the amount payable by the Association with respect to the related
 covered obligations shall be reduced by the amount realized by any other person with respect to the person or claim
 that is attributable to the policies or contracts, (or portion thereof) or portion thereof, covered by the Association.

370 (5) If the Association has provided benefits with respect to a covered obligation and a person recovers 371 amounts as to which the Association has rights as described in the preceding paragraphs paragraphs (k)(1) through 372 (k)(4) of this subsection, the person shall pay to the Association the portion of the recovery attributable to the policies 373 or contracts, (or portion thereof) or portion thereof, covered by the Association.

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(*l*) In addition to the rights and powers elsewhere in this chapter, the Association may:

- 375 (3) Borrow money to effect the purposes of this chapter; any notes or other evidence of indebtedness of the
 376 Association not in default shall be legal investments for domestic <u>member</u> insurers and may be carried as admitted
 377 assets;
- (6) Exercise, for the purposes of this chapter and to the extent approved by the Commissioner, the powers of a
 domestic life insurer, or health insurer; insurer, managed care organization, or health maintenance organization; but in
 no case may the Association issue insurance policies or annuity contracts other than those issued to perform its
 obligations under this chapter;
- 382

(7) Organize itself as a corporation or in other legal form permitted by the laws of the this State;

(8) Request information from a person seeking coverage from the Association in order to aid the Association
 in determining its obligations under this chapter with respect to the person; and the person shall promptly comply with
 the request; and

(9) Unless prohibited by law, in accordance with the terms and conditions of the policy or contract, file for
 actuarially justified rate or premium increases for any policy or contract for which it provides coverage under this
 chapter; and

389 (9) (10) Take other necessary or appropriate action to discharge its duties and obligations under this chapter or
 390 to exercise its powers under this chapter.

(n)(1) At any time within 180 days of the date of the order of liquidation, the Association may elect to succeed to the rights and obligations of the ceding member insurer that relate to policies <u>policies</u>, <u>contracts</u>, or annuities covered (in whole or in part) <u>covered</u>, in whole or part, by the Association, in each case under any 1 or more reinsurance contract or contracts entered into by the insolvent insurer and its reinsurers and selected by the Association. Any such assumption shall be effective as of the date of the order of liquidation. The election shall be effected by the Association or the National Organization of Life and Health Insurance Guaranty Associations (NOLHGA) on its behalf sending written notice, return receipt requested, to the affected reinsurers.

398 (2) To facilitate the earliest practicable decision about whether to assume any of the contracts of reinsurance
 and to protect the financial position of the estate, the receiver and each reinsurer of the ceding member insurer shall
 make available, upon request, to the Association or to NOLHGA on its behalf as soon as possible after commencement

401 of formal delinquency proceedings:

402a. Copies of in-force contracts of reinsurance and all related files and records relevant to the403determination of whether such contracts should be assumed; and

- 404 b. Notices of any defaults under the reinsurance contracts or any known event or condition which, with 405 the passage of time, could become a default under the reinsurance contracts.
- 406 (3) The following paragraphs (n)(3)a. through f. of this section shall apply to reinsurance contracts so assumed
 407 by the Association:
- 408a. The Association shall be responsible for all unpaid premiums due under the reinsurance contracts for409periods both before and after the date of the order of liquidation, and shall be responsible for the performance of410all other obligations to be performed after the date of the order of liquidation, in each case which relate to policies411policies, contracts, or annuities covered (in whole or in part) covered, in whole or part, by the Association. The412Association may charge policies policies, contracts, or annuities covered in part by the Association, through413reasonable allocation methods, the costs for reinsurance in excess of the obligations of the Association and shall414provide notice and an accounting of these charges to the liquidator.
- b. The Association shall be entitled to any and all amounts payable by the reinsurer under the reinsurance contracts with respect to losses or events that occur in periods after the date of the order of liquidation and that relate to policies policies, contracts, or annuities covered (in whole or in part) covered, in whole or part, by the Association, provided that, if, upon receipt of any such amounts the Association shall be obligated to pay to the beneficiary under the policy policy, contract, or annuity on account of which the amounts were paid a portion of the amount equal to the lesser of:
- 421

1. The amount received by the Association; and

2. The excess of the amount received by the Association, over the amount equal to the benefits paid
by the Association on account of the policy policy, contract, or annuity less the retention of the insurer
applicable to the loss or event.

425 c. Within 30 days following the Association's election (the "election date"), the Association and each 426 reinsurer under contracts assumed by the Association shall calculate the net balance due to or from the Association 427 under each reinsurance contract as of the election date with respect to policies, contracts, or annuities 428 covered, in whole or in part, by the Association, which calculation shall give full credit to all items paid by either 429 the <u>member</u> insurer or its receiver or the reinsurer prior to before the election date. The reinsurer shall pay the 430 receiver any amounts due for losses or events prior to before the date of the order of liquidation, subject to any set-431 off for premiums unpaid for periods prior to the date, and the Association or reinsurer shall pay any remaining 432 balance due the other, in each case within 5 days of the completion of the aforementioned calculation. Any 433 disputes over the amounts due to either the Association or the reinsurer shall be resolved by arbitration pursuant to under the terms of the affected reinsurance contracts or, if the contract contains no arbitration clause, as otherwise
 provided by law. If the receiver has received any amounts due the Association pursuant to <u>under</u> paragraph
 (n)(3)b. of this section, the receiver shall remit the same to the Association as promptly as practicable.

d.1. If the Association or the receiver, on the Associations' behalf, within 60 days of the election date, pays the unpaid premiums due for periods both before and after the election date that relate to policies <u>policies</u>, contracts, or annuities covered (in whole or in part) <u>covered, in whole or part</u>, by the Association, the reinsurer shall not be entitled to terminate the reinsurance contracts for failure to pay a premium insofar as the reinsurance contracts relate to policies <u>policies</u>, <u>contracts</u>, or annuities covered, in whole or in part, by the Association, and shall not be entitled to set off any unpaid amounts due under other contracts, or unpaid amounts due from parties other than the Association, against amounts due the Association.

2. During the period from the date of the order of liquidation until the election date (or, date, or, if the
election date does not occur, until 180 days after the date of the order of liquidation): liquidation:

446 A.I. Neither the Association nor the reinsurer shall have any rights or obligations under 447 reinsurance contracts that the Association has the right to assume under paragraph (n)(1) of this section, 448 whether for periods prior to before or after the date of the order of liquidation; and

II. The reinsurer, the receiver receiver, and the Association shall, to the extent practicable,
provide each other data and records reasonably requested;

451B. Provided that once the Association has elected to assume a reinsurance contract, the parties'452rights and obligations shall be governed by paragraph (n)(1) of this section.

3. If the Association does not elect to assume a reinsurance contract by the election date pursuant to
<u>under</u> paragraph (n)(1) of this section, the Association shall have no rights or obligations, in each case for
periods both before and after the date of the order of liquidation, with respect to the reinsurance contract.

456 4. When policies policies, contracts, or annuities, or covered obligations with respect thereto, are 457 transferred to an assuming insurer, reinsurance on the policies policies, contracts, or annuities may also be 458 transferred by the Association, in the case of contracts assumed under paragraph (n)(1) of this section, subject 459 to the following:

460 A. Unless the reinsurer and the assuming insurer agree otherwise, the reinsurance contract that is 461 transferred shall not cover any new policies of insurance insurance, contracts, or annuities in addition to 462 those transferred;

463	B. The obligations described in paragraph $(n)(3)d.1$. of this section shall no longer apply with
464	respect to matters arising after the effective date of the transfer; and
465	C. Notice shall be given in writing, return receipt requested, by the transferring party to the
466	affected reinsurer not less than 30 days prior to before the effective date of the transfer.
467	e. The provisions of this subsection (n) shall supersede the provisions of any State law or of any affected
468	reinsurance contract that provides for or requires any payment of reinsurance proceeds, on account of losses or
469	events that occur in periods after the date of the order of liquidation, to the receiver of the insolvent insurer or any
470	other person. The receiver shall remain entitled to any amounts payable by the reinsurer under the reinsurance
471	contracts with respect to losses or events that occur in periods prior to before the date of the order of liquidation,
472	subject to applicable setoff provisions.
473	f. Except as otherwise provided in this section, nothing in this subsection (n) shall:
474	1. Alter or modify the terms and conditions of any reinsurance contract;
475	2. Abrogate or limit any rights of any reinsurer to claim that it is entitled to rescind a reinsurance
476	contract;
477	3. Provide a policyholder policyholder, contract owner, enrollee, certificate holder, or beneficiary
478	with an independent cause of action against a reinsurer that is not otherwise set forth in the reinsurance
479	contract;
480	4. Limit or affect the Association's rights as a creditor of the estate against the assets of the estate;
481	5. Apply to reinsurance agreements covering property or casualty risks.
482	(r) In carrying out its duties in connection with guaranteeing, assuming assuming, reissuing, or reinsuring policies
483	or contracts under subsection (a) or (b) of this section, the Association may, subject to approval of the receivership court,
484	may issue substitute coverage for a policy or contract that provides an interest rate, crediting rate rate, or similar factor
485	determined by use of an index or other external reference stated in the policy or contract employed in calculating returns or
486	changes in value by issuing an alternative policy or contract in accordance with the following provisions:
487	(1) In lieu of the index or other external reference provided for in the original policy or contract, the
488	alternative policy or contract provides for:
489	a. A fixed interest rate; or
490	b. Payment of dividends with minimum guarantees; or
491	c. A different method for calculating interest or changes in value;

492 (2) There is no requirement for evidence of insurability, waiting period period, or other exclusion that would 493 not have applied under the replaced policy or contract; and 494 (3) The alternative policy or contract is substantially similar to the replaced policy or contract in all other 495 materials terms. 496 Section 6. Amend § 4409, Title 18 of the Delaware Code by making deletions as shown by strike through and 497 insertions as shown by underline as follows: 498 § 4409. Assessments. 499 (c)(1)a. The amount of any class A assessment shall be determined by the Board and may be authorized and called 500 on a pro rata or non-pro rata basis. If pro rata, the Board may provide that it be credited against future class C assessments. 501 The total of all non-pro rata assessments shall not exceed \$300 per member insurer in any 1 calendar year. 502 b. The amount of class C assessment assessment, except for assessments relating to long-term care 503 insurance, shall be allocated for assessment purposes among between the accounts and among the subaccounts of 504 the life insurance and annuity account pursuant to under an allocation formula which may be based on the 505 premiums or reserves of the impaired or insolvent insurer or any other standard deemed by the Board in its sole 506 discretion as being fair and reasonable under the circumstances. 507 c. The amount of the class C assessment for long-term care insurance written by the impaired or insolvent 508 insurer must be allocated according to a methodology included in the Plan of Operation and approved by the 509 Commissioner. The methodology must provide for 50% of the assessment to be allocated to accident and health 510 member insurers and 50% to be allocated to life and annuity member insurers. 511 (3) Class C assessments against member insurers for each account and subaccount shall be in the proportion 512 that the premiums received on business in this State by each assessed member insurer on policies or contracts covered 513 by each account for the 3 most recent calendar years for which information is available preceding the year in which the 514 member insurer became impaired or insolvent, as the case may be, bears to such premiums received in this State for 515 such calendar years by all assessed member insurers. 516 (d) The Association may abate or defer, in whole or in part, the assessment of the member insurer if, in the opinion 517 of the Board, payment of the assessment would endanger the ability of the member insurer to fulfill its contractual 518 obligations. In the event If an assessment against a member insurer is abated or deferred in whole or in part, the amount by 519 which such assessment is abated or deferred may be assessed against the other member insurers in a manner consistent with 520 the basis for assessments set forth in under this section. Once the conditions which caused a deferral have been removed or

rectified, the member insurer shall pay all assessments that were deferred pursuant to a repayment plan approved by theAssociation.

(e)(1)a. Subject to the provisions of paragraph (e)(1)b. of this section, the total of all assessments authorized by the Association with respect to a member insurer for each subaccount of the life insurance and annuity account and for the health account shall not in 1 calendar year exceed 2% of that member insurer's average annual premiums received in this State on the policies and contracts covered by the subaccount or account during the 3 calendar years preceding the year in which the <u>member</u> insurer became an impaired or insolvent insurer.

b. If 2 or more assessments are authorized in 1 calendar year with respect to member insurers that become
impaired or insolvent in different calendar years, the average annual premiums for purposes of the aggregate
assessment percentage limitation referenced in paragraph (e)(1)a. of this section shall be equal and limited to the
higher of the 3-year average annual premiums for the applicable subaccount or account as calculated pursuant to
under this section.

533 c. If the maximum assessment, together with the other assets of the Association in an account, does not 534 provide in 1 year in either account an amount sufficient to carry out the responsibilities of the Association, the 535 necessary additional funds shall be assessed as soon thereafter as permitted by this chapter.

(2) The Board may provide in the plan of operation a method of allocating funds among claims, whether
 relating to 1 or more impaired or insolvent insurers, when the maximum assessment will be insufficient to cover
 anticipated claims.

(3) If the maximum assessment for any subaccount of the life and annuity account in any 1 year does not
provide an amount sufficient to carry out the responsibilities of the Association, then pursuant to <u>under</u> paragraph
(c)(3) of this section, the Board shall assess all subaccounts of the life and annuity account for the necessary additional
amount, subject to the maximum stated in paragraph (e)(1) of this section.

(f) The Board may, by an equitable method as established in the plan of operation, refund to member insurers, in proportion to the contribution of each <u>member</u> insurer to that account, the amount by which the assets of the account exceed the amount the Board finds is necessary to carry out during the coming year the obligations of the Association with regard to that account, including assets accruing from assignment, subrogation, net realized <u>gains gains</u>, and income from investments. A reasonable amount may be retained in any account to provide funds for the continuing expenses of the Association and for future claims.

- 549 (g) It shall be proper for any member insurer, in determining its premium rates and policy owner dividends as to
- any kind of insurance insurance, managed care organization, or health maintenance organization business within the scope of this chapter, to consider the amount reasonably necessary to meet its assessment obligations under this chapter.
- (h) The Association shall issue to each <u>member</u> insurer paying a class C assessment a certificate of contribution, in a form prescribed by the Commissioner, for the amount of the assessment so paid. All outstanding certificates shall be given equal dignity and priority without reference to amounts or dates of issue. A certificate of contribution may be shown by the <u>member</u> insurer in its financial statement as an asset in such form and for such amount, if any, and period of time as the Commissioner may approve.
- (i)(1) A member insurer that wishes to protest all or part of an assessment shall pay when due the full amount of the assessment as set forth in the notice provided by the Association. The payment shall be available to meet Association obligations during the pendency of the protest or any subsequent appeal. Payment shall be accompanied by a statement in writing that the payment is made under protest and setting forth a brief statement of the grounds for the protest.
- (5) If the protest or appeal on the assessment is upheld, the amount paid in error or excess shall be returned to
 the member company. insurer. Interest on a refund due a protesting member insurer shall be paid at the rate actually
 earned by the Association.
- 564 Section 6. Amend § 4411, Title 18 of the Delaware Code by making deletions as shown by strike through and 565 insertions as shown by underline as follows:
- 566 § 4411. Duties and powers of Commissioner.
- 567 In addition to the duties and powers enumerated elsewhere in this chapter:
- 568 (1) The Commissioner shall:
- 569a. Upon request of the Board of Directors, provide the Association with a statement of the premiums in570the appropriate states for each member insurer;
- b. When an impairment is declared and the amount of the impairment is determined, serve a demand upon the impaired insurer to make good the impairment within a reasonable time. Notice to the impaired insurer shall constitute notice to its shareholders, if any. The failure of the impaired insurer to promptly comply with such demand shall not excuse the Association from the performance of its powers and duties under this chapter; and
- 575 c. In any liquidation or rehabilitation proceeding involving a domestic insurer, be appointed as the 576 liquidator or rehabilitator. If a foreign or alien member insurer is subject to a liquidation proceeding in its 577 domiciliary jurisdiction or state of entry, the Commissioner shall be appointed conservator.

578 (2) The Commissioner may suspend or revoke, after notice and hearing, the certificate of authority to transact 579 insurance- business in this State of any member insurer which fails to pay an assessment when due or fails to comply 580 with the plan of operation. As an alternative_Alternatively, the Commissioner may levy a forfeiture of any insurer 581 which fails to pay an assessment when due. Such forfeiture shall not exceed 5% of the unpaid assessment per month, 582 but no forfeiture shall be less than \$100 per month. 583 (3) A final action of the Board of Directors or the Association may be appealed to the Commissioner by a 584 member insurer if the appeal is taken within 60 days of its receipt of notice of the final action being appealed. A final 585 action or order of the Commissioner shall be subject to judicial review in a court of competent jurisdiction in 586 accordance with the laws of this State that apply to the actions or orders of the Commissioner. 587 (4) The liquidator, rehabilitator- rehabilitator, or conservator of any impaired insurer may notify all interested 588 persons of the effect of this chapter. 589 Section 7. Amend § 4412, Title 18 of the Delaware Code by making deletions as shown by strike through and 590 insertions as shown by underline as follows: 591 § 4412. Detection and prevention of insolvencies. 592 To aid in the detection and prevention of member insurer insolvencies or impairments: 593 (1) It shall be the duty of the Commissioner: 594 a.1. To notify the commissioners of all the other states, territories of the United States and the District of 595 Columbia when he or she-states when the Commissioner takes any of the following actions against a member 596 insurer: 597 1. A. Revocation of license; 598 2. B. Suspension of license; 599 3. C. Makes any formal order that such company member insurer restrict its premium writing, 600 obtain additional contributions to surplus, withdraw from the State, reinsure all or any part of its business 601 business, or increase capital, surplus- surplus, or any other account for the security of policyholders 602 policyholders, policy owners, contract owners, certificate holders, or creditors. 603 2. Such notice shall_Notice under paragraph (1)a.1. of this section must be mailed to all 604 commissioners within 30 days following the action taken or the date on which such action occurs; 605 b. To report to the Board of Directors when he or she the Commissioner has taken any of the actions set 606 forth in paragraph (1)a. 1. of this section or has received a report from any other commissioner indicating that

- 607 any such action has been taken in another state. Such report to the Board of Directors shall contain all significant 608 details of the action taken or the report received from another commissioner;
- 609 c. To report to the Board of Directors when he or she the Commissioner has reasonable cause to believe
 610 from any examination, whether completed or in process, of any member company that such company may be an
 611 impaired or insolvent insurer; and
- d. To furnish to the Board of Directors the NAIC Early Warning Tests developed by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners, and the Board may use the information contained therein in carrying out its duties and responsibilities under this section. Such report and the information contained therein shall be kept confidential by the Board of Directors until such time as made public by the Commissioner or other lawful authority.
- 617 (2) The Commissioner may seek the advice and recommendations of the Board of Directors concerning any 618 matter affecting <u>his or her_the Commissioner's</u> duties and responsibilities regarding the financial condition of member 619 <u>companies_insurers</u> and <u>companies_insurers</u>, <u>managed care organizations</u>, <u>or health maintenance organizations</u> seeking 620 admission to transact insurance-business in this State.
- 621 (3) The Board of Directors may, upon majority vote, make reports and recommendations to the Commissioner 622 upon any matter germane to the solvency, liquidation, rehabilitation_rehabilitation_or conservation of any member 623 insurer or germane to the solvency of any company_insurer, managed care organization, or health maintenance 624 organization_seeking to do an insurance_business in this State. Such reports and recommendations shall not be 625 considered public documents.
- 626 (4) It shall be the duty of the Board of Directors, upon majority vote, to notify the Commissioner of any627 information indicating any member insurer may be an impaired or insolvent insurer.
- 628 (5) The Board of Directors may, upon majority vote, request that the Commissioner order an examination of 629 any member insurer which the Board in good faith believes may be an impaired or insolvent member insurer. Within 630 30 days of the receipt of such request, the Commissioner shall begin such examination. The examination may be 631 conducted as a National Association of Insurance Commissioners examination or may be conducted by such persons as 632 the Commissioner designates. The cost of such examination shall be paid by the Association and the examination 633 report shall be treated as are other examination reports. In no event shall such examination report be released to the 634 Board of Directors prior to- before its release to the public, but this shall not preclude the Commissioner from 635 complying with paragraph (1) of this section. The Commissioner shall notify the Board of Directors when the

- examination is completed. The request for an examination shall be kept on file by the Commissioner but it shall not be
 open to public inspection prior to before the release of the examination report to the public.
- 638 (6) The Board of Directors may, upon majority vote, make recommendations to the Commissioner for the
 639 detection and prevention of member insurer insolvencies.
- (7) The Board of Directors shall, at the conclusion of any member insurer insolvency in which the Association
 was obligated to pay covered claims, prepare a report to the Commissioner containing such information as it may have
 in its possession bearing on the history and causes of such insolvency. The Board shall cooperate with the boards of
 directors of guaranty associations in other states in preparing a report on the history and causes for insolvency of a
 particular member insurer, and may adopt by reference any report prepared by such other associations.
- 645 Section 8. Amend § 4413, Title 18 of the Delaware Code by making deletions as shown by strike through and 646 insertions as shown by underline as follows:
- 647 § 4413. Credits for assessments paid.

(a) A member insurer may offset against its premium tax liability to this State an assessment described in §
4409(h) of this title to the extent of 20 percent of the amount of such assessment for each of the 5 calendar years following
the year in which such assessment was paid. In the event_If a member insurer should cease doing business, all uncredited
assessments may be credited against its premium tax liability for the year it ceases doing business.

- (b) Any sums acquired by refund, pursuant to <u>under</u> § 4409(f) of this title, from the Association which have
 theretofore been written off by contributing insurers and offset against (premium, franchise or income) premium, franchise,
 or income taxes as provided in subsection (a) above, of this section and are not then needed for purposes of this chapter,
 shall be paid by the Association to the Commissioner and deposited by the Commissioner with the State Treasurer for
 credit to the General Fund of this State.
- 657 Section 9. Amend § 4414, Title 18 of the Delaware Code by making deletions as shown by strike through and
 658 insertions as shown by underline as follows:
- 659 § 4414. Liability for unpaid assessments; Association records; Association as creditor; liquidation proceeding.
- 660 (c) For the purpose of carrying out its obligations under this chapter, the Association shall be deemed to be a 661 creditor of the impaired or insolvent insurer to the extent of assets attributable to covered policies reduced by any amounts 662 to which the Association is entitled as subrogee <u>pursuant to under</u> § 4408(k) of this title. Assets of the impaired or 663 insolvent insurer attributable to covered policies shall be used to continue all covered policies and pay all contractual 664 obligations of the impaired or insolvent insurer as required by this chapter. Assets attributable to covered policies, policies 665 or contracts, as used in this subsection, is that proportion of the assets which the reserves that should have been established

666 for such policies <u>or contracts</u> bear to the reserves that should have been established for all policies of insurance <u>or health</u> 667 benefit plans written by the impaired or insolvent insurer.

(d) As a creditor of the impaired or insolvent insurer as established in subsection (c) of this section and consistent with § 5911 of this title, the Association and other similar associations shall be entitled to receive a disbursement of assets out of the marshaled assets, from time to time as the assets become available to reimburse it, as a credit against contractual obligations under this chapter. If the liquidator has not, within 120 days of a final determination of insolvency of an-<u>a</u> <u>member</u> insurer by the receivership court, made an application to the court for the approval of a proposal to disburse assets out of marshaled assets to guaranty associations having obligations because of the insolvency, then the Association shall be entitled to make application to the receivership court for approval of its own proposal to disburse these assets.

(e)(1) Prior to <u>Before</u> the termination of any liquidation, rehabilitation <u>rehabilitation</u> or conservation proceeding,
the court may take into consideration the contributions of the respective parties, including the Association, the shareholders
shareholders, contract owners, certificate holders, enrollees, and policy owners of the insolvent insurer, and any other party
with a bond fide interest, in making an equitable distribution of the ownership rights of such insolvent insurer. In such a
determination, consideration shall be given to the welfare of the <u>policyholders</u> <u>policyholders</u>, <u>policy owners</u>, <u>contract</u>
<u>owners</u>, <u>certificate holders</u>, and <u>enrollees</u> of the continuing or successor <u>member</u> insurer.

(2) No distribution to stockholders, if any, of an impaired or insolvent insurer shall be made until and unless
the total amount of valid claims of the Association for funds expended in carrying out its powers and duties under §
4408 of this title with respect to such <u>member</u> insurer have been fully recovered by the Association.

(f)(1) If an order for liquidation or rehabilitation of an-<u>a member</u> insurer domiciled in this State has been entered, the receiver appointed under such order shall have a right to recover on behalf of the <u>member</u> insurer, from any affiliate that controlled it, the amount of distributions, other than stock dividends paid by the <u>member</u> insurer on its capital stock made at any time during the 5 years preceding the petition for liquidation or rehabilitation subject to the limitations of paragraphs $(f)(2) \cdot (4) \cdot (f)(2)$ through (4) of this section.

(2) No such dividend shall be recoverable if the member insurer shows that, when paid, the distribution was
lawful and reasonable and that the member insurer did not know and could not reasonably have known that the
distribution might adversely affect the ability of the member insurer to fulfill its contractual obligations.

(3) Any person who was an affiliate that controlled the <u>member</u> insurer at the time the distributions were paid
shall be liable up to the amount of distributions that person received. Any person who was an affiliate that controlled
the <u>member</u> insurer at the time the distributions were declared shall be liable up to the amount of distributions that

- 695 person would have received if they had been paid immediately. If 2 persons are liable with respect to the same696 distributions, they shall be jointly and severally liable.
- 697 Section 10. Amend § 4419, Title 18 of the Delaware Code by making deletions as shown by strike through and 698 insertions as shown by underline as follows:
- 699 § 4419. Advertising.

700 No person, including an- a member insurer, agent or affiliate of an- a member insurer shall make, publish, 701 disseminate, eirculate circulate, or place before the public, or cause, directly or indirectly, to be made, published, 702 disseminated, eirculated – circulated, or placed before the public, in any newspaper, magazine – magazine, or other 703 publication, or in the form of a notice, circular, pamphlet, letter- letter, or poster, or over any radio station or television 704 station, or in any other way, any advertisement, announcement announcement, or statement which uses the existence of the 705 Insurance Guaranty Association of this State for the purpose of sales, solicitation- solicitation, or inducement to purchase 706 any form of insurance or other coverage covered by this chapter. Provided, however, that this section shall not apply to the 707 Delaware Life and Health Insurance Guaranty Association or any other entity which does not sell or solicit insurance. 708 insurance or coverage by a managed care organization or health maintenance organization.

- Section 11. Amend § 4419, Title 18 of the Delaware Code by making deletions as shown by strike through and
- 710 insertions as shown by underline as follows:
- 711 § 6411. Relationship to other laws.
- (a) Managed care organizations shall be subject to this chapter and to the following chapters of this title, as

amended from time to time, to the extent applicable and not in conflict with the express provisions of this chapter. For

- purposes of the following chapters only, a managed care organization shall be treated as a health insurer, and its coverages
- shall be deemed to be "medical and hospital expense-incurred insurance policies" for purposes of Chapter 25 of this title:
- 716

(20) Chapter 44 of this title (Delaware Life and Health Insurance Guaranty Association).

SYNOPSIS

This Act updates the Delaware Life and Health Insurance Guaranty Association Act (Delaware Act) to conform Delaware law to revisions made to the National Association of Insurance Commissioners' (NAIC) Life and Health Insurance Guaranty Association Model Act (Model Act).

The Model Act provides a framework for protecting policy or contract owners, insureds, beneficiaries, annuitants, payees, and assignees against losses due to the insolvency or impairment of an insurer.

This Act revises the methodology for assessments relating to long-term care insurance written by an impaired or insolvent insurer and includes managed care organizations and health maintenance organizations within the scope of the Delaware Act to more fairly distribute the cost of long-term care insurance insolvencies among insurers writing life, health, annuity, managed care organization, and health maintenance organization products and to ensure sufficient assessment capacity for all insolvencies.

Finally, this Act makes technical corrections to conform existing law to the standards of the Delaware Legislative Drafting Manual.

Author: Senator Paradee