

SPONSOR: Sen. Sokola & Sen. Townsend & Sen. Lockman & Sen. Hocker & Sen. Pettyjohn

### DELAWARE STATE SENATE 151st GENERAL ASSEMBLY

# SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 2

### RELATING TO THE RULES OF THE DELAWARE STATE SENATE.

1	BE IT RESOLVED by the Senate of the 151st General Assembly that the Rules of the Senate are, until further
2	action of the Senate, as follows:
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74	I. CONVENING AND ORDER OF BUSINESS.
75	RULE 1. CONVENING OF SENATE.
76	(a) Unless otherwise ordered by the concurrence of a majority of all the members elected to the Senate or by the
77	President Pro Tempore, the Senate shall convene as follows on days established by act of Legislative Council:
78	(1) During regular session in a month other than June, Tuesday at 2 p.m.; Wednesday at 4 p.m., to allow for
79	committee meetings; and Thursday at 2 p.m.
80	(2) During regular session in the month of June, the dates and times under paragraph (a)(1) of this rule
81	control, except that the Wednesday convening of the Senate will occur at 3 p.m.
82	(b) Except as otherwise permitted under § 11 of Article II of the Delaware Constitution, proceedings of the Senate
83	are public.

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84	RULE 2. ORDER OF BUSINESS.
85	After the convening of the Senate, the order of business proceeds as follows:
86	(1) Calling of the Senate to Order.
87	(2) Prayer or reflection.
88	(3) Salute to Flag.
89	(4) Roll Call.
90	(5) Reading of Journal.
91	(6) Presentation of petitions, memorials, or communications.
92	(7) Reports from Standing and Special Committees.
93	(8) Reporting by the Secretary of the Senate ("Secretary") of prior filed bills, resolutions, and citations,
94	including the President Pro Tempore's pre-filed list under Rule 25.
95	(9) Introductions of all other bills and resolutions by members.
96	(10) Agenda for the day.
97	(11) Miscellaneous business.
98	RULE 3. ROLL CALL.
99	(a) Each legislative day before the Senate proceeds to the consideration of any business, the Secretary shall call the
100	names of the members in alphabetical order.
101	(b) The Secretary shall post the results of each roll call no later than the conclusion of the legislative day in which
102	the roll call was taken.
103	RULE 4. CONTENTS AND READING OF JOURNAL.
104	(a) The Secretary shall briefly and accurately state the proceedings of the Senate in the Journal. The Journal must
105	include the following:
106	(1) Messages to the Governor in full.
107	(2) The titles of all bills and resolutions.
108	(3) Except for a motion for adjournment, each motion with the name of the member making the motion.
109	(4) The names of the members voting on all roll calls.
110	(b) The Secretary shall read the Journal of the preceding legislative day following the roll call. Following the
111	reading of the Journal, the Senate shall, by order, approve or correct the Journal.

112	RULE 5. PETITIONS, MEMORIALS, AND COMMUNICATIONS.
113	(a) After the Journal is read, the Presiding Officer shall lay before the Senate communications and messages from
114	the Governor, reports and communications from Departments or State Boards and other communications addressed to the
115	Senate, and such bills, joint resolutions, and other messages from the House of Representatives that are undisposed of and
116	on the Presiding Officer's table.
117	(b) When petitions, memorials, and other papers addressed to the Senate are presented by the President of the
118	Senate or a member, the contents must be briefly stated.
119	(c) Messages from the Governor or from the House of Representatives may be received at any stage of
120	proceedings with the concurrence of the Presiding Officer, except while the Journal is being read, while a question of orde
121	or a motion to adjourn is pending, or while a bill is on the floor.
122	(d) When a message is brought to the Senate by the Governor or the Governor's messenger, or by a member of the
123	House of Representatives or any officer of the House of Representatives, the members of the Senate shall stand if so
124	directed by the Presiding Officer.
125	II. SENATE OFFICERS AND THEIR DUTIES.
126	RULE 6. SENATE OFFICERS.
127	(a) Under § 19 of Article III of the Delaware Constitution, the Lieutenant Governor is the President of the Senate.
128	(b) Under § 7 of Article II of the Delaware Constitution, the Senate shall choose a member to be President Pro
129	Tempore.
130	(c) The Senate shall appoint a Secretary, Assistant Secretary, and other officers as the Senate determines
131	necessary.
132	RULE 7. PRESIDING OFFICER; DUTIES.
133	(a) The President of the Senate is the Presiding Officer. In the absence of the President of the Senate, the Presiden
134	Pro Tempore, or a member appointed by the President Pro Tempore, serves as the Presiding Officer.
135	(b) The Presiding Officer shall preside and have general direction over the Senate Chamber and shall preserve
136	order and decorum.
137	RULE 8. ACTING PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE.
138	(a) If the office of President Pro Tempore is vacant, the majority leader serves as Acting President Pro Tempore
139	until the Senate chooses a member to be President Pro Tempore.

140	RULE 9. ORDER AND DECORUM.
141	(a) When a member desires to speak, the member shall rise and address the Presiding Officer, and may not proceed
142	until recognized. The Presiding Officer shall recognize the member who shall first address the Presiding Officer.
143	(b) A member may not interrupt another member in debate without the other member's consent. To obtain the
144	other member's consent the member shall first address the Presiding Officer.
145	(c) A member may not speak more than 3 times on any 1 question in debate on the same day without leave of the
146	Senate. Leave of the Senate is to be determined without debate.
147	(d) A member in debate may not, directly or indirectly, by any form of words, impute to another member any
148	conduct or motive unworthy or unbecoming a member.
149	(e) If any member, in speaking or otherwise, transgresses the rules of the Senate, the Presiding Officer shall, or any
150	member may, call the member to order. When a member is called to order, the member shall sit down and not proceed
151	without leave of the Senate, which, if granted, must be on motion that the member be allowed to proceed in order. Leave of
152	the Senate is to be determined without debate.
153	(f) If an individual who is not a member of the Senate is granted the privilege of the floor for the purpose of
154	addressing the Senate, the individual and the members of the Senate shall then accord each other the same courtesies and
155	respect that is required among members of the Senate.
156	(g) The Presiding Officer shall call for the respectful observation of a prayer, reflection, salute to the flag, or other
157	solemn observance.
158	RULE 10. QUESTION OF ORDER.
159	(a) A question of order may be raised at any stage of the proceedings and, unless submitted to the Senate under
160	subsection (d) of this rule, must be decided by the Presiding Officer without debate, subject to an appeal to the Senate.
161	(b) When an appeal is taken, any subsequent question of order which may arise before the decision on the appeal
162	must be decided by the Presiding Officer without debate.
163	(c) An appeal may be laid on the table without prejudice to the pending proposition. If an appeal is laid on the
164	table, it is held as affirming the decision of the Presiding Officer.
165	(d) The Presiding Officer may submit a question of order to the Senate for a decision.
166	RULE 11. SIGNING OF BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS.
167	The President Pro Tempore shall sign all bills and resolutions passed by the Senate.

168	RULE 12. APPOINTMENT OF COMMITTEES.
169	(a) The President Pro Tempore shall appoint the Senate members of all standing and joint committees created by
170	these rules, order of the Senate, mutual agreement of the Senate and House, or law of this State.
171	(b) The President Pro Tempore, at the Pro Tempore's own initiative or on order of the Senate, may appoint special
172	or select committees.
173	(c) The President Pro Tempore shall appoint a chair for each committee created under these rules. The Presiden
174	Pro Tempore may appoint a vice chair for a committee.
175	RULE 13. ASSIGNMENT OF BILLS AND JOINT RESOLUTIONS TO COMMITTEE.
176	The President Pro Tempore shall determine the principal objective of a bill or joint resolution and assign the bill or
177	joint resolution to the appropriate committee.
178	RULE 14. ASSIGNMENT AND CONTROL OF LEGISLATIVE SPACE.
179	(a) The Presiding Officer has general charge and supervision of the Senate Chamber and galleries when the Senate
180	is in session.
181	(b) Except as otherwise provided under subsection (c) of this rule, the President Pro Tempore has general charge
182	and supervision of the following space in Legislative Hall:
183	(1) The Senate Chamber and galleries when the Senate is not in session.
184	(2) Senate committee rooms.
185	(3) Senate member and staff offices.
186	(4) Adjoining and connecting hallways and passages.
187	(c) The Legislative Council has general charge and supervision of the following space in Legislative Hall:
188	(1) Main hallways on the ground, first, and second floors.
189	(2) First and second floor atrium.
190	(3) Legislative cafeteria.
191	(4) Joint Finance Committee room.
192	(d) The President Pro Tempore shall allocate parking spaces for members and staff.
193	(e) Notwithstanding subsection (a) of this rule, the President Pro Tempore shall allocate the desks on the floor of
194	the Senate.
195	RULE 15. DELIVERY OF MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE; DUTIES OF SECRETARY.
196	(a) The Secretary or a member or other officer of the Senate directed by the Presiding Officer shall deliver

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messages to the House of Representatives.

198	(b) Before delivery, the Secretary shall certify the determination of the Senate on all bills, joint resolutions, and
199	other resolutions which may be communicated to the House or in which its concurrence may be requested.
200	(c) The Secretary shall also certify and deliver to the Governor all resolutions and other communications which
201	may be directed to the Secretary by the Senate.
202	III. RIGHTS AND DUTIES OF THE MEMBERS.
203	RULE 16. ATTENDANCE OF MEMBERS.
204	(a) A member shall be in the member's place at the time to which the Senate stands recessed.
205	(b) A member may not be absent from the service of the Senate without notifying the President Pro Tempore.
206	RULE 17. RULES OF LEGISLATIVE CONDUCT.
207	(a) A member is subject to discipline by the Senate for a violation of any of the following, which are deemed to
208	constitute "disorderly behavior" within the meaning of § 9 of Article II of the Delaware Constitution:
209	(1)a. Restrictions relating to "personal or private interests" within the meaning of § 20 of Article II of the
210	Delaware Constitution and Chapter 10 of Title 29 of the Delaware Code, as follows:
211	1. Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (a)(1)a.2. of this rule, a member who has a personal or
212	private interest in a measure or bill pending before the Senate shall disclose the fact and may not participate in
213	the debate or vote on the measure or bill.
214	2. A member who has a personal or private interest in a measure or bill pending before the Senate
215	may do the following:
216	A. On the request of another member, respond to questions concerning the measure or bill.
217	B. Add factual matter to the debate which the member believes will correct wrong or false
218	information.
219	3.A. A personal or private interest in a measure or bill is an interest which tends to impair a
220	member's independence of judgment in the performance of the member's legislative duties with respect to
221	that measure or bill.
222	B. A member has an interest which tends to impair the member's independence of judgment in
223	the performance of the member's legislative duties with regard to a measure or bill if any of the following
224	apply:
225	I. The enactment or defeat of the measure or bill would result in a financial benefit or
226	detriment to accrue to the member or a close relative to a greater extent than the benefit or detriment

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would accrue to others who are members of the same class or group of persons.

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228	II. The member or a close relative has a financial interest in a private enterprise which
229	enterprise or interest would be affected by a measure or bill to a greater extent than like enterprises or
230	other interests in the same enterprise.
231	III. A person required to register as a lobbyist under Chapter 58 of Title 29 of the Delaware
232	Code is a close relative of the legislator and that person acts to promote, advocate, influence or
233	oppose the measure or bill.
234	4.A. If a member who has a personal or private interest in a measure or bill pending before the Senate
235	is present when the measure or bill is voted on, the disclosure required under paragraph(a)(1)a.1. of this rule
236	must be made in open session as follows:
237	I. If the measure or bill is considered by a committee to which the member is appointed
238	before the vote on the measure or the bill by the committee.
239	II. If the measure or bill is considered by the Senate, before the vote on the measure or bill
240	by the Senate.
241	B. If a member who has a personal or private interest in a measure or bill pending before the
242	committee or the Senate is absent when a measure or bill is voted on which would have required
243	disclosure required under paragraph (a)(1)a.1. of this rule, then the member shall make the required
244	disclosure as soon as possible on returning to the committee or Senate.
245	C. Disclosure under paragraph (a)(1)a.4. of this rule may be made by written statement
246	submitted to the Chair of a committee or the President Pro Tempore and read in open session in the
247	committee or the Senate, as applicable.
248	b. For the purposes of this rule:
249	1. "Close relative" means a member's parents; spouse; children, whether natural, adopted, or by
250	marriage; and siblings of the whole and half-blood.
251	2.A. "Private enterprise" means any activity, whether conducted for profit or not for profit, and
252	includes the ownership of real or personal property.
253	B. "Private enterprise" does not include any activity of the State of Delaware, a political
254	subdivision, or an agency, authority, or instrumentality of the State or a political subdivision.
255	3. "Financial interest in a private enterprise" means one of the following:
256	A. A legal or equitable ownership interest in the enterprise of more than 10%, or of more than

1% in the case of a corporation whose stock is regularly traded on an established securities market.

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258	B. An individual is associated with the enterprise and received from the enterprise during the last
259	calendar year or might reasonably be expected to receive from the enterprise during the current or the
260	next calendar year income in excess of \$5,000 for services as an employee, officer, director, trustee, or
261	independent contractor.
262	C. An individual is a creditor of a private enterprise in an amount equal to 10% or more of the
263	debt of that enterprise, or 1% or more in the case of a corporation whose securities are regularly traded on
264	an established securities market.
265	4. "Person" means an individual, partnership, corporation, trust, joint venture, and any other
266	association of individuals or entities.
267	(2) Receiving a bribe in violation of § 1203 of Title 11 of the Delaware Code.
268	(3) Receiving unlawful gratuities in violation of § 1206 of Title 11 of the Delaware Code.
269	(4) Engaging in conduct constituting official misconduct in violation of § 1211 of Title 11 of the Delaware
270	Code.
271	(5) Profiteering in violation of § 1212 of Title 11 of the Delaware Code.
272	(6) Failing to comply with the campaign finance disclosure requirements under Chapter 80 of Title 15 of the
273	Delaware Code.
274	(7) Failing to comply with the financial disclosure requirements under Chapter 58 of Title 29 of the Delaware
275	Code.
276	(8) Appearing for, representing, or assisting another in respect to a matter before the General Assembly or one
277	of its committees for compensation other than that provided by law.
278	(9) Releasing, without authorization of the Rules & Ethics Committee, any confidential matter pertaining to
279	proceedings of the Committee.
280	(10) Knowingly filing a false statement with the Rules & Ethics Committee or the Senate in connection with
281	any proceeding involving this rule.
282	(11) Engaging in conduct which the Senate determines brings the Senate into disrepute or reflects adversely
283	on the member's fitness to hold legislative office.
284	(b) A member is subject to sanction for any disorderly behavior occurring after the member is elected to the
285	Senate.

Committee for investigation and recommendation to the Senate as to disposition. A complaint must be accompanied by a

(c) A complaint alleging a violation of this rule must be filed in writing by a member with the Rules & Ethics

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288	written statement signed by a person, sworn under oath, setting forth the facts supporting the complaint. The complaint may
289	not be considered by the Senate before its consideration and recommendation by the Rules & Ethics Committee.
290	(d)(1) If the Rules & Ethics Committee recommends disciplinary action with respect to a complaint, the
291	Committee shall request that the Senate conduct a proceeding to consider the matter.
292	(2) If the Rules & Ethics Committee votes to dismiss a complaint, and there are no votes against dismissal in
293	the Committee, the Senate shall take no action with respect to the complaint.
294	(3) If the Rules & Ethics Committee votes to dismiss a complaint, but there are 1 or more dissenting votes in
295	the Committee, the Senate may consider the matter on the motion of a member, approved by a majority vote of the
296	Senate.
297	(e) In a proceeding before the Senate involving an alleged violation of this rule, the accused member has all of the
298	following rights:
299	(1) Notice of the complaint against the member.
300	(2) To be given an opportunity to be heard after receiving notice of the complaint.
301	(3) To be advised and assisted by legal counsel.
302	(4) To produce witnesses.
303	(5) To offer evidence and to cross-examine witnesses.
304	(f) A transcript of a proceeding before the Senate involving an alleged violation of this rule must be made and
305	retained by the Secretary.
306	(g) Rules of procedure for ethics violations adopted by the Senate apply to a proceeding before the Senate
307	involving an alleged violation of this rule.
308	(h) If the Senate finds by a majority vote that a member has violated this rule, the Senate may impose disciplinary
309	action as the Senate deems appropriate, however, a member may not be suspended or expelled without a vote of two-thirds
310	of the members of the Senate concurring in the suspension or expulsion.
311	RULE 18. ANTI-HARASSMENT POLICY AND TRAINING.
312	(a) Statement of Policy. The Senate is committed to providing a safe and respectful workplace that is free of sexual
313	harassment and harassment based on any protected characteristics. Members of the Senate are expected to conduct
314	themselves in a manner that is free of harassment and to discourage and report all harassment. Allegations of harassment
315	involving a member of the Senate will be taken seriously, investigated in a timely and confidential manner, and addressed
316	in accordance with this rule. Retaliation against any member or employee of the General Assembly for reporting a violation

of this rule will not be permitted.

318	(b) Definitions. As used in this rule:
319	(1) "Employee of the General Assembly" means any employee of the Senate, House of Representatives
320	Division of Research, or Office of the Controller General. "Employee of the General Assembly" includes full and part-
321	time staff, per diem staff, attachés, fellows, and interns.
322	(2) "Harassment" means "sexual harassment" and "workplace harassment."
323	(3) "Protected characteristics" means age, race, color, sex, sexual orientation, gender, gender identity, national
324	origin, disability, creed, and religion.
325	(4) "Sexual harassment" means unwelcome sexual advances, requests for sexual favors, and other verbal or
326	physical conduct of a sexual nature where any of the following is true:
327	a. Submission to the conduct is made either explicitly or implicitly a term or condition of ar
328	individual's employment.
329	b. Submission to or rejection of the conduct by an individual is used as a basis for employment
330	decisions affecting such individual.
331	c. The conduct has the purpose or effect of unreasonably interfering with an individual's work
332	performance or creating an intimidating, hostile, or offensive work environment.
333	(5) "Workplace harassment" means unwelcome conduct that is based on an individual's protected
334	characteristic in the form of treatment or behavior that, to a reasonable person, creates an intimidating, hostile, or
335	offensive work environment.
336	(c) Reporting procedures.
337	(1) Harassment by a member of the Senate should be reported to one of the following as soon as practicable:
338	a. The Chief of Staff for the Majority Caucus.
339	b. The Chief of Staff for the Minority Caucus.
340	c. The Secretary of the Senate.
341	(2) All complaints of harassment and the identities of the accused and the complainant must be kept
342	confidential in accordance with these rules. The victim of the alleged harassment may choose to proceed with an
343	informal report or a formal complaint under this subsection.
344	(3) Informal reporting.
345	a. An individual who believes that the individual may have been subjected to harassment may simply
346	want particular conduct to stop but may not wish to go through a formal complaint process. The informal reporting
347	process is designed and intended to meet that need.

b. A member of the Senate or House or an employee of the General Assembly who believes they have
been subject to harassment by a member of the Senate may report the behavior to an individual listed in paragraph
(c)(1) of this rule. The report may be made verbally or in writing and should include the following information:
1. The name of the complainant.
2. The name of the member of the Senate alleged to have engaged in harassment.
3. The names of all parties involved, including witnesses.
4. The date, time, and location of the alleged harassment. If the harassment occurred on electronic or
social media, the platform for the harassment.
5. A detailed description of the alleged harassment.
6. A description of the potential remedy the member or employee desires.
c. An individual listed in paragraph (c)(1) of this rule who receives an informal report of harassment shall
take the following steps:
1. Notify the Leader of the caucus to which the member accused of harassment belongs, unless the
member accused of harassment is the Leader of the caucus.
2. Notify the President Pro Tempore that an informal report has been made, unless the President Pro
Tempore is the subject of the complaint.
d. The Leader of the caucus to which the member accused of harassment belongs shall take appropriate
action to ensure that the reporting party has a safe and non-hostile work environment. If the member who is
alleged to have engaged in harassment is the caucus Leader, the President Pro Tempore on being notified, shall
inform the Whip of that member's caucus. The Whip shall then take appropriate action to ensure the reporting
party has a safe and non-hostile work environment.
e. The Leader of the caucus to which the member accused of harassment belongs shall inform the
member that an informal harassment report has been received and the Leader shall counsel the member against any
further harassment and that retaliation is prohibited. If the member who is alleged to have engaged in harassment
is the caucus Leader, the President Pro Tempore shall inform the member of the complaint and counsel the
member to avoid any further harassment and that retaliation is prohibited.
(4) Formal complaint.
a. A member of the Senate or House or an employee of the General Assembly who believes they have

been subject to harassment by a member of the Senate may, within 1 year of the date of harassment, initiate a

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379	1. The name of the complainant.
380	2. The name of the member of the Senate alleged to have engaged in harassment.
381	3. The names of all parties involved, including witnesses.
382	4. The date, time, and location of the alleged harassment. If the harassment occurred on electronic or
383	social media, the platform for the harassment.
384	5. A detailed description of the alleged harassment.
385	6. A description of the potential remedy the member or employee desires.
386	b. An individual listed in paragraph (c)(1) of this rule who received the formal complaint shall notify the
387	Leader of the caucus to which the member alleged to have engaged in harassment belongs, unless the member
388	accused of harassment is the Leader of the caucus. A copy of the complaint must also be provided to the President
389	Pro Tempore, unless the President Pro Tempore is the subject of the complaint.
390	c. The Leader of the caucus to which the member accused of harassment belongs shall take appropriate
391	action to ensure that the reporting party has a safe and non-hostile work environment. If the member who is
392	alleged to have engaged in harassment is the caucus Leader, the President Pro Tempore on being notified, shall
393	inform the Whip of that member's caucus. The Whip shall then take appropriate action to ensure the reporting
394	party has a safe and non-hostile work environment.
395	d. The Leader of the caucus to which the member accused of harassment belongs shall inform the
396	member that a formal complaint has been received and the Leader shall counsel the member against any further
397	harassment and that retaliation is prohibited. If the member who is alleged to have engaged in harassment is the
398	caucus Leader, the President Pro Tempore shall inform the member of the complaint and counsel the member to
399	avoid any further harassment and that retaliation is prohibited.
400	e. The President Pro Tempore on receipt of the complaint shall send a letter to the Chair of the Rules &
401	Ethics Committee requesting an investigation into the complaint as soon as possible. If the President Pro Tempore
402	is the individual accused in the complaint, the Majority Leader shall request an investigation of the complaint. If
403	the Chair is the individual alleged to have engaged in harassment, the President Pro Tempore shall designate
404	another member to act as the Chair of the Committee for the purposes of investigation into the complaint.
405	f. The Rules & Ethics Committee on receipt of the request made under paragraph (c)(4)e. of this rule shall
406	convene as soon as possible. The Rules & Ethics Committee shall proceed under these rules and other rules

formal complaint by submitting a complaint to an individual listed in paragraph (c)(1) of this rule. A formal

complaint must be in writing and include all of the following:

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40 /	adopted by the Senate to govern a complaint under this rule. The Rules & Ethics Committee may appoint an
408	investigator to assist with the inquiry. The investigator may not be an employee or member of the Genera
409	Assembly and must have experience conducting investigations of harassment. The Rules & Ethics Committee
410	shall define the scope of the investigation conducted by the investigator.
411	g. All members and employees involved in an investigation shall cooperate with the investigation and
412	keep information regarding the investigation confidential.
413	h. The President Pro Tempore shall notify the member alleged to be involved in the harassment that a
414	formal complaint has been received and an investigation initiated.
415	i. On appointment, the investigator shall conduct an investigation and shall submit a report on findings of
416	fact to the Rules & Ethics Committee within 60 calendar days of appointment.
417	j. If a member of the Rules & Ethics Committee is the complainant or the individual alleged to have
418	engaged in harassment, that member may not participate in any proceedings relating to the complaint and the
419	President Pro Tempore shall designate another member of the Senate to act as a member of the Committee, unless
420	the President Pro Tempore is the individual alleged to have engaged in harassment. If the President Pro Tempore is
421	alleged to have engaged in harassment, then the Majority Leader shall designate another member of the Senate to
422	act as a member of the Committee.
423	k. The Rules & Ethics Committee shall review the complaint, report of the investigator, and collect any
424	further evidence. The Rules & Ethics Committee shall provide the complainant and the accused member with a
425	copy of any investigator's report.
426	(d) Training on sexual harassment and workplace harassment is a mandatory requirement for new member
427	orientation. Continuing anti-harassment training is required for all members at least once during this General Assembly.
428	(e) Senate members, employees, and investigators shall keep the details of any ongoing investigation confidential
429	including the identity of the complainant.
430	RULE 19. RULES & ETHICS COMMITTEE.
431	(a) The Rules & Ethics Committee is a standing committee of the Senate.
432	(b) The Rules & Ethics Committee's powers and duties are as follows:
433	(1) Recommend to the Senate, from time to time, rules of conduct for members of the Senate.
434	(2) On request of a member, issue written advisory opinions as to the applicability of a rule of legislative
435	conduct under Rule 17 to a particular fact situation.

436	(3) Investigate an alleged violation by a member of a rule of legislative conduct under Rule 17 and, after
437	notice and hearing, recommend to the Senate by resolution disciplinary action as the committee may deem appropriate.
438	(4) Report to the appropriate federal or State authorities substantial evidence of a violation by a member of a
439	law involving a rule of legislative conduct under Rule 17 that may come to the Committee's attention in connection
440	with a proceeding whether advisory or investigative.
441	(5) Maintain a file of the Committee's proceedings and advisory opinions with a view toward achieving
442	consistency of opinions and recommendations.
443	(6) On request of a member who sought an advisory opinion, publish the advisory opinion.
444	(7) Follow rules of procedure for ethics violations as may be adopted by the Senate and establish procedural
445	rules for the Committee that are not inconsistent with the rules prescribed by the Senate.
446	(8) Act only with a majority vote of the Committee's members.
447	(9) Other duties and responsibilities as may be assigned by the Senate.
448	(c)(1) A proceeding before the Rules & Ethics Committee in connection with an advisory opinion is confidential,
449	subject to the following:
450	a. The member who requested the advisory opinion may waive the privilege of confidentiality.
451	b. If the member who requested the advisory opinion acts in disregard of the advisory opinion, the
452	proceedings are no longer confidential and may be made public in any subsequent disciplinary proceeding.
453	c. The Rules & Ethics Committee shall maintain records of its proceedings and advisory opinions which
454	must be available for reference by the Committee, a subsequent Committee, and the Committee's staff.
455	(2) A member who acts in good faith reliance on a written advisory opinion of the Rules & Ethics Committee
456	rendered to that member is not subject to discipline by the Senate with respect to the matters covered by the advisory
457	opinion, if the member fully disclosed to the Rules & Ethics Committee all facts necessary for the opinion.
458	(d) A member of the Rules & Ethics Committee is ineligible to participate as a member of the Committee in a
459	Committee proceeding relating to the member's legislative conduct under Rule 17.
460	(1) If a member is ineligible under this subsection, the President Pro Tempore shall designate a member of the
461	Senate who belongs to the same caucus as the ineligible member to act as a member of the Committee in a Committee
462	proceeding relating to the legislative conduct of the ineligible member.
463	(2) A member of the Committee found by the Senate to have violated a rule of legislative conduct under Rule
464	17 is ineligible to serve as a member of the Committee

465	(e) A member of the Rules & Ethics Committee may seek disqualification from participating in an investigation of
466	the legislative conduct of a member of the Senate if the member submits an affidavit of disqualification, in writing and
467	under oath, stating that the member cannot render an impartial and unbiased decision in the case in which the member seeks
468	disqualification. If the Committee approves and accepts the affidavit of disqualification, the Chair shall notify the President
469	Pro Tempore and request that the President Pro Tempore designate a member of the Senate to act as a member of the
470	Committee in a Committee proceeding relating to the investigation.
471	(f) The Rules & Ethics Committee may function without regard to periods of recess or adjournment.
472	IV. PREPARATION OF BILLS, RESOLUTIONS, AND AMENDMENTS.
473	RULE 20. REQUIRED PARTS OF BILLS, RESOLUTIONS, AND AMENDMENTS.
474	The Secretary may not accept a bill, resolution, or amendment unless the following apply:
475	(1) The bill or resolution is prefaced by a brief statement of the purpose of the bill or resolution, which is
476	known as the title.
477	(2) The bill, resolution, or amendment contains the text of the bill, resolution, or amendment in full.
478	(3) At the end of each bill, resolution, or amendment there is placed the name of the author or Department
479	who is responsible for writing the bill, resolution, or amendment and a brief synopsis of the intent of the bill,
480	resolution, or amendment.
481	(4) In the lower left-hand corner of each page of the bill, resolution, or amendment, must be placed the
482	following:
483	a. The initials of the caucus or nonpartisan office preparing the bill, resolution, or amendment.
484	b. The initials of the legislative attorney and typist.
485	c. The document identification number.
486	(5) Each bill or resolution has an appropriate enacting or resolving clause.
487	RULE 21. SPONSORS.
488	(a) The first name listed after "SPONSOR" on the upper right-hand corner of the first page of bill, resolution, or
489	amendment is the "prime" sponsor.
490	(b) Once a bill, resolution, or amendment has been pre-filed or introduced, the addition or deletion of a sponsor is
491	not cause for the bill, resolution, or amendment to be reprinted. The Secretary shall note the change in sponsorship in the
492	calendar, on the jacket of the original bill, resolution, or amendment and on the first page of the original bill, resolution, or

amendment.

194	RULE. 22. BILLS OR RESOLUTIONS CREATING A TASK FORCE.
195	A bill or resolution introduced in the Senate that establishes a committee, commission, task force, or similar public
196	body ("task force") either for a specified period of time or on a permanent statutory basis, must do all of the following, i
197	applicable:
198	(1) State the date on which a report is due.
199	(2) State to whom the report is to be presented.
500	(3) State who appoints an individual to the task force. A nongovernmental individual or entity may not be
501	given authority to appoint an individual to a task force.
502	(4) Designate who is to chair the task force or provide for a temporary chair to enable the task force to
503	commence its duties. In drafting legislation affecting the Delaware Code, the designation of a temporary chair does no
504	need to be made part of the Delaware Code.
505	(5) Identify who will provide staff for the task force.
506	(6) Specify the quorum for the task force.
507	(7) State the purpose of the task force.
508	(8) Provide authority for the task force to adopt rules necessary for its operation and that if the task force does
509	not adopt rules or if the adopted rules do not govern a situation, Mason's Manual of Legislative Procedure controls the
510	situation.
511	(9) Require the task force provide the following information to the Director of the Division of Research:
512	a. Meeting notices, agendas, and minutes. Meeting notices must be provided to at least 10 calendar day
513	before a task force meeting to permit the Director to post notice of the meeting on the legislative website.
514	b. All reports required or produced by the task force.
515	c. All other documents produced by the task force at the conclusion of the task force's work.
516	RULE 23. PREPARATION AND CUSTODY OF BILLS, RESOLUTIONS, AND AMENDMENTS.
517	(a) The original bill, resolution, or amendment must be printed or stenciled on permanent rag content bond paper
518	be properly backed, contain no erasures or interlineations, and be produced in a manner approved by the State Archivist and
519	Director of the Division of Research.
520	(b) A bill, resolution, or amendment must be introduced with one original and one backed copy.
521	(c) The original must at all times remain in the custody of the Chair of the committee to which it is referred or the
522	Secretary, as applicable.
523	(d) One backed copy must be delivered to the Division of Research.

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524	(e) The Secretary shall provide each member with an unbacked copy of each bill, resolution, and amendment.
525	(f) The original used to produce a bill, resolution, or amendment, together with a minimum 160 true copies of the
526	bill, resolution, or amendment, must be delivered to the Division of Research and made available on the legislative website
527	immediately after the introduction of the bill, resolution, or amendment.
528	RULE 24. REQUIREMENTS FOR INTRODUCTION.
529	A bill or amendment that amends the Delaware Code must be drafted with reference to the statutes or parts of
530	statutes contained in the Delaware Code and comply with § 109(d) of Title 1 of the Delaware Code.
31	V. GENERAL PROCEDURE APPLICABLE TO LEGISLATION.
532	RULE 25. METHODS OF INTRODUCTION OF LEGISLATION.
533	(a) A bill or resolution may only be introduced by a member, group of members, order of the Senate, or report of a
34	committee. An amendment may only be introduced by a member.
535	(b) A bill, resolution, or amendment may be introduced by any of the following methods:
36	(1) Filing of the bill, resolution, or amendment with the Secretary.
537	a. A bill, resolution, or amendment may be introduced by being filed with the Secretary at any time while
538	the General Assembly is meeting and must be entered by the Secretary on a docket kept for that purpose.
39	b. A bill, resolution, or amendment that is presented to the Secretary while the Senate stands in recess, in
540	adjournment, or is not otherwise meeting may be given a number by the Secretary and entered by the Secretary on
541	a docket kept for that purpose.
542	c. As soon as may be practicable following the filing of a bill, resolution, or amendment with the
543	Secretary under paragraph (b)(1)a. or (b)(1)b. of this rule, the Reading Clerk shall read the bill, resolution, or
544	amendment number and title of all bills, resolutions, and amendments filed with the Secretary and entered on the
545	docket under paragraph (b)(1)a. or (b)(1)b. of this rule before the convening of the Senate which have not been
546	previously read.
547	d. The reading of the bill, resolution, or amendment by the Reading Clerk constitutes the first reading of
548	the bill, resolution, or amendment.
549	e. Following the first reading, the Secretary shall distribute copies of the bill, resolution, or amendment
550	under Rule 23(e).
551	f. Following the first reading, the President Pro Tempore shall assign the bill or joint resolution to a
552	committee under Rule 13 or place the amendment to a bill or resolution with the bill or resolution.
553	(2) Introduction from the floor while the Senate is in session.

554	a. On introduction from the floor, the Reading Clerk shall read the bill, resolution, on amendment by
555	number and title.
556	b. The reading of the bill, resolution, or amendment by the Reading Clerk constitutes the first reading of
557	the bill, resolution, or amendment.
558	c. Following the first reading, the President Pro Tempore shall assign the bill or joint resolution to a
559	committee under Rule 13 or place the amendment to a bill or resolution with the bill or resolution. The Secretary
560	shall distribute copies of the bill, resolution, or amendment under Rule 23(e).
561	(3) By being placed on the President Pro Tempore's pre-filed list.
62	a. The President Pro Tempore may place a bill, resolution, or amendment filed with the Secretary on the
63	"President Pro Tempore's pre-filed list".
64	b. When a bill, joint resolution, or amendment is placed on the President Pro Tempore's pre-filed list, the
565	President Pro Tempore shall assign the bill or joint resolution to a committee under Rule 13 or place the
666	amendment to a bill or resolution with the bill or resolution.
67	c. The Secretary shall distribute copies of the President Pro Tempore's pre-filed list to the members
68	before the list is read by the Reading Clerk.
69	d. The Reading Clerk shall read the President Pro Tempore's pre-filed list as soon as practicable under
570	Rule 2. The reading of the President Pro Tempore's pre-filed list constitutes the first reading of a bill, resolution,
571	or amendment included in the list.
572	RULE 26. READY LIST; AGENDAS.
573	(a) A bill or joint resolution reported out of committee is to be placed on the ready list, unless the bill or joint
574	resolution is immediately placed on an agenda.
575	(b) A Senate bill or joint resolution on the ready list may be placed on the agenda by the prime sponsor. A House
576	bill or joint resolution on the ready list may be placed on the agenda by the floor manager. The floor manager of a House
577	bill or joint resolution is the chair of the committee from which the bill or joint resolution was reported or the chair's
578	designee.
579	(c) At the end of each calendar day the Senate is in session, the Secretary shall do all of the following:
80	(1) Announce the agenda of bills and resolutions to be considered on the next legislative day.
81	(2) Publish the announced agenda.
582	(3) Distribute a conv of the announced agenda to each member

(d) A bill or resolution placed on an agenda by the prime sponsor of a Senate bill or resolution or floor manager of
a House bill or resolution, without otherwise limiting the right of any member to put a bill or resolution on the agenda
stands in the same order of preference for consideration by the Senate unless otherwise ordered by it.
RULE 27. CONSIDERATION OF BILLS AND JOINT RESOLUTIONS.

- (a) Unless a bill or joint resolution has been placed on a President Pro Tempore's pre-filed list under Rule 25, the bill or joint resolution, when introduced, must be read one time by title only, after which the bill or joint resolution is to be assigned to the proper committee under Rule 13.
- (b) A bill or joint resolution may not be considered in the absence of the prime sponsor who introduced it, unless the prime sponsor's written consent is given, or on the same legislative day the bill or joint resolution is reported out of committee.
- (c) After a bill or joint resolution has reached its order of preference on the agenda, the bill or joint resolution may be deferred twice to the end of the agenda. After it has been deferred twice, it must be considered when its order of preference is next reached or removed to the ready list by the Secretary. If the bill or joint resolution is removed to the ready list, the bill or joint resolution may not again be placed on the agenda for the same or next legislative day.
  - (d) When considered, each bill or resolution is to be given its final reading by title only.
- (e) A bill or joint resolution that has been tabled may not be lifted from the table for further consideration until the bill or joint resolution is first placed on an agenda, unless the bill or joint resolution is lifted for further consideration on the same legislative day the bill or joint resolution is tabled.
- (f) A Senate bill or joint resolution returning from the House may not be acted on by the Senate unless the bill or joint resolution is first placed on an agenda.

#### RULE 28. FISCAL NOTES AND FEE IMPACT STATEMENTS.

A bill or joint resolution required to have a fiscal note under Chapter 19 of Title 29 of the Delaware Code or a fee impact statement under § 913 of Title 29 of the Delaware Code may not be considered by the Senate or a standing committee unless accompanied by the fiscal note or fee impact statement, as applicable.

### RULE 29. ASSIGNMENT OF LEGISLATION TO FINANCE COMMITTEE.

If first assigned to a standing committee other than the Finance Committee, a bill or joint resolution, whether introduced in the Senate or the House, that contains an appropriation or that involves a financial loss to or obligation of the State of \$50,000 or more in 1 of the next 3 years must, after being reported from the first standing committee to the Senate, be referred to the Finance Committee.

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612	VI. SPECIAL PROCEDURES APPLICABLE TO LEGISLATION.
613	RULE 30. SUBSTITUTE BILLS.
614	(a) A Senate substitute bill may be introduced by the prime sponsor of the Senate bill to be substituted.
615	(b) A Senate substitute bill takes the place of the Senate bill wherever the Senate bill is in the Senate process.
616	(c) Once introduced, the Senate substitute bill renders the Senate bill to be substituted void.
617	(d) The title of a Senate substitute bill must be identical to the title of the Senate bill to be substituted.
618	RULE 31. AMENDMENTS.
619	(a) An amendment may not amend the title of a bill or resolution.
620	(b) An amendment attached to a bill or resolution in the Senate or House may be stricken from the bill or
621	resolution by an amendment that directs that the specific amendment be stricken.
622	(c) An amendment attached to a bill or resolution in the Senate or House may be amended by citing directly to the
623	lines and text of the amendment itself.
624	(d) The Senate shall act on an amendment to a bill or resolution before taking final action on the bill or resolution.
625	(e) The Senate shall act on amendments in numerical order.
626	(f) The passage of an amendment to a bill or resolution requires an affirmative vote of a majority of all of the
627	members elected to the Senate.
628	RULE 32. CONSENT AGENDA.
629	(a) A member of the Senate may propose a bill or joint resolution to the President Pro Tempore for inclusion on a
630	Consent Agenda for the purpose of a final reading. A bill or joint resolution may not be included on a Consent Agenda if a
631	Senate amendment to the bill or joint resolution is proposed.
632	(b) The President Pro Tempore shall compile and then forward the bills and joint resolutions for inclusion on a
633	Consent Agenda to the Secretary.
634	(c) On receipt of the bills and joint resolutions under subsection (b) of this rule, the Secretary shall prepare the
635	Consent Agenda noting each inclusion on the Consent Agenda and present the Consent Agenda to the members, noting the
636	legislative day designated.
637	(d) All bills and joint resolutions included on a Consent Agenda must be read and voted on collectively as a single
638	group.
639	(e) All bills and joint resolutions included on a Consent Agenda do not need to have the same vote requirement for

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passage. However, if a bill or joint resolution placed on a Consent Agenda has a vote requirement that is greater than a

majority of the members elected to the Senate, the Consent Agenda is required to receive the greatest vote required by the

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642	bill or joint resolution. The Consent Agenda must state, or the Presiding Officer must announce, if a bill or joint resolution
643	on the Consent Agenda requires that the Consent Agenda receive a vote greater than a majority of the members elected to
644	the Senate.
645	(f) A bill or joint resolution may be removed from the Consent Agenda for individual action if a member objects to
646	the inclusion of the bill or joint resolution.
647	RULE 33. CONSENT CALENDAR.
648	(a) A member of the Senate may propose a Senate Resolution, Senate Concurrent Resolution, or House Concurrent
649	Resolution for inclusion on a Consent Calendar for the purpose of a final reading. A Senate Resolution, Senate Concurrent
650	Resolution, or House Concurrent Resolution may not be included on a Consent Calendar if a Senate amendment is
651	proposed.
652	(b) A proposal by a member of the Senate for inclusion of a Senate Resolution, Senate Concurrent Resolution, or
653	House Concurrent Resolution on a Consent Calendar must be made to the Secretary.
654	(c) On receipt of the proposal, the Secretary shall prepare the Consent Calendar noting each inclusion on the
655	Consent Calendar and present the Consent Calendar to the members at an appropriate time during each legislative day.
656	(d) All resolutions included on the Consent Calendar must be read and voted on collectively as a single group.
657	(e) A resolution may be removed from the Consent Calendar for individual action if a member objects to the
658	inclusion of the resolution.
659	RULE 34. EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE CONSENT CALENDAR.
660	(a) The Chair of the Executive Committee may propose a group of nominations for inclusion on an Executive
661	Committee Consent Calendar. The Chair of the Executive Committee may only include the names of nominees who are
662	being re-appointed to their current position.
663	(b) The proposal by the Chair of the Executive Committee for an Executive Committee Consent Calendar must be
664	made to the Secretary.
665	(c) On receipt of the proposal, the Secretary shall prepare the Executive Committee Consent Calendar, noting each
666	nomination to be included, and present the Executive Committee Consent Calendar to the members at an appropriate time
667	during each legislative day.
668	(d) All nominations included in the Executive Committee Consent Calendar must be read and voted on
669	collectively as a single group.

(e) A nomination may be removed from an Executive Committee Consent Calendar for individual action if a

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member objects to the inclusion of the nomination.

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672	RULE 35. SPECIAL ORDER OF BUSINESS.
673	A subject may, without objection by a member, be made a special order. When the time fixed for the subject's
674	consideration arrives, the Presiding Officer shall lay it before the Senate.
675	RULE 36. CITATIONS.
676	(a) A member is granted the privilege to issue citations, in the categories or classifications available, at any time
677	during the member's tenure if the procedures prescribed by this rule are followed.
678	(b) Citations invoking the entire Senate as a body are to be sequentially numbered by the Secretary and made a
679	part of the permanent record of the Senate.
680	(c) Each citation, before becoming an official document of the Senate, must be signed by the sponsor or sponsors,
681	the President Pro Tempore, and the Secretary.
682	(d) When the Senate is in session under § 4 of Article II of the Delaware Constitution, the President Pro Tempore
683	or the President Pro Tempore's designee shall cause to be read into the permanent record of the Senate, for informational
684	and archival purposes, on a legislative day, the citations filed with the Secretary by topical notation along with the name of
685	the chief sponsor of the citation.
686	(e) A citation does not require an official vote; however, at the time the citation is officially read into the record, a
687	member of the Senate may comment, elaborate, or simply expand on the content of the citation.
688	(f) Citations requested and issued by members of the Senate when the Senate stands in recess or adjournment are
689	to be administratively managed by the Secretary who, in performing the Secretary's duty to compile the Journal, shall cause
690	the citations to be made a part of the Journal.
691	VII. MOTIONS, VOTING, AND RECONSIDERATION.
692	RULE 37. MOTIONS.
693	(a) If requested by the Presiding Officer or by a member, a motion must be reduced to writing and must be read
694	before being debated.
695	(b) A motion or resolution may be withdrawn or modified by the mover at any time before a decision, amendment,
696	or ordering of the yeas and nays.
697	(c) A motion to amend or substitute a title to a bill or resolution to correct typographical is in order at any time.
698	(d) When a question is pending, only the following motions may be made:
699	(1) To adjourn.
700	(2) To adjourn to a certain day.
701	(3) To take a recess.

702	(4) To proceed to the consideration of executive business.
703	(5) To lay on the table.
704	(6) To postpone indefinitely.
705	(7) To postpone to a certain day.
706	(8) To commit.
707	(9) To amend.
708	(e) The motions listed in subsection (d) of this rule have precedence as listed. A motion to adjourn, to take a
709	recess, to proceed to the consideration of executive business, or to lay on the table must be decided without debate.
710	RULE 38. VOTING.
711	(a) The passage of a bill, resolution, or amendment is to be decided by a roll call vote.
712	(b) Unless otherwise required by the Delaware Constitution or the United States Constitution, the passage of a bill,
713	resolution, or amendment requires the concurrence of a majority of all the members elected to the Senate.
714	(c) During a roll call vote, the names of the members are to be called alphabetically and each member shall,
715	without debate, answer "Yes" or "No" or "Not Voting".
716	(d) A member may not vote after the roll call is announced by the Secretary, but a member may change the
717	member's vote before the roll call is announced.
718	(e) A member may not be granted privilege of the floor from the time the Secretary has announced the roll call to
719	the time the roll call is declared by the Presiding Officer.
720	(f) A roll call may not be laid on the table.
721	RULE 39. RECONSIDERATION.
722	(a) A motion for reconsideration may be made if the motion is made by a member who voted on the prevailing
723	side of the votes cast and the motion is made within 3 legislative days following the original action. For purposes of this
724	rule, "Not Voting" is considered a "No" vote.
725	(b) When a motion for reconsideration is granted, there can be no further consideration until the prime sponsor or
726	floor manager rescinds the roll call and takes appropriate action.
727	RULE 40. PROCEDURE WHEN BILL OR OTHER MATTER SOUGHT TO BE RECONSIDERED HAS BEEN
728	SENT TO THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OR TO THE GOVERNOR.

the possession of the Senate and been communicated to the House of Representatives, the motion to reconsider must be

(a) When a bill, resolution, report, amendment, order, or message, on which a vote has been taken has gone out of

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731	accompanied by a motion to request the House to return it. The motion to request return may be in the form of a Senate
732	resolution.
733	(b) When a bill or joint resolution on which a vote has been taken has gone out of the possession of the Senate and
734	been communicated to the Governor, the motion to reconsider must be accompanied by a motion to request the Governor to
735	return it. The motion to request return must be in the form of a Senate concurrent resolution.
736	(c) A motion to request return must be acted on immediately, and without debate, and, if determined in the
737	negative, is a final disposition of the motion to reconsider.
738	VIII. COMMITTEES.
739	RULE 41. STANDING COMMITTEES.
740	The standing committees are as follows:
741	(1) Agriculture.
742	(2) Banking, Business & Insurance.
743	(3) Capital Improvement.
744	(4) Corrections & Public Safety.
745	(5) Education.
746	(6) Elections & Government Affairs.
747	(7) Environment & Energy.
748	(8) Executive.
749	(9) Finance.
750	(10) Health & Social Services.
751	(11) Housing.
752	(12) Judiciary.
753	(13) Labor.
754	(14) Legislative Council.
755	(15) Legislative Oversight & Sunset.
756	(16) Rules & Ethics.
757	(17) Transportation.
758	(18) Veterans Affairs.

759	RULE 42. DELIBERATIVE STANDING COMMITTEE PROCESS REQUIRED.
760	(a) A bill, resolution, or other legislative matter assigned to a standing committee must pass through a deliberative
761	process before being brought to the floor of the Senate.
762	(b) The deliberative process required by this rule must include preannounced meetings at which the standing
763	committee does all of the following:
764	(1) Receives testimony from the general public, including those affected by the proposed legislation.
765	(2) Considers an analysis of the proposed legislation, including a fiscal note or fee impact statement prepared
766	by the Office of the Controller General.
767	(3) After notice to the sponsor, makes time available for the sponsor to explain the legislation and answer
768	questions from the standing committee.
769	(c) A bill or resolution must be acted on by the appropriate standing committee within 12 legislative days
770	following assignment. A bill or resolution not acted on by or reported out from the appropriate standing committee within
771	12 legislative days following assignment may be petitioned out of committee under Rule 47.
772	RULE 43. STANDING COMMITTEE SCHEDULING.
773	(a) Regular standing committee meetings may be held as follows:
774	(1) From January through May, until 4 p.m. on Wednesdays the Senate is in session.
775	(2) During June, until 3 p.m. on Wednesdays the Senate is in session.
776	(3) On dates and at times as permitted by the President Pro Tempore.
777	(b) The President Pro Tempore shall coordinate with the Secretary to schedule regular standing committee
778	meetings for each standing committee.
779	(c) Nothing in this rule precludes the Chair of a standing committee from canceling a regular or special meeting or
780	calling additional meetings when necessary.
781	(d) All committee meetings must be scheduled in a space large enough to accommodate everyone reasonably
782	anticipated to attend, if such space is available. If there are more attempting to attend a committee meeting than there is
783	room for, the Chair of the standing committee shall move the meeting to a different space which is large enough to
784	accommodate those wishing to attend, if such space is available.
785	RULE 44. CHAIR'S DUTIES; VACANCY.
786	(a) The Chair of a standing committee shall preside and have general direction over the committee meeting and
787	shall preserve order and decorum.

788	(b) If the Chair is absent for a standing committee meeting, the Vice Chair shall preside. If the standing committee
789	does not have an appointed Vice Chair, the Chair shall designate a member of the committee to preside in the Chair's
790	absence.
791	RULE 45. STANDING COMMITTEE MEETING NOTICE AND MINUTES.
792	(a) At least 5 calendar days before a meeting, a standing committee must release a Committee Agenda, which must
793	include all matters to be considered by the committee at its next meeting and any other announcements from the committee
794	including the times, places, and dates of future meetings. Nominations are exempt from the 5 calendar day notice
795	requirement.
796	(b) Minutes must be taken at each formal standing committee meeting, and the results of a committee vote must be
797	recorded. A committee member who dissents from a committee decision may state the member's dissent and reasoning in
798	the minutes.
799	(c) The Chair of a standing committee may post draft minutes to the legislative website or otherwise share the draft
800	minutes publicly. The Chair shall cause the draft minutes to be identified as "draft minutes". The Chair shall distribute the
801	draft minutes to the members of the standing committee 7 days before the draft minutes are posted on the legislative
802	website or shared publicly.
803	RULE 46. QUORUM; SIGNING BACKER; VOTING.
804	(a) A quorum is not required to constitute a committee meeting.
805	(b) For a bill or resolution to be reported out of a standing committee, a majority of the members of the standing
806	committee must sign the backer of the bill or resolution.
807	(c) If a standing committee member is unable to attend a preannounced committee meeting, the member may
808	subsequently affix the member's signature to legislation considered at the meeting.
809	(d) The Chair of a standing committee shall release a bill or resolution when a majority of the members of the
810	committee sign the backer of the bill or resolution.
811	(e) The Chair shall return the bill or resolution to the Secretary no later than 1 legislative day after a majority of
812	the members of the committee sign the backer of the bill or resolution.
813	(f) A vote taken by a standing committee requires a majority of the members of the committee for passage.
814	RULE 47. PETITION OUT OF COMMITTEE.
815	On written request signed by the majority of the members elected to the Senate and directed to the Presiding
816	Officer, a bill, joint resolution, or other business that has been in a committee for a period exceeding 12 legislative days,

except those assigned to the Capital Improvement or Finance Committees, must be reported to the Senate.

818	RULE 48. APPLICATION OF RULES TO COMMITTEES.
819	These rules apply to the conduct of a committee created under Rule 12, so far as may be applicable.
820	IX. AMENDMENT, SUSPENSION, AND PRINTING OF THE RULES.
821	RULE 49. CHANGE OR SUSPENSION OF RULES.
822	A rule of the Senate may be changed or suspended with the concurrence of a majority of all the members elected
823	to the Senate.
824	RULE 50. RULES OF ORDER.
825	All questions of parliamentary procedure not covered or provided for by the Rules of the Senate or the
826	Constitution of the State of Delaware are to be decided in accordance with Mason's Manual of Legislative Procedure.
827	RULE 51. PRINTING OF RULES.
828	These rules are to be printed by the Division of Research, on adoption, in a pocket-sized edition which is to
829	contain all of the following:
830	(1) A list of the officers of the Senate.
831	(2) The membership of the standing committees of the Senate.
832	(3) The constitutional vote requirements for passage of legislation.
833	(4) Requirements set forth elsewhere directly relating to Senate action, such as the fiscal note requirement.
834	(5) A table of contents for these rules.
835	X. VIRTUAL MEETINGS.
836	Rule 52. Signing of Documents During Virtual Meetings
837	If the General Assembly adopts rules of procedure for conducting virtual meetings during an emergency, and the
838	President Pro Tempore and Speaker of the House of Representatives authorize the Senate to convene and conduct a virtual
839	meeting due to an emergency under those rules of procedures, the following apply:
840	(1)a. A member may authorize, in writing or electronically, the Chair of a standing committee to which the
841	member is appointed to convey all of the following to the Secretary:
842	1. The member's desire to sign the backer of a bill or resolution the member desires reported out of
843	the standing committee.
844	2. The member's position on the bill or resolution to be reported out of the standing committee,
845	whether favorable, on its merits, or unfavorable.

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rule and provide a verification of the information to the Secretary.

b. The Chair of the standing committee shall collect the authorizations made under paragraph (1)a. of this

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848	c. The Secretary shall make the authorized notations on the backer and maintain a record of the
849	information provided under paragraph (1)b. of this rule.
850	(2) A member may authorize, in writing or electronically, the Secretary to affix the member's signature to a
851	document required to be signed by the member under these rules. The Secretary shall maintain a record of
852	authorizations made under this paragraph (2).
853	XI. MISCELLANEOUS RULES.
854	RULE 53. ELECTION AND QUALIFICATION OF MEMBERS.
855	The Senate is the sole judge of the election of its members. A contest for a seat in the Senate is to be referred to the
856	Rules & Ethics Committee to take testimony and report the facts and evidence to the Senate.
857	RULE 54. SUPERVISION OF STAFF.
858	The President Pro Tempore shall determine how officers, attachés, and employees of the Senate are to be
859	supervised in the performance of the duties of their respective offices.
860	RULE 55. PRIVILEGE OF THE FLOOR.
861	(a) Except for the following, an individual who is not a member of the Senate may not be granted the privilege of
862	the floor, or be seated, stand, or allowed to proceed in that area in front of the rear line of the last row of members' seats
863	from the rostrum, to the left of the right line of the farthest right row of members' seats, as facing the rostrum, and to the
864	right of the left line of the farthest left row of members' seats as facing the rostrum, while the Senate is in session:
865	(1) The Governor of the State.
866	(2) The Secretary of State of the State.
867	(3) Former Governors of the State.
868	(4) Former Lieutenant Governors of the State.
869	(5) Former Members of the General Assembly.
870	(6) Members of the Congress of the United States.
871	(7) Former Members of the Congress of the United States.
872	(8) Members of the House of Representatives of the State.
873	(9) Attorneys, Officers, and Employees of the Senate.
874	(10) Attorneys, Officers, and Employees of the House of Representatives of the State.
875	(11) The staff of the Division of Research and the Office of the Controller General.

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376	(b) Notwithstanding subsection (a) of this rule, an individual may be granted the privilege of the floor, or of being
377	seated or to stand in front of the rear line of the last row of member seats as indicated under subsection (a) of this rule, by
878	and with the consent of the Senate.
379	RULE 56. NEWS MEDIA.
880	(a) Members of the press who wish to access space assigned for the press in the Senate Chamber or record audio or
881	video before, during, or after a legislative session must be credentialed under the Legislative Hall Media Credentialing
382	Policy adopted by Legislative Council.
883	(b) The President Pro Tempore shall provide space in the Senate Chamber for members of the press credentialed
884	under the Legislative Hall Media Credentialing Policy adopted by Legislative Council.
885	RULE 57. APPLICATION OF FREEDOM OF INFORMATION ACT.
886	All members and employees of the Senate shall adhere to and comply with the requirements of Delaware's
387	Freedom of Information Act, Chapter 100 of Title 29 of the Delaware Code, as it applies to the Senate.
888	RULE 58. POWER OF SUBPOENA; ADMINISTRATION OF OATHS OR AFFIRMATIONS; PENALTIES
889	FOR NONCOMPLIANCE.
890	(a)(1) The Senate may require the attendance of a person or production of documents by a person by subpoena
891	issued under this rule by a majority vote of its members. The President Pro Tempore shall sign, and the Secretary shall
892	attest, a subpoena issued under this paragraph (a)(1).
893	(2) The Chair of a standing or special committee of the Senate or a task force or similar entity created by the
894	Senate or action of the General Assembly may require the attendance of a person or production of documents by a
395	person by subpoena. To be valid, the President Pro Tempore must sign, and the Secretary must attest, a subpoena
896	issued under this paragraph (a)(2).
897	(b) A subpoena issued under this rule must be in writing.
898	(c) A member of the Senate may administer oaths or affirmations to witnesses in connection with a hearing or
399	investigation conducted by the Senate or a committee to which the member is appointed.
900	(d) Whoever having been summoned as provided in subsection (a) of this rule willfully makes default or whoever,
901	having appeared, refuses to answer any question pertinent to the question under inquiry or whoever having possession of
902	records required in a subpoena fails to produce the same is to be fined not more than \$1,000, or imprisoned not more than
903	12 months, or both.

to punish for contempt of the Senate without the intervention of a court.

(e) Nothing in this section is to be construed as a waiver by the Senate of its inherent right to issue subpoenas and

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# **SYNOPSIS**

This Resolution enacts the Rules of the Senate for the 151st General Assembly until further action of the Senate.

Author: Senator Sokola

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