

SPONSOR: Rep. Minor-Brown & Rep. Dorsey Walker & Rep. Heffernan & Sen. Townsend & Sen. Lockman & Sen. S. McBride & Sen. Brown Reps. Baumbach, Bentz, Bolden, K. Johnson, Kowalko, S. Moore, Morrison, Wilson-Anton; Sens. Gay, Hansen, Pinkney, Sokola

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES 151st GENERAL ASSEMBLY

HOUSE BILL NO. 340

AN ACT TO AMEND TITLE 31 OF THE DELAWARE CODE RELATING TO CHILD AND MATERNAL MORTALITY.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF DELAWARE:

1 Section 1. Amend § 301, Title 31 of the Delaware Code by making deletions as shown by strike through and

2 insertions as shown by underline as follows:

3 § 301. Definitions.

- 4 As used in this subchapter: chapter:
- 5 (5) "Maternal death" means the death of a woman while pregnant or within 42 days of termination of pregnancy,

6 irrespective of the duration and site of the pregnancy, from any cause related to or aggravated by the pregnancy or its

7 management but not from accidental or incidental causes. person during pregnancy or within a year from the end of

- 8 pregnancy. "Maternal death" includes pregnancy-related death and pregnancy-associated death.
- 9 Section 2. Amend Subchapter II, Chapter 3, Title 31 of the Delaware Code by making deletions as shown by strike
- 10 through and insertions as shown by underline as follows and redesignating accordingly:
- 11 Subchapter II. Child and Maternal Death Review Commission
- 12 § 320. Declaration of legislative intent: intent; definitions.

13 (a) The General Assembly hereby declares that the health and safety of the children and pregnant and postpartum

14 women persons of the State will be safeguarded if deaths of children under the age of 18 and stillbirths occurring after at

- 15 least 20 weeks of gestation and maternal death are reviewed, in order to provide its findings or recommendations to
- 16 alleviate those practices or conditions which impact the mortality of children and pregnant and postpartum persons. women.
- 17 This subchapter establishes the Child Death Review Commission.
- 18 (b) For the purposes of this subchapter, subchapter:
- 19 (1) "Commission" means the Child and Maternal Death Review Commission.

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(2) Stillbirths occurring after at least 20 weeks of gestation do not include stillbirths which occur as a result of

21 an elective medical procedure. "Stillbirth" means as defined in § 3101 of Title 16.

22 § 321. Organization and composition.

23 (a) The Child and Maternal Death Review Commission is hereby established.

(b) The following are members of the Commission: The State Attorney General, the Secretary of the State Department of Health and Social Services, the Secretary of the State Department of Services to Children, Youth and Their Families, the person appointed as the child advocate pursuant to § 9003A of Title 29, the Chair of the Child Protection Accountability Commission, the State Secretary of Education, the State Medical Examiner, the Director of the Division of Public Health, the Chief Judge of the Family Court, and the Superintendent of the Delaware State Police, or the designee of any of the preceding persons. Additionally, the following shall be appointed by the Governor as members of the Commission:

(1) A representative of the Medical Society of Delaware specializing in each of pediatrics, neonatology,
 obstetrics, and perinatology.

33 (2) A representative of the Delaware Nurses Association.

34 (3) A representative of the National Association of Social Workers.

35 (4) A representative of the Police Chiefs' Council of Delaware who is an active law-enforcement officer.

36 (5) A representative of the New Castle County Police Department.

37 (6) Two child advocates from state-wide nonprofit organizations.

38 (7) An individual who is a certified midwife or certified professional midwife.

39 (8) An individual who provides doula services in this State.

40 (9) A representative from a community organization that focuses on women's health, teen pregnancy, or

41 <u>public health.</u>

42 A Chairperson of each regional child death review panel, each maternal death panel, and each Fetal and Infant 43 Mortality Review Case Review Team established pursuant to subsections (d) and (e) (f) and (g) of this section shall also 44 serve as members of the Commission. The term of members appointed by the Governor shall be 3 years and shall terminate 45 upon the Governor's appointment of a new member to the Commission. In making appointments to the Commission, the 46 Governor shall consider representation on the panel of Black, Indigenous, and other persons of color in the membership. 47 The members of the Commission, regional panels, Case Review Teams, and Community Action Teams shall serve without 48 compensation. The Commission shall be staffed, and its staff shall include an Executive Director. The Executive Director 49 shall be hired and supervised by the executive committee of the Commission. The General Assembly may annually

50 appropriate such sums as it may deem necessary for the payment of the salary of the Executive Director and the staff, and 51 for the payment of actual expenses incurred by the Commission.

- 52 (b) (c) The Commission shall, by affirmative vote of a majority of all members of the Commission, appoint a 53 chairperson from its membership for a term of 1 year. The Commission shall meet at least semi-annually.
- (c) (d) (1) Meetings of the Commission, regional panels, Case Review Teams, and Community Action Teams are 54 55 closed to the public.
- 56 (2) The Commission shall meet at least annually with the Child Protection Accountability Commission to 57 jointly discuss any findings or recommendations released to the public from reviews conducted under § 932 of Title 16, 58 and this meeting is open to the public.
- 59 (3) The Commission shall meet at least annually with the Delaware Perinatal Quality Collaborative to jointly 60 discuss any findings and recommendations released to the public from reviews conducted under § 197 of Title 16 and 61 this meeting is open to the public.

62 (d) (e) The Commission shall by resolution passed by a majority of its members establish at least 1 but no more 63 than 3 regional panels authorized to review child deaths. For good cause shown to the Commission, any panel may 64 investigate and review any death or stillbirth entitled to review by the Commission. Members of the Commission shall 65 appoint representatives to each regional panel such that the regional panel reflects the disciplines of the Commission. The 66 members of such panel, together with any staff, contractors, or volunteers designated to assist the panel, are agents of the 67 Commission under § 324 of this title. The Commission shall also appoint to each regional panel all of the following:

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(1) A representative from each of the 3 police departments that investigate the majority of child deaths in the 69 region covered by the panel.

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(2) A citizen of the region interested in child death and stillbirth issues.

71 (e) (f) The Commission shall by resolution passed by a majority of its members establish Fetal and Infant 72 Mortality Review Case Review Teams and Community Action Teams based on the National Fetal and Infant Mortality 73 Review Program model.

- 74 (f) (g) Each regional panel and the Fetal and Infant Mortality Review Case Review Teams shall have the powers, 75 duties, and authority of the Commission as delegated by the Commission. Each regional panel and Fetal and Infant 76 Mortality Review Case Review Team shall, by affirmative vote of a majority of all members of that regional panel or team, 77 appoint co-chairpersons from its membership for a term of 1 year.
- 78 (g) (h) The Commission shall by resolution passed by a majority of its members establish 1 regional panel 79 authorized to review maternal deaths. The panel shall include a citizen interested in maternal mortality issues.

80 § 322. Voting.

Except as expressly provided in this subchapter, an affirmative vote of 60% of all members of the Commission, any regional panel, Case Review Team or Community Action Team is required to adopt any findings or recommendations of the Commission or such regional panel or team.

84 § 323. Powers and duties.

85 (a) The Commission shall have the power to investigate and review the facts and circumstances of all deaths of 86 children under the age of 18 solely for the purposes provided in § 320 of this title, except deaths of abused or neglected 87 children which are within the jurisdiction of the Child Protection Accountability Commission under subchapter III, Chapter 88 9 of Title 16, all stillbirths, and all maternal deaths which occur in Delaware. The Commission may review deaths of 89 abused or neglected children, for good cause shown, as determined by the agreement of the Commission and the Child 90 Protection Accountability Commission. The Commission may delegate tasks to its committees, workgroups, and panels as 91 necessary to accomplish its duties. The Commission shall delay the review of deaths involving criminal investigations until 92 the completion of the prosecution. For purposes of this subsection, "completion of the prosecution" means the decision to 93 file no information or seek no indictment, conviction or adjudication, acquittal, dismissal of an information or indictment 94 by a court, the conditional dismissal under a program established by Delaware law or court program, or the nolle prosequi 95 of an information or indictment by the Attorney General.

96 (b) (1) The Commission shall make its findings or recommendations to the Governor and the General Assembly, at
 97 least annually, regarding those practices or conditions which impact the mortality of children and mothers. pregnant and
 98 postpartum persons.

99 (2) Prior to the submission of findings and recommendations under paragraph (b)(1) of this section, the
 100 Commission shall publicly post draft findings and recommendations and invite and accept written public comment.
 101 The Commission shall hold a public session in each county to present draft findings and recommendations and accept
 102 public comment.

- (2) All summary information, findings, or recommendations shall include data disaggregated by race and
 ethnicity and include recommendations on how to prevent maternal and infant death and how to reduce racial
 disparities.
- (3) All summary information, findings, or recommendations released by the Commission under this
 subsection must comply with applicable state and federal confidentiality provisions, including those enumerated in §§
 324 of this title and 9017(e) of Title 29. Notwithstanding any provision of this subchapter to the contrary, a summary

- 109 information, finding, or recommendation released by the Commission under this subsection may not specifically
- 110 identify any individual or any nongovernmental agency, organization, or entity.
- 111 (b) (c) The Commission shall conduct child death reviews according to procedures promulgated by the

112 Commission. The Commission shall conduct maternal death reviews which utilize a public health model and shall include

- 113 information gathered through a clinical review and summary of medical and other subpoenaed records. The Commission
- 114 may amend such procedures upon an affirmative vote of three-fourths of all members of the Commission.

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SYNOPSIS

Improving the quality of maternal health care and ensuring full access to it improves health outcomes and reduces preventable pregnancy-related deaths. The United States has one of the highest rates of maternal mortality among high-income countries and wide disparities by race that have been documented since rates separated by race were first published in 1935. Currently, Indigenous and Black women are dying at two to three times the rate of White women, Asian/Pacific Islander women, and Hispanic women. Investigating maternal deaths—specifically by obtaining information beyond vital statistics data—is imperative to understanding why people may die while pregnant, during labor and delivery, and in the postpartum period. (Source: Guttmacher Institute)

Maternal mortality review is an essential component for improvement. Delaware added the review of maternal mortality to the duties of the existing Child Death Review Commission in 2008, however, the focus and processes of the Commission need improvement to match our evolving understanding of maternal morbidity and mortality as well as racial disparities.

This Act changes the name of the Commission, from "Child Death Review Commission" to "Child and Maternal Death Review Commission" to reflect the intended dual focus of the Commission. The definition of "maternal death" is updated to include death during pregnancy or within a year from the end of pregnancy, and related to, or aggravated by, the pregnancy or birth, including death by suicide.

The membership of the Commission is updated to include a midwife, a doula, and a member of a community group focused on women's health, teen pregnancy, or public health. In making appointments to the Commission, the Governor is directed to consider the racial diversity of the membership.

Most of the work of the Commission and death review panels is quite properly, closed to the public, to protect sensitive medical information and other protected personal information. However, to increase access to the work of the Commission, and to provide the Commission with the insight of diverse members of the public and with other public bodies addressing similar issues, the Act requires the Commission to hold at least one annual meeting jointly with the Delaware Perinatal Quality Collaborative to discuss findings, recommendations, and initiatives of that body. The Commission is also required to publicly post its draft report to the General Assembly and Governor and accept written public comment thereon, as well as hold a public meeting in each county to present its draft findings and recommendations and accept public comment.