



SPONSOR: Rep. Hudson & Rep. J. Johnson & Sen. Lavelle  
Reps. Keeley, K. Williams, Wilson

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES  
149th GENERAL ASSEMBLY

HOUSE BILL NO. 176  
AS AMENDED BY  
HOUSE AMENDMENT NO. 1  
AND  
HOUSE AMENDMENT NO. 2

AN ACT TO AMEND TITLE 11 OF THE DELAWARE CODE RELATING TO POSSESSION OF A WEAPON IN A  
SAFE SCHOOL AND RECREATION ZONE.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF DELAWARE:

Section 1. Amend § 1457, Title 11 of the Delaware Code by making deletions as shown by strikethrough and  
insertions as shown by underline as follows:

§ 1457. Possession of a weapon in a Safe School and Recreation Zone; class D, E, or F felony; class A or B  
misdemeanor.

(j) The penalty for possession of a weapon in a Safe School and Recreation Zone shall be:

- (1) If the underlying offense is a class B misdemeanor, the crime shall be a class A misdemeanor;
- (2) If the underlying offense is an unclassified misdemeanor, the crime shall be a class B misdemeanor;
- (3) If the underlying offense is a class E, F, or G felony, the crime shall be one grade higher than the  
underlying offense.

(4) If the underlying offense is a class D felony, the crime shall also be a class D felony.

(5) In the event that an elementary or secondary school student possesses a firearm ~~or other deadly weapon~~ in  
a Safe School and Recreation Zone in addition to any other penalties contained in this section, the student shall be  
expelled by the local school board or charter school board of directors for a period of not less than 180 days unless  
otherwise provided for in federal or state law. The local school board or charter school board of directors may, on a  
case by case basis, modify the terms of the expulsion.

(6) In the event that an elementary or secondary school student possesses a deadly weapon other than a  
firearm in a Safe School and Recreation Zone in addition or as an alternative to any other penalties contained in this  
section, the student may be suspended for a period of not less than 30 days unless otherwise provided for in federal or  
state law. The local school board or charter school board of directors may, on a case by case basis, modify the terms of  
the suspension.