

SPONSOR: Sen. Paradee & Rep. Bush

DELAWARE STATE SENATE 150th GENERAL ASSEMBLY

SENATE BILL NO. 132 AS AMENDED BY SENATE AMENDMENT NO. 1

AN ACT TO AMEND TITLE 18 OF THE DELAWARE CODE RELATING TO THE LIFE AND HEALTH INSURANCE GUARANTY ASSOCIATION ACT.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF DELAWARE:

Section 1. Amend § 4402, Title 18 of the Delaware Code by making deletions as shown by strike through and

insertions as shown by underline as follows:

§ 4402. Purpose.

The purpose of this chapter is to protect, subject to certain limitations, the persons specified in § 4403(a) of this

title against failure in the performance of contractual obligations, under life and health insurance policies life, health, and

annuity policies, plans, or contracts specified in § 4403(b) of this title, because of the impairment or insolvency of the

member insurer that issued the policies, policies, plans, or contracts. To provide this protection, an association of member

insurers is created to pay benefits and to continue coverage as limited herein in this chapter, and members of the

Association are subject to assessment to provide funds to carry out the purpose of this chapter.

Section 2. Amend § 4403, Title 18 of the Delaware Code by making deletions as shown by strike through and

insertions as shown by underline as follows:

§ 4403. Coverage and limitations.

(a) This chapter shall provide coverage for the policies and contracts specified in subsection (b) of this section:

(1) To persons who, regardless of where they reside (except for nonresident certificate holders under group

policies or contracts), are the beneficiaries, assignees assignees, or payees payees, including health care providers

rendering services covered under health insurance policies or certificates, of the persons covered under paragraph

(a)(2) of this section;

(2) To persons who are owners of or certificate holders or enrollees under such policies or contracts (other

than unallocated annuity contracts, and structured settlement annuities) and in each case who:

a. Are residents; or

b. Are not residents, but only under all of the following conditions:

1. The <u>member</u> insurer which issued such policies or contracts is domiciled in this State;

2. The states in which the persons reside have associations similar to the Association created by this

chapter;

3. The persons are not eligible for coverage by an association in any other state due to the fact that

the insurer insurer, managed care organization, or health maintenance organization was not licensed in the

state at the time specified in the state's guaranty association law.

(5) This chapter shall not provide coverage to:

a. A person who is a payee (or beneficiary) of a contract owner resident of this State if the payee (or

beneficiary) is afforded any coverage by the association of another state; or

b. A person covered under paragraph (a)(3) of this section if any coverage is provided by the association

of another state to the person; or

c. A person who acquires rights to receive payments through a structured settlement factoring transaction,

as defined in 26 U.S.C. § 5891(c)(3)(A), regardless of whether the transaction occurred before or after 26 U.S.C. §

5891(c)(3)(A) became effective.

(6) This chapter is intended to provide coverage to a person who is a resident of this State and, in special

circumstances, to a nonresident. In order to avoid duplicate coverage, if a person who would otherwise receive

coverage under this chapter is provided coverage under the laws of any other state, the person shall not be provided

coverage under this chapter. In determining the application of the provisions of this paragraph in situations where a

person could be covered by the association of more than 1 state, whether as an owner, payee, enrollee, beneficiary

beneficiary, or assignee, this chapter shall be construed in conjunction with other state laws to result in coverage by

only one association.

(b)(1) This chapter shall provide coverage to the persons specified in subsection (a) of this section for policies or

contracts of direct, nongroup life, life insurance; health insurance, which for the purposes of this chapter includes managed

care organization and health maintenance organization subscriber contracts and certificates; or annuity policies or contracts

and supplemental contracts to any of these, annuities for certificates under direct group policies and contracts, and for

supplemental contracts to any of these, and for unallocated annuity contracts, in each case issued by member

insurers, insurers, except as limited by this chapter. Annuity contracts and certificates under group annuity contracts include

but are not limited to guaranteed investment contracts, deposit administration contracts, unallocated funding agreements,

structured settlement annuities, annuities issued to or in connection with government lotteries, and any immediate or

deferred annuity contracts.

(2) This Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (b)(3) of this section, this chapter shall not provide

coverage for the following:

a. Any portion of a policy or contract not guaranteed by the member insurer or under which the risk is

borne by the policy or contract owner;

d. Any portion of a policy or contract issued to a plan or program of an employer, association or other

person to provide life, health or annuity benefits to its employees, members or others to the extent that such plan or

program is self-funded or uninsured, including but not limited to-benefits payable by an employer, association

association, or other person under any of the following:

1. A multiple employer welfare arrangement_arrangement, as defined in 29 U.S.C. § 1144; Section

3(40) of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (29 U.S.C. § 1002(40));

2. A minimum premium group insurance plan;

3. A stop-loss group insurance plan; or

4. An administrative services only contract;

j. An obligation that does not arise under the express written terms of the policy or contract issued by the

member insurer to the enrollee, certificate holder, contract owner, or policy owner, including without

limitation: including:

1. Claims based on marketing materials;

2. Claims based on side letters, riders or other documents that were issued by the member insurer

without meeting applicable policy or contract form filing or approval requirements;

3. Misrepresentations of or regarding policy or contract benefits;

4. Extracontractual claims; or

5. A claim for penalties or consequential or incidental damages; and

1. A portion of a policy or contract to the extent it provides for interest or other changes in value to be

determined by the use of an index or other external reference stated in the policy or contract but which have not

been credited to the policy or contract, or as to which the policy or contract owner's rights are subject to forfeiture,

as of the date the member insurer becomes an impaired or insolvent insurer under this chapter, whichever is

earlier. If a policy's or contract's interest or changes in value are credited less frequently than annually, then for

purposes of determining the values that have been credited and are not subject to forfeiture under this paragraph

(b)(2)a. (b)(2)l. of this section, the interest or change in value determined by using the procedures defined in the

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policy or contract will be credited as if the contractual date of crediting interest or changing values was the date of impairment or insolvency, whichever is earlier, and will not be subject to forfeiture.

m. Any employer owned life insurance policy, as defined in § 2704(e) of this title.

n. A policy or contract providing any hospital, medical, prescription <u>drug_drug</u>, or other health-care benefits <u>pursuant to_under_Part C</u> or Part D of Subchapter XVIII, Chapter 7 of Title 42 of the U.S.C. (commonly known as Medicare <u>Part C and D</u>) or <u>Part C and D</u>); <u>Subchapter XIX</u>, <u>Chapter 7 of Title 42 of the U.S.C.</u> (commonly known as Medicaid); or any regulations issued pursuant thereto. under either of these provisions.

o. Structured settlement annuity benefits to which a payee or beneficiary has transferred the payee's or beneficiary's rights in a structured settlement factoring transaction, as defined in 26 U.S.C. § 5891(c)(3)(A), regardless of whether the transaction occurred before or after 26 U.S.C. § 5891(c)(3)(A) became effective.

(3) The exclusion from coverage under paragraph (2)c. of this section does not apply to any portion of a policy or contract, including rider, that provides long-term care or any other health insurance benefits.

(c) The benefits that the Association may become obligated to cover shall in no event exceed the lesser of the following:

(1) The contractual obligations for which the <u>member</u> insurer is liable or would have been liable if it were not an impaired or insolvent insurer; or

(2)a. With respect to any one life, regardless of the number of policies or contracts:

1. \$300,000 in life insurance death benefits, but not more than \$100,000 in net cash surrender and net cash withdrawal values for life insurance;

2. In For health insurance benefits:

A. \$100,000 for coverages not defined as disability income insurance or insurance, health benefit plans, or long-term care insurance basic hospital, medical and surgical insurance or major medical insurance including any net cash surrender and net cash withdrawal values;

B. \$300,000 for disability <u>income</u> insurance and \$300,000 for long-term care insurance. For purposes of this section, "disability <u>income</u> insurance" <u>shall mean-means</u> the type of policy which pays a monthly or weekly amount if an individual is disabled and cannot work. "Long-term care insurance" <u>shall have the meaning-means</u> as defined in § 7103(5) of this <u>title-title</u>;

C. \$500,000 for basic hospital, medical and surgical insurance or major medical insurance For purposes of this section "basic hospital, medical and surgical insurance" shall mean a policy which pays a certain portion of hospital room and board costs each day. This type of policy also pays for hospital

LC : MJC : CM : 1921500024 Released: 06/30/2019 05:57 PM LC : HVW : NMX : 5081500125 services and supplies such as x-rays, lab tests, medicine and other items up to a stated amount. "Major

medical insurance" shall mean health insurance to finance the expense of major illness and injury

characterized by large benefits maximums. This type of insurance reimburses the major part of all

charges for hospital, doctor, private nurses, medical appliances, prescribed out-of-hospital treatment,

drugs and medicines above an initial deductible. The insured person as coinsurer pays the remainder; or

health benefit plans; or

3. \$250,000 in present value of annuity benefits including net cash surrender and net cash withdrawal

values.

b. With respect to each individual participating in a governmental retirement benefit plan established

under § 401, § 403(b) or § 457 of the U.S. Internal Revenue Code (26 U.S.C. § 401, § 403(b) or § 457) covered by

an unallocated annuity contract, or the beneficiaries of each such individual if deceased, \$250,000 in the aggregate

in present value annuity benefits, including net cash surrender and net cash withdrawal values;

c. With respect to each payee of a structured settlement annuity (or beneficiary or beneficiaries of the

payee, if deceased), \$250,000 in present value annuity benefits, in the aggregate, including net cash surrender and

net cash withdrawal values, if any;

d. However, in no event shall the Association be obligated to cover more than (i) an aggregate of

\$300,000 in benefits with respect to any 1 life under paragraphs (c)(2)a., $\frac{(c)(2)b.}{(c)(2)b.}$ (c)(2)b., and (c)(2)c. of this

section except with respect to benefits for basic hospital, medical and surgical insurance and major medical

insurance- health benefit plans under paragraph (c)(2)a.2. of this section, in which case the aggregate liability of

the Association shall not exceed \$500,000 with respect to any 1 individual; or (ii) with respect to 1 owner of

multiple nongroup policies of life insurance, whether the policy or contract owner is an individual, firm,

eorporation corporation, or other person, and whether the persons insured are officers, managers, employees

employees, or other persons, more than \$1,000,000 in benefits, regardless of the number of policies and contracts

held by the owner;

f. The limitations set forth in this subsection are limitations on the benefits for which the Association is

obligated before taking into account either its subrogation and assignment rights or the extent to which those

benefits could be provided out of the assets of the impaired or insolvent insurer attributable to covered policies.

The costs of the Association's obligations under this chapter may be met by the use of assets attributable to

covered policies or reimbursed to the Association pursuant to its subrogation and assignment rights.

g. For purposes of this chapter, benefits provided by a long-term care rider to a life insurance policy or

annuity contract are considered the same type of benefits as the base life insurance policy or annuity contract to

which it relates.

(d) In performing its obligations to provide coverage under § 4408 of this title, the Association shall not be

required to guarantee, assume, reinsure-reinsure, reissue, or perform, or cause to be guaranteed, assumed, reinsured

reinsured, reissued, or performed, the contractual obligations of the insolvent or impaired insurer under a covered policy or

contract that do not materially affect the economic values or economic benefits of the covered policy or contract.

Section 3. Amend § 4405, Title 18 of the Delaware Code by making deletions as shown by strike through,

insertions as shown by underline and by redesignating accordingly:

§ 4405. Definitions.

As used in this chapter:

(8) "Covered contract" or "covered policy" means a policy or contract or portion of a policy or contract for

which coverage is provided under § 4403 of this title.

(9) "Extracontractual claims" shall include, for example, includes claims relating to bad faith in the payment

of claims, punitive or exemplary damages, or attorneys' fees and costs.

(10) "Health benefit plan" means any hospital or medical expense policy or certificate, managed care

organization or health maintenance organization subscriber contract, or any other similar health contract. "Health

benefit plan" does not include any of the following:

a. Accident only insurance.

b. Credit insurance.

c. Dental insurance.

d. Vision only insurance.

e. Medicare Supplement insurance.

f. Benefits for long-term care, home health care, community-based care, or any combination thereof.

g. Disability income insurance.

h. Coverage for on-site medical clinics.

i. Specified disease, hospital confinement indemnity, or limited benefit health insurance if the types of

coverage do not provide coordination of benefits and are provided under separate policies or certificates.

(12) (13) "Member insurer" means an insurer insurer, managed care organization, or health maintenance

organization licensed or that holds a certificate of authority to transact in this State any kind of insurance,

managed care organization, or health maintenance organization business for which coverage is provided under § 4403

of this title, and includes an insurer insurer, managed care organization, or health maintenance organization whose

license or certificate of authority in this State may have been suspended, revoked, not renewed or voluntarily

withdrawn, but does not include:

a. A hospital or medical service organization, whether profit or nonprofit;

b.A health maintenance organization; [Repealed.]

c. A fraternal benefit society;

d. A mandatory state pooling plan;

e. A mutual assessment company or other person that operates on an assessment basis;

f. An insurance exchange;

g. An organization which has a certificate or license limited to the issuance of charitable gift annuities; or

h. An entity similar to any of the above.

(14) (15) "Owner" of a policy or contract and "policyholder", "policy owner" owner", and "contract owner"

mean the person who is identified as the legal owner under the terms of the policy or contract or who is otherwise

vested with legal title to the policy or contract through a valid assignment completed in accordance with the terms of

the policy or contract and properly recorded as the owner on the books of the member insurer. The terms owner,

contract owner, policyholder, and policy owner do not include persons with a mere beneficial interest in a policy

or contract.

(17) (18) "Premiums" means amounts or considerations (by whatever name called) received on covered

policies or contracts less returned premiums, considerations and deposits and less dividends and experience credits.

"Premiums" does not include amounts or considerations received for policies or contracts or for the portions of policies

or contracts for which coverage is not provided under § 4403(b) of this title except that assessable premium shall not be

reduced on account of § 4403(b)(2)c. of this title relating to interest limitations and § 4403(c)(2) of this title relating to

limitations with respect to 1 individual, 1 participant-participant, and 1 policy or contract owner. "Premiums" shall

does not include:

a. Premiums in excess of \$1,000,000 on an unallocated annuity contract not issued under a governmental

retirement benefit plan (or its trustee) established under § 401, § 403(b) or § 457 of the United States Internal

Revenue Code [26 U.S.C. § 401, § 403(b) or § 457], or

b. With respect to multiple nongroup policies of life insurance owned by 1 owner, whether the policy<u>or</u>

contract owner is an individual, firm, eorporation corporation, or other person, and whether the persons insured are

officers, managers, employees_employees, or other persons, premiums in excess of \$1,000,000 with respect to

these policies or contracts, regardless of the number of policies or contracts held by the owner.

(18) (19)a. "Principal place of business" of a plan sponsor or a person other than a natural person means the

single state in which the natural persons who establish policy for the direction, control and coordination of the

operations of the entity as a whole primarily exercise that function, determined by the Association in its reasonable

judgment by considering the following factors:

1. The state in which the primary executive and administrative headquarters of the entity is located;

2. The state in which the principal office of the chief executive officer of the entity is located;

3. The state in which the board of directors (or similar governing person or persons) of the entity

conducts the majority of its meetings;

4. The state in which the executive or management committee of the board of directors (or similar

governing person or persons) of the entity conducts the majority of its meeting;

5. The state from which the management of the overall operations of the entity is directed; and

6. In the case of a benefit plan sponsored by affiliated companies comprising a consolidated

corporation, the state in which the holding company or controlling affiliate has its principal place of business

as determined using the above factors.

However, in the case of a plan sponsor, if more than 50 percent of the participants in the benefit plan are

employed in a single state, that state shall be deemed to be the principal place of business of the plan sponsor.

b. The principal place of business of a plan sponsor of a benefit plan described in paragraph (16)c.

paragraph (17)c. of this section shall be deemed to be the principal place of business of the association, committee,

joint board of trustees or other similar group of representatives of the parties who establish or maintain the benefit

plan that, in lieu of a specific or clear designation of a principal place of business, shall be deemed to be the

principal place of business of the employer or employee organization that has the largest investment in the benefit

plan in question.

(19) "Receivership court" means the court in the insolvent or impaired insurer's state having jurisdiction over

the conservation, rehabilitation or liquidation of the <u>member</u> insurer.

(20) "Resident" means a person to whom a contractual obligation is owed and who resides in this State on the

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date of entry of a court order that determines a member insurer to be an impaired insurer or a court order that

determines a member insurer to be an insolvent insurer, whichever occurs first, insurer. A person may be a resident of

only 1 state, which in the case of a person other than a natural person shall be its principal place of business. Citizens

of the United States that are either (i) residents of foreign countries, or (ii) residents of United States possessions,

territories or protectorates that do not have an association similar to the Association created by this chapter shall be

deemed residents of the state of domicile of the <u>member</u> insurer that issued the policies or contracts.

(22) "State" means a state, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, or a United States possession, territory or

protectorate. "State," when capitalized, means the State of Delaware.

Section 4. Amend § 4406, Title 18 of the Delaware Code by making deletions as shown by strike through and

insertions as shown by underline as follows:

§ 4406. Delaware Life and Health Insurance Guaranty Association — Created; accounts; supervision.

(a) There is created a nonprofit legal entity to be known as the Delaware Life and Health Insurance Guaranty

Association. All member insurers shall be and remain members of the Association as a condition of their authority to

transact insurance insurance, managed care organization, or health maintenance organization business in this State. The

Association shall perform its functions under the plan of operation established and approved under § 4410 of this title, and

shall exercise its powers through a Board of Directors established under § 4407 of this title. For purposes of administration

and assessment, the Association shall maintain 2 accounts:

(1) The life insurance and annuity account, which includes the following subaccounts:

a. Life insurance account;

b. Annuity account, which shall include annuity contracts owned by a governmental retirement plan (or

its trustee) established under § 401, § 403(b) or § 457 of the United States Internal Revenue Code [26 U.S.C. §

401, § 403(b) or § 457], but shall otherwise exclude unallocated annuities; and

c. Unallocated annuity account, which shall exclude contracts owned by a governmental retirement

benefit plan (or its trustee) established under § 401, § 403(b) or § 457 of the United States Internal Revenue Code

[26 U.S.C. § 401, § 403(b) or § 457].

(2) The health insurance account.

(b) The Association shall come under the immediate supervision of the Commissioner and shall be subject to the

applicable provisions of the insurance laws of this State.

Section 5. Amend § 4408, Title 18 of the Delaware Code by making deletions as shown by strike through and

insertions as shown by underline as follows:

§ 4408. Powers and duties of the Association.

LC : MJC : CM : 1921500024 LC : HVW : NMX : 5081500125 (a) If a member insurer is an impaired insurer, the Association may, in its discretion, and subject to any conditions

imposed by the Association that do not impair the contractual obligations of the impaired insurer and that are approved by

the Commissioner:

(1) Guarantee, assume assume, reissue, or reinsure, or cause to be guaranteed, assumed, reissued, or reinsured,

any or all of the policies or contracts of the impaired insurer; or

(2) Provide such moneys, pledges, loans, notes, guarantees or other means as are proper to effectuate

paragraph (a)(1) of this section and assure payment of the contractual obligations of the impaired insurer pending

action under paragraph (a)(1) of this section.

(b) If a member insurer is an insolvent insurer, the Association shall, in its discretion, either:

(1)a.1. Guaranty, assume Guarantee, assume, reissue, or reinsure, or cause to be guaranteed, assumed

assumed, reissued, or reinsured, the policies or contracts of the insolvent insurer; or

2. Assure payment of the contractual obligations of the insolvent insurer; and

b. Provide moneys, pledges, loans, notes, guarantees or other means reasonably necessary to discharge

the Association's duties; or

(2) Provide benefits and coverages in accordance with the following provisions:

a. With respect to life and health insurance policies and annuities, policies and contracts, assure payment

of benefits for premiums identical to the premiums and benefits (except for terms of conversation and

renewability) that would have been payable under the policies or contracts of the insolvent insurer, for claims

incurred:

1. With respect to group policies and contracts, not later than the earlier of the next renewal date

under those policies or contracts or 45 days, but in no event less than 30 days, after the date on which the

Association becomes obligated with respect to the policies and contracts;

2. With respect to nongroup policies, contracts and annuities, not later than the earlier of the next

renewal date (if any) under the policies or contracts or 1 year, but in no event less than 30 days from the date

on which the Association becomes obligated with respect to the policies or contracts;

b. Make diligent efforts to provide all known insureds insureds, enrollees, or annuitants (for nongroup

policies and contracts), or group policy or contract owners with respect to group policies and contracts, 30 days'

notice of the termination (pursuant to termination, under paragraph (b)(2)a. of this section, of the benefits

provided;

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by the Association, make available to each known insured insured, enrollee, or annuitant, or owner if other than the insured or annuitant, and with respect to an individual formerly insured an insured, enrollee, or formerly an annuitant under a group policy or contract who is not eligible for replacement group coverage, make available substitute coverage on an individual basis in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (b)(2)d, of this section, if the insureds insureds, enrollees, or annuitants had a right under law or the terminated policy policy, contract, or

c. With respect to nongroup life and health insurance policies and annuities policies and contracts covered

annuity to convert coverage to individual coverage or to continue an individual policy policy, contract, or annuity

in force until a specified age or for a specified time during which the insurer, managed care organization,

or health maintenance organization had no right unilaterally to make changes in any provision of the policy,

contract, or annuity or had a right only to make changes in premium by class;

(3)a. In providing the substitute coverage required under paragraph (b)(2)c. of this section, the Association

may offer either to reissue the terminated coverage or to issue an alternative policy or contract at actuarially

justified rates.

b. Alternative or reissued policies or contracts shall be offered without requiring evidence of insurability,

and shall not provide for any waiting period or exclusion that would not have applied under the terminated policy.

policy or contract.

c. The Association may reinsure any alternative or reissued policy. policy or contract.

(4)a. Alternative policies or contracts adopted by the Association shall be subject to the approval of the

domiciliary insurance commissioner and the receivership court. Commissioner. The Association may adopt alternative

policies or contracts of various types for future issuance without regard to any particular impairment or insolvency.

b. Alternative policies or contracts shall contain at least the minimum statutory provisions required in this

State and provide benefits that shall not be unreasonable in relation to the premium charged. The Association shall

set the premium in accordance with a table of rates that it shall adopt. The premium shall reflect the amount of

insurance to be provided and the age and class of risk of each insured, but shall not reflect any changes in the

health of the insured after the original policy or contract was last underwritten.

c. Any alternative policy or contract issued by the Association shall provide coverage of a type similar to

that of the policy or contract issued by the impaired or insolvent insurer, as determined by the Association.

(5) If the Association elects to reissue terminated coverage at a premium rate different from that charged

under the terminated policy, policy or contract, the premium shall be actuarially justified and set by the Association in

accordance with the amount of insurance or coverage provided and the age and class of risk, subject to prior approval

of the domiciliary insurance commissioner and the receivership court. Commissioner.

(6) The Association's obligations with respect to coverage under any policy or contract of the impaired or

insolvent insurer or under any reissued or alternative policy or contract shall cease on the date the coverage or policy

coverage, policy, or contract is replaced by another similar policy or contract by the policy or contract owner, the

insured insured, the enrollee, or the Association.

(7) When proceeding under paragraph (b)(2) of this section with respect to a policy or contract carrying

guaranteed minimum interest rates, the Association shall assure the payment or crediting of a rate of interest consistent

with § 4403(b)(2)c. of this title.

(c) Nonpayment of premiums within 31 days after the date required under the terms of any guaranteed, assumed,

alternative alternative, or reissued policy or contract or substitute coverage shall terminate the Association's obligations

under the policy policy, contract, or coverage under this chapter with respect to the policy policy, contract, or coverage,

except with respect to any claims incurred or any net cash surrender value which may be due in accordance with under this

chapter.

(g) A deposit in this State held pursuant to law or required by the Commissioner for the benefit of creditors,

including policy or contract owners, not turned over to the domiciliary liquidator upon the entry of a final order of

liquidation or order approving a rehabilitation plan of an a member insurer domiciled in this State or in a reciprocal state,

shall be promptly paid to the Association. The Association shall be entitled to retain a portion of any amount so paid to it

equal to the percentage determined by dividing the aggregate amount of policy or contract owners claims related to that

insolvency for which the Association has provided statutory benefits by the aggregate amount of all policy or contract

owners' claims in this State related to that insolvency and shall remit to the domiciliary receiver the amount so paid to the

Association less the amount retained pursuant to this subsection. Any amount so paid to the Association and retained by it

shall be treated as a distribution of estate assets pursuant to under § 5911 of this title or similar provision of the state of

domicile of the impaired or insolvent insurer.

(j) The Association shall have standing to appear or intervene before a court or agency in this State with

jurisdiction over an impaired or insolvent insurer concerning which the Association is or may become obligated under this

chapter or with jurisdiction over any person or property against which the Association may have rights through subrogation

or otherwise. Standing shall extend to all matters germane to the powers and duties of the Association, including, but not

limited to, including proposals for reinsuring, modifying reissuing, modifying, or guaranteeing the policies or contracts of

the impaired or insolvent insurer and the determination of the policies or contracts and contractual obligations. The

Association shall also have the right to appear or intervene before a court or agency in another state with jurisdiction over

an impaired or insolvent insurer for which the Association is or may become obligated or with jurisdiction over any person

or property against whom the Association may have rights through subrogation or otherwise.

(k)(1) A person receiving benefits under this chapter shall be deemed to have assigned the rights under, and any

causes of action against any person for losses arising under, resulting from or otherwise relating to, the covered policy or

contract to the Association to the extent of the benefits received because of this chapter, whether the benefits are payments

of or on account of contractual obligations, continuation of eoverage coverage, or provision of substitute or alternative

policies, contracts, or coverages. The Association may require an assignment to it of such rights and cause of action by any

enrollee, payee, policy or contract owner, beneficiary, insured insured, or annuitant as a condition precedent to the receipt

of any right or benefits conferred by this chapter upon the person.

(2) The subrogation rights of the Association under this subsection shall have the same priority against the

assets of the impaired or insolvent insurer as that possessed by the person entitled to receive benefits under this chapter.

(3) In addition to paragraphs (k)(1) and (2) of this section, the Association shall have all common-law rights

of subrogation and any other equitable or legal remedy that would have been available to the impaired or insolvent

insurer or owner, beneficiary beneficiary, enrollee, or payee of a policy or contract with respect to the policy or

contracts (including without limitation, contracts, including in the case of a structured settlement annuity, any rights of

the owner, beneficiary or payee of the annuity, to the extent of benefits received pursuant under this chapter, against a

person originally or by succession responsible for the losses arising from the personal injury relating to the annuity or

payment therefor, excepting any such person responsible solely by reason of serving as an assignee in respect of a

qualified assignment under Internal Revenue Code § 130 [26 U.S.C. § 130]). § 130].

(4) If the preceding provisions paragraphs (k)(1) through (k)(3) of this subsection are invalid or ineffective

with respect to any person or claim for any reason, the amount payable by the Association with respect to the related

covered obligations shall be reduced by the amount realized by any other person with respect to the person or claim

that is attributable to the policies or contracts, (or portion thereof) or portion thereof, covered by the Association.

(5) If the Association has provided benefits with respect to a covered obligation and a person recovers

amounts as to which the Association has rights as described in the preceding paragraphs paragraphs (k)(1) through

(k)(4) of this subsection, the person shall pay to the Association the portion of the recovery attributable to the policies

or contracts, (or portion thereof) or portion thereof, covered by the Association.

(1) In addition to the rights and powers elsewhere in this chapter, the Association may:

(3) Borrow money to effect the purposes of this chapter; any notes or other evidence of indebtedness of the

Association not in default shall be legal investments for domestic member insurers and may be carried as admitted

assets;

(6) Exercise, for the purposes of this chapter and to the extent approved by the Commissioner, the powers of a

domestic life insurer, or health insurer; insurer, managed care organization, or health maintenance organization; but in

no case may the Association issue insurance policies or annuity contracts other than those issued to perform its

obligations under this chapter;

(7) Organize itself as a corporation or in other legal form permitted by the laws of the this State;

(8) Request information from a person seeking coverage from the Association in order to aid the Association

in determining its obligations under this chapter with respect to the person; and the person shall promptly comply with

the request; and

(9) Unless prohibited by law, in accordance with the terms and conditions of the policy or contract, file for

actuarially justified rate or premium increases for any policy or contract for which it provides coverage under this

chapter; and

(9) (10) Take other necessary or appropriate action to discharge its duties and obligations under this chapter or

to exercise its powers under this chapter.

(n)(1) At any time within 180 days of the date of the order of liquidation, the Association may elect to succeed to

the rights and obligations of the ceding member insurer that relate to policies policies, contracts, or annuities eovered (in

whole or in part) covered, in whole or part, by the Association, in each case under any 1 or more reinsurance contract or

contracts entered into by the insolvent insurer and its reinsurers and selected by the Association. Any such assumption shall

be effective as of the date of the order of liquidation. The election shall be effected by the Association or the National

Organization of Life and Health Insurance Guaranty Associations (NOLHGA) on its behalf sending written notice, return

receipt requested, to the affected reinsurers.

(2) To facilitate the earliest practicable decision about whether to assume any of the contracts of reinsurance

and to protect the financial position of the estate, the receiver and each reinsurer of the ceding member insurer shall

make available, upon request, to the Association or to NOLHGA on its behalf as soon as possible after commencement

of formal delinquency proceedings:

a. Copies of in-force contracts of reinsurance and all related files and records relevant to the

determination of whether such contracts should be assumed; and

b. Notices of any defaults under the reinsurance contracts or any known event or condition which, with

the passage of time, could become a default under the reinsurance contracts.

(3) The following paragraphs (n)(3)a. through f. of this section shall apply to reinsurance contracts so assumed

by the Association:

a. The Association shall be responsible for all unpaid premiums due under the reinsurance contracts for

periods both before and after the date of the order of liquidation, and shall be responsible for the performance of

all other obligations to be performed after the date of the order of liquidation, in each case which relate to policies

policies, contracts, or annuities eovered (in whole or in part) covered, in whole or part, by the Association. The

Association may charge policies policies, contracts, or annuities covered in part by the Association, through

reasonable allocation methods, the costs for reinsurance in excess of the obligations of the Association and shall

provide notice and an accounting of these charges to the liquidator.

b. The Association shall be entitled to any and all amounts payable by the reinsurer under the reinsurance

contracts with respect to losses or events that occur in periods after the date of the order of liquidation and that

relate to policies policies, contracts, or annuities eovered (in whole or in part) covered, in whole or part, by the

Association, provided that, if, upon receipt of any such amounts the Association shall be obligated to pay to the

beneficiary under the policy, contract, or annuity on account of which the amounts were paid a portion of

the amount equal to the lesser of:

1. The amount received by the Association; and

2. The excess of the amount received by the Association, over the amount equal to the benefits paid

by the Association on account of the policy contract, or annuity less the retention of the insurer

applicable to the loss or event.

c. Within 30 days following the Association's election (the "election date"), the Association and each

reinsurer under contracts assumed by the Association shall calculate the net balance due to or from the Association

under each reinsurance contract as of the election date with respect to policies, contracts, or annuities

covered, in whole or in part, by the Association, which calculation shall give full credit to all items paid by either

the member insurer or its receiver or the reinsurer prior to before the election date. The reinsurer shall pay the

receiver any amounts due for losses or events prior to before the date of the order of liquidation, subject to any set-

off for premiums unpaid for periods prior to the date, and the Association or reinsurer shall pay any remaining

balance due the other, in each case within 5 days of the completion of the aforementioned calculation. Any

disputes over the amounts due to either the Association or the reinsurer shall be resolved by arbitration pursuant to

<u>under</u> the terms of the affected reinsurance contracts or, if the contract contains no arbitration clause, as otherwise provided by law. If the receiver has received any amounts due the Association pursuant to under paragraph

(n)(3)b. of this section, the receiver shall remit the same to the Association as promptly as practicable.

d.1. If the Association or the receiver, on the Associations' behalf, within 60 days of the election date,

pays the unpaid premiums due for periods both before and after the election date that relate to policies,

contracts, or annuities eovered (in whole or in part) covered, in whole or part, by the Association, the reinsurer

shall not be entitled to terminate the reinsurance contracts for failure to pay a premium insofar as the reinsurance

contracts relate to policies policies, contracts, or annuities covered, in whole or in part, by the Association, and

shall not be entitled to set off any unpaid amounts due under other contracts, or unpaid amounts due from parties

other than the Association, against amounts due the Association.

2. During the period from the date of the order of liquidation until the election date (or, date, or, if the

election date does not occur, until 180 days after the date of the order of liquidation): liquidation:

A.I. Neither the Association nor the reinsurer shall have any rights or obligations under

reinsurance contracts that the Association has the right to assume under paragraph (n)(1) of this section,

whether for periods prior to before or after the date of the order of liquidation; and

II. The reinsurer, the receiver receiver, and the Association shall, to the extent practicable,

provide each other data and records reasonably requested;

B. Provided that once the Association has elected to assume a reinsurance contract, the parties'

rights and obligations shall be governed by paragraph (n)(1) of this section.

3. If the Association does not elect to assume a reinsurance contract by the election date pursuant to

under paragraph (n)(1) of this section, the Association shall have no rights or obligations, in each case for

periods both before and after the date of the order of liquidation, with respect to the reinsurance contract.

4. When policies policies, contracts, or annuities, or covered obligations with respect thereto, are

transferred to an assuming insurer, reinsurance on the policies policies, contracts, or annuities may also be

transferred by the Association, in the case of contracts assumed under paragraph (n)(1) of this section, subject

to the following:

A. Unless the reinsurer and the assuming insurer agree otherwise, the reinsurance contract that is

transferred shall not cover any new policies of insurance insurance, contracts, or annuities in addition to

those transferred:

B. The obligations described in paragraph (n)(3)d.1. of this section shall no longer apply with

respect to matters arising after the effective date of the transfer; and

C. Notice shall be given in writing, return receipt requested, by the transferring party to the

affected reinsurer not less than 30 days prior to before the effective date of the transfer.

e. The provisions of this subsection (n) shall supersede the provisions of any State law or of any affected

reinsurance contract that provides for or requires any payment of reinsurance proceeds, on account of losses or

events that occur in periods after the date of the order of liquidation, to the receiver of the insolvent insurer or any

other person. The receiver shall remain entitled to any amounts payable by the reinsurer under the reinsurance

contracts with respect to losses or events that occur in periods prior to before the date of the order of liquidation,

subject to applicable setoff provisions.

f. Except as otherwise provided in this section, nothing in this subsection (n) shall:

1. Alter or modify the terms and conditions of any reinsurance contract;

2. Abrogate or limit any rights of any reinsurer to claim that it is entitled to rescind a reinsurance

contract;

3. Provide a policyholder policyholder, contract owner, enrollee, certificate holder, or beneficiary

with an independent cause of action against a reinsurer that is not otherwise set forth in the reinsurance

contract;

4. Limit or affect the Association's rights as a creditor of the estate against the assets of the estate;

5. Apply to reinsurance agreements covering property or casualty risks.

(r) In carrying out its duties in connection with guaranteeing, assuming assuming, reissuing, or reinsuring policies

or contracts under subsection (a) or (b) of this section, the Association may, subject to approval of the receivership court,

may issue substitute coverage for a policy or contract that provides an interest rate, crediting rate rate, or similar factor

determined by use of an index or other external reference stated in the policy or contract employed in calculating returns or

changes in value by issuing an alternative policy or contract in accordance with the following provisions:

(1) In lieu of the index or other external reference provided for in the original policy or contract, the

alternative policy or contract provides for:

a. A fixed interest rate; or

b. Payment of dividends with minimum guarantees; or

c. A different method for calculating interest or changes in value;

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- (2) There is no requirement for evidence of insurability, waiting period period, or other exclusion that would not have applied under the replaced policy or contract; and
- (3) The alternative policy or contract is substantially similar to the replaced policy or contract in all other materials terms.

Section 6. Amend § 4409, Title 18 of the Delaware Code by making deletions as shown by strike through and insertions as shown by underline as follows:

§ 4409. Assessments.

(c)(1)a. The amount of any class A assessment shall be determined by the Board and may be authorized and called on a pro rata or non-pro rata basis. If pro rata, the Board may provide that it be credited against future class C assessments. The total of all non-pro rata assessments shall not exceed \$300 per member insurer in any 1 calendar year.

<u>b.</u> The amount of class C <u>assessment assessment, except for assessments relating to long-term care insurance, shall be allocated for assessment purposes among between the accounts and among the subaccounts of the life insurance and annuity account <u>pursuant to under</u> an allocation formula which may be based on the premiums or reserves of the impaired or insolvent insurer or any other standard deemed by the Board in its sole discretion as being fair and reasonable under the circumstances.</u>

- c. The amount of the class C assessment for long-term care insurance written by the impaired or insolvent insurer must be allocated according to a methodology included in the Plan of Operation and approved by the Commissioner. The methodology must provide for 50% of the assessment to be allocated to accident and health member insurers and 50% to be allocated to life and annuity member insurers.
- (3) Class C assessments against member insurers for each account and subaccount shall be in the proportion that the premiums received on business in this State by each assessed member insurer on policies or contracts covered by each account for the 3 most recent calendar years for which information is available preceding the year in which the member insurer became impaired or insolvent, as the case may be, bears to such premiums received in this State for such calendar years by all assessed member insurers.
- (d) The Association may abate or defer, in whole or in part, the assessment of the member insurer if, in the opinion of the Board, payment of the assessment would endanger the ability of the member insurer to fulfill its contractual obligations. In the event If an assessment against a member insurer is abated or deferred in whole or in part, the amount by which such assessment is abated or deferred may be assessed against the other member insurers in a manner consistent with the basis for assessments set forth in under this section. Once the conditions which caused a deferral have been removed or

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rectified, the member insurer shall pay all assessments that were deferred pursuant to a repayment plan approved by the Association.

(e)(1)a. Subject to the provisions of paragraph (e)(1)b. of this section, the total of all assessments authorized by the Association with respect to a member insurer for each subaccount of the life insurance and annuity account and for the health account shall not in 1 calendar year exceed 2% of that member insurer's average annual premiums received in this State on the policies and contracts covered by the subaccount or account during the 3 calendar years preceding the year in which the member insurer became an impaired or insolvent insurer.

b. If 2 or more assessments are authorized in 1 calendar year with respect to <u>member</u> insurers that become impaired or insolvent in different calendar years, the average annual premiums for purposes of the aggregate assessment percentage limitation referenced in paragraph (e)(1)a. of this section shall be equal and limited to the higher of the 3-year average annual premiums for the applicable subaccount or account as calculated pursuant to under this section.

c. If the maximum assessment, together with the other assets of the Association in an account, does not provide in 1 year in either account an amount sufficient to carry out the responsibilities of the Association, the necessary additional funds shall be assessed as soon thereafter as permitted by this chapter.

- (2) The Board may provide in the plan of operation a method of allocating funds among claims, whether relating to 1 or more impaired or insolvent insurers, when the maximum assessment will be insufficient to cover anticipated claims.
- (3) If the maximum assessment for any subaccount of the life and annuity account in any 1 year does not provide an amount sufficient to carry out the responsibilities of the Association, then pursuant to under paragraph (c)(3) of this section, the Board shall assess all subaccounts of the life and annuity account for the necessary additional amount, subject to the maximum stated in paragraph (e)(1) of this section.
- (f) The Board may, by an equitable method as established in the plan of operation, refund to member insurers, in proportion to the contribution of each <u>member</u> insurer to that account, the amount by which the assets of the account exceed the amount the Board finds is necessary to carry out during the coming year the obligations of the Association with regard to that account, including assets accruing from assignment, subrogation, net realized <u>gains gains</u>, and income from investments. A reasonable amount may be retained in any account to provide funds for the continuing expenses of the Association and for future claims.

LC: MJC: CM: 1921500024 LC: HVW: NMX: 5081500125 (g) It shall be proper for any member insurer, in determining its premium rates and policy owner dividends as to any kind of insurance insurance, managed care organization, or health maintenance organization business within the scope of this chapter, to consider the amount reasonably necessary to meet its assessment obligations under this chapter.

(h) The Association shall issue to each <u>member</u> insurer paying a class C assessment a certificate of contribution, in

a form prescribed by the Commissioner, for the amount of the assessment so paid. All outstanding certificates shall be

given equal dignity and priority without reference to amounts or dates of issue. A certificate of contribution may be shown

by the <u>member</u> insurer in its financial statement as an asset in such form and for such amount, if any, and period of time as

the Commissioner may approve.

(i)(1) A member insurer that wishes to protest all or part of an assessment shall pay when due the full amount of

the assessment as set forth in the notice provided by the Association. The payment shall be available to meet Association

obligations during the pendency of the protest or any subsequent appeal. Payment shall be accompanied by a statement in

writing that the payment is made under protest and setting forth a brief statement of the grounds for the protest.

(5) If the protest or appeal on the assessment is upheld, the amount paid in error or excess shall be returned to

the member eompany. insurer. Interest on a refund due a protesting member insurer shall be paid at the rate actually

earned by the Association.

Section 6. Amend § 4411, Title 18 of the Delaware Code by making deletions as shown by strike through and

insertions as shown by underline as follows:

§ 4411. Duties and powers of Commissioner.

In addition to the duties and powers enumerated elsewhere in this chapter:

(1) The Commissioner shall:

a. Upon request of the Board of Directors, provide the Association with a statement of the premiums in

the appropriate states for each member insurer;

b. When an impairment is declared and the amount of the impairment is determined, serve a demand upon

the impaired insurer to make good the impairment within a reasonable time. Notice to the impaired insurer shall

constitute notice to its shareholders, if any. The failure of the impaired insurer to promptly comply with such

demand shall not excuse the Association from the performance of its powers and duties under this chapter; and

c. In any liquidation or rehabilitation proceeding involving a domestic insurer, be appointed as the

liquidator or rehabilitator. If a foreign or alien member insurer is subject to a liquidation proceeding in its

domiciliary jurisdiction or state of entry, the Commissioner shall be appointed conservator.

(2) The Commissioner may suspend or revoke, after notice and hearing, the certificate of authority to transact insurance-business in this State of any member insurer which fails to pay an assessment when due or fails to comply with the plan of operation. As an alternative-Alternatively, the Commissioner may levy a forfeiture of any insurer which fails to pay an assessment when due. Such forfeiture shall not exceed 5% of the unpaid assessment per month,

but no forfeiture shall be less than \$100 per month.

(3) A final action of the Board of Directors or the Association may be appealed to the Commissioner by a

member insurer if the appeal is taken within 60 days of its receipt of notice of the final action being appealed. A final

action or order of the Commissioner shall be subject to judicial review in a court of competent jurisdiction in

accordance with the laws of this State that apply to the actions or orders of the Commissioner.

(4) The liquidator, rehabilitator rehabilitator, or conservator of any impaired insurer may notify all interested

persons of the effect of this chapter.

Section 7. Amend § 4412, Title 18 of the Delaware Code by making deletions as shown by strike through and

insertions as shown by underline as follows:

§ 4412. Detection and prevention of insolvencies.

To aid in the detection and prevention of member insurer insolvencies or impairments:

(1) It shall be the duty of the Commissioner:

a.1. To notify the commissioners of all the other states, territories of the United States and the District of

Columbia when he or she states when the Commissioner takes any of the following actions against a member

insurer:

1. A. Revocation of license;

2. B. Suspension of license;

3. <u>C.</u> Makes any formal order that such <u>company</u> <u>member insurer</u> restrict its premium writing,

obtain additional contributions to surplus, withdraw from the State, reinsure all or any part of its business

business, or increase capital, surplus surplus, or any other account for the security of policyholders

policyholders, policy owners, contract owners, certificate holders, or creditors.

2. Such notice shall Notice under paragraph (1)a.1. of this section must be mailed to all

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commissioners within 30 days following the action taken or the date on which such action occurs;

b. To report to the Board of Directors when he or she the Commissioner has taken any of the actions set

forth in paragraph (1)a. (1)a.1. of this section or has received a report from any other commissioner indicating that

any such action has been taken in another state. Such report to the Board of Directors shall contain all significant

details of the action taken or the report received from another commissioner;

c. To report to the Board of Directors when he or she the Commissioner has reasonable cause to believe

from any examination, whether completed or in process, of any member company that such company may be an

impaired or insolvent insurer; and

d. To furnish to the Board of Directors the NAIC Early Warning Tests developed by the National

Association of Insurance Commissioners, and the Board may use the information contained therein in carrying out

its duties and responsibilities under this section. Such report and the information contained therein shall be kept

confidential by the Board of Directors until such time as made public by the Commissioner or other lawful

authority.

(2) The Commissioner may seek the advice and recommendations of the Board of Directors concerning any

matter affecting his or her the Commissioner's duties and responsibilities regarding the financial condition of member

companies insurers and companies insurers, managed care organizations, or health maintenance organizations seeking

admission to transact insurance business in this State.

(3) The Board of Directors may, upon majority vote, make reports and recommendations to the Commissioner

upon any matter germane to the solvency, liquidation, rehabilitation rehabilitation, or conservation of any member

insurer or germane to the solvency of any eompany insurer, managed care organization, or health maintenance

organization seeking to do an insurance business in this State. Such reports and recommendations shall not be

considered public documents.

(4) It shall be the duty of the Board of Directors, upon majority vote, to notify the Commissioner of any

information indicating any member insurer may be an impaired or insolvent insurer.

(5) The Board of Directors may, upon majority vote, request that the Commissioner order an examination of

any member insurer which the Board in good faith believes may be an impaired or insolvent member insurer. Within

30 days of the receipt of such request, the Commissioner shall begin such examination. The examination may be

conducted as a National Association of Insurance Commissioners examination or may be conducted by such persons as

the Commissioner designates. The cost of such examination shall be paid by the Association and the examination

report shall be treated as are other examination reports. In no event shall such examination report be released to the

Board of Directors prior to before its release to the public, but this shall not preclude the Commissioner from

complying with paragraph (1) of this section. The Commissioner shall notify the Board of Directors when the

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examination is completed. The request for an examination shall be kept on file by the Commissioner but it shall not be

open to public inspection prior to before the release of the examination report to the public.

(6) The Board of Directors may, upon majority vote, make recommendations to the Commissioner for the

detection and prevention of member insurer insolvencies.

(7) The Board of Directors shall, at the conclusion of any member insurer insolvency in which the Association

was obligated to pay covered claims, prepare a report to the Commissioner containing such information as it may have

in its possession bearing on the history and causes of such insolvency. The Board shall cooperate with the boards of

directors of guaranty associations in other states in preparing a report on the history and causes for insolvency of a

particular member insurer, and may adopt by reference any report prepared by such other associations.

Section 8. Amend § 4413, Title 18 of the Delaware Code by making deletions as shown by strike through and

insertions as shown by underline as follows:

§ 4413. Credits for assessments paid.

(a) A member insurer may offset against its premium tax liability to this State an assessment described in §

4409(h) of this title to the extent of 20 percent of the amount of such assessment for each of the 5 calendar years following

the year in which such assessment was paid. In the event- If a member insurer should cease doing business, all uncredited

assessments may be credited against its premium tax liability for the year it ceases doing business.

(b) Any sums acquired by refund, pursuant to under § 4409(f) of this title, from the Association which have

theretofore been written off by contributing insurers and offset against (premium, franchise or income) premium, franchise,

or income taxes as provided in subsection (a) above, of this section and are not then needed for purposes of this chapter,

shall be paid by the Association to the Commissioner and deposited by the Commissioner with the State Treasurer for

credit to the General Fund of this State.

Section 9. Amend § 4414, Title 18 of the Delaware Code by making deletions as shown by strike through and

insertions as shown by underline as follows:

§ 4414. Liability for unpaid assessments; Association records; Association as creditor; liquidation proceeding.

(c) For the purpose of carrying out its obligations under this chapter, the Association shall be deemed to be a

creditor of the impaired or insolvent insurer to the extent of assets attributable to covered policies reduced by any amounts

to which the Association is entitled as subrogee pursuant to under § 4408(k) of this title. Assets of the impaired or

insolvent insurer attributable to covered policies shall be used to continue all covered policies and pay all contractual

obligations of the impaired or insolvent insurer as required by this chapter. Assets attributable to covered policies, policies

or contracts, as used in this subsection, is that proportion of the assets which the reserves that should have been established

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for such policies or contracts bear to the reserves that should have been established for all policies of insurance or health

benefit plans written by the impaired or insolvent insurer.

(d) As a creditor of the impaired or insolvent insurer as established in subsection (c) of this section and consistent

with § 5911 of this title, the Association and other similar associations shall be entitled to receive a disbursement of assets

out of the marshaled assets, from time to time as the assets become available to reimburse it, as a credit against contractual

obligations under this chapter. If the liquidator has not, within 120 days of a final determination of insolvency of an- a

member insurer by the receivership court, made an application to the court for the approval of a proposal to disburse assets

out of marshaled assets to guaranty associations having obligations because of the insolvency, then the Association shall be

entitled to make application to the receivership court for approval of its own proposal to disburse these assets.

(e)(1) Prior to-Before the termination of any liquidation, rehabilitation rehabilitation, or conservation proceeding,

the court may take into consideration the contributions of the respective parties, including the Association, the shareholders

shareholders, contract owners, certificate holders, enrollees, and policy owners of the insolvent insurer, and any other party

with a bond fide interest, in making an equitable distribution of the ownership rights of such insolvent insurer. In such a

determination, consideration shall be given to the welfare of the policyholders, policy owners, contract

owners, certificate holders, and enrollees of the continuing or successor member insurer.

(2) No distribution to stockholders, if any, of an impaired or insolvent insurer shall be made until and unless

the total amount of valid claims of the Association for funds expended in carrying out its powers and duties under §

4408 of this title with respect to such member insurer have been fully recovered by the Association.

(f)(1) If an order for liquidation or rehabilitation of an a member insurer domiciled in this State has been entered,

the receiver appointed under such order shall have a right to recover on behalf of the member insurer, from any affiliate that

controlled it, the amount of distributions, other than stock dividends paid by the member insurer on its capital stock made at

any time during the 5 years preceding the petition for liquidation or rehabilitation subject to the limitations of paragraphs

(f)(2)-(4) (f)(2) through (4) of this section.

(2) No such dividend shall be recoverable if the member insurer shows that, when paid, the distribution was

lawful and reasonable and that the member insurer did not know and could not reasonably have known that the

distribution might adversely affect the ability of the member insurer to fulfill its contractual obligations.

(3) Any person who was an affiliate that controlled the member insurer at the time the distributions were paid

shall be liable up to the amount of distributions that person received. Any person who was an affiliate that controlled

the member insurer at the time the distributions were declared shall be liable up to the amount of distributions that

person would have received if they had been paid immediately. If 2 persons are liable with respect to the same

distributions, they shall be jointly and severally liable.

Section 10. Amend § 4419, Title 18 of the Delaware Code by making deletions as shown by strike through and

insertions as shown by underline as follows:

§ 4419. Advertising.

No person, including an- a member insurer, agent or affiliate of an- a member insurer shall make, publish,

disseminate, eirculate or place before the public, or cause, directly or indirectly, to be made, published,

disseminated, eirculated, or placed before the public, in any newspaper, magazine, or other

publication, or in the form of a notice, circular, pamphlet, letter_letter, or poster, or over any radio station or television

station, or in any other way, any advertisement, announcement, announcement, or statement which uses the existence of the

Insurance Guaranty Association of this State for the purpose of sales, solicitation solicitation, or inducement to purchase

any form of insurance or other coverage covered by this chapter. Provided, however, that this section shall not apply to the

Delaware Life and Health Insurance Guaranty Association or any other entity which does not sell or solicit insurance.

insurance or coverage by a managed care organization or health maintenance organization.

Section 11. Amend § 6411, Title 18 of the Delaware Code by making deletions as shown by strike through and

insertions as shown by underline as follows:

§ 6411. Relationship to other laws.

(a) Managed care organizations shall be subject to this chapter and to the following chapters of this title, as

amended from time to time, to the extent applicable and not in conflict with the express provisions of this chapter. For

purposes of the following chapters only, a managed care organization shall be treated as a health insurer, and its coverages

shall be deemed to be "medical and hospital expense-incurred insurance policies" for purposes of Chapter 25 of this title:

(20) Chapter 44 of this title (Delaware Life and Health Insurance Guaranty Association).

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