

SPONSOR: Sen. DeLuca & Rep. Hudson;

Bunting, Sens. Ennis, Sorenson, Venables, Cloutier; Reps. Carson, Johnson, Lavelle, Maier, B. Short, Stone, Viola,

Wagner

DELAWARE STATE SENATE 144th GENERAL ASSEMBLY

SENATE BILL NO. 246

AN ACT TO AMEND TITLE 29 OF THE DELAWARE CODE RELATING TO NOTARIES PUBLIC.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF DELAWARE (Three-fifths of all members elected to each house thereof concurring therein):

1 Section 1. Amend Chapter 43 of Title 29 of the Delaware Code by striking Chapter 43 in its entirety and by 2 substituting in lieu thereof the following: 3 "CHAPTER 43. NOTARIES PUBLIC 4 Subchapter I. Office and Duties 5 § 4301. Appointment of notaries in general; qualifications; revocation. 6 (a) In addition to the notaries public authorized to be appointed under §§ 4302-4306 of this title, the Governor 7 may appoint as many notaries public as the Governor may decide is necessary and proper in each county of the 8 State. The Governor may delegate such duties relative to the appointment of notaries to the Secretary of State as 9 the Governor may decide is necessary and proper. For purposes of this title, 'Secretary' shall mean the Secretary 10 of State. Any person who acts as a notary under Delaware law shall register and be commissioned and otherwise 11 be in compliance with the provisions of this title. 12 (b) Any person who desires to become a notary shall be at least 18 years of age and shall provide such 13 evidence as the Secretary may require to show: 14 (1) Good character and reputation; 15 (2) A reasonable need for a notary commission; and 16 (3) Legal residence including street address of the notary within the State. 17 (c) The Governor may also appoint, as notaries public for notarial acts other than electronic notarial acts, 18 nonresidents of this State who otherwise meet the requirements of subsections (b)(1) and (2) of this section, 19 provided that such individuals maintain an office or regular place of employment in Delaware. Nonresidents 20 seeking appointment as notaries public shall include with their application an affidavit containing a residential 21 and a Delaware employment address. Those appointed as notaries shall also file an affidavit for each change of

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address.

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23	Service of process, subpoenas and other documents upon nonresident notaries may be made personally or by		
24	leaving them with any person of suitable age and discretion at the Delaware place of employment. Substituted		
25	service shall be effectual if served upon the Secretary of State, under the guideline of § 376(b) of Title 8 in the		
26	event that the office has been closed or such individual ceases to be regularly employed at the filed Delaware		
27	employment address. The Secretary of State shall then forward such documents to the filed residential address.		
28	(d) The Governor, or as permitted, the Secretary may revoke any notary commission for cause.		
29	(e) The Secretary may promulgate regulations governing applications, registrations, and guidelines for all		
30	notaries public.		
31	§ 4302. Appointment of electronic notaries; term.		
32	(a) The Governor may appoint as many electronic notaries as the Governor may decide is necessary and		
33	proper. The Governor may delegate such duties relative to the appointment of electronic notaries to the Secretary		
34	of State as the Governor may decide is necessary and proper. Any person who acts as an electronic notary under		
35	Delaware law shall register and be commissioned and otherwise be in compliance with the provisions of this title.		
36	(b) Any person who desires to become an electronic notary shall be at least 18 years of age and shall provide		
37	such evidence as the Secretary may require to show:		
38	(1) Good character and reputation;		
39	(2) A reasonable need for an electronic notary commission; and		
40	(3) Legal residence including street address of the electronic notary within the State.		
41	(c) The Governor may also appoint, as notaries public for electronic notarial acts, nonresidents of this State		
42	who otherwise meet the requirements of subsections (b)(1) and (2) of this section provided that such individual		
43	shall have demonstrated to the satisfaction of the Secretary that:		
44	(1) Such individual maintains an office or regular place of employment in Delaware;		
45	(2) Such individual is an attorney at law in good standing licensed in any state, commonwealth, territory,		
46	district or possession of the United States; or		
47	(3) Such individual is a current employee of a banking, trust or insurance company organized and		
48	regulated under the laws of the United States or any state, commonwealth, territory or possession of the		
49	United States, and such banking, trust or insurance company shall have previously submitted to the Secretary		
50	and had approved by the Secretary an application demonstrating that such banking, trust or insurance		
51	company is in good standing and has a reasonable need for permitting one or more of its employees to become		
52	an electronic notary under Delaware law.		
53	Nonresidents seeking appointment as a Delaware electronic notary public shall include with their application		
54	an affidavit containing their primary residential address within any state, commonwealth, territory, district or		

possession of the United States and their employment address in Delaware or within any state, commonwealth, territory or possession of the United States. Those appointed as electronic notaries public shall also file an affidavit for each change of address. Each nonresident electronic notary not having an employment address in Delaware shall also designate a registered agent in the State of Delaware to receive service of process, subpoenas and other documents.

Service of process, subpoenas and other documents upon nonresident electronic notaries may be made personally or by leaving them with any person of suitable age and discretion at the Delaware place of employment or the electronic notary's registered agent, if applicable. Substituted service shall be effectual if served upon the Secretary of State, under the guideline of § 376(b) of Title 8 in the event that the office has been closed or such individual ceases to be regularly employed at the filed Delaware employment address or such registered agent has resigned. The Secretary of State shall then forward such documents to the electronic notary's filed residential address or employment address outside of the State.

- (d) An applicant to become an electronic notary shall submit a registration form established by the Secretary for registering and being commissioned as an electronic notary, which shall include:
 - 1. The applicant's full legal name;

- 2. A description of the technology or technologies the registrant will use for electronic identification, electronic signatures and such other aspects involved in performing each electronic notarial transaction;
- 3. If the device used to create the registrant's electronic signature is issued or registered through a licensed authority, the name of that authority, the source of the license, the starting and expiration dates of the device's term of registration, and any revocations, annulments, or other premature terminations of any registered device of the registrant that were due to misuse or compromise of the device, with the date, cause, and nature of each termination explained in detail;
 - 4. The electronic mail address of the registrant;
 - 5. The electronic signature of the notary which shall be unique to the notary;
- 6. Evidence that the electronic notary has taken a course of instruction, whether in the classroom, distance learning or online, in accordance with standards established by the Secretary prior to being commissioned as an electronic notary, and continuing education, whether in the classroom, distance learning or online, in accordance with standards established by the Secretary, during the two year term as provided in § 4307; and
 - 7. Such other information as the Secretary shall reasonably request.

The registration form shall (i) be signed by the applicant using the electronic signature described in the form; (ii) include any decrypting instructions, codes, keys, or software that allow the registration to be read; and (iii) be transmitted electronically to the Secretary.

87	Nothing herein shall be construed to prevent an electronic notary from using updated technology or		
88	technologies during the term of the commission; however, the electronic notary shall notify the Secretary		
89	electronically within 90 days of installation or use of such updated technology or technologies and provide a brid		
90	description thereof.		
91	(e) The Governor, or as permitted, the Secretary may revoke any electronic notary commission for cause.		
92	(f) The Secretary may promulgate regulations or establish such additional standards and guidelines governing		
93	applications, registrations, appointments, and the conduct of resident and nonresident electronic notaries.		
94	§ 4303. Appointment of certain officers as notaries; term.		
95	The Governor shall appoint every person who is appointed to the office of justice of the peace and as		
96	Secretary of Finance also as a notary public. The Secretary of Finance shall only act as a notary public in		
97	connection with work performed in carrying out the duties of the office. The notary commission of any person		
98	appointed a notary public under this section shall terminate at the same time such person's term of office		
99	terminates.		
100	§ 4304. Appointment of notary for each bank or branch.		
101	The Governor shall appoint 1 notary public for each trust company, bank, banking association or branch or		
102	branches thereof in this State, whether state or national, chartered or organized under the laws of this State or of		
103	the United States.		
104	§ 4305. Appointment of court reporters as notaries public.		
105	The Governor may, upon the request of the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, appoint any of the official		
106	court reporters as a notary public.		
107	§ 4306. Appointment of notaries for certain service organizations; limitations.		
108	(a) The Governor may, upon the request of the department commander of a State recognized veterans'		
109	organization, appoint 1 notary public for each requesting organization for a term of 4 years, without charge to any		
110	appointee, commander or organization.		
111	(b) Any such notary, so appointed, shall have no authority to perform any duties with respect to such office or		
112	to take affidavits or acknowledgements, except on documents and papers in connection with and for the benefit of		
113	any veteran, their families or dependents. The notaries public, so appointed, shall make no charge for any service		
114	rendered.		
115	(c) The Governor may, upon the request of any administrative head of any volunteer fire company or		
116	volunteer ambulance and rescue company, appoint 1 notary public for each requesting organization for a term of		
117	4 years, without charge to any appointee, chief or organization. Any such notary, so appointed, shall have no		

authority to perform any duties with respect to such office or to take affidavits or acknowledgements, except on

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documents and papers in connection with and for the benefit of any members of the organizations listed herein to include their families or dependents. The notaries public, so appointed, shall make no charge to any service rendered.

- (d) The Governor shall, upon the request of the Chief of Police or acting Chief of Police of a unit of government whose personnel are full-time police officers and statutorily responsible for the prevention or investigation of crime involving injury to persons or property and who are authorized to execute search warrants and to make arrests, appoint a sufficient number of notaries public as may be requested by the Chief of Police or acting Chief of Police for the proper administration of their agencies. The appointments shall be for a term of 4 years, without charge to the appointee, Chief of Police or acting Chief of Police or police agency. Any such notary, so appointed, shall have no authority to perform any duties with respect to such office or to take affidavits or acknowledgments, except on documents and papers in connection with, and for the benefit of, their respective police agency. The notaries public appointed shall make no charge for any service rendered.
- § 4307. Term of office; fees; resignation.

- (a) Notaries public shall be commissioned for the term of 2 years. The fee for a 2-year term is \$60. Any notary public who wishes to renew his or her commission may request a 2-year reappointment for \$60 or a 4-year reappointment for \$90.
- (b) Electronic notaries public shall be commissioned for the term of 2 years. The fee for a 2-year term is \$60. The Secretary may establish such other fees to cover the actual costs incurred by the State to issue or provide any special identification cards, hardware or other related materials, technologies or training to electronic notaries public.
- (c) The Secretary may establish a schedule of fees for each electronic notarial act or service, not to exceed \$10 per notarial act or service.
- (d) Every notary who wishes to resign from office or who no longer meets the qualifications for a commission during their term of office shall immediately mail or deliver the official commission to the Secretary, who shall cancel the same.
- (e) Every notary who is registered to perform electronic notarizations who wishes to resign or who no longer meets the qualifications for a commission or whose term of office shall have expired shall immediately erase, delete or destroy the coding, disk, certificate, card, software or password that enables the electronic affixation of the notary's official electronic signature or seal and shall so certify to the Secretary. The failure of an electronic notary to comply with this subparagraph may result in the Secretary imposing a civil penalty on the notary of \$500.00.

§ 4308. Oath.

The notaries and resident electronic notaries shall severally take and subscribe the oath or affirmation prescribed by Article XIV of the Constitution. The nonresident electronic notaries shall severally take and subscribe the oath or affirmation on a commission issued by the Secretary before a clerk of court, deed recorder or other judicial officer, pay such fees as may be applicable for administering such oath or affirmation, and pay such fees as may be applicable to obtain a true and certified copy of such commission signed by the person who administered the oath or affirmation. The nonresident electronic notary will not be registered to perform electronic notarial acts until a true and certified copy of the fully executed commission is received by the Secretary as an electronic or paper document.

§ 4309. Seal and powers.

- (a) The notary shall have a seal and shall exercise the powers and perform the duties belonging to that office. The notary shall also have power to take the acknowledgement of deeds and other instruments. The notary public must ensure, either from personal knowledge of identity or from satisfactory evidence of identity as defined in § 4321, that the individual whose presence and signature is being certified is in fact the person he or she claims to be.
- (b) A notary who has registered with the Secretary to perform electronic notarizations as required by § 4302 of this title shall have an electronic seal and may perform a notarial act by electronic means. The electronic notary must ensure, either from personal knowledge of identity or from satisfactory evidence of identity as defined in § 4321, that the individual whose presence and signature is being certified is in fact the person he or she claims to be.
- (c) A notary public or electronic notary public shall not notarize a document without the person signing the document being personally present.
- § 4310. Engraving of seal; effect of use of nonconforming seal; electronic notarial seal; notary's official signature; electronic signature.
 - (a) The seal required by § 4309 of this title shall be used in the transaction of official business by notaries public. Each notary public shall provide, keep and use a seal that is either an engraved embossed seal or a black-inked rubber stamp seal to be used on the paper document being notarized. The seal shall contain the notary's name exactly as it appears on the commission, the words 'My Commission expires on' and the commission expiration date and the words 'Notary Public' and 'State of Delaware.'
 - (b) If the official seal of any notary public is not engraved in conformity with this section, it shall not invalidate an official act, but such act shall be as valid as though the seal had been engraved in conformity with the requirements of this section.

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182	(c) The electronic seal required by § 4309 of this title shall be used in the transaction of all official electronic			
183	notarial acts and shall contain the notary's name exactly as it appears on the commission, the words 'My			
184	Commission expires on' and the commission expiration date and the words 'Notary Public' and 'State of			
185	Delaware.'			
186	(d) In acting as a notary public, a notary shall sign the notary's name exactly and only as it appears on the			
187	commission, or otherwise execute the notary's electronic signature in a manner that attributes such signature to			
188	the notary public identified on the commission.			
189	(e) The notary's official electronic seal and signature shall be attached to an electronic document in a manner			
190	that is capable of independent verification and prevents any subsequent changes or modifications to the electronic			
191	document.			
192	(f) A notary performing electronic notarial acts shall:			
193	(1) Use an electronic seal and signature that conform to generally accepted standards for secure electronic			
194	notarization;			
195	(2) Use the notary's electronic seal and signature only for the purpose of performing electronic notarial			
196	acts;			
197	(3) Take reasonable steps to ensure that any registered device used to create an electronic signature is			
198	current and has not been revoked or terminated by its issuing or registering authority;			
199	(4) Keep the electronic seal and signature secure under the notary's exclusive control and shall not allow			
200	them to be used by any other person; and			
201	(5) Take reasonable steps to ensure the integrity, security and authenticity of electronic notarizations.			
202	(g) Immediately upon discovering that the notary's physical or electronic seal, electronic signature or official			
203	journal required under § 4314 of this title has been lost, stolen or may be otherwise used by a person other than			
204	the notary, the notary shall immediately notify the Secretary who shall disable use of the missing technology on			
205	any electronic system of the Secretary. Upon request of the electronic notary and completion of a new			
206	registration form (i) signed by the applicant using the electronic signature described in the form; and (in			
207	including any decrypting instructions, codes, keys, or software that allow the registration to be read; the Secretary			
208	may reinstate the electronic notary. The electronic notary may notify appropriate law enforcement agency in the			
209	case of theft or vandalism.			
210	(h) Any notary public failing to comply with the requirements of this section may be removed by the			
211	Governor for neglect.			

(a) The maximum fee a notary public can charge for any paper notarial act is \$5.

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§ 4311. Fees for services.

214	(b) The maximum fee a notary public can charge for any electronic notarial act is \$25.		
215	(c) The fees prescribed in this section shall be the maximum fees to be charged by any notary public and,		
216	upon violation hereof, the Secretary may revoke the commission of such notary, and such notary shall not be		
217	reappointed within a period of 2 years.		
218	(d) A notary public may choose to waive any fee for any notarial act; provided, however, that a notary public		
219	may not waive any fee(s) for an electronic notarial act or service assessed pursuant to §4307(c) of this Chapter.		
220	§ 4312. Special fee provisions for certain services to members of the armed forces and to veterans; penalties;		
221	jurisdiction of justices of peace.		
222	(a) No notary public or other person who is authorized by law to take the acknowledgment of instruments or		
223	to administer oaths or affirmations shall charge any person serving in the armed forces of the United States, or a		
224	veteran of any war, or the widow or children of a soldier, or soldier's parents, or widower or other relative of any		
225	person in the armed services the fee provided by law when an acknowledgment, oath or affirmation is taken in		
226	connection with any paper or papers required to be executed by the Veterans Administration or in support of any		
227	claim or other papers connected with or referring to the service of any male or female now serving or wh		
228	hereafter may serve or who, in the past, has served in the armed forces of the United States.		
229	(b) Whoever violates subsection (a) of this section shall be fined not less than \$10 nor more than \$25 and,		
230	default of the payment of such fine, shall be imprisoned for not more than 5 days.		
231	(c) Justices of the peace shall have jurisdiction of offenses under this section.		
232	§ 4313. Commission; signature of Governor; seal.		
233	(a) The commission appointing a notary public or electronic notary public shall be in such form as the		
234	Secretary of State shall designate, shall be executed with the signature of the Governor or with an electronic or a		
235	facsimile signature of the Governor, which may be engraved, printed or stamped thereon, and shall be signed by		
236	the Secretary of State.		
237	(b) The commission shall have placed thereon the impression of the Great Seal of the State, or a facsimile of		
238	the Great Seal shall be engraved or printed thereon.		
239	§ 4314. Official electronic journal of notarial acts.		
240	(a) A notary performing electronic notarial acts shall keep, maintain, protect and provide for lawful inspection an		
241	electronic journal of notarial acts. The Secretary shall establish standards for the maintenance of electronic journals		
242	(b) For every electronic notarial act, the notary shall record in the journal at the time of notarization the following:		
243	(1) The date and time of day of the notarial act;		
244	(2) The type of notarial act;		
245	(3) The type, title or a description of the document or proceeding;		

246	(4) The printed name and address of each person whose signature is notarized or who requests a notarial act;		
247	(5) The evidence of identity of each principal, in the form of either: a statement that the person is 'personally		
248	known' to the notary; a notation of the type of identification document and the identification number on such		
249	identification document; or the printed name and address of the credible witness swearing or affirming to the		
250	person's identity;		
251	(6) The fee, if any, charged for the notarial act; and,		
252	(7) Such other information as the notary may deem to be necessary and appropriate.		
253	(c) A notary shall not record a Social Security or credit card number in the journal.		
254	(d) A notary shall keep the official journal secure under the notary's exclusive control and shall not allow it to be used		
255	by any other person.		
256	(e) A notary shall maintain a back-up record of an electronic journal and ensure protection of such back-up record		
257	from unauthorized use. The Secretary shall establish standards for back-up records.		
258	Subchapter II. Notarial Acts		
259	§ 4321. Definitions.		
260	As used in this chapter:		
261	(1) 'Acknowledgment' shall mean a statement by a person that the person has executed an instrument		
262	for the purposes stated therein. If the instrument is executed in a representative capacity, an acknowledgement		
263	certifies that the person who signed the instrument did so with proper authority and executed the instrument as the		
264	act of the person or entity stated therein.		
265	(2) 'Affirmation' shall mean a promise of truthfulness that is a solemn, spoken pledge on one's own,		
266	personal honor without reference to a Supreme Being.		
267	(3) 'Copy certification' means a notarial act in which a notary (i) is presented with a document that is		
268	not a public record; (ii) copies or supervises the copying of the document using a photographic or electronic		
269	copying process; (iii) compares the document to the copy; and (iv) determines that the copy is accurate and		
270	complete.		
271	(4) 'Credible witness' means an honest, reliable, and impartial person who personally knows an		
272	individual appearing before a notary and takes an oath or affirmation from the notary to confirm that individual's		
273	identity.		
274	(5) 'Document' means information that is inscribed on a tangible medium or that is stored in an		
275	electronic or other medium and is retrievable in perceivable form, including a record as defined in the Uniform		
276	Electronic Transactions Act (Chapter 12A).		

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277	(6) 'Electronic' means relating to technology having electrical, digital, magnetic, wireless, optical,		
278	electromagnetic, or similar capabilities.		
279	(7) 'Electronic document' means information that is created, generated, sent, communicated, received		
280	or stored by electronic means.		
281	(8) 'Electronic notarial act' and 'electronic notarization' mean an official act by a notary under thi		
282	title or as otherwise authorized by law that involves electronic documents.		
283	(9) 'Electronic notarial certificate' means the portion of a notarized electronic document that is		
284	completed by the notary public, bears the notary public's signature, title, commission expiration date, and other		
285	required information concerning the date and place of the electronic notarization, and states the facts attested to or		
286	certified by the notary public in a particular notarization.		
287	(10) 'Electronic notary public' or 'electronic notary' means a notary public who has been		
288	commissioned by the Secretary with the capability of performing electronic notarial acts under this article.		
289	(11) 'Electronic notary seal' or 'electronic seal' means information within a notarized electronic		
290	document that confirms the notary's name, jurisdiction, and commission expiration date and generally		
291	corresponds to data in notary seals used on paper documents.		
292	(12) 'Electronic signature' means an electronic sound, symbol, or process attached to or logically		
293	associated with an electronic document and executed or adopted by a person with the intent to sign the document.		
294	(13) 'Notarial act' shall mean any act that a notary public of this State is authorized to perform and		
295	includes:		
296	a. Taking an acknowledgement;		
297	b. Administering an oath or affirmation;		
298	c. Taking a verification upon oath or affirmation;		
299	d. Witnessing or attesting a signature;		
300	e. Certifying or attesting a copy;		
301	f. Noting a protest of a negotiable instrument.		
302	(14) 'Notarial officer' shall mean a notary public or any other officer authorized to perform notarial		
303	acts.		
304	(15) 'Oath' shall mean a promise of truthfulness that is a solemn, spoken pledge to a Supreme Being.		
305	(16) 'Personal knowledge of identity' or 'personally knows' means familiarity with an individual		
306	resulting from interactions with that individual over a period of time sufficient to dispel any reasonable		
307	uncertainty that the individual has the identity claimed.		

308	(17) 'Prima-facie evidence' shall mean evidence that would, if uncontested, establish a fact or raise a		
309	presumption of a fact.		
310	(18) 'Principal' means (i) a person whose signature is notarized or (ii) a person, other than a credible		
311	witness, taking an oath or affirmation from the notary.		
312	(19) 'Record of notarial acts' means a device for creating and preserving a chronological record of		
313	notarizations performed by a notary.		
314	(20) 'Representative capacity' shall mean:		
315	a. For and on behalf of a corporation, partnership, trust or other entity as an authorized officer,		
316	agent, partner or other representative;		
317	b. As a public officer, personal representative, guardian or other representative in the capacity		
318	recited in the instrument;		
319	c. As an attorney in fact for a principal; or		
320	d. In any other capacity as an authorized representative of another.		
321	(21) 'Satisfactory evidence of identity' means identification of an individual based on (i)		
322	examination of one or more of the following documents bearing a photographic image of the individual's face and		
323	signature: a United States Passport, a certificate of United States citizenship, a certificate of naturalization, a		
324	unexpired foreign passport, an alien registration card with photograph, a state issued driver's license or a state		
325	issued identification card or a United States military card or (ii) the oath or affirmation of one credible witnes		
326	unaffected by the document or transaction who is personally known to the notary and who personally knows the		
327	individual or of two credible witnesses unaffected by the document or transaction who each personally knows the		
328	individual and shows to the notary documentary identification as described in subdivision (i).		
329	(22) 'Seal' means a device for affixing on a paper document an image containing the notary's name		
330	and other information related to the notary's commission.		
331	(23) 'Secretary' means Secretary of State.		
332	(24) 'Verification upon oath or affirmation' shall mean a statement by a person who asserts that t		
333	statement is true and makes the assertion upon oath or affirmation.		
334	§ 4322. Notarial acts.		
335	(a) In taking an acknowledgment, the notarial officer must determine, either from personal knowledge of		
336	identity or from satisfactory evidence of identity, that the person appearing before the officer and making the		
337	acknowledgment is the person whose true signature is on the instrument.		

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338	(b) In taking a verification upon oath or affirmation, the notarial officer must determine, either from personal	
339	knowledge of identity or from satisfactory evidence of identity, that the person appearing before the officer an	
340	making the verification is the person whose true signature is on the statement verified.	
341	(c) In witnessing or attesting a signature, the notarial officer must determine, either from personal knowledge	
342	of identity or from satisfactory evidence of identity, that the signature is that of the person appearing before the	
343	officer and named therein.	
344	(d) In certifying or attesting a copy of a document the notary public must supervise the making of a photocopy	
345	of an original document and shall attest to the authenticity of such copy. Notaries public, however, shall not attest	
346	to copies of official or public records, only of documents that cannot be certified by a public official.	
347	(e) In making or noting a protest of a negotiable instrument, a notarial officer must determine the matters set	
348	forth in § 3-505 of Title 6.	
349	(f) An electronic notarial act performed by a notary public or other person authorized in this title shall	
350	constitute a notarial act under the laws of this State, provided that the official signature and seal of an electronic	
351	notary (i) shall be attached to or logically associated with the document; (ii) shall be independently verifiable; and	
352	(iii) will be invalidated if the underlying document is modified.	
353	§ 4323. Notarial acts Acts in this State.	
354	(a) A notarial act may be performed within this State by the following persons:	
355	(1) A notary public of this State;	
356	(2) A judge, clerk or deputy clerk of any court of this State;	
357	(3) A person licensed to practice law in this State;	
358	(4) A person authorized by the law of this State to administer oaths; and	
359	(5) Any other person authorized to perform the specific act by the law of this State.	
360	(b) Notarial acts performed within this State under federal authority as provided in § 4325 of this title have the	
361	same effect as if performed by a notarial officer of this State.	
362	(c) The signature and title of a person performing a notarial act are prima facie evidence that the signature is	
363	genuine and that the person holds the designated title.	
364	(d) An electronic notarial act performed by a person appointed by the Governor under this Chapter shall be	
365	deemed to have been performed within this State.	
366	(e) A document notarized by a notary public or other person referenced in this section above, which appears	
367	on its face to be properly notarized, shall be presumed to have been notarized properly in accordance with the	
368	laws and regulations of this State.	
369	§ 4324. Notarial acts Acts in other jurisdictions of the United States.	

370	(a) A notarial act has the same effect under the law of this State, as if performed by a notarial officer of this	
371	State, if performed in another state, commonwealth, territory, district or possession of the United States by any of	
372	the following persons:	
373	(1) A notary public of that jurisdiction;	
374	(2) A judge, clerk or deputy clerk of a court of that jurisdiction; or	
375	(3) Any other person authorized by the law of that jurisdiction to perform notarial acts.	
376	(b) Notarial acts performed in other jurisdictions of the United States under federal authority as provided in §	
377	4325 of this title have the same effect as if performed by a notarial officer of this State.	
378	(c) The signature and title of a person performing a notarial act are prima facie evidence that the signature is	
379	genuine, and that the person holds the designated title.	
380	(d) The signature and title of an officer listed in paragraph (1) or (2) of subsection (a) of this section	
381	conclusively establish the authority of a holder of that title to perform a notarial act.	
382	(e) A document notarized by a notary public or other person referenced in this section above, which appears	
383	on its face to be properly notarized, shall be presumed to have been notarized properly in accordance with the	
384	laws and regulations of the jurisdiction within the United States in which the document was notarized.	
385	§ 4325. Notarial acts Acts under federal authority.	
386	(a) A notarial act has the same effect under the law of this State, as if performed by a notarial officer of this	
387	State, if performed anywhere by any of the following persons under authority granted by the law of the United	
388	States:	
389	(1) A judge, clerk or deputy clerk of a court;	
390	(2) A commissioned officer on active duty with the military services of the United States;	
391	(3) An officer of the foreign service or consular officer of the United States; or	
392	(4) Any other person authorized by federal law to perform notarial acts.	
393	(b) The signature and title of a person performing a notarial act are prima facie evidence that the signature is	
394	genuine and that the person holds the designated title.	
395	(c) The signature and title of an officer listed in paragraph (1), (2) or (3) of subsection (a) of this section	
396	conclusively establish the authority of a holder of that title to perform a notarial act.	
397	(d) A document notarized by a notary public or other person referenced in this section above, which appears	
398	on its face to be properly notarized, shall be presumed to have been notarized properly in accordance with the	
399	laws and regulations of the jurisdiction in which the document was notarized.	
400	§ 4326. Foreign notarial acts.	

401	(a) A notarial act has the same effect under the law of this State, as if performed by a notarial officer of this		
402	State, if performed within the jurisdiction of and under authority of a foreign nation or its constituent units or a		
403	multinational or international organization by any of the following persons:		
404	(1) A notary public or notary;		
405	(2) A judge, clerk or deputy clerk of a court of record; or		
406	(3) Any other person authorized by the law of that jurisdiction to perform notarial acts.		
407	(b) An 'apostille' in the form prescribed by the Hague Convention of October 5, 1961, conclusively		
408	establishes that the signature of the notarial officer is genuine and that the officer holds the designated office.		
409	(c) A certificate by a foreign service or consular officer of the United States stationed in the nation under the		
410	jurisdiction of which the notarial act was performed, or a certificate by a foreign service or consular officer of that		
411	nation stationed in the United States, conclusively establishes any matter relating to the authenticity or validity of		
412	the notarial act set forth in the certificate.		
413	(d) An official stamp or seal of the person performing the notarial act is prima facie evidence that the		
414	signature is genuine and that the person holds the designated title.		
415	(e) An official stamp or seal of an officer listed in paragraph (1) or (2) of subsection (a) of this section is		
416	prima facie evidence that a person with that title has authority to perform notarial acts.		
417	(f) If the title of office and indication of authority to perform notarial acts appears either in a digest of foreign		
418	law or in a list customarily used as a source for that information, it conclusively establishes the authority of an		
419	officer with that title to perform notarial acts.		
420	§ 4327. Certificate of notarial acts.		
421	(a) A notarial act must be evidenced by a certificate physically or electronically signed and dated by a notarial		
122	officer. The certificate must include identification of the jurisdiction in which the notarial act is performed and		
123	the title of the office that the notarial officer holds and may include the official stamp or seal of office, or the		
124	electronic notary's electronic seal. If the officer is a notary public, the certificate must also indicate the date of		
125	expiration, if any, of the commission of office, but omission of that information may subsequently be corrected. If		
426	the officer is a commissioned officer on active duty with the military services of the United States, it must also		
127	include the officer's rank.		
128	(b) A certificate of a notarial act is sufficient if it meets the requirements of subsection (a) of this section and		
129	it:		
430	(1) Is in the short form set forth in § 4328 of this title;		
431	(2) Is in a form otherwise prescribed by the law of this State;		

432	(3) Is in a form prescribed by the laws or regulations applicable in the place in which the notarial act		
433	was performed; or		
134	(4) Sets forth the actions of the notarial officer, and those are sufficient to meet the requirements of the		
435	designated notarial act.		
436	(5) Near the notary's official signature on the notarial certificate of a paper document, the notary shall		
437	affix a sharp, legible, permanent, and photographically reproducible image of the official seal, or, to an electronic		
438	document, the notary shall attach an official electronic seal.		
139	(c) By executing a certificate of a notarial act, the notarial officer certifies that the officer has made the		
440	determinations required by § 4322 of this title.		
441	§ 4328. Short forms.		
142	The following short form certificates of notarial acts are sufficient for the purposes indicated, if completed		
143	with the information required by §4327(a) of this title:		
144	(1) For an acknowledgment in an individual capacity:		
145	State of		
146	County of		
147	This instrument was acknowledged before me on (date) by (name(s) of person(s)).		
148			
149	(signature of notarial officer)		
450	(Seal)		
451			
152	(title and rank)		
453	(my commission expires:)		
154	(2) For an acknowledgment in a representative capacity:		
455	State of		
456	County of		
157	This instrument was acknowledged before me on (date) by (name(s) of person(s)) as (type of authority, e.g.		
458	officer, trustee, etc.) of (name of party on behalf of whom instrument was executed).		
159			
460	(signature of notarial officer)		
461	(Seal)		
462			
163	(title and rank)		

465 (3) For a verification upon oath or affirmation: 466 State of	464		(my commission expires:)
467 County of	465	(3) For a verification upon oath or affirmation:	
468 Signed and sworn to (or affirmed) before me on (date) by (name(s) of person(s) making statement). 469	466	State of	
469 470 (signature of notarial officer) 471 (Seal) 472	467	County of	
470 (signature of notarial officer) 471 (Seal) 472	468	Signed and sworn to (or af	ffirmed) before me on (date) by (name(s) of person(s) making statement).
471 (Seal) 472	469		
472 473 (title and rank) 474 (my commission expires:) 475 (4) For witnessing or attesting a signature: 476 State of	470		(signature of notarial officer)
473 (title and rank) 474 (my commission expires:) 475 (4) For witnessing or attesting a signature: 476 State of	471	(Seal)	
474 (my commission expires:) 475 (4) For witnessing or attesting a signature: 476 State of	472		
475 (4) For witnessing or attesting a signature: 476 State of	473		(title and rank)
476 State of	474		(my commission expires:)
477 County of	475	(4) For witnessing or a	attesting a signature:
478 Signed and attested before me on (date) by (name(s) of person(s)). 479	476	State of	
479	477	County of	
480 (signature of notarial officer) 481 (Seal) 482	478	Signed and attested before	me on (date) by (name(s) of person(s)).
481 (Seal) 482	479		
482 483 (title and rank) 484 (my commission expires:) 485 (5) For attestation of a copy of a document: 486 State of	480		(signature of notarial officer)
483 (title and rank) 484 (my commission expires:) 485 (5) For attestation of a copy of a document: 486 State of	481	(Seal)	
484 (my commission expires:) 485 (5) For attestation of a copy of a document: 486 State of	482		
485 (5) For attestation of a copy of a document: 486 State of	483		(title and rank)
486 State of	484		(my commission expires:)
County of I certify that this is a true and correct copy of a document in the possession of (name(s) of person(s). (signature of notarial officer) (Seal) (title and rank)	485	(5) For attestation of a	copy of a document:
I certify that this is a true and correct copy of a document in the possession of (name(s) of person(s). (signature of notarial officer) (Seal) (title and rank)	486	State of	
489 possession of (name(s) of person(s). 490	487	County of	
490	488	I certify that this is a true and correct copy of a document in the	
491 (signature of notarial officer) 492 (Seal) 493	489	possession of (name(s) of person(s).	
492 (Seal) 493	490		
493	491		(signature of notarial officer)
494 (title and rank)	492	(Seal)	
	493		
495 (my commission expires:)	494		(title and rank)
	495		(my commission expires:)

496 § 4329. Electronic Certificate of Authority. 497 (a). Form of evidence of authority of electronic notarial act. On a notarized electronic document transmitted to 498 another state or country outside of the United States, electronic evidence of the authenticity of the official 499 signature and seal of an electronic notary of the State of Delaware, shall be attached to or logically associated 500 with the document and shall be in the form of an electronic certificate of authority signed by the Secretary that is 501 independently verifiable and will be invalidated if the underlying document is modified. 502 (b). Certificate of authority for electronic notarial act. An electronic certificate of authority evidencing the 503 authenticity of the official signature and seal of an electronic notary of the State of Delaware shall contain 504 substantially the following words: 505 Certificate of Authority for an Electronic Notarial Act 506 I, (name and title), certify that (name of electronic notary), the person named as Electronic Notary Public in the 507 attached or associated electronic document, was commissioned as an Electronic Notary Public for the State of 508 Delaware and authorized to act as such at the time of the document's electronic notarization. 509 To verify this Certificate of Authority for an Electronic Notarial Act, I have included herewith my electronic

Section 2. This amendment shall take effect on February 1, 2009. SYNOPSIS

(Electronic signature and seal of commissioning official)"

signature this day of , 20.

510

511

512

Section 1. This Act implements a key recommendation of the Delaware Information Assurance Task Force by modernizing Delaware's notary public laws. Eighteen states have enacted electronic notarization statutes and the National Association of Secretaries of State has approved national standards and procedures for electronic notarization of documents. Adoption of an electronic notarization statute in Delaware will facilitate electronic commerce and the creation of a trusted, secure and legally enforceable exchange of legal documents designed to protect the public and businesses from fraud and forgery.

The Act allows the Governor to appoint resident and non-resident electronic notaries who maintain offices or a regular place of employment in Delaware. The Act allows the Governor to appoint non-resident attorneys at law and non-resident employees of financial services companies licensed in the United States that have demonstrated a reasonable need for permitting their employees to become electronic notaries under Delaware law. This unique feature may, in time, allow for the wide-scale adoption and use of Delaware law for electronic notarization. The Act permits the Secretary of State to adopt a schedule of fees for each electronic notarial act or service – thereby creating a potential revenue source for the State.

The Act further updates the State's notary laws by clarifying the identification requirements for persons whose presence and signature is being certified by a notary, clarifying that notaries must affix a photographically reproducible image of the official seal on every document, and increasing the two-year notary commissioning fee from a net \$53 to \$60 and the four-year commissioning fee from a net \$78 to \$90.

Section 2. The Act takes effect on February 1, 2009 in order to provide the Secretary of State with sufficient time to provide appropriate training to existing Delaware notaries and to establish guidelines, standards and rules effecting electronic notaries.

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SD : TGW : vnm 1051440281