

SPONSOR: Rep. Barbieri & Rep. Longhurst & Sen. Henry Rep. Keeley; Sens. Katz, Sorenson

## HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES 145th GENERAL ASSEMBLY

## HOUSE BILL NO. 455

AN ACT TO AMEND TITLE 12 OF THE DELAWARE CODE RELATING TO DURABLE POWERS OF ATTORNEY AND ADDING A CHAPTER 49A THERETO RELATING TO DURABLE PERSONAL POWERS OF ATTORNEY.

## BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF DELAWARE:

1 Section 1. Amend Chapter 49, Title 12 of the Delaware Code by substituting the word "agent" in lieu of the words 2 "attorney-in-fact" wherever it appears throughout the Chapter and all sections thereof. 3 Section 2. Amend §4903(a), Title 12 of the Delaware Code by striking the semicolon ";" that appears after the 4 word "fiduciary" and inserting a period "." in lieu thereof and striking the remainder of the subsection. 5 Section. 3. Amend Chapter 49, Title 12 of the Delaware Code by inserting a new "§ 4906" thereto as follows: 6 "§ 4906. Relation of this Chapter to Chapter 49A. 7 The provisions of this Chapter shall not apply to any personal power of attorney governed by Chapter 49A of this Title.". 8 9 Section 4. Amend Title 12 of the Delaware Code by adding a new "Chapter 49A" thereto as follows: 10 "Chapter 49A. Durable Personal Powers of Attorney Act. Subchapter I. General Provisions. 11 12 §4901A. Short Title. 13 Subchapter 1. General Provisions 14 § 49A-101. Short Title. 15 This Chapter may be cited as the Durable Personal Powers of Attorney Act. 16 § 49A-102. Definitions. 17 In this Chapter: 18 (1) "Agent" means a person granted authority to act for the benefit of a principal under a durable power of 19 attorney, whether denominated an agent, attorney-in-fact, or otherwise. The term includes an original agent, 20 concurrent agent, joint agent, successor agent, and a person to which an agent's authority is delegated. (2) "Durable," with respect to a power of attorney, means not terminated by the principal's incapacity, and 21

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satisfying the requirements set forth in Section 104 of this Chapter.

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23	(3) "Durable Power of Attorney" means a power of attorney that is durable, meeting the requirements of Section
24	104 of this Chapter.
25	(4) "Electronic" means relating to technology having electrical, digital, magnetic, wireless, optical,
26	electromagnetic, or similar capabilities.
27	(5) "Good faith" means honesty in fact.
28	(6) "Incapacity" means inability of an individual to manage his or her property or business affairs.
29	(7) "Internal Revenue Code" refers to the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, or any corresponding
30	federal tax statute enacted after the effective date of this Chapter. (8) "Person" means an individual, corporation,
31	statutory trust, estate, trust, partnership (general or limited), limited liability company, association, joint venture,
32	public corporation, government or governmental subdivision, agency, or instrumentality, or any other legal or
33	commercial entity or association.
34	(8) "Personal Power of Attorney" means any durable power of attorney executed in this State or, if executed other
35	than in this State, specifying that the laws of this State shall govern such power of attorney, other than those
36	powers of attorney to which this Chapter is not applicable as set forth in Section 103(b) of this Chapter.
37	(9) "Power of attorney" means a grant of authority to an agent to act in the place of the principal, whether or not
38	the term power of attorney is used, authorizing the agent to convey rights in property of the principal to the agent
39	or any other person.
10	(10) "Presently exercisable general power of appointment," with respect to property or a property interest subject
<b>1</b> 1	to a power of appointment, means power exercisable at the time in question to vest absolute ownership in the
12	principal individually, the principal's estate, the principal's creditors, or the creditors of the principal's estate. The
13	term includes a power of appointment not exercisable until the occurrence of a specified event, the satisfaction of
14	an ascertainable standard, or the passage of a specified period only after the occurrence of the specified event, the
15	satisfaction of the ascertainable standard, or the passage of the specified period. The term does not include a
16	power exercisable in a fiduciary capacity, only by will, or only by an instrument determining the disposition of
17	property upon the death of the principal.
18	(11) "Principal" means an individual who grants authority to an agent in a power of attorney acting for himself or
19	herself and not as a fiduciary, officer, employee, representative, agent or official of any legal, governmental, or
50	commercial entity or association,.

51	(12) "Property" means anything that may be the subject of ownership, whether real or personal, or legal or
52	equitable, or any interest or right therein.
53	(13) "Record" means information that is inscribed on a tangible medium or that is stored in an electronic or other
54	medium and is retrievable in perceivable form.
55	(14) "Sign" means, with present intent to authenticate or adopt a record:
56	(A) to execute or adopt a tangible symbol; or
57	(B) to attach to or logically associate with the record an electronic sound, symbol, or process.
58	(15) "State" means a state of the United States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the United States Virgin
59	Islands, or any territory or insular possession subject to the jurisdiction of the United States.
60	(16) "Stocks and bonds" means stocks, bonds, mutual funds, and all other types of securities and financial
61	instruments, whether held directly, indirectly, or in any other manner. The term does not include commodity
62	futures contracts and call or put options on stocks or stock indexes.
63	§ 49A-103. Applicability.
64	(a) This Chapter shall not apply to any of the following powers of attorney which, if durable, shall be governed by Chapter
65	49 of this Title, to the extent applicable, or by another applicable Chapter of this Code or by the common law of this State:
66	(1) a power of attorney given primarily for a business or commercial purpose;
67	(2) a power of attorney to the extent it is coupled with an interest in the subject of the power;
68	(3) a power of attorney given to or for the benefit of a creditor in connection with a loan or other credit transaction
69	or a secured party in connection with a secured transaction;
70	(4) a power of attorney to make health-care decisions;
71	(5) a proxy or other delegation to exercise voting rights or management rights with
72	respect to a corporation, partnership (general or limited), limited liability company, condominium or other legal or
73	commercial entity or association;
74	(6) a power of attorney created on a form prescribed by a government or governmental subdivision, agency, or
75	instrumentality for a governmental purpose;
76	(7) a power of attorney given to facilitate a specified transfer or disposition of one or more identified stocks,
77	bonds or other assets, whether real, personal, tangible or intangible;

78	(8) a power of attorney authorizing a third party to prepare, execute, deliver, submit and/or file a document or
79	instrument with a government or governmental subdivision, agency or instrumentality or other third party;
80	(9) a power of attorney authorizing a financial institution or employee of a financial institution to take action
81	relating to an account in which the financial institution holds cash, securities, commodities or other financial assets
82	on behalf of the person giving the power;
83	(10) a power of attorney given by an individual who is, or is seeking to become, a director, officer, stockholder,
84	employee, partner (general or limited), member, unit owner, equity owner, trustee, manager or agent of a
85	corporation, partnership (general or limited), limited liability company, condominium or other legal or commercial
86	entity or association, in his or her capacity as such, including a power of attorney contained in a subscription
87	agreement;
88	(11) a power of attorney contained in a certificate of incorporation, bylaws, general or limited partnership
89	agreement, limited liability company agreement, declaration of trust, declaration of condominium, condominium
90	bylaws or offering plan or other agreement or instrument governing the internal affairs of an entity or association,
91	authorizing a director, officer, shareholder, employee, partner (general or limited), member, unit owner, equity
92	owner, trustee, manager or other person to take lawful action relating to such entity or association;
93	(12) a power of attorney given to a condominium managing agent to take action in connection with the use,
94	management and operation of a condominium unit;
95	(13) a power of attorney given to an agent within the scope of the agent's business to the extent such business is
96	subject to the regulatory authority of any Delaware governmental agency, including, without limitation, a power of
97	attorney given to a licensed real estate broker to take action in connection with a listing of real property, mortgage
98	loan, lease or management agreement;
99	(14) a power of attorney authorizing acceptance of service of process on behalf of the principal; and
100	(15) a power of attorney created pursuant to authorization provided by a federal or state statute, other than this
101	Chapter, that specifically contemplates creation of the power.
102	(c) If for any reason a durable personal power of attorney given in compliance with the requirements of this Chapter and
103	referencing this Chapter is determined to be given primarily for a business or commercial purpose or otherwise excepted
104	from this Chapter under Section 49A-103(b), such power of attorney shall be valid if it complies with Chapter 49 of this
105	Title, to the extent applicable, or with another applicable Chapter of this Code or with the common law of this State.

106	(d) A power of attorney excepted from this Chapter pursuant to Section 49A-103(b) that was granted in compliance with		
107	the laws of the jurisdiction governing such power of attorney will be recognized and enforceable under the laws of the State		
108	of Delaware in accordance with its terms.		
109	§ 49A-104. Power of Attorney is Durable.		
110	A power of attorney is durable if it contains the words: "This power of attorney shall not be affected by the subsequent		
111	incapacity of the principal," or "This power of attorney shall become effective upon the incapacity of the principal," or		
112	similar words showing the intent of the principal that the authority conferred shall be exercisable notwithstanding the		
113	principal's subsequent incapacity.		
114	§ 49A-105. Execution of Personal Power of Attorney.		
115	(a) A personal power of attorney must be:		
116	(1) in writing;		
117	(2) signed by the principal or by another person subscribing the principal's name in the principal's presence and at		
118	the principal's express direction;		
119	(3) dated;		
120	(4) signed in the presence of a notarial officer; and		
121	(5) signed in the presence of one adult witness who is not:		
122	A. related to the principal by blood, marriage, or adoption; or		
123	B. entitled to any portion of the estate of the principal under the principal's then existing will or codicil or		
124	amendment thereto or trust instrument.		
125	(b) A personal power of attorney may be accompanied by a notice in the following form, signed by the principal and		
126	placed at the beginning of the personal power of attorney. In the absence of a signed notice, upon a challenge to the		
127	authority of an agent to act under the personal power of attorney, the agent shall have the burden of demonstrating that the		
128	personal power of attorney is valid.		
129	'NOTICE		
130	As the person signing this durable power of attorney you are the Principal.		
131	The purpose of this power of attorney is to give the person you designate (your "Agent") broad powers to handle your		
132	property, which may include powers to sell, dispose of, or encumber any real or personal property without advance notice		
133	to you or approval by you.		

134	This power of attorney does <u>not</u> authorize your Agent to make health-care decisions for you.		
135	Unless you specify otherwise, your Agent's authority will continue even if you become incapacitated, or until you die or		
136	revoke the power of attorney, or until your Agent resigns or is unable to act for you. You should select someone you trust to		
137	serve as your Agent.		
138	This power of attorney does not impose a duty on your Agent to exercise granted powers, but when powers are exercised,		
139	your Agent must use due care to act for your benefit and in accordance with this power of attorney.		
140	Your Agent must keep your funds and other property separate from your Agent's funds and other property.		
141	A court can take away the powers of your Agent if it finds your Agent is not acting properly.		
142	The powers and duties of an Agent under a durable power of attorney are explained more fully in Delaware Code, Title 12,		
143	Chapter 49A, Section 49A-114 and Sections 49A-201 through 49A-217.		
144	If there is anything about this form that you do not understand, you should ask a lawyer of your own choosing to explain it		
145	to you.		
146	I have read or had explained to me this notice and I understand its contents.		
147			
148	Principal Date'		
149	(c) The agent shall have no authority to act as agent under the personal power of attorney unless the agent has first executed		
150	and affixed to the personal power of attorney a certification in substantially the following form:		
151	'AGENT'S CERTIFICATION		
152	I,, have read the attached durable power of attorney and I am the person identified as the Agent of		
153	(Name of Agent)		
154	identified as the Agent for the Principal. To the best of my knowledge this power has not been revoked. I hereby		
155	acknowledge that, in the absence of a specific provision to the contrary in the durable power of attorney, when I act as		
156	Agent:		
157	I shall exercise the powers for the benefit of the Principal.		
158	I shall keep the assets of the Principal separate from my assets.		
159	I shall exercise reasonable caution and prudence.		
160	I shall keen a full and accurate record of all actions, receints and disbursements on behalf of the Principal		

161	I shall, to the extent reasonably practicable under the circumstances, keep in regular contact with the Principal and	
162	communicate with the Principal.	
163		
164	Agent Date'	
165	§ 49A-106. Execution of Personal Power of Attorney.	
166	(a) A personal power of attorney executed on or after the effective date of this Chapter is validly executed if it complies	
167	with Section 49A-105, unless such personal power of attorney provides that it is governed by the laws of another	
168	jurisdiction, in which case, such personal power of attorney is validly executed if such execution complies with the laws of	
169	such other jurisdiction.	
170	(b) A personal power of attorney executed before the effective date of this Chapter is validly executed if it complied with	
171	the laws of this State as they existed at the time of execution, unless such personal power of attorney provides that it is	
172	governed by the laws of another jurisdiction, in which case, such personal power of attorney is validly executed if such	
173	execution complied with the laws of such other jurisdiction.	
174	(c) A durable power of attorney (other than a personal power of attorney) will be deemed to be validly executed under the	
175	laws of this State if, when the power of attorney was executed, the execution complied with:	
176	(1) the law of the jurisdiction that determines the meaning and effect of the power of attorney; or	
177	(2) the requirements for a military power of attorney pursuant to 10 U.S.C. Section 1044b, as amended.	
178	(d) Except as otherwise provided by statute other than this Chapter, a photocopy or electronically transmitted copy of an	
179	original power of attorney has the same effect as the original.	
180	§49A-107. Reserved.	
181	§ 49A-108. Nomination of Guardian of Person or Property; Relation of Agent to Court Appointed Fiduciary.	
182	(a) The appointment by a Court of a guardian or other fiduciary charged with the management of the principal's property of	
183	the care of the principal's person shall terminate all personal powers of attorney to the extent the powers held by the agent	
184	prior to the appointment of a guardian or other fiduciary are granted by such Court to the guardian or other fiduciary. The	
185	person serving as an agent of the principal pursuant to this Chapter shall, upon the request of the agent and absent cause to	
186	the contrary, be appointed the guardian or other fiduciary in a proceeding under Chapter 39 of this title.	
187	(b) After the appointment of a guardian or other fiduciary charged with the management of the principal's property or the	
188	care of the principal's person, the agent is accountable to such guardian or other fiduciary as well as to the principal as to	

- 189 any personal powers of attorney which the agent continues to hold. A guardian or other fiduciary shall only have such 190 powers to revoke or amend the powers of the agent as shall be given to such guardian or other fiduciary by the court. 191 § 49A-109. When Personal Power of Attorney Effective. 192 (a) A personal power of attorney is effective when executed unless the principal provides in the personal power of attorney 193 that it becomes effective at a future date or upon the occurrence of a future event or contingency. 194 (b) If a personal power of attorney becomes effective upon the occurrence of a future event or contingency, the principal, 195 in the personal power of attorney, may authorize one or more persons to determine in a writing or other record that the 196 event or contingency has occurred. 197 (c) If a personal power of attorney becomes effective upon the principal's incapacity and the principal has not authorized a 198 person or persons to determine whether the principal is incapacitated, or the person or persons authorized is or are unable or 199 unwilling to make the determination, the personal power of attorney becomes effective upon a determination in a writing or 200 other record by a physician or by the Court of Chancery or other court of competent jurisdiction that the principal is 201 incapacitated. 202 (d) A person authorized by the principal in the personal power of attorney to determine that the principal is incapacitated 203 may act as the principal's personal representative pursuant to the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act, 204 Sections 1171 through 1179 of the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. Section 1320d, as amended, and applicable regulations, 205 to obtain access to the principal's health-care information and communicate with the principal's health-care provider. 206 § 49A-110. Termination of Personal Power of Attorney or Agent's Authority. 207 (a) A personal power of attorney terminates when: 208 (1) the principal dies; 209 (2) the principal revokes the personal power of attorney; 210 (3) a terminating event set forth in the personal power of attorney occurs; 211 (4) the purpose of the personal power of attorney is accomplished; or 212 (5) the principal revokes the agent's authority or the agent dies, becomes incapacitated, or resigns, and the personal 213 power of attorney does not provide for another agent to act.
- (b) An agent's authority terminates when:
- 215 (1) the principal revokes the authority;
- 216 (2) the agent dies, becomes incapacitated, or resigns;

217	(3) an action is filed for the dissolution or annulment of the agent's marriage to the principal, unless the personal
218	power of attorney otherwise provides; or
219	(4) the personal power of attorney terminates.
220	(c) Unless the personal power of attorney otherwise provides, an agent's authority is exercisable until the authority
221	terminates under subsection (b), notwithstanding a lapse of time since the execution of the personal power of attorney.
222	(d) Termination of an agent's authority or of a personal power of attorney is not effective as to the agent or another person
223	that, without actual knowledge of the termination, acts in good faith under the personal power of attorney. An act so
224	performed, unless otherwise invalid or unenforceable, binds the principal and the principal's successors in interest.
225	(e) The execution of a personal power of attorney does not revoke a personal power of attorney previously executed by the
226	principal unless the subsequent personal power of attorney provides that the previous personal power of attorney is revoked
227	or that all other personal powers of attorney are revoked.
228	§ 49A-111. Concurrent Agents, Joint Agents, and Successor Agents.
229	(a) A principal may designate two or more persons to act as concurrent agents. Each concurrent agent may exercise its
230	authority independently.
231	(b) A principal may designate two or more persons to act as joint agents. No joint agent shall have the power to act
232	without the agreement of all other joint agents and shall have no power to act independent of the other agent(s).
233	(c) If the principal designates more than one agent and does not specify that they are concurrent agents or joint agents,
234	such agents shall be considered concurrent agents.
235	(d) A principal may designate one or more successor agents to act if an agent resigns, dies, becomes incapacitated, is not
236	qualified to serve, or declines to serve. Unless the personal power of attorney otherwise provides, a successor agent:
237	(1) has the same authority as that granted to the original agent; and
238	(2) may not act until all predecessor agents have resigned, died, become incapacitated, are no longer qualified to
239	serve, or have declined to serve.
240	(e) A principal may give an appointed agent or another person designated by name, office or function the authority to
241	designate by a writing executed by such person, one or more concurrent, joint, or successor agents in addition to those
242	designated in the personal power of attorney. Unless the personal power of attorney authorizing the appointment of such
243	further agents otherwise provides, a concurrent, joint, or successor agent appointed by this method:
244	(1) has the same authority as that granted to the original agent; and

245	(2) may not act until the predecessor designee has resigned, died, become incapacitated, is no longer qualified to		
246	serve, or has declined to serve.		
247	(f) Except as otherwise provided in the personal power of attorney and subsection (g), an acting agent that does not		
248	participate in or conceal a breach of fiduciary duty committed by another agent, including a predecessor agent, is not liab		
249	for the actions of the other agent.		
250	(g) An acting agent that has actual knowledge of a breach or imminent breach of fiduciary duty by another agent shall		
251	notify the principal and, if the principal is incapacitated, take any action reasonably appropriate in the circumstances to		
252	safeguard the principal's best interest. An agent that fails to notify the principal or take action as required by this		
253	subsection is liable for the reasonably foreseeable damages that could have been avoided if the agent had notified the		
254	principal or taken such action.		
255	§ 49A-112. Reimbursement and Compensation of Agent.		
256	(a) An agent is entitled to reimbursement of expenses reasonably incurred on behalf of the principal.		
257	(b) An agent shall not be entitled to compensation unless:		
258	(1) the personal power of attorney so provides; and		
259	(2) the compensation is reasonable under the circumstances.		
260	§ 49A-113. Agent's Acceptance.		
261	Except as otherwise provided in the personal power of attorney, a person accepts appointment as an agent under a personal		
262	power of attorney by signing the Agent's Certification (pursuant to Section 49A-105(c)) or by exercising authority or		
263	performing duties as an agent or by any other assertion or conduct indicating acceptance.		
264	§ 49A-114. Agent's Duties.		
265	(a) Notwithstanding provisions in the personal power of attorney, an agent that has accepted appointment pursuant to a		
266	personal power of attorney shall, in connection with exercising the authority granted to such agent therein:		
267	(1) act in accordance with the principal's reasonable expectations to the extent actually known by the agent and,		
268	otherwise, in the principal's best interest;		
269	(2) act in good faith;		
270	(3) act only within the scope of authority granted in the personal power of attorney; and		
271	(4) to the extent reasonably practicable under the circumstances, keep in regular contact with the principal and		
272	communicate with the principal.		

(b) Except as otherwise provided in the personal power of attorney, an agent that has accepted appointment shall.		
(1) act loyally for the principal's benefit;		
(2) act so as not to create a conflict of interest that impairs the agent's ability to act impartially in the principal's		
best interest;		
(3) act with the care, competence, and diligence ordinarily exercised by agents in similar circumstances;		
(4) keep a record of all receipts, disbursements, and transactions made on behalf of the principal;		
(5) cooperate with a person that has authority to make health-care decisions for the principal to carry out the		
principal's reasonable expectations to the extent actually known by the agent and, if not known, to act in the		
principal's best interest; and		
(6) not act in a manner inconsistent with the principal's testamentary plan.		
(c) An agent that acts in good faith is not liable to any beneficiary of the principal's testamentary plan for failure to act in		
manner consistent with the testamentary plan.		
(d) An agent that acts with care, competence, and diligence for the best interest of the principal is not liable solely because		
the agent also benefits from the act or has an individual or conflicting interest in relation to the property or affairs of the		
principal.		
(e) If an agent has special skills or expertise the special skills or expertise must be considered in determining whether the		
agent has acted with care, competence, and diligence under the circumstances.		
(f) An agent that engages another person on behalf of the principal is not liable for an act, error of judgment, or default of		
that person if the agent exercises care, competence, and diligence in selecting and monitoring the person.		
(g) Except as otherwise provided in the personal power of attorney and by Section 49A-108(b), an agent is not required to		
disclose receipts, disbursements, or transactions conducted on behalf of the principal unless ordered by a court or requested		
by the principal, a guardian, a conservator, another fiduciary acting for the principal, a governmental agency having		
authority to protect the welfare of the principal, or, upon the death of the principal, by the personal representative or		
successor in interest of the principal's estate. If so requested the agent shall comply with the request within a reasonable		
period of time.		
§ 49A-115. Exoneration of Agent.		
A provision in a personal power of attorney relieving an agent of liability for breach of duty is binding on the principal and		
the principal's successors in interest except to the extent the provision:		

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301	(1) relieves the agent of liability for breach of duty committed in bad faith or with reckless indifference to the
302	purposes of the personal power of attorney or the best interest of the principal; or
303	(2) was inserted as a result of undue influence upon the principal.
304	§ 49A-116. Judicial Relief.
305	(a) A person designated in subsection (b) may petition the Court of Chancery requesting that the court:
306	(1) determine whether the personal power of attorney or the authority of an agent is in effect or has terminated
307	pursuant to Section 49A-110 or otherwise;
308	(2) compel the agent to exercise or refrain from exercising authority in a particular manner or for a particular
309	purpose;
310	(3) compel the agent to account for transactions conducted on the principal's behalf pursuant to Section 49A-
311	114(g);
312	(4) modify, suspend, or rescind the powers of the agent to act under a personal power of attorney, and, if the
313	principal has designated another agent or successor agent in the personal power of attorney, appoint such other-
314	designated agent to act in place of the agent whose powers are modified, suspended, or rescinded; or
315	(5) determine an agent's liability for violation of this Chapter pursuant to Section 49A-111; or
316	(6) compel a person to accept a personal power of attorney if required by to Section 49A-120.
317	(b) Any of the following persons may file a petition seeking appropriate relief under this section:
318	(1) the principal or the agent;
319	(2) the spouse, child, or parent of the principal;
320	(2) a guardian, trustee, or other fiduciary acting for the principal;
321	(3) the personal representative, trustee, or a beneficiary of the principal's estate;
322	(4) any other interested person, as long as the person demonstrates to the court's satisfaction that the person is
323	interested in the welfare of the principal and has a good faith belief that (i) the court's intervention is necessary,
324	and (ii) the principal is incapacitated at the time of filing the petition or otherwise unable to protect his or her own
325	interests; or
326	(5) a person asked to accept a personal power of attorney.

327	(c) Upon motion by the principal, who shall be presumed to have legal capacity, the court shall dismiss a petition filed		
328	under this section, unless the court finds that the principal lacks capacity to revoke the agent's authority or the personal		
329	power of attorney.		
330	(d) Nothing in this section shall preclude or diminish the court's authority to appoint a guardian or other fiduciary pursuant		
331	to Chapter 39 of this title, or to order other judicial relief, in order to grant appropriate relief upon review of a personal		
332	power of attorney or an agent's conduct with respect to a personal power of attorney.		
333	(e) Nothing in this section shall preclude the Department of Health and Social Services, the Public Guardian, or other		
334	governmental agency having authority to protect the welfare of the principal from petitioning the court for access to the		
335	principal or to	records necessary to determine, or terminate, possible abuse, neglect, exploitation or abandonment of the	
336	principal.		
337	49A-117.	Reserved.	
338	49A-118.	Agent's Resignation; Notice.	
339	Unless the pers	sonal power of attorney provides a different method for an agent's resignation, an agent may resign by giving	
340	written notice to the principal and, if the principal is incapacitated:		
341	(1) to the guardian, if one has been appointed for the principal, and a concurrent agent or successor agent; or		
342	(2) if there is no person described in paragraph (1), to:		
343		(A) the principal's caregiver;	
344		(B) another person reasonably believed by the agent to have sufficient interest in the principal's welfare;	
345		or	
346		(C) a governmental agency having authority to protect the welfare of the principal.	
347	§ 49A-119.	Acceptance of and Reliance Upon Acknowledged Personal Power of Attorney.	
348	(a) For purpos	es of this section and Section 49A-120, "acknowledged" means purportedly verified before a notarial officer.	
349	(b) A person that in good faith accepts an acknowledged personal power of attorney without actual knowledge that the		
350	signature is not genuine may rely upon the presumption under Section 49A-105 that the signature is genuine.		
351	(c) A person th	at in good faith accepts an acknowledged personal power of attorney without actual knowledge that the	
352	personal power	r of attorney is void, invalid, or terminated, that the purported agent's authority is void, invalid, or	
353	terminated, or	that the agent is exceeding or improperly exercising the agent's authority may rely upon the personal power	

354	of attorney as if the personal power of attorney were genuine, valid and still in effect, the agent's authority were genuine,		
355	valid and still in effect, and the agent had not exceeded and had properly exercised the authority.		
356	(d) A person that is asked to accept an acknowledged personal power of attorney may request, and rely upon, without		
357	further investigation, an English translation of the personal power of attorney if it contains, in whole or in part, language		
358	other than English.		
359	(e) For purposes of this section and Section 49A-120, a person that conducts activities through employees is without actual		
360	knowledge of a fact relating to a personal power of attorney, a principal, or an agent if the employee conducting the		
361	transaction involving the personal power of attorney is without actual knowledge of the fact. Notification of revocation of a		
362	personal power of attorney by a principal or agent to an officer of a bank or other financial institution shall constitute actual		
363	notice to all employees.		
364	§ 49A-120. Liability for Refusal to Accept Acknowledged Personal Power of Attorney.		
365	(a) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (b):		
366	(1) A person shall accept an acknowledged personal power of attorney that is originally written in English or is		
367	translated into English; and		
368	(2) a person may not require an additional or different form of personal power of attorney for authority granted in		
369	the personal power of attorney presented.		
370	(b) A person is not required to accept an acknowledged personal power of attorney if:		
371	(1) the person is not otherwise required to engage in a transaction with the principal in the same circumstances;		
372	(2) engaging in a transaction with the agent or the principal in the same circumstances would be inconsistent with		
373	state or federal law;		
374	(3) the person has actual knowledge of the termination of the agent's authority or of the personal power of		
375	attorney before exercise of the power;		
376	(4) the person has actual knowledge that the personal power of attorney is not valid or that the agent does not have		
377	the authority to perform the act requested; or		
378	(5) the person promptly makes, has made, or has actual knowledge that another person has made, a report to the		
379	appropriate law enforcement or social service agency stating a good faith belief that the principal may be subject		
380	to physical or financial abuse, neglect, exploitation, or abandonment by the agent or a person acting for or with the		
381	agent.		

382	(c) A person that refuses in violation of this section to accept an acknowledged personal power of attorney is subject to:
383	(1) a court order mandating acceptance of the personal power of attorney; and
384	(2) liability for damages, including reasonable attorney's fees and costs, incurred in any action or proceeding that
385	confirms the validity of the personal power of attorney or mandates acceptance of the personal power of attorney.
386	Subchapter 2. Authority
387	§ 49A-201. Grant of General Authority; Authority that Requires Specific Grant.
388	(a) Subject to subsections (b), (c), and (d), if a personal power of attorney grants to an agent authority to do all acts that a
389	principal could do, and refers to general authority with respect to the descriptive term for the subjects stated in Sections
390	49A-204 through 49A-217 or cites the section in which the authority is described, the agent has that general authority.
391	(b) An agent under a personal power of attorney may do the following on behalf of the principal or with the principal's
392	property only if the personal power of attorney expressly grants the agent the authority and exercise of the authority is not
393	otherwise prohibited by another agreement or instrument to which the authority or property is subject:
394	(1) create, amend, revoke, or terminate an inter vivos trust, to the extent the principal has the authority to do so;
395	(2) make a gift;
396	(3) create or change rights of survivorship;
397	(4) create or change a beneficiary designation;
398	(5) delegate authority granted under the personal power of attorney when all successor agents have resigned, died,
399	become incapacitated, are no longer qualified to serve, or have declined to serve;
400	(6) exercise fiduciary powers that the principal has authority to delegate; or
401	(7) reject, renounce, disclaim, release, or consent to a reduction in or modification of a share in or payment from
402	an estate, trust, or other beneficial interest.
403	(c) Unless the personal power of attorney otherwise provides, a grant of authority to make a gift is subject to Section 49A-
404	217.
405	(d) Subject to subsections (b) and (c), if the subjects over which authority is granted in a personal power of attorney are
406	similar or overlap, the broadest authority controls.
407	(e) Authority granted in a personal power of attorney is exercisable with respect to property that the principal has when the
408	personal power of attorney is executed or is acquired later, whether or not the property is located in this State and whether
409	or not the authority is exercised or the personal power of attorney is executed in this State.

410	(f) An act performed by an agent pursuant to a personal power of attorney has the same effect and inures to the benefit of
411	and binds the principal and the principal's successors in interest as if the principal had performed the act.
412	§ 49A-202. Incorporation of Authority.
413	(a) A reference in a personal power of attorney to general authority with respect to the descriptive term for a subject in
414	Sections 49A-204 through 49A-217 or a citation to a section of Sections 49A-204 through 49A-217 incorporates the entire
415	section as if it were set out in full in the personal power of attorney.
416	(b) A principal may modify authority incorporated by reference.
417	§ 49A-203. Construction of Authority Generally.
418	Except as otherwise provided in the personal power of attorney, by executing a personal power of attorney that incorporates
419	by reference a subject described in Sections 49A-204 through 49A-217 or that grants to an agent authority to do all acts that
420	a principal could do pursuant to Section 49A-201(a), a principal authorizes the agent, with respect to that subject, to:
421	(1) demand, receive, and obtain by litigation or otherwise, money or another thing of value to which the principal
122	is, may become, or claims to be entitled, and conserve, invest, disburse, or use anything so received or obtained fo
123	the purposes intended;
124	(2) contract in any manner with any person, on terms agreeable to the agent, to accomplish a purpose of a
125	transaction and perform, rescind, cancel, terminate, reform, restate, release, or modify the contract or another
426	contract made by or on behalf of the principal;
127	(3) execute, acknowledge, seal, deliver, file, or record any instrument or communication the agent considers
428	desirable to accomplish a purpose of a transaction;
129	(4) initiate, participate in, submit to alternative dispute resolution, settle, oppose, or propose or accept a
430	compromise with respect to a claim existing in favor of or against the principal or intervene in litigation relating to
431	the claim;
432	(5) seek on the principal's behalf the assistance of a court or other governmental agency to carry out an act
433	authorized in the personal power of attorney;
134	(6) engage, compensate, and discharge an attorney, accountant, discretionary investment manager, expert witness,
435	advisor, service provider, or other professional;
436	(7) prepare, execute, and file a record, report, or other document to safeguard or promote the principal's interest
137	under a statute or regulation:

438	(8) communicate with any representative or employee of a government or governmental subdivision, agency, or
439	instrumentality, on behalf of the principal;
440	(9) access communications intended for, and communicate on behalf of the principal, whether by mail, electronic
441	transmission, telephone, or other means; and
442	(10) do any lawful act with respect to the subject and all property related to the subject.
443	§ 49A-204. Real Property.
444	Unless the personal power of attorney otherwise provides, language in a personal power of attorney granting general
445	authority with respect to real property authorizes the agent to:
446	(1) demand, buy, lease, receive, accept as a gift or as security for an extension of credit, or otherwise acquire or
447	reject an interest in real property or a right incident to real property;
448	(2) sell; exchange; convey with or without covenants, representations, or warranties; quitclaim; release; surrender;
449	retain title for security; encumber; partition; consent to partitioning; subject to an easement or covenant; subdivide;
450	apply for zoning or other governmental permits; plat or consent to platting; develop; grant an option concerning;
451	lease; sublease; contribute to an entity in exchange for an interest in that entity; or otherwise grant or dispose of an
452	interest in real property or a right incident to real property;
453	(3) pledge or mortgage an interest in real property or right incident to real property as security to borrow money or
454	pay, renew, or extend the time of payment of a debt of the principal or a debt guaranteed by the principal;
455	(4) release, assign, satisfy, or enforce by litigation or otherwise a mortgage, deed of trust, conditional sale
456	contract, encumbrance, lien, or other claim to real property which exists or is asserted;
457	(5) manage or conserve an interest in real property or a right incident to real property owned or claimed to be
458	owned by the principal, including:
459	(A) insuring against liability or casualty or other loss;
460	(B) obtaining or regaining possession of or protecting the interest or right by litigation or otherwise;
461	(C) paying, assessing, compromising, or contesting taxes or assessments or applying for and receiving
462	refunds in connection with them; and
463	(D) purchasing supplies, hiring assistance or labor, and making repairs or alterations to the real property;
464	(6) use, develop, alter, replace, remove, erect, or install structures or other improvements upon real property in or
465	incident to which the principal has, or claims to have, an interest or right;

166	(7) participate in a reorganization with respect to real property or an entity that owns an interest in or right
467	incident to real property and receive, and hold, and act with respect to stocks and bonds or other property received
468	in a plan of reorganization, including:
169	(A) selling or otherwise disposing of them;
470	(B) exercising or selling an option, right of conversion, or similar right with respect to them; and
471	(C) exercising any voting rights in person or by proxy;
172	(8) change the form of title of an interest in or right incident to real property; and
173	(9) dedicate to public use, with or without consideration, easements or other real property in which the principal
174	has, or claims to have, an interest.
475	§ 49A-205. Tangible Personal Property.
476	Unless the personal power of attorney otherwise provides, language in a personal power of attorney granting general
177	authority with respect to tangible personal property authorizes the agent to:
478	(1) demand, buy, receive, accept as a gift or as security for an extension of credit, or otherwise acquire or reject
179	ownership or possession of tangible personal property or an interest in tangible personal property;
480	(2) sell; exchange; convey with or without covenants, representations, or warranties; quitclaim; release; surrender
481	create a security interest in; grant options concerning; lease; sublease; or, otherwise dispose of tangible personal
182	property or an interest in tangible personal property;
483	(3) grant a security interest in tangible personal property or an interest in tangible personal property as security to
184	borrow money or pay, renew, or extend the time of payment of a debt of the principal or a debt guaranteed by the
485	principal;
486	(4) release, assign, satisfy, or enforce by litigation or otherwise, a security interest, lien, or other claim on behalf
187	of the principal, with respect to tangible personal property or an interest in tangible personal property;
488	(5) manage or conserve tangible personal property or an interest in tangible personal property on behalf of the
189	principal, including:
190	(A) insuring against liability or casualty or other loss;
491	(B) obtaining or regaining possession of or protecting the property or interest, by litigation or otherwise;
192	(C) paying, assessing, compromising, or contesting taxes or assessments or applying for and receiving
193	refunds in connection with taxes or assessments;

194	(D) moving the property from place to place;
195	(E) storing the property for hire or on a gratuitous bailment; and
196	(F) using and making repairs, alterations, or improvements to the property; and
197	(6) change the form of title of an interest in tangible personal property.
198	§ 49A-206. Stocks and Bonds.
199	Unless the personal power of attorney otherwise provides, language in a personal power of attorney granting general
500	authority with respect to stocks and bonds authorizes the agent to:
501	(1) buy, sell, and exchange stocks and bonds;
502	(2) establish, continue, modify, or terminate an account with respect to stocks and bonds;
503	(3) pledge stocks and bonds as security to borrow, pay, renew, or extend the time of payment of a debt of the
504	principal;
505	(4) receive certificates and other evidences of ownership with respect to stocks and bonds; and
506	(5) exercise voting rights with respect to stocks and bonds in person or by proxy, enter into voting trusts, and
507	consent to limitations on the right to vote.
508	§ 49A-207. Commodities and Options.
509	Unless the personal power of attorney otherwise provides, language in a personal power of attorney granting general
510	authority with respect to commodities and options authorizes the agent to:
511	(1) buy, sell, exchange, assign, settle, and exercise commodity futures contracts and call or put options on stocks
512	or stock indexes traded on a regulated option exchange; and
513	(2) establish, continue, modify, and terminate option accounts.
514	§ 49A-208. Banks and Other Financial Institutions.
515	Unless the personal power of attorney otherwise provides, language in a personal power of attorney granting general
516	authority with respect to banks and other financial institutions authorizes the agent to:
517	(1) continue, modify, and terminate an account or other banking arrangement made by or on behalf of the
518	principal;
519	(2) establish, modify, and terminate an account or other banking arrangement with a bank, trust company, savings
520	and loan association, credit union, thrift company, brokerage firm, or other financial institution selected by the
521	agent;

522	(3) contract for services available from a financial institution, including renting a safe deposit box or space in a
523	vault;
524	(4) withdraw, by check, order, electronic funds transfer, or otherwise, money or property of the principal
525	deposited with or left in the custody of a financial institution;
526	(5) receive statements of account, vouchers, notices, and similar documents from a financial institution and act
527	with respect to them;
528	(6) enter a safe deposit box or vault and withdraw or add to the contents;
529	(7) borrow money and pledge as security personal property of the principal necessary to borrow money or pay,
530	renew, or extend the time of payment of a debt of the principal or a debt guaranteed by the principal;
531	(8) make, assign, draw, endorse, discount, guarantee, and negotiate promissory notes, checks, drafts, and other
532	negotiable or nonnegotiable paper of the principal or payable to the principal or the principal's order, transfer
533	money, receive the cash or other proceeds of those transactions, and accept a draft drawn by a person upon the
534	principal and pay it when due;
535	(9) receive for the principal and act upon a sight draft, warehouse receipt, or other document of title whether
536	tangible or electronic, or other negotiable or nonnegotiable instrument;
37	(10) apply for, receive, and use letters of credit, credit and debit cards, electronic transaction authorizations, and
38	traveler's checks from a financial institution and give an indemnity or other agreement in connection with letters
39	of credit; and
540	(11) consent to an extension of the time of payment with respect to commercial paper or a financial transaction
541	with a financial institution.
542	§ 49A-209. Operation of Entity or Business.
543	Subject to the terms of a document or an agreement governing an entity or an entity ownership interest (a "Governing
544	Document") and to applicable laws governing such entity or entity ownership interest, and unless the personal power of
545	attorney otherwise provides, language in a personal power of attorney granting general authority with respect to operation
546	of an entity or business authorizes the agent to:
547	(1) operate, buy, sell, enlarge, reduce, or terminate an ownership interest;
548	(2) perform a duty or discharge a liability and exercise in person or by proxy a right, power, privilege, or option
549	that the principal has, may have, or claims to have;

550	(3) enforce the terms of, and exercise rights of the principal pursuant to, the Governing Document;
551	(4) initiate, participate in, submit to alternative dispute resolution, settle, oppose, or propose or accept a
552	compromise with respect to litigation to which the principal is a party because of an ownership interest;
553	(5) exercise in person or by proxy, or enforce by litigation or otherwise, a right, power, privilege, or option the
554	principal has or claims to have as the holder of stocks and bonds;
555	(6) initiate, participate in, submit to alternative dispute resolution, settle, oppose, or propose or accept a
556	compromise with respect to litigation to which the principal is a party concerning stocks and bonds or other entity
557	ownership interests;
558	(7) with respect to an entity or business owned solely by the principal:
559	(A) continue, modify, renegotiate, extend, and terminate a contract made by or on behalf of the principal
560	with respect to the entity or business before execution of the personal power of attorney;
561	(B) determine:
562	(i) the location of its operation;
563	(ii) the nature and extent of its business;
564	(iii) the methods of manufacturing, selling, merchandising, financing, accounting, and
565	advertising employed in its operation;
566	(iv) the amount and types of insurance carried; and
567	(v) the mode of engaging, compensating, and dealing with its employees and accountants,
568	attorneys, or other advisors;
569	(C) change the name or form of organization under which the entity or business is operated and enter
570	into a Governing Document with other persons to take over all or part of the operation of the entity or
571	business; and
572	(D) demand and receive money due or claimed by the principal or on the principal's behalf in the
573	operation of the entity or business and control and disburse the money in the operation of the entity or
574	business;
575	(8) put additional capital into an entity or business in which the principal has an interest;
576	(9) join in a plan of reorganization, consolidation, conversion, domestication, or merger of the entity or business;
577	(10) sell or liquidate all or part of an entity or business;

578	(11) establish the value of an entity or business under a buy-out agreement to which the principal is a party;
579	(12) prepare, sign, file, and deliver reports, compilations of information, returns, or other papers with respect to an
580	entity or business and make related payments; and
581	(13) pay, compromise, or contest taxes, assessments, fines, or penalties and perform any other act to protect the
582	principal from illegal or unnecessary taxation, assessments, fines, or penalties, with respect to an entity or
583	business, including attempts to recover, in any manner permitted by law, money paid before or after the execution
584	of the personal power of attorney.
585	§ 49A-210. Insurance and Annuities.
586	Unless the personal power of attorney otherwise provides, language in a personal power of attorney granting general
587	authority with respect to insurance and annuities authorizes the agent to:
588	(1) continue, pay the premium or make a contribution on, modify, exchange, rescind, release, or terminate a
589	contract procured by or on behalf of the principal which insures or provides an annuity to either the principal or
590	another person, whether or not the principal is a beneficiary under the contract;
591	(2) procure new, different, and additional contracts of insurance and annuities for the principal and select the
592	amount, type of insurance or annuity, and mode of payment;
593	(3) pay the premium or make a contribution on, modify, exchange, rescind, release, or terminate a contract of
594	insurance or annuity procured by the agent;
595	(4) apply for and receive a loan secured by a contract of insurance or annuity;
596	(5) surrender and receive the cash surrender value on a contract of insurance or annuity;
597	(6) exercise an election;
598	(7) exercise investment powers available under a contract of insurance or annuity;
599	(8) change the manner of paying premiums on a contract of insurance or annuity;
600	(9) change or convert the type of insurance or annuity with respect to which the principal has or claims to have
601	authority described in this section;
602	(10) apply for and procure a benefit or assistance under a statute or regulation to guarantee or pay premiums of a
603	contract of insurance on the life of the principal;
604	(11) collect, sell, assign, hypothecate, borrow against, or pledge the interest of the principal in a contract of
605	insurance or annuity;

606	(12) select the form and timing of the payment of proceeds from a contract of insurance or annuity; and
607	(13) pay, from proceeds or otherwise, compromise or contest, and apply for refunds in connection with, a tax or
608	assessment levied by a taxing authority with respect to a contract of insurance or annuity or its proceeds or liability
609	accruing by reason of the tax or assessment.
610	§ 49A-211. Estates, Trusts, and Other Beneficial Interests.
611	(a) In this section, "estate, trust, or other beneficial interest" means a trust, probate estate, guardianship, conservatorship,
612	escrow, or custodianship or a fund from which the principal is, may become, or claims to be, entitled to a share or payment.
613	(b) Unless the personal power of attorney otherwise provides, language in a personal power of attorney granting general
614	authority with respect to estates, trusts, and other beneficial interests authorizes the agent to:
615	(1) accept, receive, receipt for, sell, assign, pledge, or exchange a share in or payment from an estate, trust, or
616	other beneficial interest;
617	(2) demand or obtain money or another thing of value to which the principal is, may become, or claims to be,
618	entitled by reason of an estate, trust, or other beneficial interest, by litigation or otherwise;
619	(3) exercise for the benefit of the principal a presently exercisable general power of appointment held by the
620	principal;
621	(4) initiate, participate in, submit to alternative dispute resolution, settle, oppose, or propose or accept a
622	compromise with respect to litigation to ascertain the meaning, validity, or effect of a deed, will, declaration of
623	trust, or other instrument or transaction affecting the interest of the principal;
624	(5) initiate, participate in, submit to alternative dispute resolution, settle, oppose, or propose or accept a
625	compromise with respect to litigation to remove, substitute, or surcharge a fiduciary;
626	(6) conserve, invest, disburse, or use anything received for an authorized purpose;
627	(7) transfer an interest of the principal in real property, stocks and bonds, accounts with financial institutions or
628	securities intermediaries, insurance, annuities, and other property to the trustee of an existing trust created by the
629	principal as settlor for the benefit of the principal; and
630	(8) renounce or resign from any fiduciary position held by the principal.
631	§ 49A-212. Claims and Litigation.
632	Unless the personal power of attorney otherwise provides, language in a personal power of attorney granting general
633	authority with respect to claims and litigation authorizes the agent to:

634	(1) assert and maintain before a court or administrative agency a claim, claim for relief, cause of action,
635	counterclaim, offset, recoupment, or defense, including an action to recover property or other thing of value,
636	recover damages sustained by the principal, eliminate or modify tax liability, or seek an injunction, specific
637	performance, or other relief;
638	(2) bring an action to determine adverse claims or intervene or otherwise participate in litigation;
639	(3) seek an attachment, garnishment, order of arrest, or other preliminary, provisional, or intermediate relief and
640	use an available procedure to effect or satisfy a judgment, order, or decree;
641	(4) make or accept a tender, offer of judgment, or admission of facts, submit a controversy on an agreed statement
642	of facts, consent to examination, and bind the principal in litigation;
643	(5) submit to alternative dispute resolution, settle, and propose or accept a compromise;
644	(6) waive the issuance and service of process upon the principal, accept service of process, appear for the
645	principal, designate persons upon which process directed to the principal may be served, execute and file or deliver
646	stipulations on the principal's behalf, verify pleadings, seek appellate review, procure and give surety and
647	indemnity bonds, contract and pay for the preparation and printing of records and briefs, receive, execute, and file
648	or deliver a consent, waiver, release, confession of judgment, satisfaction of judgment, notice, agreement, or other
649	instrument in connection with the prosecution, settlement, or defense of a claim or litigation;
650	(7) act for the principal with respect to bankruptcy or insolvency, whether voluntary or involuntary, concerning
651	the principal or some other person, or with respect to a reorganization, receivership, or application for the
652	appointment of a receiver or trustee which affects an interest of the principal in property or other thing of value;
653	(8) pay a judgment, award, or order against the principal or a settlement made in connection with a claim or
654	litigation; and
655	(9) receive money or other thing of value paid in settlement of or as proceeds of a claim or litigation.
656	§ 49A-213. Personal and Family Maintenance.
657	(a) Unless the personal power of attorney otherwise provides, taking into consideration the principal's resources, language
658	in a personal power of attorney granting general authority with respect to personal and family maintenance authorizes the
659	agent to:

060	(1) perform the acts necessary to maintain the customary standard of living of the principal, the principal's
661	spouse, minor children, disabled adult children, children who are full time students under the age of 25, and
662	dependents as defined under Internal Revenue Code § 152.
563	(2) provide living quarters for the individuals described in paragraph (1) by:
664	(A) purchase, lease, or other contract; or
565	(B) paying the operating costs, including interest, amortization payments, repairs, improvements, and
566	taxes, for premises owned by the principal or occupied by those individuals;
667	(3) provide normal domestic help, usual vacations and travel expenses, and funds for shelter, clothing, food,
568	appropriate education, including postsecondary and vocational education, and other current living costs for the
569	individuals described in paragraph (1);
570	(4) pay expenses for necessary health care and custodial care on behalf of the individuals described in paragraph
671	(1);
672	(5) act as the principal's personal representative pursuant to the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability
673	Act, Sections 1171 through 1179 of the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. Section 1320d, as amended, and applicable
674	regulations, to obtain information to make decisions relating to the past, present, or future payment for the
575	provision of health care consented to by the principal or anyone authorized under the law of this State to consent to
676	health care on behalf of the principal;
677	(6) continue any provision made by the principal for automobiles or other means of transportation, including
578	registering, licensing, insuring, and replacing them, for the individuals described in paragraph (1);
679	(7) maintain credit and debit accounts for the convenience of the individuals described in paragraph (1) and open
680	new accounts; and
581	(8) continue payments incidental to the membership or affiliation of the principal in a religious institution, club,
682	society, order, or other organization or to continue contributions to those organizations.
583	(b) The agent shall make periodic payments of child support and other family maintenance required by a court or
584	governmental agency or an agreement to which the principal is a party.
585	(c) Authority with respect to personal and family maintenance is neither dependent upon, nor limited by, authority that an
686	agent may or may not have with respect to gifts under this Chapter.
587	§ 49A-214. Benefits from Governmental Programs or Civil or Military Service.

688	(a) In this section, "benefits from governmental programs or civil or military service" means any benefit, program or
689	assistance provided under a statute or regulation including, but not limited to, Social Security, Medicare, and Medicaid.
690	(b) Unless the personal power of attorney otherwise provides, language in a personal power of attorney granting general
691	authority with respect to benefits from governmental programs or civil or military service authorizes the agent to:
692	(1) execute vouchers in the name of the principal for allowances and reimbursements payable by the United States
693	or a foreign government or by a state or subdivision of a state to the principal, including allowances and
694	reimbursements for transportation of the individuals described in Section 49A-213(a)(1), and for shipment of their
695	household effects;
696	(2) take possession and order the removal and shipment of property of the principal from a post, warehouse,
697	depot, dock, or other place of storage or safekeeping, either governmental or private, and execute and deliver a
698	release, voucher, receipt, bill of lading, shipping ticket, certificate, or other instrument for that purpose;
699	(3) enroll in, apply for, select, reject, change, amend, or discontinue, on the principal's behalf, a benefit or
700	program;
701	(4) prepare, file, and maintain a claim of the principal for a benefit or assistance, financial or otherwise, to which
702	the principal may be entitled under a statute or regulation;
703	(5) initiate, participate in, submit to alternative dispute resolution, settle, oppose, or propose or accept a
704	compromise with respect to litigation concerning any benefit or assistance the principal may be entitled to receive
705	under a statute or regulation; and
706	(6) receive the financial proceeds of a claim described in paragraph (4) and conserve, invest, disburse, or use for a
707	lawful purpose anything so received.
708	§ 49A-215. Retirement Plans.
709	(a) In this section, "retirement plan" means a plan or account created by an employer, the principal, or another individual
710	to provide qualified or non-qualified retirement benefits or deferred compensation of which the principal is a participant,
711	beneficiary, or owner, including, but not limited to, a plan or account under the following sections of the Internal Revenue
712	Code:
713	(1) an individual retirement account under Internal Revenue Code Section 408, 26 U.S.C. Section 408, as
714	amended;

715	(2) a Roth individual retirement account under Internal Revenue Code Section 408A, 26 U.S.C. Section 408A, as
716	amended;
717	(3) a deemed individual retirement account under Internal Revenue Code Section 408(q), 26 U.S.C. Section
718	408(q), as amended;
719	(4) an annuity or mutual fund custodial account under Internal Revenue Code Section 403(b), 26 U.S.C. Section
720	403(b), as amended;
721	(5) a pension, profit-sharing, stock bonus, or other retirement plan qualified under Internal Revenue Code Section
722	401(a), 26 U.S.C. Section 401(a), as amended;
723	(6) a plan under Internal Revenue Code Section 457(b), 26 U.S.C. Section 457(b), as amended;
724	(7) a nonqualified deferred compensation plan under Internal Revenue Code Section 409A, 26 U.S.C. Section
725	409A, as amended; and
726	(8) a plan under an Internal Revenue Code Section which did not exist at the time the personal power of attorney
727	was executed.
728	(b) Unless the personal power of attorney otherwise provides, language in a personal power of attorney granting general
729	authority with respect to retirement plans authorizes the agent to:
730	(1) select the form and timing of payments under a retirement plan and withdraw benefits from a plan;
731	(2) make a rollover, including a direct trustee-to-trustee rollover, of benefits from one retirement plan to another;
732	(3) establish a retirement plan in the principal's name;
733	(4) make contributions to a retirement plan;
734	(5) exercise investment powers available under a retirement plan; and
735	(6) borrow from, sell assets to, or purchase assets from a retirement plan.
736	§ 49A-216. Taxes.
737	Unless the personal power of attorney otherwise provides, language in a personal power of attorney granting general
738	authority with respect to taxes authorizes the agent to:
739	(1) prepare, sign, and file federal, state, local, and foreign income, gift, generation skipping transfer, payroll,
740	property, Federal Insurance Contributions Act, and other tax returns, claims for refunds, requests for extension of
741	time, petitions regarding tax matters, and any other tax-related documents, including receipts, offers, waivers,
742	consents, including consents and agreements under Internal Revenue Code Section 2032A, 26 U.S.C. Section

743	2032A, as amended, closing agreements, and any power of attorney required by the Internal Revenue Service or
744	other taxing authority with respect to a tax year upon which the statute of limitations has not run and the following
745	25 tax years;
746	(2) pay taxes due, collect refunds, post bonds, receive confidential information, and contest deficiencies
747	determined by the Internal Revenue Service or other taxing authority;
748	(3) exercise any election available to the principal under federal, state, local, or foreign tax law; and
749	(4) act for the principal in all tax matters for all periods before the Internal Revenue Service, or other taxing
750	authority.
751	§ 49A-217. Gifts.
752	(a) In this section, a gift "for the benefit of" a person includes a gift to a trust, an account or an interest in property held
753	under the Delaware Uniform Transfers to Minors Act or similar statute of any other state or jurisdiction, and a tuition
754	savings account or prepaid tuition plan as defined under Internal Revenue Code Section 529, 26 U.S.C. Section 529, as
755	amended, or similar plan.
756	(b) Unless the personal power of attorney otherwise provides, language in a personal power of attorney granting general
757	authority with respect to gifts authorizes the agent only to:
758	(1) make outright to, or for the benefit of, a person, a gift of any of the principal's property, including by the
759	exercise of a presently exercisable general power of appointment held by the principal, in an amount per donee not
760	to exceed the annual dollar limits of the federal gift tax exclusion under Internal Revenue Code Section 2503(b),
761	26 U.S.C. Section 2503(b), as amended, without regard to whether the federal gift tax exclusion applies to the gift,
762	or if the principal's spouse agrees to consent to a split gift pursuant to Internal Revenue Code Section 2513, 26
763	U.S.C. 2513, as amended, in an amount per donee not to exceed twice the annual federal gift tax exclusion limit;
764	and
765	(2) consent, pursuant to Internal Revenue Code Section 2513, 26 U.S.C. Section 2513, as amended, to the splitting
766	of a gift made by the principal's spouse in an amount per donee not to exceed the aggregate annual gift tax
767	exclusions for both spouses.

objectives if actually known by the agent and, if unknown, as the agent determines is consistent with the principal's best

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interest based on all relevant factors, including:

769

770

771	(1) the value and nature of the principal's property;			
772	(2) the principal's foreseeable obligations and need for maintenance;			
773	(3) minimization of taxes, including income, estate, inheritance, generation-skipping transfer, and gift taxes;			
774	(4) eligibility for a benefit, a program, or assistance under a statute or regulation; and			
775	(5) the principal's personal history of making or joining in making gifts.			
776	Subchapter 3. Statutory Forms			
777	§ 49A-301. Statutory Form Durable Personal Power of Attorney; Agent's Certification			
778	DURABLE			
779	PERSONAL POWER OF ATTORNEY FORM			
780	NOTICE			
781	As the person signing this durable power of attorney you are the Principal.			
782	The purpose of this power of attorney is to give the person you designate (your "Agent") broad powers to handle your			
783	property, which may include powers to sell, dispose of, or encumber any real or personal property without advance notice			
784	to you or approval by you.			
785	This power of attorney does <u>not</u> authorize your Agent to make health-care decisions for you.			
786	Unless you specify otherwise, your Agent's authority will continue even if you become incapacitated, or until you die or			
787	revoke the power of attorney, or until your Agent resigns or is unable to act for you. You should select someone you trust to			
788	serve as your Agent.			
789	This power of attorney does not impose a duty on your Agent to exercise granted powers, but when powers are exercised,			
790	your Agent must use due care to act for your benefit and in accordance with this power of attorney.			
791	Your Agent must keep your funds and other property separate from your Agent's funds and other property.			
792	A court can take away the powers of your Agent if it finds your Agent is not acting properly.			
793	The powers and duties of an Agent under a durable power of attorney are explained more fully in Delaware Code, Title 12,			
794	Chapter 49A, Section 49A-114 and Sections 49A-201 through 49A-217.			
795	If there is anything about this form that you do not understand, you should ask a lawyer of your own choosing to explain it			
796	to you.			

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I have read or had explained to me this notice and I understand its contents.

1901450612

797

Date	Principal
	DURABLE
	PERSONAL POWER OF ATTORNEY FORM
	INSTRUCTIONS
As the person completing this	form, you are the Principal. This form gives another person the power to act on your behalf.
The other person is your Ager	t.
This form allows you to desig	nate: (1) one Agent at a time and up to two Agents in succession; (2) two or more Agents who
may act independently of each	other (Concurrent Agents); or (3) two or more Agents who must act together (Joint Agents).
If your Agent is unable or un	willing to act for you, your power of attorney will end unless you have named a successor
Agent(s).	
IF YOU HAVE QUESTIONS	ABOUT THIS POWER OF ATTORNEY OR THE AUTHORITY YOU ARE GRANTING
TO YOUR AGENT(S), YO	J SHOULD SEEK LEGAL ADVICE BEFORE COMPLETING AND SIGNING THIS
FORM.	
	DESIGNATION OF AGENT
I,	, name the following person(s) as my
(N	me of Principal)
Agent(s):	
Name of Agent:	
Agent's Address:	
Agent's Telephone Number:	
Ι	ESIGNATION OF ADDITIONAL OR SUCCESSOR AGENTS
	(OPTIONAL)
Name of Agent:	
Agent's Address:	
Agent's Telephone Number:	
Name of Agent:	

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26	Agent's Address:
27	Agent's Telephone Number:
28	If I have named more than one Agent above, I intend for those Agents to:
29	Act successively, one after the other
30	Act concurrently, independent of each other
31	Act jointly, not independent of each other
32	EFFECTIVE DATE
33	You must sign ONE of these two choices:
34	This power of attorney is effective immediately, and shall not be effected by
35	(Sign here if this is your choice) my subsequent incapacity.
36	This power of attorney is effective only if and while I am incapacitated as determined
37	(Sign here if this is your choice) under 12 Del.C. § 49A-109(c).
88	GRANT OF GENERAL AUTHORITY
9	I grant my Agent and any successor Agent general authority to act for me with respect to the following powers described in
0.	more detail as defined in the Durable Personal Power of Attorney Act, Delaware Code, Title 12, Chapter 49A.
1	You should READ the terms of each category of power or authority before granting any of them to your Agent. A full
2	explanation of each power or authority is in the Delaware Code. The Delaware Code is available online. Search: Delaware
3	Code, Title 12, Chapter 49A, and then go to the number next to the category. Example: Real Property, Section (§) 49A-204.
4	The Delaware Code may also be available at your local library.
5	INITIAL each category you want to include in the Agent's general authority.
6	CROSS OUT each category you do not want to include in the Agent's general authority.
7	If you do not initial a category listed below, powers associated with that category will NOT be included as part of your
8	Agent's general authority.
9	Real Property § 49A-204
0	Tangible Personal Property § 49A-205
1	Stocks and Bonds § 49A-206
2	Commodities and Options § 49A-207
3	Banks and Other Financial Institutions § 49A-208
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854	Operation of Entity or Business § 49A-209			
855	Insurance and Annuities § 49A-210			
856	Estates, Trusts, and Other Beneficial Interests § 49A-211			
857	Claims and Litigation § 49A-212			
858	Personal and Family Maintenance § 49A-213			
859	Benefits from Governmental Programs or Civil or Military Service § 49A-214			
860	Retirement Plans § 49A-215			
861	Taxes § 49A-216			
862	GRANT OF SPECIFIC AUTHORITY (OPTIONAL)			
863	PROCEED WITH CAUTION			
864	Giving your Agent any of the following powers will give your Agent the authority to take actions that could significantly			
865	reduce your property or change how and to whom your property is distributed at your death.			
866	You should READ the terms describing each power before granting any of them to your Agent.			
867	7 INITIAL each power you want to include in the Agent's authority.			
868	CROSS OUT each power you do not want to include in the Agent's authority.			
869	If you do not initial a power listed below, it will NOT be included as part of your Agent's specific authority.			
870	Create, amend, revoke, or terminate an inter vivos trust			
871	Make a gift in excess of the limitations in the Durable Personal Power of Attorney Act, 12 Del.C. § 49A-217			
872	Create or change rights of survivorship			
873	Create or change a beneficiary designation			
874	Delegate authority granted under the power of attorney when all successor Agents have resigned, died, become			
875	incapacitated, are no longer qualified to serve, or have declined to serve			
876	Exercise fiduciary powers that the Principal has authority to delegate			
877	Reject, renounce, disclaim, release, or consent to a reduction in or modification of a share in or payment from			
878	estate, trust, or other beneficial interest			
879	RELIANCE ON THIS POWER OF ATTORNEY			
880	Any person, including my Agent, may rely upon this power of attorney or a copy of it unless that person knows it has			
881	terminated or is invalid.			

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882			SIGNATURI	E AND ACKNOWL	EDGMENT			
883	IF YOU HAVE QUESTIONS ABOUT THIS POWER OF ATTORNEY OR THE AUTHORITY YOU ARE GRANTING							
884	TO YOUR AGENT(S), YOU SHOULD SEEK LEGAL ADVICE BEFORE SIGNING THIS FORM.							
885	IN WIT	NESS WHEREOF, I ha	ve hereunto set my F	Hand and Seal this _	day of	, 20		
886						(SEAL)		
887	Witness	s Signature		Your Sign	nature			
888								
889	Print Yo	our Name		Print You	ır Name			
890	I, the w	itness, swear that I am no	ot related to the Prince	cipal by blood, marr	iage, or adopti	ion;		
891	and that	I am not entitled to any	portion of the estate	of the Principal und	ler the Principa	al's current will o	or codicil, or unde	r
892	any cur	rent trust instrument of the	he Principal					
893	STATE	OF DELAWARE:						
894		: SS.						
895	COUNT	ΓY OF :						
896		This Durable Power of	Attorney was acknow	vledged before me by	у	this _	day of	
897		20	<u>_</u> :					
898								
899				Notarial (	Office			
900			IMPORTANT	TINFORMATION I	FOR AGENT			
901	Agent's	Duties						
902	When y	ou accept the authority g	granted under this po	wer of attorney, a sp	pecial legal rel	ationship is creat	ed between you ar	nd
903	the Prin	cipal. This relationship	imposes upon you le	egal duties that conti	nue until you i	resign or the pow	er of attorney is	
904	termina	ted or revoked. You mu	st:					
905	(1)	do what you know the	Principal reasonably	expects you to do w	ith the Princip	oal's property or,	if you do not kno	W
906		the Principal's expectat	tions, act in the Princ	cipal's best interest;				
907	(2)	act in good faith;						
908	(3)	do nothing beyond the	authority granted in	this power of attorne	ey; and			

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909	(4) disclose your identity as an Agent whenever you act for the Principal by writing or printing the name of the				
910	Principal and signing your own name as "Agent" in the following manner:				
911					
912		(Principal's Name) by (Your Signature) as Agent			
913	Excep	t as otherwise provided in the power of attorney, you must also:			
914	(1)	not act for your own benefit;			
915	(2)	avoid conflicts that would impair your ability to act in the Principal's best interest;			
916	(3)	act with care, competence, and diligence;			
917	(4)	keep a record of all receipts, disbursements, and transactions made on behalf of the Principal;			
918	(5)	cooperate with any person who has authority to make health-care decisions for the Principal; and			
919	(6)	not act in a manner inconsistent with the Principal's testamentary plan.			
920	Termi	nation of Agent's Authority			
921	You n	nust stop acting on behalf of the Principal if you learn of any event that terminates this power of attorney or your			
922	authority under this power of attorney. Events that terminate this power of attorney or your authority to act under it				
923	includ	e:			
924	(1)	death of the Principal;			
925	(2)	the Principal's revocation of the power of attorney or your authority;			
926	(3)	the occurrence of a termination event stated in the power of attorney;			
927	(4)	the purpose of the power of attorney is fully accomplished; or			
928	(5)	an action is filed with a court for your separation, annulment, or divorce from the Principal, unless the Principal			
929		otherwise provided in the power of attorney that such action will not terminate your authority.			
930	Liabil	ity of Agent			
931	The meaning of the authority granted to you is defined in the Durable Personal Power of Attorney Act, Delaware Code,				
932	Title 12, Chapter 49A. If you violate the Durable Personal Power of Attorney Act, Delaware Code, Title 12, Chapter 49A				
933	or act	outside the authority granted, you may be liable for any damages caused by your violation.			
934	If ther	e is anything about this document or your powers, authority, or duties as Agent that you do not understand, you			
935	should	I seek legal advice.			
936		AGENT'S CERTIFICATION			

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937	I,, have read the attached durable power of attorney and I am				
938	(Name of Agent)				
939	the person identified as the Agent for the Principal. To the best of my knowledge this power has not been revoked. I hereby				
940	acknowledge that, in the absence of a specific provision to the contrary in the durable power of attorney, when I act				
941	Agent:				
942	I shall exercise the powers for the benefit of the Principal.				
943	I shall keep the assets of the Principal separate from my assets.				
944	I shall exercise reasonable caution and prudence.				
945	I shall keep a full and accurate record of all actions, receipts and disbursements on behalf of the Principal.				
946	I shall, to the extent reasonably practicable under the circumstances, keep in regular contact with the Principal and				
947	communicate with the Principal.				
948					
949	Agent Date".				
950	Section 5. This Act shall take effect on October 1, 2010.				

## **SYNOPSIS**

This bill does two things. It keeps in place the existing Durable Powers of Attorney statute which is relied upon for commercial transactions, changing only the out-dated reference of "attorney-in-fact" to "agent"; eliminating a provision now covered in the new Chapter 49A, Durable Personal Powers of Attorney; and making clear that 49 is independent of 49A. The bill also adds a new Chapter 49A to Title 12 which provides significant improvements in the creation of a personal power of attorney by ensuring that a principal grants only those authorities sought to be granted, and by ensuring that an agent acknowledges the scope of authority granted and the associated responsibilities. A statutory form of power of attorney is provided so that any individual may have a valid and enforceable power of attorney, regardless of access to a lawyer. Finally, it there are enhanced execution standards, a notary and a disinterested witness, to ensure the identity of the principle and to protect against execution under circumstances which suggest coercion, fraud, or incompetence. The Act will take effect on October 1, 2010, in order to provide transition time.