

SPONSOR: Sen. Peterson & Rep. Mitchell Sens. Ennis, Henry, Lavelle; Rep. Bennett

#### DELAWARE STATE SENATE 147th GENERAL ASSEMBLY

## SENATE SUBSTITUTE NO. 1

#### FOR

#### SENATE BILL NO. 39

AN ACT TO AMEND TITLE 21 OF THE DELAWARE CODE RELATING TO COMMERCIAL LEARNER PERMITS AND COMMERCIAL DRIVER LICENSES.

# BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF DELAWARE:

1	Section 1. Amend § 2603, Title 21 of the Delaware Code by making insertions as shown by underlining and
2	deletions as shown by strike through as follows:
3	§2603. Definitions.
4	Notwithstanding any other provision of this title, the following definitions apply to this chapter:
5	(1) "Alcohol" means any substance containing any form of alcohol, including, but not limited to, ethanol,
6	methanol, propanol and isopropanol.
7	(2) "Alcohol concentration" means:
8	a. The number of grams of alcohol per 100 milliliters of blood; or
9	b. The number of grams of alcohol per 210 liters of breath.
10	(3) "Alien" means any person not a citizen or national of the United States."
1	(4) "CDL downgrade" means either:
12	a. Except where otherwise provided in this title, the Division allows the driver to change
13	his or her self-certification to interstate but operating exclusively in transportation or operation excepted from 49 C.F.R.
14	Part 391, as provided in § 390.3(f), § 391.2, § 391.68, or § 398.3;
15	b. The Division allows the driver to change his or her self-certification to intrastate only if the
16	driver is physically qualified for intrastate-only driving under § 4704(b) of this title;
17	c. The Division allows the driver to change his or her certification to intrastate but operating exclusively in
18	transportation or operations excepted under § 4704(c)(1) [or] (2) of this title driver physical qualification requirements; or
19	d. The Division removes the CDL privilege from the driver license.

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20	(5) "CDLIS driver record" means the electronic record of the individual CDL driver's status and history stored by the state
21	of record as part of the Commercial Driver's License Information System (CDLIS) established under 49 U.S.C. § 31309.
22	(6) "CDLIS motor vehicle record" means a report generated from the CDLIS driver record meeting the
23	requirements for access to CDLIS information and provided by states to users authorized in 49 C.F.R.§384.225(e)(3) and
24	(4), subject to the provisions of the Driver Privacy Protection Act, 18 U.S.C.
25	§21-2725, and § 305 of this title.
26	(7) "Commercial driver instruction permit" "Commercial Learner Permit" (CLP) means a permit issued pursuant
27	to § 2608(d) of this title.
28	(8) "Commercial driver license" (CDL) means a license issued in accordance with the
29	requirements of this chapter to an individual which authorizes the individual to drive a certain class of commercial motor
30	vehicle.
31	(9) "Commercial driver license information system" (CDLIS) means the information system
32	established pursuant to the CMVSA to serve as a clearinghouse for locating information related to the licensing and
33	identification of commercial motor vehicle drivers.
34	(10) "Commercial motor vehicle (CMV)" means a motor vehicle or combination of motor vehicles used in
35	commerce to transport passengers or property if the motor vehicle
36	a. Has a gross combination weight rating (GCWR) of 26,001 pounds or more inclusive of a towed unit(s) with a
37	gross vehicle weight rating (GVWR) of more than 10,000 pounds; or
38	b. Has a gross vehicle weight rating (GVWR) of 26,001 pounds or more; or
39	c. Is designed to transport 16 or more passengers, including the driver; or
40	d. Is of any size and is used in the transportation of hazardous materials.
41	(11) "Controlled substance" means any substance so classified under § 102(6) of the Controlled Substances Act
42	(21 U.S.C. § 802(6)), and includes all substances listed on Schedules I through V, of 21C.F.R. part 1308, as they may be
43	revised from time to time.
44	(12) "Conviction" means an unvacated adjudication of guilt, or a determination that a person has violated or failed
45	to comply with the law in a court of original jurisdiction or by an authorized administrative tribunal, an unvacated forfeiture
46	of bail or collateral deposited to secure the person's appearance in court, a plea of guilty or nolo contendere accepted by the
47	court, the payment of a fine or court cost, or violation of a condition of release without bail, regardless of whether or not the
48	penalty is rebated, suspended, or probated.
49	(13) "Disqualification" means any of the following actions:

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50	a. The suspension, revocation, or cancellation of a CDL or CLP by the state or jurisdiction of issuance.
51	b. Any withdrawal of a person's privileges to drive a Commercial Motor Vehicle (CMV) by a state or
52	other jurisdiction as the result of a violation of state or local law relating to motor vehicle traffic control (other than parking,
53	vehicle weight or vehicle defect violations).
54	c. A determination by the FMCSA that a person is not qualified to operate a commercial motor vehicle
55	under Part 391 of 49 C.F.R.
56	(14) "Drive" means to drive, operate or be in physical control of a motor vehicle.
57	(15) "Driver" means any person who drives, operates, or is in physical control of a commercial motor vehicle, or
58	who is required to hold a commercial driver license.
59	(16) "Driver license" means a license issued by a state to an individual which authorizes the individual to drive a
60	motor vehicle.
61	(17) "Driving a commercial motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol" means committing any one or
62	more of the following acts in a CMV:
63	a. Driving a CMV while the person's alcohol concentration is 0.04 or more;
64	b. Driving under the influence of alcohol as prescribed by State law; or
65	c. Refusal to undergo such testing as is required by any State or jurisdiction in the enforcement of
66	§383.51(b) or § 392.5(a)(2) of 49 C.F.R.
67	(18) "Employer" means any person, including the United States, a state, or a political subdivision of a state, who
68	owns or leases a commercial motor vehicle, or assigns a person to drive a commercial motor vehicle.
69	(19) "Excepted interstate commerce" means a CDL/ <u>CLP</u> applicant certifies that he or she operates or expects to
70	operate in interstate commerce but engages exclusively in transportation or operations excepted under 49 C.F.R. § 390.3(f),
71	§ 391.2, § 391.68, or § 398.3 from all or parts of the qualification requirements of 49 C.F.R. Part 391 and is, therefore, not
72	required to obtain a federal medical examiner's certification by 49 C.F.R. § 391.45.
73	(20) "Excepted intrastate commerce" means a CDL/CLP applicant certifies that he or she operates in intrastate
74	commerce but engages exclusively in transportation or operations excepted from all or parts of the Delaware's driver
75	medical qualification requirements in §§ 2621 and 4704(c)(2) of this title.
76	(21) "Fatality" means the death of a person as a result of a motor vehicle accident.
77	(22) "Felony" means any offense under state or federal law that is punishable by death or imprisonment for a term
78	exceeding 1 year.
79	(23) "FMCSA" means Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration.

80	(24) "Foreign jurisdiction" means any jurisdiction other than a state of the United States or District of Columbia.
81	(25) "Gross vehicle weight rating" (GVWR) means the value specified by the manufacturer or manufacturers as
82	the maximum loaded weight of a single vehicle. The GVWR of a combination (articulated) vehicle (commonly referred to
83	as the "Gross Combination Weight Rating" or (GCWR) is the GVWR of the power unit plus the GVWR of the towed unit
84	or units.
85	(26) "Hazardous material" means any material that has been designated as hazardous under 49 U.S.C. § 5103
86	and is required to be placarded under subpart F of 49 C.F.R. part 172 or any quantity of a material listed as a select agent or
87	toxin in 42 C.F.R. part 73.
88	(27) "Imminent hazard" means the existence of a condition relating to hazardous material that presents a
89	substantial likelihood that death, serious illness, severe personal injury, or a substantial endangerment to health, property, or
90	the environment may occur before the reasonably foreseeable completion date of a formal proceeding begun to lessen
91	the risk of that death, illness, injury or endangerment.
92	(28) "Issue and issuance" means initial licensure, license transfers, license renewals, license upgrades, and
93	nonresident commercial driver's licenses.
94	(29) "Major Traffic Violation" means any conviction defined as "Major" as specified by 49 C.F.R. 383.51(b)
95	<u>Table 1.</u>
96	(30) "Manual Transmission" means a transmission utilizing a driver-operated clutch that is activated by a pedal or
97	lever and a gearshift mechanism either operated by hand or foot.
98	(29) (31) "Measurable amount of alcohol" means the alcohol concentration of the person's blood or breath is equal
99	to or greater than 0.02 but less than 0.04.
100	(30) (32) "Medical examiner" for purposes of conducting U.S. Department of Transportation physical examination
101	for CMV certification means a person who is licensed, certified, and/or registered, in accordance with applicable state laws
102	and regulations, to perform physical examinations. The term includes but is not limited to, doctors of medicine, doctors of
103	osteopathy, physician assistants, advanced practice nurses, and doctors of chiropractic. For medical examinations conducted
104	on and after May 21, 2014, a medical examiner must be certified by FMCSA and listed on the National Registry of
105	Certified Medical Examiners as defined in this section.
106	(31) (33) "Medical variance" means a driver has received 1 of the following from FMCSA that allows the driver to
107	be issued a medical certificate:
108	a. An exemption letter permitting operation of a commercial motor vehicle pursuant to 49 C.F.R. Part
109	381, Subpart C, or § 391.64;

110	b. A skill performance evaluation certificate permitting operation of a commercial motor vehicle pursuant
111	to 49 C.F.R. § 391.49.
112	(32) (34) "Motor vehicle" means every vehicle which is self-propelled, and every vehicle which is propelled by
113	electric power obtained from overhead trolley wires but not operated upon rails, except vehicles moved solely by human
114	power, motorized wheel chairs, farm implements of husbandry, mopeds, tripeds and OHV's.
115	(33) (35) "Motor vehicle record" means the report of the driving status and history of a driver generated from the
116	driver record, provided to users, such as drivers or employers, and subject to the provisions of the Driver Privacy Protection
117	Act, 18 U.S.C. §§ 2721-2725 and § 305 of this title.
118	(36) "National Registry of Certified Medical Examiners" means a program administered by the
119	Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration (FMCSA) that establishes requirements for healthcare professionals who
120	perform physical qualification examinations for commercial motor vehicle (CMV) drivers. All healthcare professionals
121	whose scope of practice authorizes them to perform physical examinations and who intend to perform physical
122	examinations and issue medical certificates for CMV drivers to meet the requirements of Section 391.41 of the Federal
123	Motor Carrier Safety Regulations (FMCSRs) must be certified and listed on FMCSA's National Registry no later than May
124	<u>21, 2014.</u>
125	(34)-(37) "Non-CMV" means a motor vehicle or combination of motor vehicles not defined by the term
126	"commercial motor vehicle (CMV)" in this section.
127	(35) (38) "Non-excepted interstate commerce" means a CDL/CLP applicant certifies that he or she operates or
128	expects to operate in interstate commerce, is both subject to and meets the qualification requirements under 49 C.F.R.
129	Part 391, and is required to obtain a federal medical examiner's certification by 49 C.F.R. § 391.45.
130	(36) (39) "Non-excepted intrastate commerce" means a CDL/CLP applicant certifies that he or she operates only in
131	intrastate commerce and, therefore, is subject to the Delaware driver medical qualification requirements in § 4704(a), (b),
132	and (c)(1) of this title.
133	(37) (40) "Nonresident Non-Domiciled CDL" means a CDL or CLP issued by a State under either of the following
134	two conditions:
135	a. To an individual domiciled in a foreign country meeting the requirements of § 383.23(b)(1) of
136	49 C.F.R.
137	b. To an individual domiciled in another state meeting the requirements of § 383.23(b)(2) of 49
138	C.F.R.

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139	(38) (41) "Out-of-service order" means a declaration by the Federal Highway Administration or an
140	authorized enforcement officer of a federal, state, local or governmental agency from Puerto Rico, Canada or Mexico that
141	a driver or a commercial motor vehicle or motor carrier operation (as defined in the Federal Motor Carrier Safety
142	Regulations [49 C.F.R. Part 390]) is out-of-service pursuant to § 386.72 (imminent hazard), § 392.5 (intoxicating
143	beverage), § 395.13 (drivers declared out-of-service) or § 396.9 (inspection of motor vehicles in operation) of the Federal
144	Motor Carrier Safety Regulations or comparable laws of any governmental agency referred to above or the North
145	American Uniform Out-of-Service Criteria.
146	(39) (42) "Railroad-highway grade crossing violation" means convictions in a commercial motor vehicle
147	of violations of a federal, State or local law or regulation pertaining to 1 of the following 6 offenses at railroad-
148	highway grade crossings:
149	a. For drivers who are not required to always stop, failing to slow down and check that the tracks
150	———— are clear of an approaching train;
151	b. For drivers who are not required to always stop, failing to stop before reaching the crossing if
152	the tracks are not clear;
153	c. For drivers who are always required to stop, failing to stop before driving onto the crossing;
154	d. For all drivers, failing to have sufficient space to drive completely through the crossing
155	without stopping;
156	e. For all drivers, failing to obey a traffic control device or the directions of an enforcement
157	official at the crossing; and
158	f. For all drivers, failing to negotiate a crossing because of insufficient undercarriage clearance
159	any conviction defined as "Railroad -highway grade crossing" as specified by 49 C.F.R. 383.51(d) Table 3.
160	(40) (43) "School bus" means a commercial motor vehicle used to transport preprimary, primary, or
161	secondary school students from home to school, from school to home, or to and from school-sponsored events, or any
162	vehicle which meets the regulatory requirements adopted by the Department of Education with the advice of the Division of
163	Motor Vehicles as specified under § 2901 of Title 14. "School bus" does not include a bus used as a common carrier.
164	(41) (44) "Serious traffic violation" means any conviction defined as "Serious", specified by 49 C.F.R.
165	383.51(c) Table 2. of any of the following offenses when operating a CMV, except weight, defect and parking violations:
166	a. Excessive speeding, involving any single offense for any speed of 15 miles per hour or more
167	above the posted speed limit;

168	b. Reckless driving, as defined by state or local law or regulation, including but not limited to
169	offenses of driving a CMV in willful or wanton disregard for the safety of persons or property;
170	c. Improper or erratic traffic lane changes;
171	d. Following the vehicle ahead too closely;
172	e. A violation, arising in connection with a fatal accident, of state or local law relating to motor
173	vehicle traffic control;
174	f. Driving a CMV without obtaining a CDL;
175	g. Driving a CMV without a CDL in the driver's possession. Any individual who provides proof
176	to the enforcement authority that issued the citation, by the date the individual must appear in court or pay any fine
177	for such a violation, that the individual held a valid CDL on the date the citation was issued, shall not be guilty of this
178	offense; or
179	h. Driving a CMV without the proper class of CDL and/or endorsements for the specific vehicle
180	group being operated or for the passengers or type of cargo being transported.
181	(42) (45) "State" for the purpose of this chapter means a state, territory or possession of the United States, the
182	District of Columbia, the Republic of Mexico, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico and any province of the Dominion of
183	Canada.
184	(46) "Tank Vehicle" means any commercial motor vehicle that is designed to transport any liquid or
185	gaseous materials within a tank or tanks, having an individual rated capacity of more than 119 gallons and an aggregate
186	rated capacity of 1,000 gallons or more that is either permanently or temporarily attached to the vehicle or chassis.
187	(44) (47) "United States" means the 50 states and the District of Columbia.
188	Section 2. Amend § 2606, Title 21 of the Delaware Code by making insertions as shown by underlining and
189	deletions as shown by strike through as follows:
190	§ 2606. Employer responsibilities.
191	(a) Each employer must require the applicant to provide the information specified in § 2605(c) of this title.
192	(b) No employer may allow, permit, or authorize a driver to drive a commercial motor vehicle during any period:
193	(1) In which the driver has had a commercial driver license CDL/CLP suspended, revoked, or cancelled
194	by any state, is currently disqualified from driving a commercial vehicle, or has been issued an out of service order
195	in any state; or
196	(2) In which the driver has more than 1 driver license.

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197	(3) In which the driver does not have a CDL/CLP license for the type vehicle the employer requires the
198	driver to drive.
199	(c) No employer may knowingly allow, require, permit or authorize a driver to operate a commercial motor vehicle
200	in violation of a federal, state or local law or regulation pertaining to railroad-highway grade crossing violations.
201	(d) No employer may knowingly allow, require, permit or authorize a driver to operate a commercial motor
202	vehicle in violation of an out-of-service order.
203	Section 3. Amend § 2607, Title 21 of the Delaware Code by making insertions as shown by underlining and deletions as
204	shown by strike through as follows:
205	§ 2607. Commercial driver license required.
206	(a) Except when driving under a commercial driver instruction permit commercial learner permit and accompanied
207	by the holder of a commercial driver license valid for the vehicle being driven or while being tested by the
208	Department for a commercial driver's license, no person may drive a commercial motor vehicle unless the person
209	holds a commercial driver license and applicable endorsements valid for the vehicle being driven and is in
210	possession of such license.
211	(b) No person may drive a commercial motor vehicle while that person's driving privilege is denied, withdrawn,
212	barred, canceled, suspended, revoked, or disqualified.
213	(c) No person may drive a commercial motor vehicle in violation of an out-of-service order.
214	(d) No person may drive a commercial motor vehicle while an out-of-service order is in effect while transporting
215	hazardous materials required to be placarded or while operating a vehicle designed to transport 16 or more
216	passengers, including the driver.
217	(e) Conditional or occupational licenses may not be issued to holders of a CDL or CLP licenses, nor may any
218	person drive a commercial motor vehicle while in possession of a conditional or occupational license.
219	(f) Any violation of this section shall be an unclassified misdemeanor, with the penalties set forth in § 2622 of this
220	title.
221	Section 4. Amend § 2608, Title 21 of the Delaware Code by making insertions as shown by underlining and
222	deletions as shown by strike through as follows:
223	§ 2608. Commercial driver license qualification standards.
224	(a) Testing. –
225	(1) General No person may be issued a commercial driver license unless that person is a resident of this State
226	and has passed a knowledge and skills test for driving a commercial motor vehicle which complies with minimum federal

227	standards established by federal regulation enumerated in 49 C.F.R. part 383, subparts G and H, and has satisfied all other
228	requirements of the CMVSA in addition to other requirements imposed by state law or federal regulation. The tests must be
229	prescribed and conducted by the Division of Motor Vehicles.
230	(2) Third-party testing The Division of Motor Vehicles may authorize a person, including an agency of this or
231	another state, an employer, a private driver training facility, or other private institution, or a department, agency or
232	instrumentality of local government, to administer the skills test specified by this section, provided:
233	a. The test is the same which would otherwise be administered by the State; and
234	b. The 3rd party has entered into an agreement with the State which complies with requirements of 49
235	C.F.R. part 383.75.
236	(3) Testing by State After June 30, 1992. Only an agency of the State, as approved by the Division of Motor
237	Vehicles, shall be permitted to administer the skills test specified by this chapter.
238	(b) Waiver of skills test The Division of Motor Vehicles may waive the skills test as specified in this section for a
239	commercial driver license applicant who meets the requirements of 49 C.F.R. part 383.77.
240	(c) Limitations on issuance of license A commercial driver license or commercial driver instruction permit
241	commercial learner permit may not be issued to a person while the person is subject to a disqualification from driving a
242	commercial motor vehicle, or while the person's driver license is suspended, revoked, denied or cancelled in any state; nor
243	may a commercial driver license be issued to a person who has a commercial driver license issued by any other state unles
244	the person first surrenders all such licenses, which must be returned to the issuing state(s) for cancellation.
245	(d) Commercial driver instruction permit Commercial Learner Permit (CLP)
246	(1) The issuance of a CLP is a precondition to the initial issuance of a CDL. A commercial driver
247	instruction permit <u>CLP</u> may be issued to an individual who <u>has satisfied the following requirements:</u>
248	a. Is at least 18 year of age;
249	b. Holds a valid Delaware driver license and;
250	c. who Has passed the vision and written tests required for a <u>CDL</u> . commercial motor vehicle
251	driver license.
252	(2) The commercial driver instruction permit <u>CLP</u> may not be issued for a period to exceed 6 months.
253	Only one renewal or re-issuance may be granted within a 2 1-year period. The 2 1-year period shall begin with the issuance
254	date of the original permit. The holder of a commercial driver instruction permit <u>CLP</u> may, unless otherwise disqualified,
255	drive a commercial motor vehicle only when accompanied by the holder of a commercial driver license, valid for the type
256	of vehicle driven who occupies a seat beside the individual for the purpose of giving instruction in driving the commercial
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257	motor vehicle; provided that the commercial driver instruction permit CLP holder may not operate a commercial motor
258	vehicle transporting hazardous materials as defined in § 2603 of this chapter.
259	(3) A CLP holder is not eligible to take the CDL pre-trip, skills or road test in the first 14 days after initia
260	issuance of the CLP.
261	(4) A CLP holder is eligible to apply a passenger, school bus or tank endorsement while holding a CLP
262	provided the written test is passed for each endorsement prior to the permit issuance. A CLP holder with a passenger or
263	school bus endorsement is prohibited from carrying passengers or students. A CLP holder with a tank endorsement may
264	only operate an empty tank vehicle. All other endorsements as defined by 49 C.F.R. §383.153(b) are prohibited on a CLP.
265	(5) The issuance of a CLP is a precondition to the upgrade of a CDL if the upgrade requires a skills test.
266	(6) Content of CLP – The commercial learner permit must be marked "Commercial Learner Permit" or
267	"CLP" and must be, to the maximum extent possible, tamperproof. The CLP must include, but not be limited to, the
268	following information:
269	(A) The name and residential address of the person;
270	(B) The person's photograph;
271	(C) A physical description of the person including sex, height, weight, and eye color;
272	(D) Date of birth;
273	(E) Any unique number or identifier deemed appropriate by the Division of Motor Vehicles;
274	(F) The person's signature;
275	(G) The class or type of commercial motor vehicle(s) which the person is authorized to drive together with any
276	endorsements or restrictions;
277	(H) The name of this State;
278	(I) The issue date of the current license; and
279	(J) The expiration date of the current license.
280	(7) Commercial Learner Permit Restrictions
281	(A) "P" – Restricts the driver from operating CMV with passengers.
282	(B) "X" – Restricts the driver from operating tank vehicle with cargo.
283	(C) "L" – Restricts the driver from operating a vehicle with airbrakes.
284	(D)"V" - Restricts the driver from operating a CMV without a valid medical variance issued by the Federal Motor
285	Carrier Safety Administration.
286	(E) "M" – Restricts the driver from operating a Class A passenger vehicle.

287	(F) "N" - Restricts the driver from operating a Class A or B passenger vehicle.
288	(G) "K" – Restricts the driver from operating a CMV out of the State of Delaware.
289	Section 5. Amend § 2609, Title 21 of the Delaware Code by making insertions as shown by underlining and deletions as
290	shown by strike through as follows:
291	§ 2609 Non-resident CDL. Non-Domiciled CDL or CLP
292	(a) The Division of Motor Vehicles may issue a non-resident non-domiciled CDL or CLP to a an applicant who:
293	(1) is domiciled in a resident of a foreign jurisdiction if the United States Secretary of Transportation has
294	determined that the commercial motor vehicle testing and licensing standards in the foreign jurisdiction do not meet the
295	testing standards established in 49 C.F.R. part 383; or
296	(2) if the applicant is domiciled in a state that is prohibited from issuing CDLs and CLPs in accordance with 49
297	C.F.R. § 384.405. The applicant is eligible to obtain a non-domiciled CDL or CLP from any state that complies with testing
298	and licensing standards in accordance with 49 C.F.R § 383, and elects to issue a non-domiciled CDLs or CLPs.
299	(3) The word "non-resident" "non-domiciled" must appear on the face of the non-resident non-domiciled CDL or
300	<u>CLP</u> . An applicant must surrender any non-resident CDL <u>or CLP</u> issued by another state. Prior to issuing a <del>non-resident</del>
301	non-domiciled CDL or CLP, the Division of Motor Vehicles must establish the practical capability of revoking,
302	suspending, or cancelling the non-resident non-domiciled CDL or CLP and disqualifying that person with the same
303	conditions applicable to the commercial driver license issued to a resident of this State.
304	(b) Exceptions.
305	(1) If a CMV operator is not domiciled in a foreign jurisdiction which the Administrator has determined tests
306	drivers and issues CDL's or CLPs in accordance with, or under standards similar to the standards contained in subparts F,
307	G, and H of 49 C.F.R Part 383, the person may obtain a Nonresident non-domiciled CDL or CLP from a State which does
308	comply with the testing and licensing standards contained in such Subparts F, G and H of 49 C.F.R. Part 383.
309	(2) If an individual is domiciled in a state while that state is prohibited from issuing CDL's or CLPs in accordance
310	with "49 C.F.R. § 384.405", that individual is eligible to obtain a nonresident CDL from any state that elects to issue a
311	nonresident CDL and which complies with the testing and licensing standards contained in Subparts F, G, and H of 49
312	C.F.R. Part 383.
313	Section 6. Amend § 2610, Title 21 of the Delaware Code by making insertions as shown by underlining and deletions as
314	shown by strike through as follows:
315	§ 2610. Application for commercial driver license or commercial learner permit.

316	(a) The application for a commercial driver license or commercial driver instruction learner permit must
317	include the following:
318	(1) The full name and current residential and mailing address of the person;
319	(2) A physical description of the person including sex, height, weight and eye color;
320	(3) Date of birth;
321	(4) The applicant's Social Security number;
322	(5) The person's signature;
323	(6) Certifications including those required by 49 C.F.R. part 383.71(a);
324	(7) Any other information required by the Division of Motor Vehicles; and
325	(8) A consent to release driving record information.; and
326	(9) (b) Delaware adopts by reference 49 CFR Part 1572. Therefore, If if applying for a hazardous
327	materials endorsement, the applicant must comply with Transportation Security Administration requirements codified in 49
328	C.F.R. Part 1572, and provide proof of citizenship, by presenting a United States passport, a certificate of birth that bears are
329	official seal and was issued by a State, county, municipal authority or outlying possession of the United States, a
330	Certification of Birth Abroad issued by the U.S. Department of State (Form FS-545 or DS-1350), a Certificate of
331	Naturalization (Form N-550 or N-570), a Certificate of U.S. Citizenship (Form N-560 or N-561) or immigration status by
332	presenting a Permanent Resident Card, Alien Registration Receipt Card (Form 1-551), Temporary I-551 stamp in foreign
333	passport, a Temporary 1-551 stamp on Form 1-94, Arrival/Departure Record with photograph of the bearer or a Reentry
334	Permit (Form 1-327). A lawful permanent resident of the United States requesting a hazardous materials endorsement must
335	additionally provide that lawful permanent resident's Bureau of Citizenship and Immigration Services (BCIS) Alien
336	registration number.
337	(c) (10) The applicant's non-commercial and commercial driver license from any other jurisdiction is
338	must be surrendered to the Division.
339	(d) (11) The applicant must provides the names of all States where the applicant has previously been
340	licensed to drive any type of motor vehicle during the previous 10 years.
341	(e) (b) When the name, or residential address, or (mailing address), of a holder of a commercial driver's
342	license holder changes, an application for a corrected license must be made as provided in this title.
343	(f) (e) No person who has been a resident of this State for 30 days may drive a commercial motor vehicle
211	under the authority of a commercial driver license issued by another jurisdiction

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SD; ; : TGW : CBK 4761470009 Apr 30, 2013

345	(g) (d) Any person who knowingly falsifies information or certifications required under subsection (a) of
346	this section is subject to <u>disqualification</u> suspension, revocation, or cancellation of the person's eommercial driver license
347	<u>CDL or CLP</u> for a period of at least 60 consecutive days and is guilty of perjury and shall be fined or imprisoned.
348	(h) If the Division receives credible information that a CLP- or CDL-holder is suspected, but has not been
349	convicted of fraud related to the issuance of his/her CLP or CDL, the driver must be required to re-take the CDL skills and
350	knowledge tests. Within 30 days of receiving notification from the State that re-testing is necessary, the affected CLP or
351	CDL holder must make an appointment or otherwise schedule to take the next available test. A person's CLP or CDL will
352	be disqualified if he/she fails to make an appointment within 30 days, does not take the required knowledge or skills test, or
353	fails the knowledge or skills test. Once a CLP or CDL holder's privileges have been disqualified, he/she must reapply for a
354	CLP or CDL under State application procedures.
355	(i) Any person who has been convicted of fraud related to the issuance, renewal, transfer, or upgrade of a
356	CDL/CLP, other than falsifying information or certifications as specified in subsection (g) of this section, shall be
357	disqualified for a period of not less than 1 year.
358	Section 7. Amend § 2611, Title 21 of the Delaware Code by making insertions as shown by underlining and deletions as
359	shown by strike through as follows:
360	§ 2611. Commercial driver license.
361	(a) Content of license The commercial driver license must be marked "Commercial Driver License" or
362	"CDL" and must be, to the maximum extent practicable, tamper proof. It must include, but not be limited to, the following
363	information:
364	(1) The name and residential address of the person;
365	(2) The person's <del>color</del> photograph;
366	(3) A physical description of the person including sex, height, weight, and eye color;
367	(4) Date of birth;
368	(5) Any <u>unique</u> number or identifier deemed appropriate by the Division of Motor Vehicles;
369	(6) The person's signature;
370	(7) The class or type of commercial motor vehicle or vehicles which the person is authorized to
371	drive together with any endorsements or restrictions;
372	(8) The name of this State;
373	(9) The issue date of the current license; and
374	(10) The expiration date of the current license.

375	(b) Classifications, endorsements and restrictions Commercial driver licenses may be issued with the
376	following classifications, endorsements, and restrictions; the holder of a valid commercial driver license may drive all
377	vehicles in the class for which that license is issued, and all lesser classes of vehicles except motorcycles and taxicabs
378	which require special endorsements, unless the proper endorsement appears on the license:
379	(1) Classification
380	a. CDL Class A Any single combination of vehicles with a GVWR GCWR of
381	26,001 pounds or more, provided the GVWR of the towed unit and any such vehicle towing a vehicle is in excess of 10,000
382	pounds.
383	b. CDL Class B Any single vehicle with a GVWR of 26,001 pounds or more, and or
384	any such vehicle towing a vehicle not in excess of 10,000 pounds.
385	c. CDL Class C Any single vehicle or combination of vehicles with a GVWR of less
386	than 26,001 pounds or any such vehicle towing a vehicle with a GVWR not in excess of 10,000 pounds comprising: that is
387	either 1. Vehicles designed to transport 16 or more passengers, including the driver; and or 2. Vehicles used in the
388	transportation of hazardous materials which requires the vehicle to be placarded under 49 C.F.R. part 172, subpart F.
389	(2) Endorsements and restrictions
390	a. "H" Authorizes the driver to drive a vehicle transporting hazardous materials.
391	b. "L" Restricts the driver to vehicles not equipped with airbrakes.
392	<u>b.</u> <u>e.</u> "T" Authorizes driving double and triple trailers.
393	c. d. "P" Authorizes driving vehicles carrying passengers.
394	d. e. "N" Authorizes driving tank vehicles.
395	e. € "X" Represents a combination of hazardous materials and tank vehicle
396	endorsements.
397	<u>f.</u> g. "S" Authorizes driving school buses.
398	h. "K" Restricts CDL drivers to operating commercial motor vehicles only within this
399	State.
400	i. "V" FMCSA medical variance restriction.
401	(3) Restrictions –
402	a. "L" – Restricts the driver from operating vehicles equipped with airbrakes.
403	b. "Z" – Restricts the driver from operation of full air brake system vehicles.
404	c. "E" – Restricts the driver from operation of manual transmission vehicles.

105	d. "O" – Restricts the driver from operating tractor-trailer CMVs.
106	e. "M" - Restricts the driver from operating a Class A passenger vehicle.
107	f. "N" – Restricts the driver from operating a Class A or B passenger vehicle.
804	g. "K" – Restricts the driver from operating a CMV outside the State of Delaware.
109	h. "V"- Restricts the driver from operating a CMV without a valid medical variance issued through the Federal
110	Motor Carrier Safety Administration.
111	(c) Applicant record check Before issuing a commercial driver license or permit to any person, the
112	Division will perform a records check of the commercial driver license information system, the national driver register's
113	problem driver pointer system, and/or any other information system designated by federal regulation to confirm the holder's
114	identity and determine the applicant's license eligibility. The records check will be performed no earlier than 24 hours prior
115	to the issuance of a commercial driver license or permit. A commercial driver license will not be issued before these
116	mandatory record checks are completed.
117	(d) License surrender A commercial driver license or permit may not be issued to a person who has a
118	CDL or a drivers license issued by another state unless the person first surrenders all such licenses. The Division will either
119	return the surrendered license to the issuing state for cancellation or the Division will destroy the surrendered license
120	document and notify the previous issuing state that the person is now licensed in this State.
121	(e) Notification of license issuance Within 10 days after issuing a commercial driver license or
122	commercial learner permit, the Division of Motor Vehicles must notify the commercial driver license information system of
123	that fact, providing all information required to ensure identification of the person. In the case of transfer issuances, the
124	Division will also implement Change State of Record transactions in the commercial driver license information system,
125	thereby notifying the commercial driver license information system and the previous State of Record that Delaware is now
126	the State of Record.
127	(f) Expiration of license Upon receipt of the application and fee and after such examination as
128	provided in this chapter, the Division shall issue, if the applicant has complied with the provisions of this title, a
129	commercial motor vehicle driver's license which shall expire and be renewable on the eighth anniversary date of the birth of
130	the applicant next following the date of its issuance unless the birth date is February 29, in which event the license shall
131	expire and be renewable on February 28 every eighth year. Notwithstanding the provisions of the first sentence of this
132	subsection, the Secretary shall issue a commercial motor vehicle driver's license endorsed for the transport of hazardous
133	materials for a period of 5 years or less to coincide with the expiration of the Transportation Security Administration

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434	approval for the driver to transport hazardous materials. The license shall expire on the driver's last birthday prior to the
435	expiration of the hazardous materials endorsement.
436	(g) License transfer and renewal procedures Every person applying for a license transfer or renewal of
437	a commercial driver license must complete the application form required by § 2610(a) of this title providing updated
438	information and required certifications, supplying any CDL issued by the previous state, and provide the names of all States
439	where the applicant has previously been licensed to drive any type of motor vehicle during the previous 10 years. If the
440	applicant wishes to retain a hazardous materials endorsement, the applicant must have passed the tests required by 49
441	C.F.R. § 383.121. At the time of application for a transfer, the applicant shall appear and be photographed.
442	(h) Fees
443	(1) The fee for a commercial motor vehicle driver license shall be \$48 except when the
444	commercial motor vehicle driver license is endorsed for the transport of hazardous materials in which event the fee shall be
445	\$30. The fee for a non-CDL Class A or non-CDL Class B driver license shall be \$40.
446	(2) The fee for renewal of a commercial motor vehicle driver license shall be \$48 except when
447	the commercial motor vehicle driver license is endorsed for the transport of hazardous materials in which event the fee shall
448	be \$30. The fee for renewal of a non-CDL Class A or non-CDL Class B driver license shall be \$40. A late fee of \$1.15 shall
449	be assessed in addition to the renewal fee for every person whose commercial motor vehicle driver license has expired.
450	(3) The fee for changing from 4 one class to another class shall be \$10, if the change requires a
451	written examination or skills test. There shall be no fee assessed if the driver wishes to change to a class of a lower weight
452	vehicle and such change is made at time of renewal of license.
453	(4) If the applicant wishes to add an endorsement after a commercial driver license has been
454	issued, the fee for adding such endorsement shall be \$5.00.
455	(5) [Repealed.]
456	(i) Compliance with the Military Selective Service Act
457	(1) Any male applicant who applies for a commercial driver license instruction permit or license
458	or a renewal of any such permit or license and who is at least 18 years of age but less than 26 years of age shall be
459	registered in compliance with the requirements of § 3 of the "Military Selective Service Act," 50 U.S.C. App. § 453, as
460	amended.
461	(2) The Department shall forward in an electronic format the necessary personal information of
462	the applicants identified in paragraph (1) of this subsection to the selective service system. The applicant's signature on the
463	application shall serve as an indication that the applicant either has already registered with the selective service system or
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164	that the applicant is authorizing the Department to forward to the selective service system the necessary information for
165	such registration. The Department shall notify the applicant at the time of application that the applicant's signature
166	constitutes consent to registration with the selective service system, if the applicant is not already registered.
167	Section 9. Amend § 2612, Title 21 of the Delaware Code by making insertions as shown by underlining and
168	deletions as shown by strike through as follows:
169	§ 2612. Disqualification and cancellation.
170	(a) A person operating a CMV while either holding a CDL license, CLP, or being required to hold a CDL
171	license, CLP, or any CDL holder operating a non-CMV shall be disqualified from driving a commercial motor vehicle for a
172	period of not less than 1 year if convicted of a first violation of the following in accordance with 49 C.F.R. § 383.51, Table
173	1:
174	(1) Driving, operating or having in physical control a noncommercial vehicle or a commercial
175	motor vehicle, under the influence of alcohol or a controlled substance, or any drug which impairs driving ability.
176	(2) Driving, operating or having in physical control a commercial motor vehicle while the
177	alcohol concentration of the person's blood or breath is 0.04 or more.
178	(3) Knowingly and wilfully willfully leaving the scene of an accident.
179	(4) Using a motor vehicle in the commission of any felony as defined in this chapter.
180	(5) Refusal to submit to a breath or blood test to determine the driver's alcohol concentration
181	while driving, operating or having in physical control a motor vehicle.
182	(6) Using the vehicle to commit a felony, other than a felony described in subsection (d) of this
183	section.
184	(7) Driving a commercial motor vehicle when, as a result of prior violations committed
185	operating a commercial motor vehicle, the driver's CDL is revoked, suspended, or canceled, or the driver is disqualified
186	from operating a commercial motor vehicle.
187	(8) Causing a fatality through the negligent operation of a commercial motor vehicle, including
188	but not limited to crimes of motor vehicle manslaughter, homicide by motor vehicle and negligent homicide.
189	If any of the above violations occurred while transporting a hazardous material required to be placarded, the person shall be
190	disqualified for a period of 3 years.
191	(b) A person is disqualified for life if convicted of 2 or more violations of any of the offenses specified in
102	subsection (a) of this section, or any combination of those offenses, arising from 2 or more senerate incidents

493	(c) The Division of Motor Vehicles may issue regulations establishing guidelines, including conditions,
494	under which a disqualification for life under subsection (b) of this section may be reduced to a period of not less than 10
495	years.
496	(d) A person is disqualified from driving a commercial motor vehicle for life who uses a motor vehicle in
497	the commission of any felony involving the manufacture, distribution, or dispensing of a controlled substance or possession
498	with intent to manufacture, distribute or dispense a controlled substance.
499	(e) A person is disqualified from driving a commercial motor vehicle for a period of 60 days if convicted
500	of 2 serious traffic violations, or 120 days if convicted of 3 or more serious traffic violations, committed in a commercial
501	motor vehicle arising from separate incidents occurring within a 3-year period or committed while operating a
502	noncommercial motor vehicle if the conviction results in the revocation, cancellation, or suspension of the person's license
503	or noncommercial motor vehicle driving privileges. The 120-day disqualification period must be served in addition to any
504	other previous period of disqualification. Serious traffic violations for purposes of this section shall be those violations as
505	specified in 49 C.F.R. § 383.51, Table 2.
506	(f) After suspending, revoking, or canceling a commercial driver license or permit, the Division of Motor
507	Vehicles must update its records to reflect that action within 10 days. After suspending, revoking or canceling a nonresident
508	commercial driver's privileges, the Division of Motor Vehicles must notify the licensing authority of the state which issued
509	the commercial driver license or commercial driver instruction permit within 10 days.
510	(g) A person who has been disqualified from operating a commercial motor vehicle pursuant to this
511	chapter may be issued a license to operate a noncommercial motor vehicle during such disqualification period provided
512	such person is not otherwise suspended, revoked or canceled pursuant to this title.
513	(h) After September 30, 1997, a driver who is convicted of violating an out-of-service order is
514	disqualified for the following periods in accordance with 49 C.F.R. § 383.51, Table 4:
515	(1) First violation A driver shall be disqualified for a period of not less than 180 days or more
516	than 1 year if the driver is convicted of a first violation of an out-of-service order. If any such driver is transporting
517	hazardous materials required it be placarded under the Hazardous Materials Transportation Act [§§ 8223 to 8230 of Title
518	29] or is operating a motor vehicle designed to transport more than 15 passengers, including the driver, that driver shall be
519	disqualified for a period of not less than 180 days nor more than 2 years.
520	(2) Second violation A driver shall be disqualified for a period of not less than 2 years nor
521	more than 5 years if, during any 10-year period, the driver is convicted of 2 violations of out-of-service orders in separate
522	incidents. If any such driver is transporting hazardous materials required to be placarded under the Hazardous Materials

523	Transportation Act [§§ 8223 to 8230 of Title 29] or is operating a motor vehicle designed to transport more than 15
524	passengers, including the driver, that driver shall be disqualified for a period of not less than 3 years nor more than 5 years.
525	(3) Third or subsequent violations A driver shall be disqualified for a period of not less than 3
526	years nor more than 5 years; if, during any 10-year period the driver is convicted of 3 or more violations of out-of-service
527	orders in separate incidents.
528	(4) Additional penalties In addition to the disqualification, drivers convicted of violating an
529	out-of-service order shall be fined not less than \$2,500 nor more than \$3,500 for a first conviction and not less than \$5,000
530	nor more than \$6,000 for a second or subsequent conviction within a 10-year period. Employers convicted of violating an
531	out-of-service order shall be fined not less than \$2,750 nor more than \$25,000.
532	(i) A driver who is convicted of a railroad-highway grade crossing violation shall be disqualified for the
533	following periods in accordance with 49 C.F.R. § 383.51, Table 3:
534	(1) First violation A driver must be disqualified for not less than 60 days if the driver is
535	convicted of a first violation of a railroad-highway grade crossing violation.
536	(2) Second violation A driver must be disqualified for not less than 120 days if, during any 3-
537	year period, the driver is convicted of a second railroad-highway grade crossing violation in a separate incident.
538	(3) Third or subsequent violation A driver must be disqualified for 1 year if, during any 3-
539	year period, the driver is convicted of a third or subsequent railroad-highway grade crossing violation in a separate incident.
540	(4) Employer penalties An employer who is convicted of a railroad-highway grade crossing
541	violation will be subject to a civil penalty of not more than \$10,000 in accordance with 49 C.F.R. § 383.53.
542	(j) The Division of Motor Vehicles will disqualify a Delaware CDL licensee or CLP holder if the Federal
543	Motor Carrier Safety Administrator declares the licensee not qualified and orders disqualification for them.
544	Section 10. Amend § 2615, Title 21 of the Delaware Code by making insertions as shown by underlining and
545	deletions as shown by strike through as follows:
546	§ 2615. Notification of traffic convictions.
547	(a) Whenever a person who holds a CDL or CLP from another state is convicted of a violation of this
548	State or local law relating to motor vehicle traffic control (other than a parking violation), in any type of vehicle, the
549	Division must notify the licensing entity in the State where the driver is licensed of this conviction within 30 days of the
550	conviction, except beginning on September 30, 2008, the notification must be made within 10 days of the conviction.
551	(b) Whenever a person who does not hold a CDL or CLP but is licensed to drive by another State and is
552	convicted of a violation of this State or local law relating to motor vehicle traffic control (other than a parking violation), in

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a CMV, the Division must notify the licensing entity in the State where the driver is licensed of this conviction within 30 days of the conviction, except beginning on September 30, 2008, the notification must be made within 10 days of the conviction.

- (c) Whenever the Division receives notification of failure to appear, failure to pay, or failure to comply from a Delaware court or from any other state for a violation relating to motor vehicle traffic control (other than a parking violation) the failure to appear, failure to pay, or failure to comply will be posted to the driver's record as a conviction under the following conditions:
- (1) For any person operating a CMV while either holding a CDL/CLP or being required to hold a CDL/CLP; or
  - (2) For any CDL/CLP holder operating any type of vehicle.
- (d) Whenever an unlicensed driver from this State is convicted of any violation as provided in § 2612 of this title, the Division will establish a driving record in the person's name and, if appropriate, withdraw the person's driving privileges by license suspension, revocation, disqualification, cancellation or denial when authorized by statute or Division policy. Those persons whose driving privileges are withdrawn under this section will be reinstated when they have completed the reinstatement procedures specified in statute or Division policy.
- Section 11. Amend § 2619, Title 21 of the Delaware Code by making insertions as shown by underlining and deletions as shown by strike through as follows:
- 570 § 2619. Reciprocity.

(a) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, a resident of another State who is issued a commercial driver license-CDL/CLP or non-domiciled CDL/CLP issued by that State, or a commercial driver license issued by the Canadian Provinces and Territories in conformity with the Canadian National Safety Code, or a Licencia Federal de Conductor issued by the United Mexican States, may drive a commercial motor vehicle in this State if the person has a valid CDL/CLP commercial motor vehicle driver license, or valid commercial motor vehicle driver license instruction learner permit or non-domiciled CDL/CLP issued by those jurisdictions in accordance with the minimum federal standards for the issuance of commercial motor vehicle driver licenses, if the person is not suspended, revoked or canceled, and if the person is not disqualified from driving a commercial motor vehicle, or subject to an "out-of-service" order. A driver holding a commercial driver license issued under the Canadian National Safety Code or Licencia Federal de Conductor issued by Mexico is prohibited from obtaining a non-resident non-domiciled CDL/CLP or any type of Delaware driver license unless the driver becomes a resident of this State and surrenders all driver licenses issued by Canada or Mexico.

582	(b) The Division of Motor Vehicles must give all out-of-state convictions full faith and credit and treat
583	them for sanctioning purposes under this chapter as if they occurred in this State.
584	Section 12. Amend § 2625, Title 21 of the Delaware Code by making insertions as shown by underlining and
585	deletions as shown by strike through as follows:
586	§ 2625. Masking violations.
587	The State shall not mask, defer imposition of judgment, or allow an individual to enter into a diversion program that would
588	prevent a CDL/ <u>CLP</u> holder's and CMV driver's conviction for any violation, in any type of motor vehicle, of a state or local
589	traffic control law (except a parking violation) from appearing on the driver's record, whether the driver was convicted for
590	an offense committed in this State or another state.
591	Section 13. Amend § 2626, Title 21 of the Delaware Code by making insertions as shown by underlining and
592	deletions as shown by strike through as follows:
593	§ 2626. CDL medical certification requirements.
594	(a) CDL medical self-certification requirements
595	(1) Beginning January 30, 2012, any person applying for an initial CLP/CDL must self-certify to
596	the Division that he or she is operating commercial motor vehicles in a non-excepted interstate commerce, excepted
597	interstate commerce, non-excepted intrastate commerce or excepted intrastate commerce status.
598	(2) Existing CDL holders must self-certify to the Division on or after January 30, 2012, but not
599	later than January 30, 2014, that he or she operates commercial motor vehicles in a non-excepted interstate commerce,
600	excepted interstate commerce, non-excepted intrastate commerce or excepted intrastate commerce status.
601	(3) It is the responsibility of the CDL/CLP holder to immediately notify the Division if/when his
602	or her medical certification status changes.
603	(b) Medical certification documentation requirements for non-excepted interstate commerce drivers after
604	January 30, 2012
605	(1) Any person applying for an initial <u>CLP/CDL</u> who certifies that he or she will operate CMVs
606	in non-excepted, interstate commerce must provide the Division with the current, original medical examiner's certificate
607	prepared by a medical examiner who, on and after May 21, 2014, is currently certified by FMCSA and is listed on the
608	National Registry of Certified Medical Examiners confirming the applicant meets the minimum physical qualifications for
609	CMV operators in accordance with federal regulations.
610	(2) On or after January 30, 2012, but not later than January 30, 2014, existing CDL holders must
611	provide the Division with the current original or copy of the medical examiner's certificate prepared by a medical examiner

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612	who, on and after May 21, 2014, is currently certified by FMCSA and is listed on the National Registry of Certified
613	Medical Examiners confirming the CDL holder meets the minimum physical qualifications for CMV operators in
614	accordance with federal regulations.
615	(3) In order to maintain a medical certification status of certified, the CDL/CLP holder who
616	certifies that he or she will operate CMVs in non-excepted interstate commerce must provide the Division with a current
617	original or copy of each subsequent medical examiner's certificate prepared by a medical examiner confirming the
618	CDL/CLP holder meets the minimum physical qualifications for CMV operators in accordance with federal regulations.
619	(c) CDL/CLP issuance procedures for drivers who after January 30, 2012, self-certify as operating in nor
620	excepted interstate commerce
621	(1) The Division must verify the driver has self-certified as a non-excepted interstate commerce
622	operator.
623	(2) The Division must verify the driver has a "certified" medical status on the medical
624	examiner's certificate and on the CDLIS driver record.
625	(3) In the event that the driver has not self-certified or the medical certification status of the
626	individual is "not-certified," the applicant will be denied a CDL/CLP issuance, renewal, upgrade or transfer, and the CDL
627	will be downgraded.
628	(4) Approximately 60 days before a medical examiner's certificate expires, the Division will
629	attempt to notify the CDL/CLP holder requiring him or her to either submit a current medical certificate or self-certify that
630	he or she now operates a CMV in excepted interstate commerce, non-excepted intrastate commerce or excepted intrastate
631	commerce. The CDL/CLP will be downgraded no later than 60 days after the CDL/CLP holder's current medical
632	certification expires or when determined to be "not-certified" if:
633	a. He or she does not change his or her self-certification to excepted interstate commerce, non-excepted
634	intrastate commerce, or excepted intrastate commerce;
635	b. He or she does not present to the Division a current medical certificate;
636	c. His or her FMCSA medical variance expires; or
637	d. The FMCSA notifies the Division that his or her medical variance was removed or rescinded.
638	(5) Upon notification from the FMCSA that a medical variance has been issued to a CDL/CLP
639	driver, the Division shall file, electronically or otherwise, medical variance information, the CDLIS driver record will be
640	updated, and the CDL/CLP document will show a restricted code "V" indicating there is information about a medical
641	variance on the CDLIS driver record. Within 10 calendar days of receiving information from the FMCSA regarding the

642	issuance or renewal of a medical variance for a driver, the Division must update the CDLIS driver record to include the
643	medical variance information provided by the FMCSA.
644	(d) CDL driver physical qualifications and recordkeeping requirements for non-excepted interstate
645	commerce drivers
646	(1) A CDL/CLP holder who is subject to the physical requirements contained in 49 C.F.R. §
647	391.41 must not operate a commercial motor vehicle unless he or she is medically certified as physically qualified to do so
648	and, except as provided in paragraph (b)(2) of this section, when on duty, has on his or her person the original or a copy of
649	a current medical examiner's certificate that he or she is physically qualified to drive a commercial motor vehicle.
650	(2) Beginning January 30, 2012, 2014, a CDL/CLP holder who has submitted a current medical
651	examiner's certificate to the Division in accordance with 49 C.F.R. § 383.71(h) substantiating he or she is medically
652	"certified," no longer needs to carry on his or her person the medical examiner's certificate once the medical certification
653	information is posted on the CDLIS driver record. The Division will post the medical information in CDLIS within 10 days
654	after the driver submits a current medical certificate. If there is no medical certification information on that driver's CDLIS
655	driver record, a current medical examiner's certificate issued prior to January 30, 2012, will be accepted until January 30,
656	2014.
657	(3) A CDL/CLP driver who obtained a medical variance from the FMCSA must continue to
658	have in his or her possession the original or copy of that medical variance documentation at all times when driving a CMV
659	(4) Canadian and Mexican CMV drivers are not required to have in their possession a medical
660	examiner's certificate if the driver has been issued and possesses a valid commercial driver license issued by the United
661	Mexican States or Canadian Province or Territory and whose license and medical status, including any waiver or
662	exemption, can be electronically verified. Drivers from any of the countries who have received a medical authorization that
663	deviates from the mutually accepted compatible medical standards of the resident country are not qualified to drive a CMV
664	in the other countries. Canadian and Mexican drivers who do not meet the medical fitness provisions of their home country
665	for motor carriers are not qualified to drive a CMV in the United States even if that driver has received a medical variance
666	or waiver. In addition, U.S. drivers who receive a medical variance from the FMCSA are not qualified to drive a CMV in
667	Canada or Mexico.
668	(e) CDL/CLP holders self-certifying that they operate or expect to operate CMVs in excepted interstate
669	commerce must:
670	(1) Meet the minimum physical qualifications for CMV operators as determined in 49 C.F.R. §
671	390.3(f), § 391.2, § 391.68, or § 398.3; and

672	(2) Self-certify to the Division that that operate or expect to operate CMVs in excepted interstate
673	commerce upon each renewal of their CDLs.
574	(f) CDL/CLP holders self-certifying that they operate or expect to operate CMVs in non-excepted
575	intrastate or excepted intrastate commerce must:
676	(1) Meet the minimum physical qualifications for CMV operators as determined in § 4704 of
677	this title;
578	(2) Self-certify to the Division that they operate or expect to operate CMVs in non-excepted
579	intrastate or excepted intrastate commerce upon each renewal of their CDLs;
680	(3) Meet the minimum physical qualification requirements for CMV operators as determined in
581	subsections (b) through (d) or subsection (e) of this section before the CDL holders may have the "K" restriction removed
682	from their CDLs/CLP.
583	(g) Release of medical certification information in the CDLIS driver record Except where prohibited
684	by § 305 of this title or Division policies, the following authorized agents may receive CDLIS driver record information:
585	(1) States All information on all CDLIS driver records.
686	(2) Secretary of Transportation All information on all CDLIS driver records.
587	(3) Driver All information on that driver's CDLIS driver record obtained on the CDLIS motor vehicle
588	record.
689	(4) Motor carrier or prospective motor carrier After the employer or prospective employer notifies the
590	driver, all information on that driver's or prospective driver's CDLIS driver record obtained on the CDLIS
591	motor vehicle record.
592	Section 13. Amend § 2708, Title 21 of the Delaware Code by making insertions as shown by underlining and deletions as
593	shown by strike through as follows:
594	(b) To qualify for an S (school bus) endorsement an applicant must meet all the following requirements:
595	(1) Be at least 18 years of age with 1 year of driving experience.
696	(2) Have qualified for a CDL license with P (passenger) endorsement.
597	(3) Show completion of a course of training with specific course content as determined by the
598	Department of Education and including the knowledge specified in 49 C.F.R. § 383.123(a)(2). Such
599	course shall contain as a minimum 12 hours of classroom training and 6 hours of training aboard a school
700	bus with a certified Delaware School Bus Driver Trainer. Training on the school bus must include 4 hours
701	of actual driving, 2 of which must be with students on the bus.

702 Section 14. Unless otherwise specified herein, the provisions of this bill shall become effective July 8,

703 2015.

### **SYNOPSIS**

This bill will bring Delaware into compliance with the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration's new commercial driver license and commercial learner permit issuance standards. Much of the bill is housekeeping and includes changes such as altering the language "commercial driver instructor permit" to "commercial learner permit", changing the language "non-resident" to non-domiciled", adding new definitions, and adding commercial learner permit specifications to Delaware law. Other changes include limiting certain endorsements to the commercial learner permit, requiring medical examiners to be certified by FMCSA, and adding new restrictions to the commercial driver license.

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