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HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
147th GENERAL ASSEMBLY

HOUSE BILL NO. 345

AN ACT TO AMEND TITLE 12 OF THE DELAWARE CODE RELATING TO FIDUCIARY ACCESS TO DIGITAL ASSETS AND DIGITAL ACCOUNTS.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF DELAWARE:

1 Section 1. Amend Title 12 of the Delaware Code by making deletions as shown by strike through and insertions as
2 shown by underline as follows:

3 Chapter 50. Fiduciary Access to Digital Assets and Digital Accounts.

4 § 5001. Short Title.

5 This chapter may be cited as the “Fiduciary Access to Digital Assets and Digital Accounts Act.”

6 § 5002. Definitions.

7 As used in this chapter:

8 (1) “Account holder” means a decedent, a disabled person pursuant to Chapter 39 of this title, a principal of a
9 durable personal power of attorney pursuant to Chapter 49A of this title, a settlor of a trust which was revocable until
10 the time of the settlor’s death or incapacity, or a trust, whether or not revocable, that invokes this chapter.

11 (2) “Court” means the Court of Chancery for the State of Delaware.

12 (3) “Custodian” means a person that electronically stores digital assets or digital accounts of an account holder
13 or otherwise has control over digital assets or digital accounts of the account holder.

14 (4) “Digital account” means an electronic system for creating, generating, sending, sharing, communicating,
15 receiving, storing, displaying, or processing information which provides access to a digital asset which currently exist
16 or may exist as technology develops or such comparable items as technology develops, stored on any type of digital
17 device, regardless of the ownership of the digital device upon which the digital asset is stored, including but not in any
18 way limited to, email accounts, social network accounts, social media accounts, file sharing accounts, health insurance
19 accounts, health care accounts, financial management accounts, domain registration accounts, domain name service
20 accounts, web hosting accounts, tax preparation service accounts, online store accounts and affiliate programs thereto,

21 and other online accounts which currently exist or may exist as technology develops or such comparable items as
22 technology develops.

23 (5) "Digital asset" means data, text, emails, documents, audio, video, images, sounds, social media content,
24 social networking content, codes, health care records, health insurance records, computer source codes, computer
25 programs, software, software licenses, databases, or the like, including the usernames and passwords, created,
26 generated, sent, communicated, shared, received, or stored by electronic means on a digital device.

27 (6) "Digital device" means an electronic device that can create, generate, send, share, communicate, receive,
28 store, display, or process information, and such electronic devices shall include, but not limited to, desktops, laptops,
29 tablets, peripherals, servers, mobile telephones, smartphones, and any similar storage device which currently exists or
30 may exist as technology develops or such comparable items as technology develops.

31 (7) "Electronic" means relating to technology having electrical, digital, magnetic, wireless, optical,
32 electromagnetic, or similar capabilities.

33 (8) "End User License Agreement" means an agreement between an account holder and a custodian
34 establishing the rights and responsibilities of each. The term includes a terms-of-use agreement, terms-of-service
35 agreement, privacy policy, terms and conditions, and license agreement.

36 (9) "Fiduciary" includes a personal representative appointed by the Register of Wills, a guardian appointed
37 pursuant to Chapter 39 of this title, an agent under a durable personal power of attorney pursuant to Chapter 49A of
38 this title, a trustee, or an adviser pursuant to § 3313 of this title.

39 (10) "Good Faith" means honesty in fact.

40 (11) "Governing Instrument" means a will, trust, a durable personal power of attorney pursuant to Chapter 49
41 or Chapter 49A of this title, order appointing a guardian over the property of the account holder, or other dispositive,
42 appointive, or nominative instrument of any similar type.

43 (12) "Person" means an individual, corporation, statutory trust, estate, trust, partnership (general or limited),
44 limited liability company, association, joint venture, business or nonprofit entity, public corporation, government or
45 governmental subdivision, agency, or instrumentality, or any other legal or commercial entity.

46 (13) "Valid Written Request" means a request made by a fiduciary with authority over the digital assets or
47 digital accounts of another person that complies on its face with the requirements of § 5005 of this title.

48 § 5003. Applicability.

49 This chapter applies to a grant of authority to a fiduciary over a digital account or a digital asset. Digital assets and
50 digital accounts of an employer regularly used by an employee in the usual course of business are not subject to the
51 provisions of this chapter.

52 § 5004. Control of digital accounts and digital assets by a fiduciary.

53 Except as otherwise provided by a governing instrument or court order, a fiduciary may exercise control over any
54 and all rights in digital assets and digital accounts of an account holder, to the extent permitted under applicable state or
55 federal law or regulations or any end user license agreement.

56 § 5005. Recovery of digital assets and digital accounts from a custodian.

57 (a) A fiduciary with authority over digital assets or digital accounts of an account holder under this chapter shall
58 have the same access as the account holder, and is deemed to (i) have the lawful consent of the account holder and (ii) be an
59 authorized user under all applicable state and federal law and regulations and any end user license agreement.

60 (b) Upon receipt of a valid written request sent pursuant to the requirements of subsection (c) of this section, from
61 a fiduciary seeking access to, transfer of, copy of, or destruction of a digital asset or digital account, a custodian shall
62 provide the fiduciary the applicable access, transfer, copy, or destruction of the digital asset or digital account.

63 (c) A valid written request under subsection (b) of this section must:

64 (1) If by a personal representative, be accompanied by a certified copy of the letters testamentary or letters of
65 administration which grant authority to the personal representative to administer the estate of the deceased account
66 holder;

67 (2) If by a guardian, be accompanied by a certified copy of the court order that gives the guardian authority
68 over the property of the disabled person;

69 (3) If by an agent, be accompanied by a certified copy of the power of attorney that authorizes the agent to
70 exercise authority over the affairs of the principal and which includes an authorization regarding the principal's digital
71 assets or digital accounts;

72 (4) If by a trustee, be accompanied by a certified copy of the trust instrument, or a certification of trust
73 pursuant to § 3591 of this title; or

74 (5) If by a fiduciary not otherwise specified herein, be accompanied by a certified copy of the governing
75 instrument that authorizes the fiduciary to exercise authority over digital assets or digital accounts, or in the case of a
76 fiduciary whose authority is granted in a trust instrument, a certification of trust pursuant to § 3591 of this title.

77 (d) A custodian shall comply with a valid written request not later than 30 days after receipt of the valid written
78 request. If the custodian fails to comply, the fiduciary may apply to the court for an order directing compliance.

79 (e) For purposes of this section, a “certified copy” of a trust, power of attorney, certification of trust, or governing
80 instrument means a copy accompanied by an affidavit attesting that the copy is a true, exact, complete and unaltered
81 photocopy of the original, and that to the best of the affiant’s knowledge, said document remains in full force and effect.

82 § 5006. Custodian Immunity.

83 (a) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (b) of this section:

84 (1) A custodian shall accept a valid written request that complies on its face with the requirements of § 5005
85 of this title;

86 (2) A custodian shall accept a valid written request that is originally written in English or is translated into
87 English, under oath of the translator.

88 (b) A custodian is not required to accept a valid written request if:

89 (1) The custodian is not otherwise required to engage in a transaction with the account holder in the same
90 circumstances;

91 (2) Engaging in a transaction with the fiduciary or the account holder in the same circumstances would be
92 inconsistent with applicable state or federal law or regulations or any end user license agreement; or

93 (3) The custodian has actual knowledge that the fiduciary does not have the authority to perform the act
94 requested.

95 (c) A custodian that in good faith accepts a valid written request without actual knowledge that it is void, invalid,
96 or terminated, that the purported fiduciary’s authority is void, invalid, or terminated, or that the fiduciary is exceeding or
97 improperly exercising the fiduciary’s authority may rely upon such valid written request as if it were genuine, valid and still
98 in effect, the fiduciary’s authority were genuine, valid and still in effect, and the fiduciary had not exceeded and had
99 properly exercised the authority.

100 (d) For purposes of this section, a custodian that conducts activities through employees is without actual
101 knowledge of a fact relating to a valid written request, an account holder, or a fiduciary if the employee conducting the
102 transaction involving the valid written request is without actual knowledge of the fact. Notification of revocation of a valid
103 written request by an account holder or fiduciary to an officer of any custodian shall constitute actual notice to all
104 employees.

105 (e) A custodian that refuses in violation of this section to accept a valid written request from a fiduciary that
106 complies with § 5005(c) of this title is subject to:

107 (1) A court order compelling compliance with the valid written request; and
108 (2) Liability for damages, including reasonable attorney's fees and costs, incurred in any action or proceeding
109 that confirms the validity or authority of a fiduciary to act, or compels acceptance of the fiduciary's valid written
110 request under § 5005(c) of this title.

111 (g) A custodian acting in good faith is immune from liability for an action done in compliance with this chapter.

112 (h) A custodian acting in good faith is immune from civil liability for the custodian's accidental destruction of any
113 digital asset or digital account subject to this chapter.

114 § 5007. Relation to Electronic Signatures in Global and National Commerce Act.

115 This chapter modifies, limits, or supersedes the federal Electronic Signatures in Global and National Commerce
116 Act, 15 U.S.C. § 7001, et seq., but does not modify, limit, or supersede § 101(c) of that act, 15 U.S.C. § 7001(c), or
117 authorize electronic delivery of any of the notices described in § 103(b) of that act, 15 U.S.C. § 7003(b).

118 Section 2. Amend § 49A-201(b), Title 12 of the Delaware Code by making deletions as shown by strike through
119 and insertions as shown by underline as follows:

120 § 49A-201. Grant of general authority; authority that requires specific grant.

121 (b) An agent under a personal power of attorney may do the following on behalf of the principal or with the
122 principal's property only if the personal power of attorney expressly grants the agent the authority and exercise of the
123 authority is not otherwise prohibited by another agreement or instrument to which the authority or property is subject:

124 (6) Exercise fiduciary powers that the principal has authority to delegate; ~~or~~

125 (7) Reject, renounce, disclaim, release, or consent to a reduction in or modification of a share in or payment
126 from an estate, trust, or other beneficial interest; or

127 (8) Exercise all rights and powers granted to a fiduciary under the Fiduciary Access to Digital Assets and
128 Digital Accounts Act, Chapter 50 of this title.

129 Section 3. Amend § 3923(d), Title 12 of the Delaware Code by making deletions as shown by strike through and
130 insertions as shown by underline as follows:

131 § 3923. Powers of the guardian of the property.

132 (d) Except as modified by the order of guardianship, the guardian of the property may act without Court
133 authorization or confirmation to reasonably accomplish the purpose for which the guardian is appointed to:

134 (12) Execute and deliver all instruments which will accomplish or facilitate the exercise of powers vested in
135 the guardian; ~~and~~

136 (13) Hold a security in the name of the nominee or other forms without disclosure of guardianships so that
137 title to the security may pass by delivery, but the guardian is liable for any acts of the nominee in connection with the
138 stock so held; and

139 (14) Exercise all rights and powers granted to a fiduciary under the Fiduciary Access to Digital Assets and
140 Accounts Act, Chapter 50 of this title.

141 Section 4. Amend § 3325, Title 12 of the Delaware Code by making deletions as shown by strike through and
142 insertions as shown by underline as follows:

143 § 3325. Specific powers of trustee.

144 Without limiting the authority conferred by § 3324 of this title, a trustee may:

145 (29) Merge any 2 or more trusts, whether or not created by the same trustor, to be held and administered as a
146 single trust if such a merger would not result in a material change in the beneficial interests of the trust beneficiaries, or
147 any of them, in the trust; and

148 (30) Take such actions as are necessary to cause gains from the sale or exchange of trust assets, as determined
149 for federal income-tax purposes, to be taxed for federal income-tax purposes as part of a distribution of income
150 (including income which has been increased by an adjustment from principal to income under § 61-104 of this title), a
151 unitrust distribution, or a distribution of principal to a beneficiary; and

152 (31) Exercise all rights and powers granted to a fiduciary under the Fiduciary Access to Digital Assets and
153 Accounts Act, Chapter 50 of this title.

154 Section 5. This Act shall become effective on January 1, 2015.

SYNOPSIS

Recognizing that an increasing percentage of people's lives are being conducted online and that this has posed challenges after a person dies or becomes incapacitated, this Act specifically authorizes fiduciaries to access and control the digital assets and digital accounts of an incapacitated person, principal under a personal power of attorney, decedents or settlors, and beneficiaries of trusts. The Act should be construed liberally to allow such access and control, especially when expressly provided for in a written instrument. Section 1 creates a new Chapter 50 in Title 12 to contain the Act itself while Sections 2 through 4 amend existing statutes pertaining to personal powers of attorney, guardianships, and trustee powers to include the authority permitted under Section 1.